Table I.8 (i) CONCLUSIONS ON BAT

Title of Docu	ment		
BAT reference Number	Waste Industries Treatment BREF	Applicability to installation	Proposed/ in place
BAT 1	BAT is to implement and adhere to an environmental management system (EMS?	Applicable	EMS specified in Condition 2 of the Licence is in place
BAT 2	BAT is to ensure the provision of full details of the activities carried out onsite.	Applicable	In place. Provided in Licence Application and EIAR.
BAT 3	BAT is to have a good housekeeping procedure in place, which will also cover the maintenance procedure, and an adequate training programme, covering the preventive actions that workers need to take on health and safety issues and environmental risks	Applicable	Operational procedures in place: Training programme in place; Health & Safety Policy in place
BAT 4	BAT is to try to have a close relationship with the waste producer/holder	Applicable	In place. FHR regularly liaises with its commercial customers and waste contractors that deliver wastes to the facility
BAT 5	BAT is to have sufficient staff available and on duty with the requisite qualifications at all times with All personnel should undergo specific job training and further education	Ápplicable	In place. Site Manager and/or Deputy Manager have appropriate qualifications and at least one is on site at all times. Staff training programme in place
BAT 6	BAT is to have a concrete knowledge of the waste IN	Applicable	Waste acceptance procedure in place that specifies the wastes that can be accepted
BAT 7	BAT is to implement a pre-acceptance procedure	Not Applicable	Given the nature of the wastes accepted and the types of processing carried out, preacceptance procedures are not required.
BAT 8	BAT is to implement a waste acceptance procedure	Applicable	Waste acceptance procedures in place
BAT 9	BAT is to implement different sampling procedures for all different incoming waste vessels	Not Applicable	Given the nature of the wastes accepted and the types of processing carried out, sampling procedures are not required
BAT 10	BAT is to have a reception facility that includes inter alia a quarantine area.	Applicable	In place. Quarantine area provided

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BAT 11	BAT is to analyse the waste OUT according to the relevant parameters important for the facility. If RDF is manufactured the processed materials will be tested to confirm they meet customer/regulatory requirement	Applicable	In place. All wastes transferred from the site are recorded using LoW codes
BAT 12	BAT is to have a system in place to guarantee the traceability of waste treatment	Not Applicable	Given the nature of the wastes accepted and the types of processing carried out, traceability of waste treatment is not required
BAT 13	BAT is to have and apply mixing / blending rules	Not applicable	Given the nature of the wastes accepted and the types of processing carried out, mixing and blending rules are not required.
BAT 14	BAT is to have a segregation and compatibility procedure in place	at life.	In place. Waste acceptance procedures to remove and store non suitable wastes in quarantine area
BAT 15	BAT is to have an approach for improving waste treatment efficiency	01	In place. FHR has completed a treatment capacity assessment.
BAT 16	BAT is to produce a structured accident management planton accident p	Applicable	In place. Accident Prevention Policy and Health & Safety Statement prepared.
BAT 17	BAT is to have and properly use an incident diary.	Applicable	In place. All incidents are recorded.
BAT 18	BAT is to have a poise and vibration management plant in place as part of the EMS	Not Applicable	Noise and vibration are not an issue at the site
BAT 19	BAT is to consider future decommissioning	Applicable	In place. Decommissioning Management Plan prepared and approved by the Agency.
BAT 20	BAT is to provide a breakdown of the energy consumption and generation	Applicable	In place. Energy consumption recorded and reported in the AER.
BAT 21	BAT is to continuously increase the energy efficiency of the installation	Applicable	In place. FHR has carried out an energy audit and is currently rolling out ISO 5001 Energy Management thorough out the Group.
BAT 22	BAT is to carry out an internal benchmarking (e.g. on an annual basis) of raw materials consumption	Applicable	In place. FHR monitors material consumption and reports on same annually in the AER.

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BAT 23	BAT is to explore the options for the	Not Applicable	The wastes accepted are
	use of waste as a raw material for the		not suitable to treat other wastes.
BAT 24	treatment of other wastes. Storage and Handling		wastes.
DAI 24	Storage and nanding		
a)	BAT is to ensure storage areas are	Applicable	In place
	away from watercourses and sensitive		
	perimeters, and located to eliminate		
	or minimise the double handling of		
	wastes within the installation		
b)	BAT is to ensure that the storage area	Applicable	In place. Separate
	drainage infrastructure can contain all		drainage system provided
	possible contaminated run-off and		for the floor of the
	that drainage from incompatible		processing building.
	wastes cannot come into contact with		
	each other		
c)	BAT is to ensure use of a dedicated	Not applicable	Laboratory wastes not
	area/store equipped with all		accepted or generated at
	necessary measures related to the		the site.
	specific risk of the wastes for sorting		
	and repackaging laboratory smalls or		
	similar waste.		
d)	BAT is to handle odorous materials in	Not Applicable	This relates to odorous
	fully enclosed or suitably abated	Not Applicable	liquid wastes, which are
	vessels and storing them in enclosed	A Or	not accepted at the site
	buildings connected to abatement	N.	
e)	BAT is to ensure that all connections	Not Applicable	This relates to odorous
	between the vessels are capable of		liquid wastes, which are
	being closed via valves.		not accepted at the site
f)	BAT is to ensure measures are	Not Applicable	No biological treatment of
	available to prevent the boilding up of		liquid wastes on site.
	sludges higher than a certain		
	level and the emergence of foams that		
	may affect such measures in liquid		
۵)	BAT is equipping tanks and vessels	Not Applicable	Liquid organic wastes not
g)	with suitable abatement systems	Not Applicable	accepted at the site
	when volatile emissions may be		accepted at the site
	generated.		
h)	BAT is to store organic waste liquid	Not Applicable	Organic waste liquids not
,	with a low flashpoint under a nitrogen	110c Applicable	accepted at the site
	atmosphere to keep it inertised		accepted at the site
BAT 25	BAT is to separately bund the liquid	Not Applicable	Liquid wastes are not
	decanting and storage areas using		accepted.
	bunds which are impermeable and		ассориса:
	resistant to the stored materials		
BAT 26	Tank and Process Pipework		
-1	DAT is to sleady label all years to 31	Appliant	Oil stores torder
a)	BAT is to clearly label all vessels with	Applicable	Oil storage tanks are
	regard to their contents and capacity		labelled
b)	BAT is to ensure the label	Not Applicable	
-	differentiates between wastewater		
	and process water, combustible liquid		
	and combustible vapour and the		
	direction of flow.		
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c)	BAT is to keep records for all tanks, detailing the unique identifier; capacity; its construction, including materials; maintenance schedules and inspection results; fittings; and the waste types which may be stored / treated in the vessel, including flashpoint limits	Applicable	In place. Tanks subject to regular integrity assessment.
BAT 27	BAT is to take measures to avoid problems that may be generated from the storage/accumulation of waste	Applicable	In place. Waste Storage Plan prepared
BAT 28	Waste Handling Techniques		
a)	BAT is to have systems and procedures in place to ensure that wastes are transferred to the appropriate storage safely.	Applicable	In place
b)	BAT is to have a management system for the loading and unloading of waste in the installation, which also takes into consideration any risks that these activities may incur.	Applicable	In place.
c)	BAT is to ensue that a qualified person attends the site to check the laboratory smalls, the old original waste, waste from an unclear origin or undefined waste (especially if drummed), to classify the substances accordingly and to package into specific containers.	Not Applicable	The site does not have a laboratory and does not accept hazardous waste
d)	BAT is to ensure that damaged hoses, valves and connections are not used	Not Applicable	Hoses, valve and connections are not used
e)	BAT is to collect exhaust gas from vessels and tanks when handling liquid waste	Not Applicable	The site does not accept liquid wastes that generate exhaust gases.
f)	BAT is to unload solids and sludge in closed areas which are fitted with extractive vent systems linked to abatement equipment when the handled waste can potentially generate emission to air (e.g. odours, dust, VOCs)	Not Applicable	Facility operations are not a source of odour nuisance.
g)	BAT is to use a system to ensure the bulking of different batches only takes place with compatibility testing	Not Applicable	Given the nature of the wastes accepted and the types of processing carried out, compatibility testing is not required.
BAT 29	BAT is to ensure that the bulking /mixing to or from packaged waste only takes place under instruction and supervision and is carried out by trained personnel	Applicable	In place. All waste handling, is carried out by trained personnel.

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BAT 30	BAT is to ensure that chemical	Not Applicable	Chemically incompatible
	incompatibilities guide the		wastes are not accepted
BAT 31	segregation required during storage Handling of Containerised Waste	Not Applicable	at the site. Containerised waste is
BAI 31	nandling of Containerised waste	Not Applicable	Containerised waste is not accepted.
BAT 32	BAT is to perform crushing, shredding	Not Applicable	The facility is not a source
	and sieving operations in areas fitted		of significant dust
	with extractive vent systems linked to		emissions and is not a
	abatement equipment when handling		source of odours that give
	materials that can generate emission		rise to impairment
	to air (e.g. odours, dust, VOCs)		outside the site
			boundaries.
BAT 33	BAT is to perform crushing/shredding	Not Applicable	Drums/containers
	operations under full encapsulation		containing flammable or
	and under an inert atmosphere for		highly volatile substances
	drums/containers containing		are not accepted at the
	flammable or highly volatile		installation.
BAT 34	substances. Washing Processes		
a)	BAT is to identify the components that	Not Applicable	
۵,	may be present in the items to be	1100 Applicable	
	washed (e.g. solvents)		
b)	BAT is to transfer washings to	Not Applicable	Waste are not washed at
•	appropriate storage and then treating	A other tappincubie	the site
	them in the same way as the waste.	of off.	
	from which they were derived	V.	
c)	BAT is to use treated waste water	Not Applicable	No on-site WT plant.
	from the WT plant for washing instead		
	of fresh water Air Emission Treatment		
	All Ellission Heatment of		
BAT 35	BAT is to restrict the use of open	Applicable	In place. There are no
	topped tanks, vessels and pits		open topped tanks,
	es estru		vessels and pits
BAT 36	BAT is to use an enclosed system with	Not Applicable	Volatile liquid waste are
	extraction, or under depression, to a		not accepted at the
	suitable abatement plant. This		facility.
	technique is especially relevant to processes which involve the transfer		
	of volatile liquids, including during		
	tanker charging/discharging		
BAT 37	BAT is to apply a suitably sized	Not Applicable	Liquid wastes with the
	extraction system which can cover the	140c Applicable	potential to vent gases
	holding tanks, pre-treatment areas,		will not be accepted at the
	storage tanks, mixing/reaction tanks		site
	and the filter press areas, or to have		
	in place a separate system to treat the		
	vent gases from specific tanks		
BAT 38	BAT is to correctly operate and	Not Applicable	Air abatement equipment
	maintain the abatement equipment,		not required at the site.
	including the handling and treatment		
	/disposal of spent scrubber media.		
BAT 39	BAT is to have a scrubber system in	Not Applicable	Process do and will not
	place for the major inorganic gaseous		generated major
	releases from those unit operations		inorganic gaseous
		ĺ	emissions.

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	which have a point discharge for		
	process emissions.		
BAT 40	BAT is to have leak detection and	Not Applicable	
DAI 40	repair procedures in place in	Not Applicable	
	installations a) handling a large		
	number of piping components and		
	storage and b) compounds that may		
	leak easily and create an		
	environmental problem		
BAT 41	BAT is to reduce air emission to the	Not Applicable	The site does not have
	following levels VOC 7-20mg/Nm³and		point emission sources
	PM to 2-20mg/Nm ³		for either VOC or PM
	Wastewater Management		
BAT 42	Reduce the water use and the		
	contamination of water		
a)	BAT is to apply site waterproofing and	Applicable	In place. The site is
	storage retention methods.		covered by buildings and
b)	BAT is to carry out regular checks of	Applicable	paved yards. In place. Current licence
(ט)	the tanks and pits especially when	Applicable	requires regular integrity
	they are underground	of USE	assessment of all storage
	lifey are underground	of other use.	tanks.
c)	BAT is to apply separated water	~	In place. Separate
	drainage according to the pollution		drainage systems
	load (roof water, road water, process		provided for rainwater,
	water)		process wastewater and
	De Chil		sanitary wastewater.
d)	BAT is to apply a security collection	Not Applicable	
۵)	BAT is to performing regular water	Applicable	In place. FHR reviews
e)	audits, with the aim of reducing water	Applicable	water consumption
	consumption and preventing water		annually as part of the
	contamination.		preparation of the AER.
f)	BAT is to segregate process water	Not Applicable	In place. Refer to 42 (c).
_	from rainwater.		,
BAT 43	BAT is to have procedures in place to	Not Applicable	Only sanitary wastewater
	ensure that the effluent specification		treated on-site.
	is suitable for the on-site effluent		
DAT 44	treatment system or discharge.	Not Amel: 11	No on the CO i
BAT 44	BAT is to avoid the effluent by-passing	Not Applicable	No on-site effluent
BAT 45	the treatment plant systems. BAT is to have in place and operate an	Not Applicable	treatment system. All waste processing is
ברו די	enclosure system whereby rainwater	Troc Applicable	carried out inside the
	falling on the processing areas is		buildings.
	collected along with tanker washings,		Sananigs.
	occasional spillages, drum washings,		
	etc. and returned to the processing		
	plant or collected in a combined		
	interceptor.		
BAT 46	BAT is to segregate the water	Not Applicable	
	collecting systems for potentially		
	more contaminated waters from less		
	contaminated water.		

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BAT 47	BAT is to have a full concrete base in the whole treatment area, that falls to internal site drainage systems which lead to storage tanks or to interceptors that can collect rainwater and any spillage. Interceptors with an overflow to sewer usually need automatic monitoring systems, such as pH checks, which can shut down the overflow	Applicable	In place.
BAT 48	BAT is to collect the rainwater in a special basin for checking, treatment if contaminated and further use	Not Applicable	
BAT 49	BAT is to maximise the re-use of treated waste waters and use of rainwater in the installation		The treated sanitary wastewater is not suitable for re-use.
BAT 50	BAT is to conduct daily checks on the effluent management system and to maintain a log of all checks carried out, by having a system for monitoring the effluent discharge and sludge quality in place	Applicable	The on-site sanitary wastewater treatment unit is regularly inspected and serviced. Daily checks are not required.
BAT 51	BAT is to firstly identify waste waters that may contain hazardous compounds, secondly segregate the previously identified wastewater streams on-site and thirdly, specifically treat waste water on-site or off-site	Åpplicable	Separate wastewater collection systems provided for process waste water and sanitary wastewater.
BAT 52	BAT is to ultimately after the application of BAT number 42, select and carry out the appropriate treatment technique for each type of waste water	Applicable	In place.
BAT 53	BAT is to implement measures to increase the reliability with which the required control and abatement performance can be carried out.	Applicable	In place. On-site sanitary wastewater treatment plant subject to routine inspection and servicing.
BAT 54	BAT is to identify the main chemical constituents of the treated effluent and to then make an informed assessment of the fate of these chemicals in the environment	Applicable	In place. Process wastewater analysed to confirm it is suitable for treatment at off-site municipal treatment plant.
BAT 55	BAT is to only discharge the waste water from its storage after the conclusion of all the treatment measures and a subsequent final inspection	Applicable	In place

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BAT 56	BAT is to achieve the following water emission values before discharge Water parameter Emission values associated with the use of BAT (ppm) COD 20 - 120 BOD 2 - 20 Heavy metals (Cr, Cu, Ni, Pb, Zn) 0.1 - 1 Highly toxic heavy metals: As < 0.1 Hg 0.01 - 0.05 Cd < 0.1 - 0.2 Cr(VI) < 0.1 - 0.4	Not applicable	No discharge form the site. All process wastewater and treated sanitary wastewater tinkered from the site
	Management of Process Related Residues		
BAT 57	BAT is to have a residue management plan as part of the EMS including a) basic housekeeping techniques and b) internal benchmarking techniques	Applicable	In place. FHR has procedures to manage waste arising from site activities, which include canteen and office waste and waste oils
BAT 58	BAT is to maximise the use of re- usable packaging (drums, containers, IBCs, palettes, etc.)	Applicable	In place.
BAT 59	BAT is to re-use drums when they are in a good working state of other cases, they are to be sent for appropriate treatment.	Not Applicable	The site does not accept drums
BAT 60	BAT is to keep a monitoring inventory of the waste on-site by using records of the amount of wastes received onsite and records of the wastes processed	Applicable	In place. FHR keeps records of all of the wastes accepted and consigned from the site.
BAT 61	BAT is to re-use the waste from one activity/treatment possibly as a feedstock for another Soil Contamination	Not Applicable	Given the nature of the wastes accepted and the type of processing carried out, there is no opportunity to re-use waste on-site.
DAT 62		Applicable	In place All exercises -
BAT 62	BAT is to provide and then maintain the surfaces of operational areas, including applying measures to prevent or quickly clear away leaks and spillages, and ensuring that maintenance of drainage systems and other subsurface structures is carried out		In place. All operational and waste storage areas are paved.
BAT 63	BAT is to utilise an impermeable base and internal site drainage	Applicable	In place. All operational and waste storage areas have an impermeable base.

BAT 64	BAT is to reduce the installation site	Applicable	In place
	and minimise the use of underground		
	vessels and pipework		

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