

LICENCE REG. NO W0261-02 HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED

Please note that Licence Reg. No. W0261-02 was transferred to Starrus Eco Holdings Limited on 22 June 2018. For further information on this please refer to the Transfer Notification on the Agency's website.

This licence was amended on 22 January 2020 under Section 96(1)(c) of the Environmental Protection Agency Act 1992, as amended. The details of Amendment A must be read in conjunction with this licence. The amendment document is entitled "Technical Amendment A".

This licence was amended on 25 February 2020 under Section 96(1)(a) of the Environmental Protection Agency Act 1992, as amended. The details of Amendment B must be read in conjunction with this licence. The amendment document is entitled "Clerical Amendment B".



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INDUSTRIAL EMISSIONS LICENCE

Licence Register Number:	W0261-02
Company Register Number:	115425
Licensee:	Nurendale Limited
Location of Installation:	Cappagh Road Cappogue Finglas Dublin 11

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY ACT 1992 AS AMENDED

INDUSTRIAL EMISSIONS LICENCE

Decision of Agency, under Section 90(2) of the Environmental Protection Agency Act 1992 as amended.

Reference number in Register of licences: W0261-02

Further to notice dated 31/12/2014 the Agency in exercise of the powers conferred on it by the Environmental Protection Agency Act 1992 as amended, for the reasons hereinafter set out, hereby grants a revised Industrial Emissions licence to Nurendale Limited, Rathdrinagh, Beauparc, Navan, County Meath, CRO number 115425,

to carry on the following activities

- : Recovery, or a mix of recovery and disposal; of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day involving one or more of the following activities, (other than activities to which the Urban Waste Water Treatment Regulations 2001 (S.I. No. 254 of 2001) apply):
 - (ii) pre-treatment of waste for incineration or co-incineration;

and

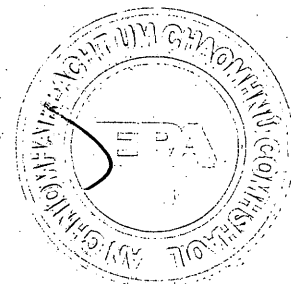
- : The recovery or disposal of waste in a facility, within the meaning of the Act of 1996, which facility is connected or associated with another activity specified in this Schedule in respect of which a licence or revised license under Part IV is in force or in respect of which licence under the said Part is or will be required.

at Cappagh Road, Cappogue, Finglas, Dublin 11 subject to the conditions as set out.

GIVEN under the Seal of the Agency this 11th day of February 2015

PRESENT when the seal of the Agency
was affixed hereto:


Mary Turner, Authorised Person



INTRODUCTION

This introduction is not part of the licence and does not purport to be a legal interpretation of the licence.

This licence authorises Nurendale Limited (CRO Number 115425) to operate a materials recovery facility that processes construction and demolition and non-hazardous commercial and industrial wastes, household and commercial dry recyclable wastes as well as clean paper and cardboard. In particular this licence review authorises the installation to increase the quantity of waste, to expand the type of wastes that can be accepted at the installation and to extend the hours of operation and waste acceptance. This licence authorises the acceptance of 250,000 tonnes per annum of non-hazardous waste. The changes introduce one new emission point to air associated with the odour abatement unit to be installed where residual, food and other odour-forming waste will be processed.

For the purposes of the EU Industrial Emissions Directive (2010/75/EU), this installation falls within the scope of the following Annex I categories:

Category 5.3 (b): Recovery, or a mix of recovery and disposal, of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day involving one or more of the following activities, and excluding activities covered by Directive 91/271/EEC:

(ii) pre-treatment of waste for incineration or co-incineration.

The licence sets out in detail the conditions under which Nurendale Limited will operate and manage this installation.

Table of Contents

	Page No
Glossary of Terms	1
Decision & Reasons for the Decision.....	8
Part I Schedule of Activities Licensed	9
Part II Schedule of Activities Refused	9
Part III Conditions.....	10
Condition 1. Scope.....	10
Condition 2. Management of the Installation.....	10
Condition 3. Infrastructure and Operation	13
Condition 4. Interpretation.....	17
Condition 5. Emissions	18
Condition 6. Control and Monitoring	19
Condition 7. Resource Use and Energy Efficiency.....	22
Condition 8. Materials Handling.....	22
Condition 9. Accident Prevention and Emergency Response.....	25
Condition 10. Decommissioning & Residuals Management	26
Condition 11. Notification, Records and Reports	27
Condition 12. Financial Charges and Provisions	29
SCHEDULE A: Limitations	31
SCHEDULE B: Emission Limits.....	33
SCHEDULE C: Control & Monitoring.....	34
SCHEDULE D: Specified Engineering Works	36
SCHEDULE E: Annual Environmental Report.....	37

Glossary of Terms

All terms in this licence should be interpreted in accordance with the definitions in the Environmental Protection Agency Act 1992 as amended / Waste Management Act 1996 as amended, unless otherwise defined in the section.

Adequate lighting	20 lux measured at ground level.
AER	Annual Environmental Report.
Aerosol	A suspension of solid or liquid particles in a gaseous medium.
Agreement	Agreement in writing.
Annually	All or part of a period of twelve consecutive months.
Application	The application by the licensee for this licence.
Appropriate Facility	A waste management facility, duly authorised under relevant law and technically suitable.
Attachment	Any reference to Attachments in this licence refers to attachments submitted as part of this licence application.
Basic characterisation	A thorough determination, according to standardised analysis and behaviour testing methods, of the short and long-term leaching behaviour and/or characteristic properties of the waste.
BAT	Best Available Techniques.
BAT conclusions	A document containing the parts of a BAT reference document laying down the conclusions on best available techniques, their description, information to assess their applicability, the emission levels associated with the best available techniques, associated monitoring, associated consumption levels and, where appropriate, relevant site remediation measures.
BAT reference document	A document drawn up by the Commission of the European Union in accordance with Article 13 of the Industrial Emissions Directive, resulting from the exchange of information in accordance with that Article of that Directive and describing, in particular, applied techniques, present emissions and consumption levels, techniques considered for the determination of best available techniques as well as BAT conclusions and any emerging techniques.
Biannually	At approximately six – monthly intervals.
Biennially	Once every two years.
Biodegradable waste	Any waste that is capable of undergoing anaerobic or aerobic decomposition, such as food, garden waste, sewage sludge, paper and paperboard.

Biodegradable municipal waste (BMW)	The biodegradable component of municipal waste, typically composed of food and garden waste, wood, paper, cardboard and textiles.
Biowaste	Biodegradable garden and park waste, food and kitchen waste from households, restaurants, caterers and retail premises and comparable waste from food processing plants.
BOD	5 day Biochemical Oxygen Demand (without nitrification suppression).
CEN	Comité Européen De Normalisation – European Committee for Standardisation.
COD	Chemical Oxygen Demand.
Commercial Waste	As defined in Section 5(1) of the Waste Management Act 1996, as amended.
Compliance Testing	This constitutes periodical testing to determine whether a waste complies with waste acceptance criteria. The tests focus on key variables and behaviour identified by basic characterisation.
Construction and demolition (C&D) waste	Wastes that arise from construction, renovation and demolition activities: Chapter 17 of the EWC or as otherwise may be agreed.
Containment boom	A boom that can contain spillages and prevent them from entering drains or watercourses or from further contaminating watercourses.
CRO Number	Company Register Number.
Daily	During all days of plant operation and, in the case of emissions, when emissions are taking place; with at least one measurement on any one day.
Day	Any 24 hour period.
Daytime	0700 hrs to 1900 hrs.
dB(A)	Decibels (A weighted).
DO	Dissolved oxygen.
Documentation	Any report, record, results, data, drawing, proposal, interpretation or other document in written or electronic form which is required by this licence.
Drawing	Any reference to a drawing or drawing number means a drawing or drawing number contained in the application, unless otherwise specified in this licence.
Emission limits	Those limits, including concentration limits and deposition rates, established in <i>Schedule B: Emission Limits</i> , of this licence.
EMP	Environmental Management Programme.

Environmental damage	As defined in Directive 2004/35/EC.
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	A harmonised, non-exhaustive list of wastes drawn up by the European Commission and published as Commission Decision 2000/532/EC and any subsequent amendment published in the Official Journal of the European Community.
Evening Time	1900hrs to 2300hrs
Facility	Any site or premises used for the purpose of the recovery or disposal of waste.
Fortnightly	A minimum of 24 times per year, at approximately two week intervals.
Gas Oil	Gas Oil as defined in Council Directive 1999/32/EC and meeting the requirements of S.I. No. 119 of 2008.
GC/MS	Gas chromatography/mass spectroscopy.
Green Waste	Waste wood (excluding timber), plant matter such as grass cuttings, and other vegetation.
Groundwater	Has the meaning assigned to it by Regulation 3 of the European Communities Environmental Objectives (Groundwater) Regulations 2010 (S.I. No. 9 of 2010).
ha	Hectare.
Heavy metals	This term is to be interpreted as set out in "Parameters of Water Quality, Interpretation and Standards" published by the Agency in 2001. ISBN 1-84095-015-3.
Hours of operation	The hours during which the installation is authorised to be operational.
Hours of waste acceptance	The hours during which the installation is authorised to accept waste.
ICP	Inductively coupled plasma spectroscopy.
IE	Industrial Emissions.

Incident	<p>The following shall constitute as incident for the purposes of this licence:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) an emergency;(ii) any emission which does not comply with the requirements of this licence;(iii) any exceedance of the daily duty capacity of the waste handling equipment;(iv) any trigger level specified in this licence which is attained or exceeded; and,(v) any indication that environmental pollution has, or may have, taken place.
Industrial Emissions Directive	Directive 2010/75/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) (Recast).
Industrial waste	As defined in Section 5(1) of the Waste Management Act 1996 as amended.
Inert waste	Waste that does not undergo any significant physical, chemical or biological transformations. Inert waste will not dissolve, burn or otherwise physically or chemically react, biodegrade or adversely affect other matter with which it comes into contact in a way likely to give rise to environmental pollution or harm human health. The total leachability and pollutant content of the waste and the ecotoxicity of the leachate must be insignificant, and in particular must not endanger the quality of surface water and/or groundwater.
Installation	A stationary technical unit or plant where the activity concerned referred to in the First Schedule of EPA Act 1992, as amended is or will be carried on, and shall be deemed to include any directly associated activity, which has a technical connection with the activity and is carried out on the site of the activity.
Irish Water	Irish Water, Colvill House, 24/26 Talbot Street, Dublin 1.
K	Kelvin.
kPa	Kilopascals.
L_{AeqT}	This is the equivalent continuous sound level. It is a type of average and is used to describe a fluctuating noise in terms of a single noise level over the sample period (T).
Landfill Directive	Council Directive 1999/31/EC.
L_{ArsT}	The Rated Noise Level, equal to the L_{Aeq} during a specified time interval (T), plus specified adjustments for tonal character and/or impulsiveness of the sound.
Licensee	Nurendale Limited, Rathdrinagh, Beauparc, Navan, County Meath, CRO Number (115425).

Liquid waste	Any waste in liquid form and containing less than 2% dry matter.
List I	As listed in the EC Directives 2006/11/EC and 80/68/EEC and amendments.
List II	As listed in the EC Directives 2006/11/EC and 80/68/EEC and amendments.
Local Authority	Fingal County Council.
Maintain	Keep in a fit state, including such regular inspection, servicing, calibration and repair as may be necessary to perform its function adequately.
Mass flow limit	An emission limit value expressed as the maximum mass of a substance that can be emitted per unit time.
Mass flow threshold	A mass flow rate above which a concentration limit applies.
Mobile plant	Self-propelled machinery used for the emplacement of wastes or for the construction of specified engineering works.
Monthly	A minimum of 12 times per year, at intervals of approximately one month.
Municipal waste	As defined in Section 5(1) of the Waste Management Act 1996 to 2012.
Night-time	2300 hrs to 0700 hrs.
Noise-sensitive location (NSL)	Any dwelling house, hotel or hostel, health building, educational establishment, place of worship or entertainment, or any other installation or area of high amenity which for its proper enjoyment requires the absence of noise at nuisance levels.
Oil separator	Device installed according to the International Standard I.S. EN 858-2:2003 (Separator system for light liquids, (e.g. oil and petrol) – Part 2: Selection of normal size, installation, operation and maintenance).
PRTR	Pollutant Release and Transfer Register.
Quarterly	All or part of a period of three consecutive months beginning on the first day of January, April, July or October.
Recyclable materials	Waste types, such as cardboard, batteries, gas cylinders etc, may be recycled.
Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF)	Fuel that has been produced in accordance with a technical standard from pre-treated non-hazardous municipal, commercial or industrial waste.
Residual Waste	The fraction of collected waste remaining after a treatment or diversion step, which generally requires further treatment or disposal, including mixed municipal waste.

Sample(s)	Unless the context of this licence indicates to the contrary, the term samples shall include measurements taken by electronic instruments.
Sanitary effluent	Wastewater from installation toilet, washroom and canteen facilities.
Separate Collection	The collection of bio-waste separately from other kinds of waste in such a way as to avoid the different waste fractions or waste components from waste being mixed, combined or contaminated with other potentially polluting wastes, products or materials.
Soil	The top layer of the Earth's crust situated between the bedrock and the surface. The soil is composed of mineral particles, organic matter, water, air and living organisms.
Solid recovered fuel (SRF)	Fuel that has been produced in accordance with a technical standard from pre-treated non-hazardous municipal, commercial or industrial waste.
SOP	Standard operating procedure.
Source segregated waste	Waste which is separated at source; meaning that the waste is sorted at the point of generation into a recyclable fraction(s) for separate collection (e.g., paper, metal, glass, plastic, bulk dry recyclables, biodegradables, etc.,) and a residual fraction. The expression 'separate at source' shall be construed accordingly.
Specified emissions	Those emissions listed in <i>Schedule B: Emission Limits</i> , of this licence.
Specified Engineering Works	Engineering works listed in <i>Schedule D: Specified Engineering Works</i> , of this licence.
Standard method	A National, European or internationally recognised procedure (e.g. I.S. EN, ISO, CEN, BS or equivalent); or an in-house documented procedure based on the above references; a procedure as detailed in the current edition of "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" (prepared and published jointly by A.P.H.A., A.W.W.A. & W.E.F.), American Public Health Association, 1015 Fifteenth Street, N.W., Washington DC 20005, USA; or an alternative method as may be agreed by the Agency.
Storage	Includes holding of waste.
Storm water	Rain water run-off from roof and non-process areas.
Temporary storage	In relation to waste is a period of less than six months as defined in the Waste Management Act 1996, as amended.
The Agency	Environmental Protection Agency.
TOC	Total organic carbon.
Trade effluent	Trade effluent has the meaning given in the Water Services Act, 2007.

Treatment/Pre-treatment:	In relation to waste, any manual, thermal, physical, chemical or biological processes that change the characteristics of waste in order to reduce its volume or hazardous nature or facilitate its handling, disposal or recovery, including baling and wrapping of waste.
Trigger level	A parameter value, the achievement or exceedance of which requires certain actions to be taken by the licensee.
Waste	Any substance or object which the holder discards or intends or is required to discard.
Water Services Authority	Fingal County Council.
WEEE	As defined in S.I. No. 340 of 2005.
Weekly	During all weeks of plant operation and, in the case of emissions, when emissions are taking place; with at least one measurement in any one week.
WWTP	Waste water treatment plant.

Decision & Reasons for the Decision

The Environmental Protection Agency is satisfied, on the basis of the information available, that subject to compliance with the conditions of this licence, any emissions from the activity will comply with and will not contravene any of the requirements of Section 83(5) of the Environmental Protection Agency Act 1992, as amended.

In reaching this decision the Environmental Protection Agency has considered the documentation relating to the current licence, Register Number: W0261-01, and the review application Register Number: W0261-02. This includes supporting documentation received from the applicant, a submission received from a third party, the reports of the Licensing Inspector and the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) report contained therein.

It is considered that the Environmental Impact Assessment Report (as included in the Inspector's Report dated 20th November 2014) contains a fair and reasonable assessment of the likely significant effects of the licensed activity on the environment. The assessment as reported is adopted as the assessment of the Agency. Having regard to this assessment, it is considered that the proposed activity, if managed, operated and controlled in accordance with the licence will not result in the contravention of any relevant environmental quality standards or cause environmental pollution.

A screening for Appropriate Assessment was undertaken to assess, in view of best scientific knowledge and the conservation objectives of the site, if the proposed activity, individually or in combination with other plans or projects is likely to have a significant effect on a European Site(s). In this context, particular attention was paid to the following European sites:

- South Dublin Bay SAC (000210);
- North Dublin Bay SAC (000206);
- North Bull Island SPA (004006);
- South Dublin Bay and River Tolka Estuary SPA (004024);
- Baldoyle Bay SPA (004016);
- Baldoyle Bay SAC (000199).

The Agency considered, for the reasons set out below, that the proposed activity is not directly connected with or necessary to the management of those sites as European Sites and that it can be excluded, on the basis of objective information, that the proposed activity, individually or in combination with other plans or projects, will have a significant effect on a European site, and accordingly the Agency determined that an Appropriate Assessment of the proposed activity is not required.

It has been determined that this facility does not have the potential for significant effects on any European site due to the nature and scale of the operations, the absence of a process emission to water and the distance between the installation and the designated sites.

No objection having been received to the proposed determination, the licence is granted in accordance with the terms of the proposed determination.

Part I Schedule of Activities Licensed

In pursuance of the powers conferred on it by the Environmental Protection Agency Act 1992 as amended, the Agency hereby grants this Industrial Emissions licence to:

Nurendale Limited, Rathdrinagh, Beauparc, Navan, County Meath, and CRO Number (115425)

under Section 90(2) of the said Act to carry on the following activities:

Recovery, or a mix of recovery and disposal, of non-hazardous waste with a capacity exceeding 75 tonnes per day involving one or more of the following activities, (other than activities to which the Urban Waste Water Treatment Regulations 2001 (S.I. No. 254 of 2001) apply):

(ii) pre-treatment of waste for incineration or co-incineration;

and

The recovery or disposal of waste in a facility, within the meaning of the Act of 1996, which facility is connected or associated with another activity specified in this Schedule in respect of which a licence or revised license under Part IV is in force or in respect of which licence under the said Part is or will be required.

at Cappagh Road, Cappogue, Finglas, Dublin 11 subject to the following twelve Conditions, with the reasons therefor and associated schedules attached thereto.

Part II Schedule of Activities Refused

None of the proposed activities as set out in the licence application have been refused.

Part III Conditions

Condition 1. Scope

- 1.1 Industrial Emissions Directive activities at this installation shall be restricted to those listed and described in *Part I Schedule of Activities Licensed*, and shall be as set out in the licence application or as modified under Condition 1.4 of this licence and subject to the conditions of this licence.
- 1.2 Activities at this installation shall be limited as set out in *Schedule A: Limitations*, of this licence.
- 1.3 For the purposes of this licence, the installation authorised by this licence is the area of land outlined in red on Drawing No. 6419 (A3), Site Location Map, of the application. Any reference in this licence to "installation" shall mean the area thus outlined in red. The licensed activities shall be carried on only within the area outlined.
- 1.4 No alteration to, or reconstruction in respect of, the activity, or any part thereof, that would, or is likely to, result in
- (i) a material change or increase in:
 - the nature or quantity of any emission;
 - the abatement/treatment or recovery systems;
 - the range of processes to be carried out;
 - the fuels, raw materials, intermediates, products or wastes generated, or
 - (ii) any changes in:
 - site management, infrastructure or control with adverse environmental significance;
- shall be carried out or commenced without prior notice to, and without the agreement of, the Agency.
- 1.5 The installation shall be controlled, operated and maintained, and emissions shall take place as set out in the licence. All programmes required to be carried out under the terms of this licence become part of this licence.
- 1.6 This licence is for the purpose of Industrial Emissions licensing under the EPA Act 1992 as amended only and nothing in this licence shall be construed as negating the licensee's statutory obligations or requirements under any other enactments or regulations.
- 1.7 This licence shall have effect in lieu of the licence granted to the licensee on 31 August 2010 (Register No W0261-01).

Reason: To clarify the scope of this licence.

Condition 2. Management of the Installation

- 2.1 Installation Management
- 2.1.1 The licensee shall employ a suitably qualified and experienced installation manager who shall be designated as the person in charge. The installation manager or a nominated, suitably qualified and experienced deputy shall be present on the installation at all times during its operation or as otherwise required by the Agency.
- 2.1.2 The licensee shall ensure that personnel performing specifically assigned tasks shall be qualified on the basis of appropriate education, training and experience as required and shall be aware of the requirements of this licence.

2.2 Environmental Management System (EMS)

2.2.1 The licensee shall maintain and implement an Environmental Management System (EMS), which shall incorporate energy efficiency management. The EMS shall be reviewed for suitability, adequacy and effectiveness and updated on an annual basis.

2.2.2 The EMS shall include, as a minimum, the following elements:

2.2.2.1 An environmental policy defined for the installation.

2.2.2.2 Management and Reporting Structure.

2.2.2.3 Schedule of Environmental Objectives and Targets.

The licensee shall maintain and implement a Schedule of Environmental Objectives and Targets. The schedule shall, as a minimum, provide for a review of all operations and processes, including an evaluation of practicable options, for energy and resource efficiency, the use of cleaner technology, cleaner production and the prevention, reduction and minimisation of waste and shall include waste reduction targets. The schedule shall include time frames for the achievement of set targets and shall address a five-year period as a minimum. In relation to waste recovery the schedule shall include an initial waste recovery target for waste accepted, as well as time frames for achieving higher recovery targets. The schedule shall, as a minimum, include specific objectives for the control and minimisation as well as an annual review of the dust, odour and noise nuisance potential of the site activities. The schedule shall be reviewed annually and amendments thereto notified to the Agency for agreement as part of the Annual Environmental Report (AER).

2.2.2.4 Environmental Management Programme (EMP)

The licensee shall maintain and implement an EMP, including a time schedule, for achieving the Environmental Objectives and Targets prepared under Condition 2.2.2.3. The EMP shall include:

- designation of responsibility for targets;
- the means by which they may be achieved;
- the time within which they may be achieved.

The EMP shall be reviewed annually and amendments thereto notified to the Agency for agreement as part of the Annual Environmental Report (AER).

A report on the programme, including the success in meeting agreed targets, shall be prepared and submitted to the Agency as part of the AER. Such reports shall be retained on-site for a period of not less than seven years and shall be available for inspection by authorised persons of the Agency.

2.2.2.5 Documentation

(i) The licensee shall maintain and implement an environmental management documentation system which shall be to the satisfaction of the Agency.

(ii) The licensee shall issue a copy of this licence to all relevant personnel whose duties relate to any condition of this licence.

2.2.2.6 Corrective and Preventative Action

(i) The licensee shall establish, maintain and implement procedures to ensure that corrective and preventative action is taken should the specified requirements of this licence not be fulfilled. The responsibility and authority for persons initiating further investigation and corrective and preventative action in the event of a reported non-conformity with this licence shall be defined.

(ii) Where a breach of one or more of the conditions of this licence occurs, the licensee shall without delay take measures to restore

compliance with the conditions of this licence in the shortest possible time and any feasible preventative actions to prevent recurrence of the breach.

- (iii) All corrective and preventative actions shall be documented.

2.2.2.7 Internal Audits

The licensee shall establish, maintain and implement a programme for independent internal audits of the EMS. Such audits shall be carried out at least once every three years. The audit programme shall determine whether or not the EMS is being implemented and maintained properly, and in accordance with the requirements of the licence. Audit reports and records of resultant corrective and preventative actions shall be maintained as part of the EMS in accordance with condition 2.2.2.5.

2.2.2.8 Awareness and Training

The licensee shall maintain and implement procedures for identifying training needs, and for providing appropriate training, for all personnel whose work can have a significant effect upon the environment. Appropriate records of training shall be maintained.

2.2.2.9 Communications Programme

The licensee shall maintain and implement a Public Awareness and Communications Programme to ensure that members of the public can obtain information at the facility, at all reasonable times, concerning the environmental performance of the facility.

2.2.2.10 Maintenance Programme

The licensee shall maintain and implement a programme for maintenance of all plant and equipment based on the instructions issued by the manufacturer/supplier or installer of the equipment. Appropriate record keeping and diagnostic testing shall support this maintenance programme. The licensee shall clearly allocate responsibility for the planning, management and execution of all aspects of this programme to appropriate personnel (see Condition 2.1 above). The maintenance programme shall use appropriate techniques and measures to ensure the optimisation of energy efficiency in plant and equipment.

2.2.2.11 Efficient Process Control

The licensee shall maintain and implement a programme to ensure there is adequate control of processes under all modes of operation. The programme shall identify the key indicator parameters for process control performance, as well as identifying methods for measuring and controlling these parameters. Abnormal process operating conditions shall be documented, and analysed to identify any necessary corrective action.

<p>Reason: <i>To make provision for management of the activity on a planned basis having regard to the desirability of ongoing assessment, recording and reporting of matters affecting the environment.</i></p>

Condition 3. Infrastructure and Operation

- 3.1 The licensee shall establish and maintain, for each component of the installation, all infrastructure referred to in this licence in advance of the commencement of the licensed activities in that component, or as required by the conditions of this licence. Infrastructure specified in the application that relates to the environmental performance of the installation and is not specified in the licence, shall be installed in accordance with the schedule submitted in the application.
- 3.2 The licensee shall have regard to the following when choosing and/or designing any new plant or infrastructure:
- (i) energy efficiency; and,
 - (ii) the environmental impact of eventual decommissioning.
- 3.3 Installation Notice Board
- 3.3.1 The licensee shall, within one month of the date of grant of this licence, provide an Installation Notice Board on the installation so that it is legible to persons outside the main entrance to the installation. The minimum dimensions of the board shall be 1200 mm by 750 mm. The notice board shall be maintained thereafter.
- 3.3.2 The board shall clearly show:
- (i) the name and telephone number of the installation;
 - (ii) the normal hours of operation;
 - (iii) the name of the licence holder;
 - (iv) an emergency out of hours contact telephone number;
 - (v) the licence reference number; and
 - (vi) where environmental information relating to the installation can be obtained.
- 3.3.3 A plan of the installation clearly identifying the location of each storage and treatment area shall be displayed as close as is possible to the entrance to the installation. The plan shall be displayed on a durable material such that is legible at all times. The plan shall be replaced as material changes to the installation are made.
- 3.4 Installation Security
- 3.4.1 Security and stockproof fencing and gates shall be maintained at the installation. The base of the fencing shall be set in the ground. Subject to the implementation of the Decommissioning Management Plan (as required by Condition 10.2 of this licence) the requirement for such installation security may be removed.
- 3.4.2 The licensee shall install and maintain a CCTV monitoring system which records all waste vehicle movements into and out of the installation. The CCTV system shall be operated at all times with digital date stamping. Unless otherwise agreed by the Agency, copies of recordings shall be kept on site or stored electronically at a secure off-site location and made available to the Agency on request.
- 3.4.3 Gates shall be locked shut when the facility is unsupervised.
- 3.4.4 The licensee shall remedy any defect in the gates and/or fencing as follows:
- (i) A temporary repair shall be made by the end of the working day; and
 - (ii) A repair to the standard of the original gates and/or fencing shall be undertaken within three working days.
- 3.5 Installation Roads and Site Surfaces
- 3.5.1 Effective site roads shall be provided and maintained to ensure the safe and nuisance-free movement of vehicles within the installation.
- 3.5.2 The licensee shall provide and maintain an impermeable concrete surface in the areas of the installation associated with the movement, processing, handling and storage of wastes. The surfaces shall be concreted and constructed to British Standard 8110 or

an alternative as agreed by the Agency. The licensee shall remedy any defect in concrete surfaces within five working days.

3.6 Facility Office

3.6.1 The licensee shall provide and maintain an office at the installation. The office shall be constructed and maintained in a manner suitable for the processing and storing of documentation.

3.6.2 The licensee shall provide and maintain a working telephone and a method for electronic transfer of information at the installation.

3.7 Waste Inspection and Quarantine Areas

3.7.1 A Waste Inspection Area and a Waste Quarantine Area shall be provided and maintained at the installation.

3.7.2 These areas shall be constructed and maintained in a manner suitable, and be of a size appropriate, for the inspection of waste and subsequent quarantine if required. The waste inspection area and the waste quarantine area shall be clearly identified and segregated from each other.

3.8 Weighbridge and Wheel Cleaners

3.8.1 The licensee shall provide and maintain a weighbridge and wheel cleaners at the installation.

3.8.2 The wheel cleaners shall be used by all vehicles leaving the facility as required to ensure that no trade effluent/storm water or waste is carried off-site. All water from the wheel cleaning area shall be directed to the waste water collection and storage system.

3.8.3 The wheel-wash shall be inspected on a daily basis and drained as required. Silt, stones and other accumulated material shall be removed as required from the wheel-wash and disposed of appropriately.

3.9 Waste handling, ventilation and processing plant

3.9.1 Items of plant deemed critical to the efficient and adequate processing of waste at the facility (including *inter alia* waste-loading vehicles and ejector trailers) shall be provided on the following basis:

- (i) 100% duty capacity;
- (ii) 20% standby capacity available on a routine basis; and
- (iii) Provision of contingency arrangements and/or backup and spares in the case of breakdown of critical equipment.

3.9.2 Within three months from the date of grant of this licence, the licensee shall maintain an inventory detailing the duty and standby capacity in tonnes per day, of all waste handling and processing equipment to be used at the facility. These capacities shall be based on the licensed waste intake, as per *Schedule A: Limitations*, of this licence.

3.9.3 The quantity of waste to be accepted at the facility on a daily basis shall not exceed the duty capacity of the equipment at the facility. Any exceedance of this intake shall be treated as an incident.

3.10 Waste Water Management

3.10.1 The licensee shall maintain a waste water collection and storage system as outlined in section 5.10 of the 'Project Description' document of licence application Reg. No. W0261-01.

3.10.2 All waste water (including sanitary effluent from the site offices, floor washdown water and drainage from waste storage and quarantine areas) shall be collected and stored in the on-site waste water storage tanks prior to disposal off-site.

3.10.3 Waste water stored in the on-site storage tanks shall be tankered off-site in fully enclosed road tankers to a Wastewater Treatment Plant that is satisfactory to the Agency.

- 3.10.4 The licensee shall monitor the available storage capacity in the underground waste water storage tanks on a weekly basis. A log of such inspections shall be maintained.
- 3.11 Construction and Demolition Waste Recovery Area
- 3.11.1 The licensee shall provide and maintain a construction and demolition waste recovery area. This infrastructure shall at a minimum comprise the following:
- (i) an impermeable concrete slab;
 - (ii) collection and disposal infrastructure for all run-off;
 - (iii) appropriate bunding to provide visual and noise screening; and
 - (iv) all stockpiles shall be adequately contained to minimise dust generation.
- 3.11.2 Only construction and demolition waste shall be accepted at this area. Wastes that are capable of being recovered shall be separated and shall be stored temporarily in this area in advance of being subjected to other recovery activities at the facility or transport off the facility.
- 3.12 Dust/Odour Control
- 3.12.1 The licensee shall install and provide adequate measures for the control of odours and dust emissions, including fugitive dust emissions, from the facility.
- 3.12.2 An odour management system shall be provided before any residual or food waste is accepted at the installation. Installation of an odour-management system shall at a minimum include the following:
- (i) Dust curtains (or equivalent approved by the Agency) shall be maintained on the entry/exit points from the waste transfer building; all other doors in this building shall be kept closed when not in use.
 - (ii) Unless otherwise agreed by the Agency, all buildings for the storage or treatment of residual, food and other odour-forming waste shall be maintained at negative air pressure with ventilated gases being subject to treatment as necessary or as may be specified by the Agency.
 - (iii) The licensee shall maintain a programme to demonstrate negative pressure and building envelope integrity throughout all buildings where residual, food and other odour-forming waste is deposited, stored or treated to ensure that there is no significant escape of odours. The programme shall also maintain all criteria for the operation and control of negative pressure. This programme shall be reviewed at least annually.
- 3.13 Operational Controls
- The licensee shall provide and use adequate lighting during the operation of the facility in hours of darkness.
- 3.14 The licensee shall install on all emission points such sampling points or equipment, including any data-logging or other electronic communication equipment, as may be required by the Agency. All such equipment shall be consistent with the safe operation of all sampling and monitoring systems.
- 3.15 The licensee shall clearly label and provide safe and permanent access to all on-site sampling and monitoring points and to off-site points as required by the Agency. The requirement with regard to off-site points is subject to the prior agreement of the landowner(s) concerned.
- 3.16 Tank, Container and Drum Storage Areas
- 3.16.1 All tank, container and drum storage areas shall be rendered impervious to the materials stored therein. Bunds shall be designed having regard to Agency guidelines 'Storage and Transfer of Materials for Scheduled Activities' (2004).
- 3.16.2 All tank and drum storage areas shall, as a minimum, be bunded, either locally or remotely, to a volume not less than the greater of the following:
- (i) 110% of the capacity of the largest tank or drum within the bunded area; or

- (ii) 25% of the total volume of substance that could be stored within the bunded area.
- 3.16.3 All drainage from bunded areas shall be treated as contaminated unless it can be demonstrated to be otherwise. All drainage from bunded areas shall be diverted for collection and safe disposal, unless it can be deemed uncontaminated and does not exceed the trigger levels set for storm water emissions under 6.11.
- 3.16.4 All inlets, outlets, vent pipes, valves and gauges must be within the bunded area.
- 3.16.5 All tanks, containers, drums and pipework shall be labelled to clearly indicate their:
 - (i) contents;
 - (ii) capacity; and
 - (iii) flow direction.
- 3.17 The licensee shall have in storage an adequate supply of containment booms and/or suitable absorbent material to contain and absorb any spillage at the installation. Once used, the absorbent material shall be disposed of at an appropriate facility.
- 3.18 Silt Traps and Oil Separators

The licensee shall maintain silt traps and oil separators at the installation:

 - (i) Silt traps to ensure that all storm water discharges, other than from roofs, from the installation pass through a silt trap in advance of discharge;
 - (ii) An oil separator on the storm water discharge from yard areas. The separator shall be a Class I full retention separator.

The silt traps and separator shall be in accordance with I.S. EN-858-2: 2003 (separator systems for light liquids).
- 3.19 Fire-water Retention
 - 3.19.1 The licensee shall, prior to the acceptance of residual, food and other odour-forming waste at the installation and in any event within six months of date of grant of licence, undertake an updated risk assessment on the need for fire water retention having regard to the Environmental Protection Agency Draft Guidance Note to Industry on the Requirements for Fire-Water Retention Facilities. The licensee shall implement any mitigation measures identified by the risk assessment.
 - 3.19.2 The licensee shall ensure permanent access is maintained at all times to the shut-off valve for surface water run-off in the event of a fire and that the valve is clearly labelled.
- 3.20 All pump sumps, storage tanks or other treatment plant chambers from which spillage of environmentally significant materials might occur in such quantities as are likely to breach local or remote containment or separators, shall be fitted with high liquid level alarms (or oil detectors as appropriate).
- 3.21 The provision of a catchment system to collect any leaks from flanges and valves of all over-ground pipes used to transport material other than water shall be examined. This shall be incorporated into a Schedule of Environmental Objectives and Targets set out in Condition 2 of this licence for the reduction in fugitive emissions.
- 3.22 The licensee shall maintain in a prominent location on the site a wind sock, or other wind direction indicator, which shall be visible from the public roadway outside the site.
- 3.23 Specified Engineering Works
 - 3.23.1 The licensee shall submit proposals for all Specified Engineering Works, as defined in *Schedule D: Specified Engineering Works*, of this licence, to the Agency for its agreement at least two months in advance of the intended date of commencement of any such works. No such works shall be carried out without the prior agreement of the Agency.

- 3.23.2 All specified engineering works shall be supervised by a competent person(s) and that person, or persons, shall be present at all times during which relevant works are being undertaken.
- 3.23.3 Following the completion of all specified engineering works, the licensee shall complete a construction quality assurance validation. The validation report shall be made available to the Agency on request. The report shall, as appropriate, include the following information:
- (i) A description of the works;
 - (ii) As-built drawings of the works;
 - (iii) Any other information requested in writing by the Agency.
- 3.24 Waste Acceptance Hours and Hours of Operation
- 3.24.1 Waste shall be accepted at or dispatched from the installation only between the hours of 6:00 and 23:00 Monday to Saturday inclusive, unless otherwise agreed by the Agency.
- 3.24.2 The installation shall be operated only during the hours of 7:00 to 21:00 Monday to Saturday inclusive.
- 3.24.3 The installation shall not operate or accept/dispatch waste on Sundays or on Public Holidays without the agreement of the Agency.

Reason: *To provide for appropriate operation of the installation to ensure protection of the environment.*

Condition 4. Interpretation

- 4.1 Emission limit values for emissions to atmosphere in this licence shall be interpreted in the following way:
- 4.1.1 Continuous Monitoring
- (i) No 24 hour mean value shall exceed the emission limit value.
 - (ii) 97% of all 30 minute mean values taken continuously over an annual period shall not exceed 1.2 times the emission limit value.
 - (iii) No 30 minute mean value shall exceed twice the emission limit value.
- 4.1.2 Non-Continuous Monitoring
- (i) For any parameter where, due to sampling/analytical limitations, a 30 minute sample is inappropriate, a suitable sampling period should be employed and the value obtained therein shall not exceed the emission limit value.
 - (ii) For flow, no hourly or daily mean value, calculated on the basis of appropriate spot readings, shall exceed the relevant limit value.
 - (iii) For all other parameters, no 30 minute mean value shall exceed the emission limit value.
- 4.2 The concentration and volume flow limits for emissions to atmosphere specified in this licence shall be achieved without the introduction of dilution air and shall be based on gas volumes under standard conditions of:
- 4.2.1 From non-combustion sources:
Temperature 273K, Pressure 101.3 kPa (no correction for oxygen or water content).
- 4.2.2 From combustion sources:

Temperature 273K, Pressure 101.3 kPa, dry gas; 3% oxygen for liquid and gas fuels, 6% oxygen for solid fuels.

- 4.3 Where the ability to measure a parameter is affected by mixing before emission, then, with agreement from the Agency, the parameter may be assessed before mixing takes place.
- 4.4 Noise
- Noise from the installation shall not give rise to sound pressure levels ($L_{Aeq, T}$) measured at NSLs of the installation which exceed the limit value(s).
- 4.5 Dust and Particulate Matter
- Dust and particulate matters from the activity shall not give rise to deposition levels which exceed the limit value(s).

Reason: *To clarify the interpretation of limit values fixed under the licence.*

Condition 5. Emissions

- 5.1 No specified emission from the installation shall exceed the emission limit values set out in *Schedule B: Emission Limits*, of this licence. There shall be no other emissions of environmental significance.
- 5.2 No emissions, including odours, from the activities carried on at the site shall result in an impairment of, or an interference with amenities or the environment beyond the installation boundary or any other legitimate uses of the environment beyond the installation boundary.
- 5.3 No substance shall be discharged in a manner, or at a concentration, that, following initial dilution, causes tainting of fish or shellfish.
- 5.4 The licensee shall ensure that all or any of the following:
- Vermin
 - Birds
 - Flies
 - Mud
 - Dust
 - Litter

associated with the activity do not result in an impairment of, or an interference with, amenities or the environment at the installation or beyond the installation boundary or any other legitimate uses of the environment beyond the installation boundary. Any method used by the licensee to control or prevent any such impairment/interference shall not cause environmental pollution.

- 5.5 No trade effluent, firewater, leachate and/or contaminated storm water shall be discharged to surface water drains.
- 5.6 There shall be no direct emissions to ground or groundwater.
- 5.7 The road network in the vicinity of the facility shall be kept free from any debris caused by vehicles entering or leaving the facility. Any such debris or deposited materials shall be removed without delay.

Reason: *To provide for the protection of the environment by way of control and limitation of emissions.*

Condition 6. Control and Monitoring

- 6.1 Test Programme
- 6.1.1 The licensee shall prepare to the satisfaction of the Agency, a test programme for abatement equipment installed to abate emissions to atmosphere at A2-1 (odour control unit). This programme shall be submitted to the Agency in advance of implementation.
- 6.1.2 The programme, following agreement with the Agency, shall be completed within three months of the commencement of operation of the abatement equipment.
- 6.1.3 The criteria for the operation of the abatement equipment as determined by the test programme, shall be incorporated into the standard operating procedures.
- 6.1.4 The test programme shall as a minimum:
- (i) establish all criteria for operation, control and management of the abatement equipment to ensure compliance with the emission limit values specified in this licence; and
 - (ii) assess the performance of any monitors on the abatement system and establish a maintenance and calibration programme for each monitor.
- 6.1.5 A report on the test programme shall be submitted to the Agency within one month of completion.
- 6.2 The licensee shall carry out such sampling, analyses, measurements, examinations, maintenance and calibrations as set out below and as in accordance with *Schedule C: Control & Monitoring*, of this licence.
- 6.2.1 Analyses shall be undertaken by competent staff in accordance with documented operating procedures.
- 6.2.2 Such procedures shall be assessed for their suitability for the test matrix and performance characteristics shall be determined.
- 6.2.3 Such procedures shall be subject to a programme of Analytical Quality Control using control standards with evaluation of test responses.
- 6.2.4 Where any analysis is sub-contracted it shall be to a competent laboratory.
- 6.3 The licensee shall ensure that:
- (i) sampling and analysis for all parameters listed in the Schedules to this licence; and
 - (ii) any reference measurements for the calibration of automated measurement systems;
- shall be carried out in accordance with CEN-standards. If CEN standards are not available, ISO, national or international standards that will ensure the provision of data of an equivalent scientific quality shall apply.
- 6.4 All automatic monitors and samplers shall be functioning at all times (except during maintenance and calibration) when the activity is being carried on unless alternative sampling or monitoring has been agreed in writing by the Agency for a limited period. In the event of the malfunction of any continuous monitor, the licensee shall contact the Agency as soon as practicable, and alternative sampling and monitoring facilities shall be put in place. The use of alternative equipment, other than in emergency situations, shall be as agreed by the Agency.
- 6.5 Monitoring and analysis equipment shall be operated and maintained as necessary so that monitoring accurately reflects the emission/discharge (or ambient conditions where that is the monitoring objective).
- 6.6 All treatment/abatement and emission control equipment shall be calibrated and maintained in accordance with the instructions issued by the manufacturer/supplier or installer.

- 6.7 The frequency, methods and scope of monitoring, sampling and analyses, as set out in this licence, may be amended with the agreement of the Agency following evaluation of test results.
- 6.8 The licensee shall prepare a programme, to the satisfaction of the Agency, for the identification and reduction of fugitive emissions using an appropriate combination of best available techniques. This programme shall be included in the Environmental Management Programme.
- 6.9 The integrity and water tightness of all underground pipes, tanks, bunding structures and containers and their resistance to penetration by water or other materials carried or stored therein shall be tested and demonstrated by the licensee. This testing shall be carried out by the licensee at least once every three years and reported to the Agency on each occasion. This testing shall be carried out in accordance with any guidance published by the Agency. A written record of all integrity tests and any maintenance or remedial work arising from them shall be maintained by the licensee.
- 6.10 The drainage system (i.e., gullies, manholes, any visible drainage conduits and such other aspects as may be agreed) shall be visually inspected weekly and desludged as necessary. All sludge and drainage from these operations shall be collected for safe disposal. The drainage system, bunds, silt traps and oil interceptors shall be properly maintained at all times. The licensee shall maintain a drainage map on site. The drainage map shall be reviewed annually and updated as necessary.
- 6.11 Storm Water
- 6.11.1 A visual examination of the storm water discharges shall be carried out daily. A log of such inspections shall be maintained.
- 6.11.2 A licensee shall, within six months of date of grant of licence, establish suitable trigger levels for pH, conductivity, suspended solids, total petroleum hydrocarbons and mineral oil in storm water discharges, such that storm waters exceeding these levels will be diverted for retention and suitable disposal. The licensee shall have regard to the Environmental Protection Agency "Guidance on the setting of trigger values for storm water discharges to off-site surface waters at EPA IPPC and Waste licensed facilities" when establishing the suitable trigger levels.
- 6.12 Noise
- The licensee shall carry out a noise survey of the site operations annually. The survey programme shall be undertaken in accordance with the methodology specified in the 'Guidance Note for Noise: Licence Applications, Surveys and Assessments in Relation to Scheduled Activities (NG4)' as published by the Agency.
- 6.13 Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR)
- The licensee shall prepare and report a PRTR for the site. The substance and/or wastes to be included in the PRTR shall be determined by reference to EC Regulations No. 166/2006 concerning the establishment of the European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register. The PRTR shall be prepared in accordance with any relevant guidelines issued by the Agency and shall be submitted electronically in specified format and as part of the AER.
- 6.14 The licensee shall, within six months of the date of grant of this licence, develop and establish a Data Management System for collation, archiving, assessing and graphically presenting the monitoring data generated as a result of this licence.
- 6.15 Litter Control
- 6.15.1 All loose litter or other waste, placed on or in the vicinity of the facility, other than in accordance with the requirements of this licence, shall be removed, subject to the agreement of the landowners, immediately and in any event by 10.00 am of the next working day after such waste is discovered.
- 6.15.2 The licensee shall ensure that all vehicles delivering waste to and removing waste and materials from the facility are appropriately covered.

6.16 Dust/Odour Control

- 6.16.1 All residual, food and other odour-forming waste, other than baled and wrapped waste, shall be removed from the facility within 48 hours of its arrival or generation on site, except at Public Holiday weekends. At Public Holiday weekends, this waste shall be removed within 72 hours of its arrival or generation on site.
- 6.16.2 In dry weather, site roads and any other areas used by vehicles shall be sprayed with water as and when required to minimise airborne dust nuisance.
- 6.16.3 The licensee shall undertake, as required by the Agency, an odour assessment which shall include as a minimum the identification and quantification of all significant odour sources and an assessment of the suitability and adequacy of the odour abatement systems installed to deal with these emissions. Any recommendations arising from the odour assessment shall be implemented to the satisfaction of the Agency.

6.17 Operational Controls

- 6.17.1 The floor of the waste transfer buildings shall be cleaned on a weekly basis and on a daily basis where residual, food and other odour-forming waste is handled. The floor of the storage bays for recovered wastes shall be washed down and cleaned on each occasion such bays are emptied, or as a minimum on a weekly basis. The licensee shall maintain a record of cleaning of the waste transfer buildings and storage bays at the installation.
- 6.17.2 Scavenging shall not be permitted at the facility.
- 6.17.3 There shall be no unauthorised public access to the facility.

6.18 Monitoring Locations

Within three months of the date of grant of this licence, the licensee shall submit to the Agency an appropriately scaled drawing or drawings showing all the monitoring locations that are stipulated in this licence including any noise-sensitive locations and private wells to be monitored. The drawing shall include the eight-digit national grid reference of each monitoring point.

6.19 Nuisance Monitoring

The licensee shall, at a minimum of daily intervals, inspect the facility and its immediate surrounds for nuisances caused by litter, vermin, birds, flies, mud, dust and odours. The licensee shall maintain a record of all nuisance inspections.

6.20 Soil Monitoring

The licensee shall carry out soil monitoring at the site of the installation within ten years of date of grant of licence and at least once every ten years thereafter. The sampling and monitoring shall be carried out in accordance with any guidance or procedure as may be specified by the Agency.

6.21 Vermin and Flies

In advance of the acceptance of residual, food and other odour-forming waste, the licensee shall maintain and implement a programme for the control and eradication of vermin and fly infestations at the facility. The programme shall include as a minimum, operator training, details on the rodenticide(s) and insecticide(s) to be used, mode and frequency of application and measures to contain sprays within the installation boundary.

- 6.22 An inspection system for the detection of leaks on all flanges and valves on over-ground pipes used to transport materials other than water shall be developed and maintained within six months of the date of grant of licence.

Reason: *To provide for the protection of the environment by way of treatment and monitoring of emissions.*

Condition 7. Resource Use and Energy Efficiency

- 7.1 The licensee shall carry out an audit of the energy efficiency of the site within one year of the date of grant of this licence. The audit shall be carried out in accordance with the guidance published by the Agency, "Guidance Note on Energy Efficiency Auditing". The energy efficiency audit shall be repeated at intervals as required by the Agency.
- 7.2 The audit shall identify all practicable opportunities for energy use reduction and efficiency and the recommendations of the audit will be incorporated into the Schedule of Environmental Objectives and Targets under Condition 2 above.
- 7.3 The licensee shall identify opportunities for reduction in the quantity of water used on site including recycling and reuse initiatives, wherever possible. Reductions in water usage shall be incorporated into Schedule of Environmental Objectives and Targets.
- 7.4 The licensee shall undertake an assessment of the efficiency of use of raw materials in all processes, having particular regard to the reduction in waste generated. The assessment should take account of best international practice for this type of activity. Where improvements are identified, these shall be incorporated into the Schedule of Environmental Objectives and Targets.

Reason: *To provide for the efficient use of resources and energy in all site operations.*

Condition 8. Materials Handling

- 8.1 All waste treatment shall be carried out inside buildings.
- 8.2 Waste Storage
- 8.2.1 Unless otherwise agreed by the Agency, all waste storage areas shall be inside buildings.
- 8.2.2 Unless otherwise agreed by the Agency, all outdoor storage areas shall be covered. This condition shall apply to all storage areas used for waste and other material that has the potential to contaminate rain water and surface water run-off.
- 8.3 Waste Storage Plan
- 8.3.1 The licensee shall, prior to the acceptance of residual, food and other odour-forming waste at the installation and in any event within three months of date of grant of licence, establish, maintain and implement a Waste Storage Plan for all waste stored and held at the installation.
- 8.3.2 The Waste Storage Plan shall include:
- a limit on the volume of waste to be stored or held in designated storage areas;
 - maximum stockpile sizes in designated storage areas;
 - a limit on the maximum storage or holding period for waste in designated storage areas; and
 - any other requirements arising from recommendations of the Fire Risk Assessment required by Condition 9.4 of this licence.
- 8.3.3 Waste storage and holding practices at the facility shall comply at all times with the Waste Storage Plan.
- 8.3.4 Waste accepted or generated at the facility shall be stored or held only in designated areas that have been identified in the Waste Storage Plan.

- 8.3.5 All designated areas for storage or holding of waste shall be:
- clearly labelled;
 - appropriately segregated; and
 - visibly or physically delineated by walls, dividers, painted lines or marks on the ground or other methods acceptable to the Agency.

8.4 Wrapping of baled municipal waste

- 8.4.1 The wrapping of baled municipal waste, RDF, SRF and other waste shall be carried out in such a manner that:

- the waste is fully contained,
- the emission of odour from the wrapped bales is prevented,
- access by vermin is prevented, and
- the discharge of contaminated run-off from the wrapped bales is prevented.

- 8.4.2 Each bale shall be labelled with:

- its date of production,
- its content and EWC code and
- the name of the facility and its licence register number (W0261-02).

- 8.4.3 The licensee shall maintain and implement operating procedures for the baling and wrapping of waste.

- 8.4.4 The integrity of each wrapped bale shall be checked fortnightly and prior to its dispatch from the installation. Any damaged bales shall be repaired within 24 hours of damage being detected. No damaged bales shall be dispatched from the installation. Records of these checks and repairs shall be maintained at the installation.

8.5 Waste Acceptance and Characterisation Procedures

- 8.5.1 Waste shall only be accepted at the facility from Local Authority waste collection or transport vehicles or holders of waste permits, unless exempted or excluded, issued under the Waste Management Act 1996, as amended. Copies of these waste collection permits must be maintained at the facility.

- 8.5.2 Waste shall be accepted at the installation only from known waste producers or new waste producers subject to initial waste profiling and waste characterisation off-site. The written records of this off-site waste profiling and characterisation shall be retained by the licensee for all active waste producers and for a two year period following termination of licensee/waste producer agreements.

- 8.5.3 Waste arriving at the facility shall have its documentation checked at the point of entry to the facility and subject to this verification, weighed, documented and directed to an appropriate storage or treatment building or area. Each load of waste shall be inspected upon tipping at the installation. Only after such inspections shall the waste be treated for disposal or recovery.

- 8.5.4 Any waste deemed unsuitable for processing at the facility and/or in contravention of this licence shall be immediately separated and removed from the facility at the earliest possible time. Temporary storage of such wastes shall be in a designated Waste Quarantine Area. Waste shall be stored under appropriate conditions in the quarantine area to avoid putrefaction, odour generation, the attraction of vermin and any other nuisance or objectionable condition.

- 8.5.5 The licensee shall, prior to the acceptance of residual, food and other odour-forming waste at the installation and in any event within three months, develop and maintain and implement detailed written procedures and criteria for:
- (i) characterisation, compliance testing, acceptance, on-site verification and handling of all wastes arriving at the installation;
 - (ii) rejection of unacceptable incoming waste; and
 - (iii) ensuring adequate storage capacity exists in advance of waste acceptance.
- 8.6 The licensee shall ensure that waste generated in the carrying on of the activity shall be prepared for re-use, recycling or recovery or, where that is not technically or economically possible, disposed of in a manner which will prevent or minimise any impact on the environment.
- 8.7 Disposal or recovery of waste on-site shall only take place in accordance with the conditions of this licence and in accordance with the appropriate National and European legislation and protocols.
- 8.8 Waste sent off-site for recovery or disposal shall be transported only by an authorised waste contractor. The waste shall be transported from the site of the activity to the site of recovery/disposal only in a manner that will not adversely affect the environment and in accordance with the appropriate National and European legislation and protocols.
- 8.9 The licensee shall ensure that, in advance of transfer to another person, waste shall be classified, packaged and labelled in accordance with National, European and any other standards which are in force in relation to such labelling.
- 8.10 The loading and unloading of materials shall be carried out in designated areas protected against spillage, leachate run-off and fugitive emissions.
- 8.11 Waste shall be stored in designated areas, protected as may be appropriate against spillage and leachate run-off.
- 8.12 No waste classified as green list waste in accordance with the EU Shipment of Waste Regulations (Council Regulation EEC No. 1013/2006, as may be amended) shall be consigned for recovery without the agreement of the Agency.
- 8.13 Waste for disposal/recovery off-site shall be analysed in accordance with *Schedule C: Control & Monitoring*, of this licence.
- 8.14 Unless approved in writing, in advance, by the Agency the licensee is prohibited from mixing a hazardous waste of one category with a hazardous waste of another category or with any other non-hazardous waste.
- 8.15 The licensee shall neither import waste into the State nor export waste out of the State except in accordance with the relevant provisions of Regulation (EC) No 1013/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 14th June 2006 on shipments of waste and associated national regulations.
- 8.16 Standards Regarding the Supply of Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF) or Solid Recovered Fuel (SRF)
- 8.16.1 Refuse derived fuel or solid recovered fuel produced at the facility shall be classified and specified in accordance with *I.S. EN 15359:2011 Solid recovered fuels - Specifications and classes* unless otherwise agreed by the Agency.
 - 8.16.2 No refuse derived fuel or solid recovered fuel shall be supplied to a person or organisation for combustion except where there is in place a technical specification. The technical specification shall be prepared, unless otherwise agreed by the Agency, in accordance with *I.S. EN 15359:2011 Solid recovered fuels - Specifications and classes* and shall be agreed between the licensee and the recipient person or organisation.
 - 8.16.3 No solid recovered fuel classified as waste shall be supplied for combustion in any facility or installation that has not been granted a licence or permit under the Waste Incineration Directive or Industrial Emissions Directive.

- 8.16.4 The technical specification referred to in Condition 8.16.1 shall set out the criteria to be met in order that combustion of the refuse derived fuel or solid recovered fuel will not lead to failure to comply with the conditions of a licence or permit as may be applicable at the destination incineration or co-incineration facility.
- 8.16.5 The licensee shall annually, or at a greater frequency if so instructed by the Agency and unless otherwise agreed by the Agency, demonstrate, using a method agreed or specified by the Agency, that the treatment process for the manufacture of refuse derived fuel or solid recovered fuel results in a materially significant net increase in calorific value over the mixed waste introduced to the treatment process.
- 8.16.6 Bulky metallic and non-metallic parts shall be removed prior to processing waste into RDF/SRF.
- 8.17 Only waste that has been subject to treatment may be dispatched for disposal at a landfill facility. Treatment shall reflect published EPA guidance as set out in *Municipal Solid Waste - Pre-treatment and Residuals Management*, EPA, 2009. With the agreement of the Agency, this condition shall not apply to:
- (i) Inert waste for which treatment is not technically feasible; and
 - (ii) Other waste for which such treatment does not contribute to the objectives of the Landfill Directive as set out in Article 1 of the Directive by reducing the quality of the waste or the hazards to human health or the environment.
- 8.18 Each load of waste dispatched to landfill shall be accompanied by documentation verifying the type of treatment carried out on the waste and, in the case of municipal waste or treated municipal waste, its biodegradable content.

Reason: *To provide for the appropriate handling of material and the protection of the environment.*

Condition 9. Accident Prevention and Emergency Response

- 9.1 The licensee shall ensure that a documented Accident Prevention Procedure is in place that addresses the hazards on-site, particularly in relation to the prevention of accidents with a possible impact on the environment. This procedure shall be reviewed annually and updated as necessary.
- 9.2 The licensee shall, ensure that a documented Emergency Response Procedure is in place, that addresses any emergency situation which may originate on-site. This procedure shall include provision for minimising the effects of any emergency on the environment. This procedure shall be reviewed annually and updated as necessary.
- 9.3 Incidents
- 9.3.1 In the event of an incident the licensee shall immediately:
- (i) carry out an investigation to identify the nature, source and cause of the incident and any emission arising therefrom;
 - (ii) isolate the source of any such emission;
 - (iii) evaluate the environmental pollution, if any, caused by the incident;
 - (iv) identify and execute measures to minimise the emissions/malfunction and the effects thereof;
 - (v) identify the date, time and place of the incident;
 - (vi) notify the Agency and other relevant authorities.
- 9.3.2 Where an incident or accident that significantly affects the environment occurs, the licensee shall, without delay take measures to limit the environmental consequences of the incident or accident and to prevent further incident or accident.

- 9.4 The licensee shall arrange, within three months of the date of grant of this licence and every three years thereafter, for the completion, by an independent and appropriately qualified consultant, of a fire risk assessment for the facility. The assessment shall examine all relevant factors on site that impinge on fire risk and prevention. The assessment shall have regard to the EPA Guidance Note: *Fire Safety at Non-Hazardous Waste Transfer Stations, 2013*. A report on the fire risk assessment shall be prepared within six months of the date of grant of this licence. Any recommendations in the fire risk assessment shall be implemented by the licensee.

Reason: *To provide for the protection of the environment.*

Condition 10. Decommissioning & Residuals Management

- 10.1 Following termination, or planned cessation for a period greater than six months, of use or involvement of all or part of the site in the licensed activity, the licensee shall, to the satisfaction of the Agency, decommission, render safe or remove for disposal/recovery any soil, subsoil, buildings, plant or equipment, or any waste, materials or substances or other matter contained therein or thereon, that may result in environmental pollution.
- 10.2 Decommissioning Management Plan (DMP)
- 10.2.1 The licensee shall prepare, to the satisfaction of the Agency, a fully detailed and costed plan for the decommissioning or closure of the site or part thereof. This plan shall replace the existing Decommissioning Plan and shall be submitted to the Agency within six months of date of grant of this licence.
- 10.2.2 The plan shall be reviewed annually and proposed amendments thereto notified to the Agency for agreement as part of the AER. No amendments may be implemented without the agreement of the Agency.
- 10.2.3 The licensee shall have regard to the Environmental Protection Agency's Guidance on Assessing and Costing Environmental Liabilities (2014) and, as appropriate, Guidance on Environmental Liability Risk Assessment, Residuals Management Plans, and Financial Provision (2006) and the baseline report, when implementing Condition 10.2.1 above.
- 10.3 The Decommissioning Management Plan shall include, as a minimum, the following:
- (i) a scope statement for the plan;
 - (ii) the criteria that define the successful decommissioning of the activity or part thereof, which ensures minimum impact on the environment;
 - (iii) a programme to achieve the stated criteria;
 - (iv) where relevant, a test programme to demonstrate the successful implementation of the decommissioning plan; and
 - (v) details of the costings for the plan and the financial provisions to underwrite those costs.
- 10.4 A final validation report to include a certificate of completion for the Decommissioning Management Plan, for all or part of the site as necessary, shall be submitted to the Agency within three months of execution of the plan. The licensee shall carry out such tests, investigations or submit certification, as requested by the Agency, to confirm that there is no continuing risk to the environment.

Reason: *To make provision for the proper closure of the activity ensuring protection of the environment.*

Condition 11. Notification, Records and Reports

- 11.1 The licensee shall notify the Agency, in a format as may be specified by the Agency, one month in advance of the intended date of commencement of acceptance of residual and/or food waste.
- 11.2 The licensee shall notify the Agency by both telephone and either email or webform, to the Agency's headquarters in Wexford, or to such other Agency office as may be specified by the Agency, as soon as practicable after the occurrence of any of the following:
- (i) an incident or accident that significantly affects the environment;
 - (ii) any release of environmental significance to atmosphere from any potential emissions point including bypasses;
 - (iii) any breach of one or more of the conditions attached to this licence;
 - (iv) any malfunction or breakdown of key control equipment or monitoring equipment set out in *Schedule C: Control and Monitoring*, of this licence which is likely to lead to loss of control of the abatement system; and
 - (v) any incident with the potential for environmental contamination of surface water or groundwater, or posing an environment threat to air or land, or requiring an emergency response by the Local Authority.

The licensee shall include as part of the notification, date and time of the incident, summary details of the occurrence, and where available, the steps taken to minimise any emissions.

- 11.3 The following shall be notified, as soon as practicable after the occurrence of any incident which relates to a discharge to water:
- (i) Inland Fisheries Ireland in the case of discharges to receiving waters.
- 11.4 The licensee shall make a record of any incident. This record shall include details of the nature, extent, and impact of, and circumstances giving rise to, the incident or accident. The record shall include all corrective actions taken to manage the incident or accident, minimise wastes generated and the effect on the environment, and avoid recurrence. In the case of a breach of a condition, measures to restore compliance. The licensee shall, as soon as practicable following notification, submit to the Agency the record.
- 11.5 The licensee shall record all complaints of an environmental nature related to the operation of the activity. Each such record shall give details of the date and time of the complaint, the name of the complainant (if provided), and give details of the nature of the complaint. A record shall also be kept of the response made in the case of each complaint.
- 11.6 The licensee shall record all sampling, analyses, measurements, examinations, calibrations and maintenance carried out in accordance with the requirements of this licence and all other such monitoring which relates to the environmental performance of the installation.
- 11.7 The licensee shall as a minimum ensure that the following documents are accessible at the site:
- (i) the licences relating to the installation;
 - (ii) the current EMS for the installation, including all associated procedures, reports, records and other documents;
 - (iii) the previous year's AER for the installation;
 - (iv) records of all sampling, analyses, measurements, examinations, calibrations and maintenance carried out in accordance with the requirements of this licence and all other such monitoring which relates to the environmental performance of the installation;
 - (v) relevant correspondence with the Agency;
 - (vi) up-to-date site drawings/plans showing the location of key process and environmental infrastructure, including monitoring locations and emission points;

- (vii) up-to-date Standard Operational Procedures for all processes, plant and equipment necessary to give effect to this licence or otherwise to ensure that standard operation of such processes, plant or equipment does not result in unauthorised emissions to the environment;
- (viii) any elements of the licence application or EIS documentation referenced in this licence; and
- (ix) all records of audits.

This documentation shall be available to the Agency for inspection at all reasonable times.

- 11.8 The licensee shall maintain a computer based record for each load of waste arriving at and departing from the facility. The licensee shall record the following:
- (i) the date and time;
 - (ii) the name of the carrier (including if appropriate, the waste carrier registration details);
 - (iii) the vehicle registration number;
 - (iv) the trailer, skip or other container unique identification number (where relevant);
 - (v) the name of the producer of the waste as appropriate;
 - (vi) the name of the waste facility (if appropriate) from which the load originated including the waste licence or waste permit register number;
 - (vii) a description of the waste including the associated EWC/HWL codes;
 - (viii) the quantity of the waste, recorded in tonnes;
 - (ix) details of the treatment(s) to which the waste has been subjected, if any;
 - (x) the classification and coding of the waste, including whether MSW or otherwise;
 - (xi) whether the waste is for disposal or recovery and if recovery for what purpose;
 - (xii) the name of the person checking the load; and where loads or wastes are removed or rejected, details of the date of occurrence, the types of waste and the facility to which they were removed.
- 11.9 The licensee shall submit to the Agency, by the 31st March of each year, an AER covering the previous calendar year. This report, which shall be to the satisfaction of the Agency, shall include as a minimum the information specified in *Schedule E: Annual Environmental Report*, of this licence and shall be prepared in accordance with any relevant guidelines issued by the Agency.
- 11.10 A full record, which shall be open to inspection by authorised persons of the Agency at all times, shall be kept by the licensee on matters relating to the waste management operations and practices at this site. This record shall be maintained on a monthly basis and shall as a minimum contain details of the following:
- (i) the tonnages and EWC Code for the waste materials imported and/or sent off-site for disposal/recovery;
 - (ii) the names of the agent and carrier of the waste, and their waste collection permit details, if required (to include issuing authority and vehicle registration number);
 - (iii) details of the ultimate disposal/recovery destination facility for the waste and its appropriateness to accept the consigned waste stream, to include its permit/licence details and issuing authority, if required;
 - (iv) written confirmation of the acceptance and disposal/recovery of any hazardous waste consignments sent off-site;
 - (v) details of all waste consigned abroad for Recovery and classified as 'Green' in accordance with the EU Shipment of Waste Regulations (Council Regulation EEC No. 1013/2006, as may be amended). The rationale for the classification must form part of the record;
 - (vi) details of any rejected consignments;
 - (vii) details of any approved waste mixing;
 - (viii) the results of any waste analyses required under *Schedule C: Control & Monitoring*, of this licence; and

- (ix) the tonnage and EWC Code for the waste materials recovered/disposed on-site.
- 11.11 The licensee shall submit report(s) as required by the conditions of this licence to the Agency's Headquarters in Wexford, or to such other Agency office as may be specified by the Agency.
- 11.12 All reports shall be certified accurate and representative by the installation manager or a nominated, suitably qualified and experienced deputy.

Reason: *To provide for the collection and reporting of adequate information on the activity.*

Condition 12. Financial Charges and Provisions

12.1 Agency Charges

- 12.1.1 The licensee shall pay to the Agency an annual contribution of €5,869, or such sum as the Agency from time to time determines, having regard to variations in the extent of reporting, auditing, inspection, sampling and analysis or other functions carried out by the Agency, towards the cost of monitoring the activity as the Agency considers necessary for the performance of its functions under the Environmental Protection Agency Act 1992, as amended. The first payment shall be a pro-rata amount for the period from the date of grant of this licence to the 31st day of December, and shall be paid to the Agency within one month from the date of grant of the licence. In subsequent years the licensee shall pay to the Agency such revised annual contribution as the Agency shall from time to time consider necessary to enable performance by the Agency of its relevant functions under the Environmental Protection Agency Act 1992, as amended and all such payments shall be made within one month of the date upon which demanded by the Agency.
- 12.1.2 In the event that the frequency or extent of monitoring or other functions carried out by the Agency needs to be increased, the licensee shall contribute such sums as determined by the Agency to defray its costs in regard to items not covered by the said annual contribution.

12.2 Environmental Liabilities

- 12.2.1 The licensee shall as part of the AER, provide an annual statement as to the measures taken or adopted at the site in relation to the prevention of environmental damage, and the financial provisions in place in relation to the underwriting of costs for remedial actions following anticipated events (including closure) or accidents/incidents, as may be associated with the carrying on of the activity.
- 12.2.2 The licensee shall arrange for the completion, by an independent and appropriately qualified consultant, of a comprehensive and fully costed Environmental Liabilities Risk Assessment (ELRA) which addresses the liabilities from past and present activities. The assessment shall include those liabilities and costs identified in Condition 10 for execution of the DMP. A report on this assessment shall be submitted to the Agency for agreement prior to the acceptance of residual, food and other odour-forming waste at the installation and in any event within three months. The ELRA shall be reviewed as necessary to reflect any significant change on site, and in any case every three years following initial agreement. Review results are to be notified as part of the AER.
- 12.2.3 The licensee shall, to the satisfaction of the Agency and prior to the acceptance of residual, food and other odour-forming waste at the installation and in any event within six months, make financial provision to cover any liabilities associated with the operation (including closure). The amount of indemnity held shall be reviewed and revised as necessary, but at least annually. Proof of renewal or revision of such financial indemnity shall be included in the annual 'Statement of Measures' report identified in Condition 12.2.1.

- 12.2.4 The licensee shall revise the cost of closure annually and any adjustments shall be reflected in the financial provision made under Condition 12.2.3.
- 12.2.5 The licensee shall have regard to the Environmental Protection Agency Guidance on Environmental Liability Risk Assessment, Residuals Management Plans and Financial Provision when implementing Conditions 12.2.2 and 12.2.3 above.

Reason: *To provide for adequate financing for monitoring and financial provisions for measures to protect the environment.*

SCHEDULE A: Limitations

A.1

The following waste related processes are authorised:

Recovery of wastes listed in Schedule A.2
Baling and wrapping of waste
Storage of waste

No additions to these processes are permitted unless agreed in advance by the Agency.



A.2 Waste Acceptance**Table A.1 Waste Categories and Quantities**

	Waste Type	Maximum ^{Note2} (Tonnes Per Annum)
Non-Hazardous Wastes ^{Note 1}	Dry Mixed Recyclables (EWC 20 03 01)	60,000
	Mixed Municipal Waste (EWC 20 03 01)	30,000
	Biodegradable kitchen and canteen Waste (EWC 20 01 08)	20,000
	Paper and Cardboard packaging (EWC 15 01 01)	25,000
	Plastic Packaging (EWC 15 01 02)	10,000
	Wooden Packaging (EWC 15 01 03)	1,000
	Metallic Packaging (EWC 15 01 04)	100
	Mixed Packaging (EWC 15 01 06)	3,000
	Glass Packaging (EWC 15 01 07)	1,000
	End of Life Tyres (EWC 16 01 03)	100
	Mixture of concrete, bricks, tiles and ceramics (EWC 17 01 07)	5,000
	Plastic Waste (EWC 20 01 39)	10,000
	Metals (EWC 20 01 40)	1,000
	Bulky waste (EWC 20 03 07)	1,000
	Soil and Stones (EWC 17 05 04)	10,000
	Gypsum-based construction materials (EWC 17 08 02)	1,000
	Mixed construction and demolition waste (EWC 17 09 04)	35,000
	Combustible waste (EWC 19 12 12)	1,000
	Other wastes (including mixtures of materials) from mechanical treatment of wastes (EWC 19 12 12)	4,000
Paper and cardboard (EWC 20 01 01)	30,000	
Glass (EWC 20 01 02)	1,000	
Non-Hazardous Waste Total	250,000	
Total	250,000	

Note 1: Any proposals to accept other compatible non-hazardous waste types must be agreed in advance by the Agency.

Note 2: The limitation on individual non-hazardous waste types may be varied with the agreement of the Agency subject to the total limit for non-hazardous waste staying the same.

SCHEDULE B: Emission Limits

B.1 Emissions to Air

Emission Point Reference No: A2-1
 Location: Building A1
 Volume to be emitted: Maximum rate per hour: 45,936 m³
 Minimum discharges height: 14 m above ground



B.2 Emissions to Water

There shall be no emissions to water of environmental significance.



B.3 Emissions to Sewer

There shall be no process effluent emissions to sewer.



B.4 Noise Emissions

Daytime dB L _{Aeq,T} (30 minutes)	Evening time dB L _{Aeq,T} (30 minutes)	Night-time dB L _{Aeq,T} (15-30 minutes)
55	50	45 ^{Note 1}

Note 1: There shall be no clearly audible tonal component or impulsive component in the noise emission from the activity at any noise-sensitive location.



SCHEDULE C: Control & Monitoring

C.1.1. Control of Emissions to Air

Emission Point Reference No: A2-1
Description of Treatment: Odour control unit including dust filter, scrubber and activated carbon treatment unit

Control Parameter	Monitoring	Key Equipment ^{Note 1}
Static pressure across the filter	Continuous	Pressure sensors
Odour character	Daily	Sniff Ports
Note 2	Note 2	Note 2

Note 1: The licensee shall maintain appropriate access to standby and/or spares to ensure the operation of the abatement system.

Note 2: Other parameters to be determined through test programme under Condition 6.1.

C.1.2. Monitoring of Emissions to Air

Emission Point Reference No: A2-1

Parameter	Monitoring Frequency	Analysis Method/Technique
Particulates	Biannually	Standard Method

C.2.1. Control of Emissions to Water

There shall be no emissions to water of environmental significance.

C.2.2. Monitoring of Emissions to Water

There shall be no emissions to water of environmental significance.

C.2.3. Monitoring of Storm Water Emissions

Emission Point Reference No: SW-1

Parameter	Monitoring Frequency	Analysis Method/Technique
pH	Weekly	Standard method
Conductivity	Weekly	Standard method
Suspended solids	Weekly	Standard method
Total petroleum hydrocarbons	Quarterly	Standard method
Mineral oil	Quarterly	Standard method
Visual Inspection	Daily	Sample and examine for colour and odour.

C.3.1. Control of Emissions to Sewer

There shall be no process effluent emissions to sewer.

C.3.2. Monitoring of Emissions to Sewer

There shall be no process effluent emissions to Sewer.

C.4 Waste Monitoring

Waste Class	Frequency ^{Note 1}	Parameter ^{Note 1}	Method
Municipal waste dispatched to landfill	As may be specified by the Agency	BMW content	Waste characterisation of other methods as may be specified
Other ^{Note 2}			

Note 1: Parameters and frequency for compliance testing to be agreed under Condition 8.5.

Note 2: Analytical requirements to be determined on a case by case basis.

C.5 Noise Monitoring

No additional noise monitoring is required in this schedule.

C.6 Ambient Monitoring

C.6.1 Air Monitoring

Location: AD-1 and AD-2, as per Drawing No. 138-01 (Emissions and Sampling Locations), or as may be amended under Condition 6.7.

Parameter	Monitoring Frequency	Analysis Method/Technique
Dust deposition	Bi-annually ^{Note 1}	Bergerhoff ^{Note 2}

Note 1: Once during the period May to September, or as otherwise specified in writing by the Agency.

Note 2: Standard Method VD12119 (Measurement of Dustfall, Determination of Dustfall using Bergerhoff Instrument (Standard Method) German Engineering Institute).

C.6.2 Groundwater Monitoring

Location: To be agreed by the Agency within six months of date of grant of licence.

Parameter	Monitoring Frequency	Analysis Method/Techniques
Hazardous Compounds ^{Note 1}	Annually	Standard Method

Note 1: The relevant hazardous substances for monitoring in groundwater shall be as per the 'Baseline Report' submitted with the application. Monitoring for the identified hazardous substances shall be carried out at least annually, unless a case for less frequent monitoring is agreed by the Agency.

C.6.3 Soil Monitoring

Location: As per the 'Baseline report' ^{Note 1}.

Parameter	Monitoring Frequency	Analysis Method/Techniques
Relevant hazardous substances ^{Note 2}	Every ten years	Standard Method

Note 1: As per the 'Baseline Report', submitted with the licence application. Additional or alternative locations may be agreed by the Agency.

Note 2: The relevant hazardous substances for monitoring in soil shall be as per the 'baseline report' submitted with the application, or otherwise agreed by the Agency.



SCHEDULE D: Specified Engineering Works

Specified Engineering Works
Upgrade of building fabric for building A1. Installation of odour control unit. Any other works notified in writing by the Agency.



SCHEDULE E: Annual Environmental Report

Annual Environmental Report Content ^{Note 1}
Waste recovery report.
Emissions from the installation.
Waste management record, including summary of rejected waste loads.
Resource consumption summary.
Complaints summary.
Schedule of Environmental Objectives and Targets.
Environmental management programme – report for previous year.
Environmental management programme – proposal for current year.
Pollutant Release and Transfer Register – report for previous year.
Pollutant Release and Transfer Register – proposal for current year.
Noise monitoring report summary.
Ambient monitoring summary.
Tank and pipeline testing and inspection report.
Reported incidents summary.
Energy efficiency audit report summary.
Report on the assessment of the efficiency of use of raw materials in processes and the reduction in waste generated.
Report on progress made and proposals being developed to minimise water demand and the volume of trade effluent discharges.
Development/Infrastructural works summary (completed in previous year or prepared for current year).
Reports on financial provision made under this licence, management and staffing structure of the installation, and a programme for public information.
Review of decommissioning management plan.
Statement of measures in relation to prevention of environmental damage and remedial actions (Environmental Liabilities).
Environmental Liabilities Risk Assessment Review (every three years or more frequently as dictated by relevant on-site change including financial provisions).
Waste activities carried out at the facility.
Quantity and composition of waste recovered, received and disposed of during the reporting period and each previous year (relevant EWC codes to be used).
Full title and a written summary of any procedures developed by the licensee in the year which relates to the facility operation.
Review of nuisance controls.
Volume of trade effluent/leachate and/or contaminated stormwater produced and volume transported off-site.
Any other items specified by the Agency.

Note 1: Content may be revised subject to the agreement of the Agency.

Sealed by the seal of the Agency on this the 11th day of February 2015.

**PRESENT when the seal of the Agency
Was affixed hereto:**

Mary Turner, Authorised Person

