## Conclusions on BAT from the Energy Efficiency (EE) BAT Reference Document

## **READ ME:**

The Energy, Efficiency BAT Reference Document 'February 2009 is a horizontal BREF which addresses energy efficiency techniques regardless of the sector or industry.

In this case, you are required to identify the Conclusions on BAT, set out in section 4.2 of this document ('Best Available Techniques') relevant to your installation. Please use the 'Scope' box to describe the relevant activities/processes that come within the scope of this BREF and clearly identify the Conclusions on BAT (sections and subsections) that are 'Not Applicable'.

For each applicable BAT, in the following table, state the status; 'Yes' or 'Will be' as appropriate in the 'State whether it is in place or state schedule for implementation' box. The use of each of these terms is described below.

Information on compliance in the 'Applicability Assessment' box should include, where applicable, the following:

- Identification of the relevant process/ activity or individual emission points that the BAT requirement applies to at your installation.
- (ii) Where BAT is to use one or a combination of listed techniques, specify the technique(s) implemented/proposed at your installation to achieve the BAT; and
- (iii) A comment on how the requirements is being met or will be met, e.g., a description of the technology/operational controls/management proposed to meet the requirements.

Use of terms: (a) '**Yes**' – To be entered where the installation is currently complaint with this BAT requirement.

(b) 'Will be' – To be entered where a further technique is required to be installed to achieve compliance with the BAT requirement. In this case you must also specify the date by which the installation will comply with the BAT Conclusion requirement.

## **Conclusions on BAT from the Energy Efficiency BAT Reference Document (extracts)**

4.2 BAT for achieving energy efficiency at installation level	Applicability Assessment (describe	State is in place or
	how this technique applies or not to	state schedule for
	your installation)	implementation
BAT 1.	Undertaken. An ISO:15001 Certified	In Place
BAT is to implement and adhere to an energy efficiency management system that	Environmental Management System is in	
incorporates, as appropriate to the local circumstances., all of the following features	place.	
(See Section 2.1. The letters (a), (b), etc. below, correspond those in Section 2.1):		
a) Commitment for top management (commitment of the top management is		
regarded as a precondition for the successful application of energy efficiency		
management		
b) Definition of an energy efficiency policy for the installation by top management		
c) Planning and establishing objectives and targets (see BAT 2, 3, and 8)		
d) Implementation and operation of procedures paying particular attention to:		
I. Structure and responsibility		
II. Training, awareness and competence (see BAT 13)		
III. Communication		
IV. Employee involvement		
V. Documentation		

	VI.	Effective control of processes (BAT 14)		
	VII.	Maintenance (see BAT 15)		
	VIII.	Emergency preparedness and response		
	IX.	Safeguarding compliance with energy efficiency-related legislation		
		and agreement (where such agreement exist)		
e). Bench	marking	5		
f). checki	ng perfo	ormance and taking corrective active reviewing of EMS.		
BAT 2.			Undertaken. As part of sustainability	In Place
BAT is to a	continuo	ously minimise the environmental impact of an installation on planning	programme.	
actions a	nd inves	stments on an integrated basis and for the short, medium, and long-		
term con	sidering	the cost benefits and cross media effects.		
BAT 3.			Undertaken. ISO:50001.	In Place
BAT is to	o identif	fy the aspects of an installation that influence energy efficient by		
carrying	out an ai	udit. It is important that an audit is coherent with a systems approach.		
BAT 4.			Undertaken. ISO:50001.	In Place
When ca	rrying o	out at audit BAT is to ensure that the audit identifies the following		
aspects e	energy u	se and alternative sources or use of energy.		
• e	energy ι	use and type in the installation and its component systems and		
р	rocesse	S		
• e	energy-u	sing equipment, and the type and quantity of energy used in the		
ir	nstallatio	on		

possibilities to minimise energy use, such as: controlling/reducing operating		
times (Section 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.8, 3.11)		
<ul> <li>possibilities to use alternative sources of use of energy that is more efficient,</li> </ul>		
energy surplus from other process/ systems (Section 3.3)		
<ul> <li>possibilities to apply energy surplus to other processes and/or systems (Section</li> </ul>		
3.3		
<ul> <li>possibilities to upgrade heat quality (Section 3.3)</li> </ul>		
BAT 5.	Undertaken. ISO:50001. Energy usage is	In Place
BAT is to use appropriate tools or methodologies to assist with identifying and	monitored through onsite systems	
quantifying energy optimisation.		
BAT 6.	Undertaken.	In Place
BAT is to identify opportunities to optimise energy recovery within the installation		
between systems within the installation and/or with a third party (BREF 3.2-3.4).		
BAT 7.	Undertaken.	In Place
BAT is to optimise energy efficiency by taking a systems approach to energy		
management in the installations.		
BAT 8.	Undertaken.	In Place
BAT is to establish energy efficiency indicators by carrying out all the following: (Section		
4.2.2.4).		
<ul> <li>identifying suitable energy efficiency indicators for the installation, and where</li> </ul>		
necessary, individual processes, systems and/or units, and measure their		
change over time or after the implementation of energy efficiency measures		

identifying and recording appropriate boundaries associated with the		
indicators.		
• Identifying and recording factors that can cause variation in the energy		
efficiency of the relevant process, systems and/or units.		
BAT 9.	Undertaken.	In Place
BAT is to carry out systematic and regular comparisons with sector, national or regional		
benchmarks, where validated data are available.		
BAT 10.	All undertaken. ISO:50001.	In Place
BAT is to optimise energy efficiency when planning a new installation, unit or system or		
a significant upgrade: (Section 4.2.3).		
• the energy efficiency design (EED) should be initiated at the early stages of the		
conceptual design/basic design phase		
<ul> <li>the development and/or selection of energy efficient technologies</li> </ul>		
additional data collection may need to be carried out to supplement existing		
data or fill gaps in knowledge		
<ul> <li>the EED work should be carried out by an energy expert</li> </ul>		
• the initial mapping of energy consumption should also address which parties in		
the project organisation influence the future energy consumption and should		
optimise EED of the future plant with them.		
BAT 11.	Undertaken. ISO:50001.	In Place
Optimise the use of energy between more than one process or system within the		
installation or with a third party.		

BAT 12.	Undertaken. ISO:50001. Planning and	In Place
Maintain the impetus of the energy efficiency programme by using a variety of	management with regular meetings	
techniques.		
BAT 13.	Undertaken. ISO:50001.	In Place
BAT is to maintain expertise in energy efficiency and energy- using systems though		
recruitment/training: use of specialist staff/systems/functions; resource sharing.		
BAT 14.	Undertaken. ISO:50001. KPI's and SOPs	In Place
Implement effective process control through compliance with procedures; EE	are commenced onsite. With all processes	
performance parameters identified & optimised and documented/recorded.	parameter documented and recorded.	
• Having systems in place to ensure that procedures are known, understood, and		
complied with		
• Ensuring that the key performance parameters are identified, optimised for		
energy efficiency, and monitored		
<ul> <li>Documenting or recording these parameters.</li> </ul>		
BAT 15.	Undertaken. Plantmaster maintenance	In Place. Continuous.
Carry out maintenance to optimise EE through measures: (Section 4.2.8).	programme in place.	
• clearly allocating responsibility for the planning and execution of maintenance		
• establishing a structured programme for maintenance based on technical		
descriptions of the equipment, norms, etc. as well as any equipment failures		
and consequences. Some maintenance activities may be best scheduled for		
plant shutdown periods.		

Supporting the maintenance programme by appropriate record keeping		
systems and diagnostic testing		
Identifying from routine maintenance, breakdowns and/or abnormalities		
possible losses in EE, or where EE could be improved		
• Identifying leaks, broken equipment, worm bearings, etc. that affect or control		
energy usage, and rectifying them at the earliest opportunity.		
BAT 16.	Undertaken. ISO:50001.	In Place.
BAT is to establish and maintain documented procedures to monitor and measure, on		
a regular basis, the key characteristics of operation and activities that can have a		
significant impact on energy efficiency.		
BAT 17.	Undertaken.	Continuous
BAT is to optimise the energy efficiency of combustion.		improvement.
BAT 18.	Undertaken.	Continuous
BAT for steam systems is to optimise energy efficiency by using techniques such as:		improvement.
those measures listed in 4.2 regarding design, operation/control, generation and		
distribution, recovery of condensate.		
BAT 19.	Not Applicable	N/A
BAT is to maintain the efficiency of heat exchangers by monitoring efficiency &		
preventing/removing fouling.		
BAT 20.	Not a suitable technology.	N/A
BAT is to seek possibilities for cogeneration, inside and/or outside the installation.		

BAT 21.	Undertaken.	Continuous
BAT is to increase to power factor according to the requirements of the local electricity		improvement
distributor such as:		
installing capacitors in the AC circuits to decrease the magnitude of reactive		
power or lightly loaded motors.		
Minimising the operation of idling		
<ul> <li>Avoiding the operation of equipment above its rated voltage</li> </ul>		
When replacing motors, using an EE motor.		
BAT 22.	Undertaken	In Place
BAT is the check the power supply for harmonics and apply filters if required.		
BAT 23.	Undertaken ISO: 50001.	Continuous
Optimise various power supply efficiency measures.		improvement.
• Ensure power cables have the correct dimensions for the power demand.		
• Keep online transformer(s) operating at a load above 40 50% of the rated		
power.		
Use high efficiency/low loss transformers.		
BAT 24.	Undertaken ISO: 50001	Continuous
BAT is to optimise electric motors		improvement.
using EE motors		
proper motor sizing		
installing variable speed drives		

installing high efficiency transmission/reducers		
• use direct coupling where possible, synchronous belts or cogged v-belts in place		
of V belts and helical gears in place of worm gears		
EE motor repairs or replacement with an EE motor		
• Rewinding: avoid rewinding and replace with an EE motor, or use a certified		
rewinding contactor		
Power quality control		
<ul> <li>Integrate lubrication, adjustment and tuning into system operation and</li> </ul>		
maintenance.		
BAT 25.	Undertaken ISO: 50001	Continuous
BAT is to optimise compressed air systems.		improvement.
BAT 26.	Undertaken ISO: 50001.	Continuous
BAT is to optimise pumping stations.		improvement.
BAT 27.	Undertaken ISO: 50001.	Continuous
BAT is to optimise heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems.		improvement.
BAT 28.	Undertaken ISO: 50001.	Continuous
BAT is to optimise artificial lighting systems.		improvement.
BAT 29.	Undertaken ISO: 50001.	Continuous
BAT is to optimise drying, separation and concentration processes, according to		improvement.
applicability, and to seek opportunities to use mechanical separation in conjunction		
with thermal processes.		