# COMHAIRLE CHONDAE AN CABHÁIN Cavan County Council



# Annual Environmental Report 2016 Bailieborough Landfill WL0091-1

Document Title	Annual Environmental Report 2016				
	Bailieborough La	andfill WL0091-1			
Document ID	CCC-02-02-2016	6			
Revision	<u>Status</u>	<u>Author</u>	Issue Date		
01	Draft TK 03/02/17				
02	Final Issue	BK	04/04/17		

Boylan Engineering (Eng. & Environmental Consultancy) was commissioned by Cavan County Council to prepare the following Annual Environmental Report.

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#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Bailieborough Landfill has been operated as waste disposal facility by Cavan County Council since the late 1960s. The landfill is located on the outskirts of the town of Bailieborough, (c. 1 km from town centre), in the town land of Tanderagee, which was a commercially exploited bog. The site was operated as a traditional landfill constructed on peat and relies on the properties of the peat bog for attenuation, dilution and dispersal. The total area of the site comprises 2.23 hectares.

A Waste Licence for the facility was issued by the EPA on 22<sup>nd</sup> February 2002, when the site officially closed and was thereafter remediated. Condition 11.6 of Waste Licence Ref. 91-1 requires the submission of an Annual Environmental Report (AER) for Bailieborough Landfill facility. This document is produced in order to comply with requirements of Condition 11.6.

The requirements for reporting of Annual Environmental Information arise under individual EPA licences issued under the EPA Acts 1992 – 2008, the Waste Management Acts 1996 – 2008 and other legislation.

This AER will provide information as outlined in Schedule F of the Licence "Content of the Annual Environmental Report".

#### 2.0 REPORTING PERIOD

The reporting period for the purpose of this AER is 01<sup>st</sup> January 2016 - 31<sup>st</sup> December 2016.

#### 3.0 WASTE ACTIVITIES CARRIED OUT AT THE FACILITY

There were no waste activities carried out at the facility.

#### 4.0 QUANTITY AND COMPOSITION OF THE WASTE

There is no longer any waste being accepted at the site. The quantity of waste accepted is zero tonnes.

#### **5.0 SUMMARY REPORT ON EMISSIONS**

The PRTR Regulations are the European Communities (European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register) Regulation 2007, <u>S.I. No. 123 of 2007</u>), which signed into Irish Law on 22 March 2007 the <u>E-PRTR Regulation</u>, (<u>EC</u>) No 166/2006, concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register. The summary of emissions is detailed in the (PRTR) Report which appears in Appendix A of this report. The PRTR has been uploaded onto the EPA website in accordance with our responsibility as Licensee.

Cavan County Council now carries out the full scope of sampling as required by the Licence. Monitoring had been reduced at the time of the restoration works and the full sampling regime had not been re-established until late 2009 when advised by the Agency.

#### **5.1 Surface Water**

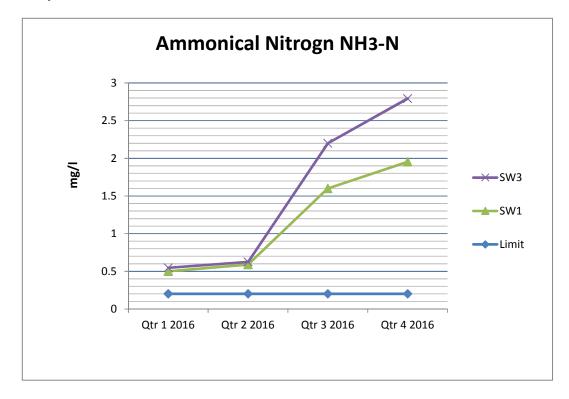
All monitoring locations are detailed in the site map which is presented in Appendix B.

As table 5.1 reveals, there were elevated levels of Ammonia, COD, Iron and Manganese levels recorded in the samples taken at the SW1 and SW3. SW1 is located downstream of the landfill while SW3 is located further downstream at the new monitoring location SW3 "Chapel Lough". As indicated from the results, elevations are lower at the discharge cap than further downstream which indicates alternative sources of contamination.

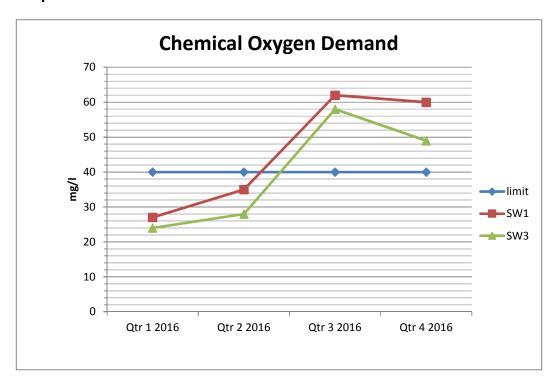
Table 5.1 Surface water summary results

	Parameter	Ammoni a	рН	Cond	BOD	COD	CI	SO4	Ortho- Phospha te (MRP)	DO	Fe	Mn	К	Na
	Units	mg/l N	pH Units	us/cm	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l P	mg/l	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	mg/l
Discharge Cap	Qtr 4 2016	0.181	7.8	627	4.1	42	7.4	50	0.023	5	59	39	3.1	3.7
	Qtr 3 2016	0.131	7.6	556	<1.0	44	3.5	83	<0.009	9	<20	21	3	4.9
	Qtr 2 2016	0.58	7.8	206	2.3	46	<2.6	1	-	9	1	1	-	-
	Qtr 1 2016	0.067	7.8	218	2.8	48	<2.6	20	0.015	9	93	7.2	1.4	2.6
SW1	Qtr 4 2016	1.754	7.1	301	4.7	60	14	9.5	0.267	6	6800	1000	4.6	13.9
	Qtr 3 2016	1.4	7.2	342	2.7	62	18	6.8	0.089	9	2500	2300	4.6	13.3
	Qtr 2 2016	0.39	7.1	264	2.9	35	17	10	0.024	5	1000	390	2.6	14.4
	Qtr 1 2016	0.3	7	262	1.7	27	23	20	0.014	8	420	130	3.8	16.3
SW3	Qtr 4 2016	0.84	7.2	309	3.1	49	13	4.6	0.045	4	3600	2300	4.2	13.7
	Qtr 3 2016	0.6	7.2	358	9.1	58	18	7.9	0.03	10	3600	6400	3.6	13.1
	Qtr 2 2016	0.034	7.3	274	1.2	28	18	20	<0.009	10	510	330	1.6	15.7
	Qtr 1 2016	0.046	7.1	284	1.2	24	29	22	<0.009	8	130	67	3.5	21.5
S.I No 294/1989		0.2	≥5.5 and ≤8.5	1000	5	40	250	200		NAC	200	50		

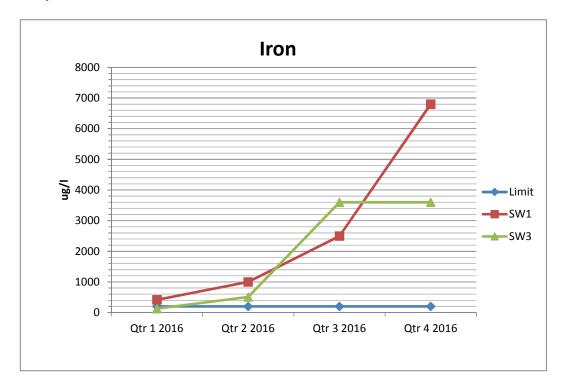
Graph 5.1



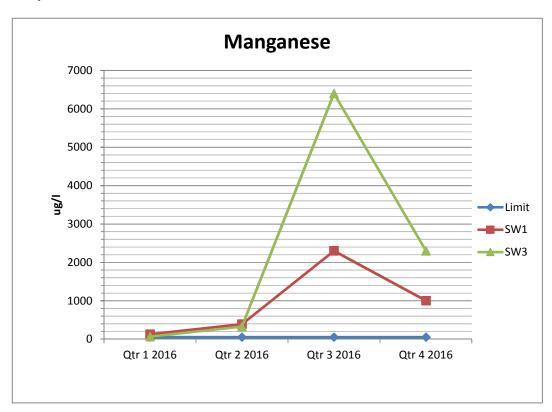
Graph 5.2



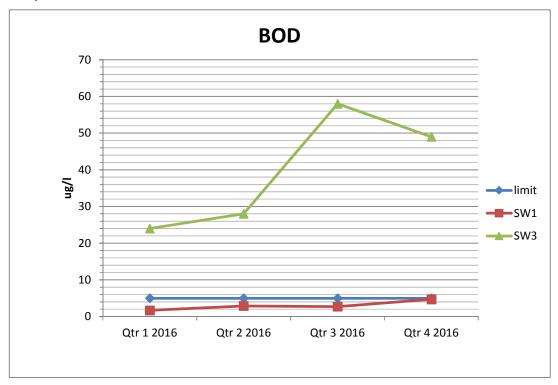
Graph 5.3



Graph 5.4



Graph 5.5



Elevated levels of Iron and Manganese can be attributed to the natural composition of the underlying geology however it is not uncommon to encounter high levels of both parameters in the vicinity of landfills. The elevated levels of Ammonia and COD encountered at SW1 and SW3 are attributed to low flows during which time the water may have become stagnant.

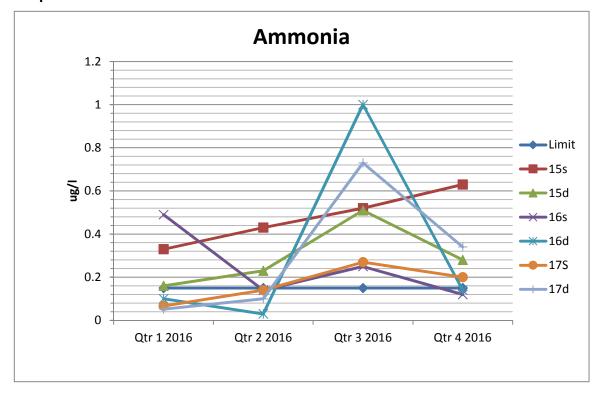
#### 5.2 Groundwater

The following table details all reoccurring elevations at groundwater wells during 2015. Results in bold Italics indicate where the interim guide value has been exceeded when compared to limits stipulated by the Environmental Protection Agency.

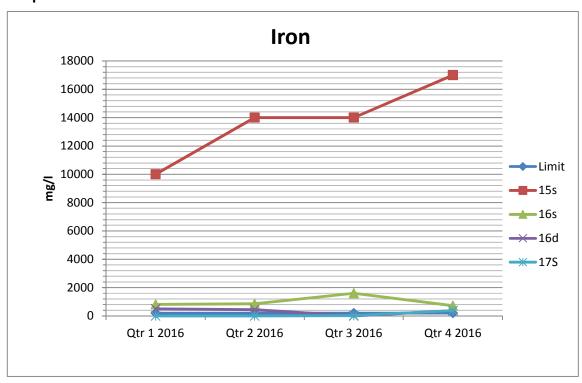
**Table 5.2 Groundwater Summary Results** 

	Parameter	тос	Ammoni	TON	рН	Cond	CI	SO4	DO	Fe	Mn	К	Na
	Units	mg/l	mg/l N	mg/l N	pH Units	us/cm	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	mg/l
WELL 15 S	Qtr 4 2016	16.95	0.63	<0.138	6.4	202	6.3	42	2	17000	390	2.4	8.7
	Qtr 3 2016	11.45	0.52	<0.138	6.1	230	29	68	7	14000	300	2.2	12.7
	Qtr 2 2016	9.67	0.43	0.196	6.2	171	11	7.3	<1	14000	340	2	7.3
	Qtr 1 2016	8.8	0.33	0.171	6.3	220	17	24	6	10000	270	1.8	8.3
WELL 15 D	Qtr 4 2016	5.28	0.28	<0.138	8.1	301	9.3	23	4	<20	96	1.6	10.1
	Qtr 3 2016	0.8	0.51	<0.138	7.8	304	8.2	27	7	56	180	1.4	8.5
	Qtr 2 2016	0.4	0.23	<0.138	8.1	290	9.4	24	5	30	110	1.5	10.6
	Qtr 1 2016	0.85	0.16	0.235	8	294	8.3	18	7	74	130	1.5	11.1
WELL 16 S	Qtr 4 2016	4.17	0.12	<0.138	7	258	5.9	22	6	<i>730</i>	250	1.1	9.1
	Qtr 3 2016	2.44	0.25	<0.138	6.6	252	8.3	33	8	1600	310	1	7.9
	Qtr 2 2016	2.22	0.14	<0.138	6.7	242	7.6	25	5	860	320	1	9.5
	Qtr 1 2016	3.03	0.49	0.198	6.7	242	7.5	93	8	<i>820</i>	330	1	10.4
WELL 16 D	Qtr 4 2016	2.29	0.14	<0.138	7.6	268	8.8	23	5	<i>370</i>	490	1.2	14.6
	Qtr 3 2016	0.42	1	<0.138	7.3	270	9.3	24	7	<20	590	1.1	13
	Qtr 2 2016	0.47	0.03	<0.138	7.4	265	10	24	7	450	580	1	14.8
	Qtr 1 2016	0.42	0.1	<0.138	7.3	263	8.6	21	6	500	580	1.1	15.2
MW 17 S	Qtr 4 2016	6.56	0.2	<0.138	7.1	392	5.6	56	7	380	540	1.8	9.2
	Qtr 3 2016	3.62	0.27	0.344	6.9	433	11	61	6	22	540	1.8	9.6
	Qtr 2 2016	4.51	0.14	0.794	7	396	7.5	50	5	<20	260	1.6	9.1
	Qtr 1 2016	4.28	0.067	2.569	7.1	198	3.9	14	9	<20	1.6	1.2	4.2
Well 17 D	Qtr 4 2016	8.28	0.34	<0.138	7.6	603	6.5	94	2	<20	1800	2.8	14.6
	Qtr 3 2016	5.69	0.73	<0.138	7.5	546	8.5	77	8	65	1400	2.2	12.7
	Qtr 2 2016	3.28	0.1	<0.138	7.5	603	8.1	77	7	<20	1900	1.5	15
	Qtr 1 2016	2.85	0.052	<0.138	7.5	573	7.1	83	3	<20	1400	1.5	17.1
Interim Guid	de Value	NAC	0.15	NAC	≥6.5 &≤9.5	1000	30	200	NAC	200	50	5	150

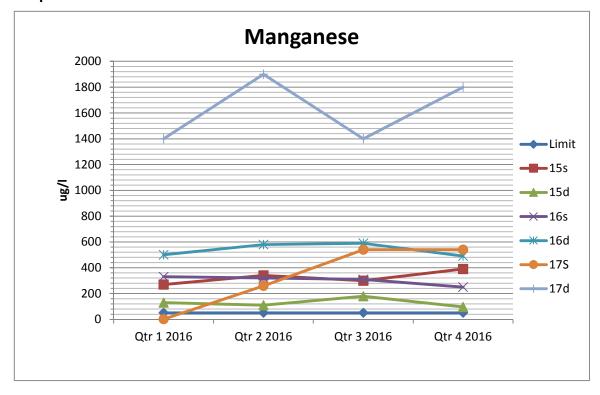
Graph 5.6



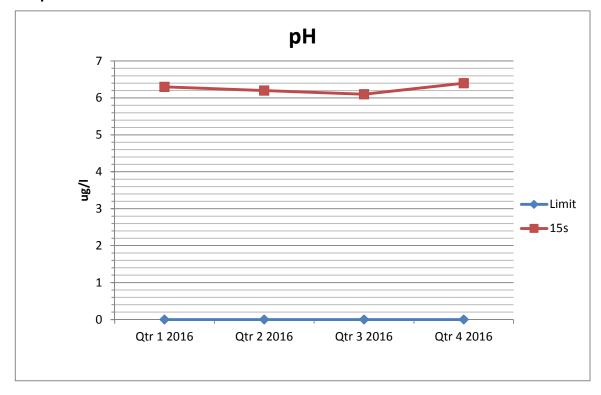
Graph 5.7



Graph 5.8



Graph 5.9



As detailed in the above graphs, there were numerous ground water elevations in the vicinity of this landfill during 2016 when results were compared to the Interim Guide Values.

As there are no emission limits for ground water specified by the waste licence, the parameters are compared to the Interim Guide Values. The elevations occurred in the following parameters:

- Ammonia: Elevated levels of this parameter were prevalent during 2016. Elevated
  levels of ammonia are strongly associated with pollution from waste water treatment
  systems as well as agricultural activates and so contamination of these wells by the
  landfill cannot be definitively concluded.
- **Iron**: Although increased Iron levels can be attributed to contamination from landfills, it is also strongly associated with the native soils of the Cavan area and therefore cannot be directly linked to the landfill.
- Manganese: Elevated levels of Manganese can be associated with landfill contamination but in this instance they are attributed to the natural composition of the underlying soils.
- **pH**: Well 15s recorded an exceedance during monitoring in 2016. This reading was minimal and cannot be linked to the landfill.

#### 5.3 Leachate Monitoring

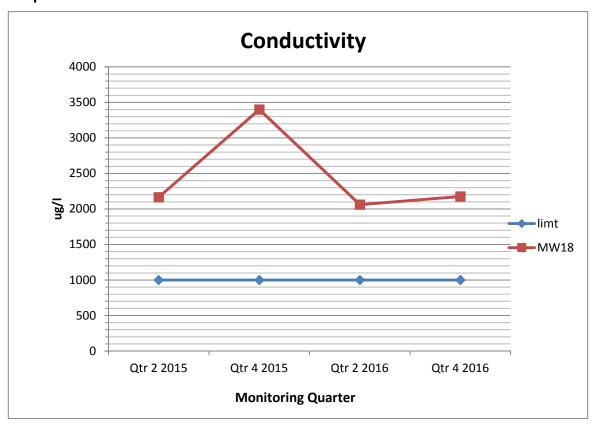
Leachate monitoring is carried out Bi-annually in accordance with the licence.

Leachate samples were obtained from new leachate wells which were installed prior to quarter 4 monitoring 2012. The following table details all results obtained from these wells during 2016.

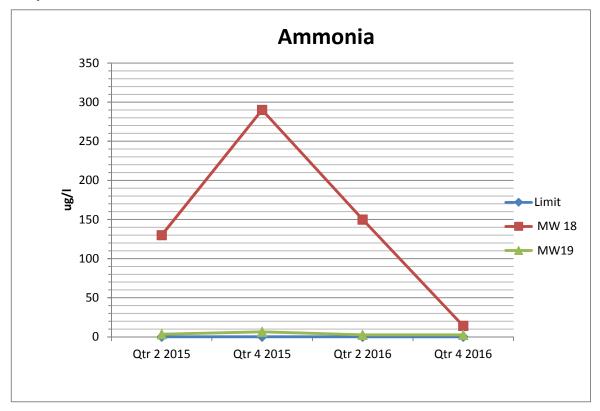
**Table 5.3 Leachate Summary Results** 

	Parameter	Ammonia	Cl	TON	SO4	Cond	рН	COD	BOD
	Units	mg/l N	mg/l	mg/l N	mg/l	us/cm	pH Units	mg/l	mg/l
	Qtr 4 2016	14	89	<0.69	9	2176	6.9	150	40
WELL MW 18	Qtr 2 2016	150	82	<0.69	-	2062	6.9	312	11
	Qtr 4 2015	290	160	<0.69	-	3399	7.2	214	20
	Qtr 2 2015	130	69	<0.69	-	2165	7.1	<25	147
	Qtr 4 2016	2.6	14	<0.69	17	443	6.4	100	32
WELL MW 19	Qtr 2 2016	2.6	<13	<0.69	-	379	6.7	195	<5
	Qtr 4 2015	6.4	22	<0.69	-	693	6.8	81	14
	Qtr 2 2015	3.5	<13	<0.69	-	379	6.8	<7	39
Interim Guide	Values	0.15	200	NAC	200	1000	≥6.5&≤9.5		

Graph 6.0



Graph 6.1



#### **5.4 Gas Emissions**

Landfill gas monitoring is conducted at thirteen sampling locations. These locations are situated both inside and outside the landfill mass. Historic results for the period 2016 are displayed below.

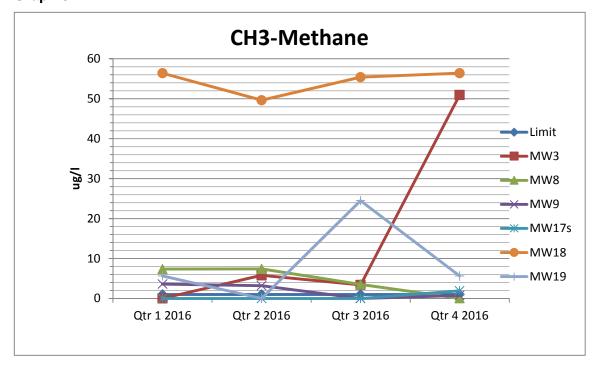
**Table 5.4 Gas Emissions Summary** 

Me	thod	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	Met	hod	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000
Parai	meter	CH <sub>4</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>2</sub> S	Barometric Pressure	Paran	neter	CH <sub>4</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>2</sub> S	Barometric Pressure
Ur	nits	1% v/v	1.5 % v/v	%	PPM	mb	Uni	its	1% v/v	1.5 % v/v	%	PPM	mb
Client Ref	Qtr	-	-	-	-	-	Client Ref	Qtr	-	-	-	-	-
MW 1	Qtr 1 2016	0	0.4	19.52	0	995	MW 10S	Qtr 1 2016	0	0.22	20.84	0	1009
	Qtr 2 2016	0	0.2	20.7	0	997		Qtr 2 2016	0	0.22	20.62	0	1009
	Qtr 3 2016	0	0.2	21.44	0	990		Qtr 3 2016	0	0.36	19.02	0	993
	Qtr 4 2016	0	0.4	19.46	0	1002		Qtr 4 2016	0	0.2	17.38	0	1002
MW 2	Qtr 1 2016	0	1.1	21.66	0	1008	MW 10D	Qtr 1 2016	0	0.4	19.5	0	995
	Qtr 2 2016	0	1.04	20.7	0	997		Qtr 2 2016	0	0.28	20.04	0	1010
	Qtr 3 2016	0	0.2	20.2	0	993		Qtr 3 2016	0	0.14	16.16	0	993
	Qtr 4 2016	0	1.26	16.44	0	1002		Qtr 4 2016	0	0.1	18.4	0	1002
MW 3	Qtr 1 2016	0	1.66	20.02	0	1009	MW 17S	Qtr 1 2016	0	0	20	0	1008
	Qtr 2 2016	5.78	5.6	15.74	0	997		Qtr 2 2016	0	0	18.86	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	3.4	2.8	18.1	0	990		Qtr 3 2016	0	0	20	0	993
	Qtr 4 2016	50.96	21.28	0	0	1002		Qtr 4 2016	1.9	0.66	1	0	1002
MW 6	Qtr 1 2016	0	1.62	20.2	0	1009	MW 17D	Qtr 1 2016	0	0	20.5	0	1008
	Qtr 2 2016	0	1.46	19.94	0	1009		Qtr 2 2016	0	0	19.56	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	0	0.86	20.1	0	990		Qtr 3 2016	0	0	20.5	0	993
	Qtr 4 2016	0.72	2.8	18.12	0	1002		Qtr 4 2016	0	0.16	20.76	0.6	1002
MW 7	Qtr 1 2016	0	0.24	21.1	0	1008	Mw 18	Qtr 1 2016	56.4	25.8	0	0	1009
	Qtr 2 2016	0	0.24	20.86	0	997		Qtr 2 2016	49.64	25.96	5.36	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	0.1	0.24	22.18	0	990		Qtr 3 2016	55.4	24.8	0	0	990
	Qtr 4 2016	0	0.12	20.5	0	1002		Qtr 4 2016	56.4	25.8	0	0	1002
MW 8	Qtr 1 2016	7.38	9.22	13.24	0	1009	MW 19	Qtr 1 2016	5.62	4.48	17.14	0	1010
	Qtr 2 2016	7.4	9.08	13.4	0	1009		Qtr 2 2016	0	0.26	22.38	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	3.5	2.5	18.4	0	29.3		Qtr 3 2016	24.5	18.7	17.14	6	990
	Qtr 4 2016	0.02	0.2	20.84	0	1002		Qtr 4 2016	5.62	19.4	0	0	1002
MW 9	Qtr 1 2016	3.6	3.78	16.58	0	1008		Limit	1	1.5			
	Qtr 2 2016	3.18	3.54	16.38	0	997	1	nt Serial No:	GA 07721				
	Qtr 3 2016	0	14.7	0.7	0	993	2	chedule C2,	Licence				
	Qtr 4 2016	0.76	2.8	18.38	0	1007	Exce e d	dance					
	Limit	1	1.5										

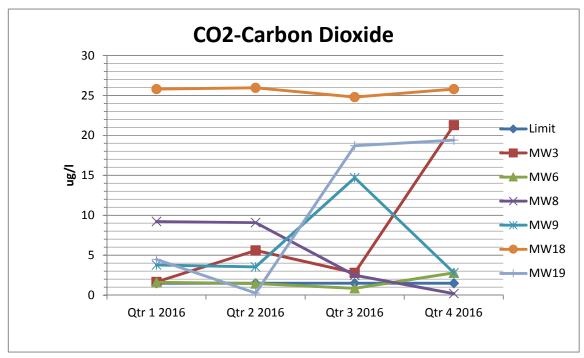
## Results

The following graphs show gas monitoring results for 2016. These wells are located inside the waste mass.

Graph 6.2



Graph 6.3



Gas Monitoring on the site reveals typical low levels of Methane & Carbon Dioxide and higher levels of Oxygen. There were some high readings encountered at MW8 and MW18 and which are all located in the centre of the waste body. There was no significant gas migration recorded in monitoring wells outside of the waste body. The results are typical of a closed landfill.

# 6.0 SUMMARY OF RESULTS & INTERPRETATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING

Included in Appendix C is a copy of the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter monitoring results as reported by Monitoring Company Boylan Engineering. We are satisfied that we are carrying out the environmental monitoring as specified in the Waste Licence. We are also satisfied that there are no major environmental impacts associated with this facility.

#### 7.0 RESOURCE & ENERGY CONSUMPTION SUMMARY

As there is in-sufficient gas produced to run a gas flare or engine there is no use for the gas resource on site. There is no energy consumed on site.

#### 8.0 REPORT ON RESTORATION OF THE FACILITY

The site is fully restored and the cap intact. There was some horse grazing on the site at various times during 2014. Gorse overgrowth was remedied during 2014 and has not required maintenance since.

# 9.0 ESTIMATED ANNUAL & CUMULATIVE QUANTITIES OF LANDFILL GAS EMITTED FROM THE FACILITY

This information is reported in the PRTR Report attached in Appendix A. The estimated quantity of Methane released is 45,200kgs/yr. Page one from the Annual Gas Survey is also presented in Appendix A.

# 10.0 FULL TITLE & WRITTEN SUMMARY OF ANY PROCEDURES DEVELOPED BY THE LICENSEE IN THE YEAR WHICH RELATES TOT HE FACILITY OPERATION

There was no change to or development of any procedures undertaken by the licensee or monitoring contractor in 2016. The environmental monitoring contractor 'Boylan Engineering' adhere to all standard practices for environmental monitoring.

#### 11.0 REPORTED INCIDENTS & COMPLAINTS SUMMARY

There were no complaints received by the EPA or the Local Authority regarding this facility in the reporting period 2016.

#### 12.0 REVIEW OF NUISANCE CONTROLS

As there are no known nuisances associated with this site there are no nuisance controls in place for noise or vermin. There is no odour detectable from the site and as these are the main nuisances associated with landfills the licensee has not reviewed the controls. This is substantiated by the absence of complaints regarding the facility. However, if any nuisances arise at the facility, the licensee will deal with them using appropriate measures and procedures.

#### 13.0 REPORT ON TRAINING OF STAFF

Landfill Operations Managers Regina Burke and Sinead Fox- for Cavan County Council deal with in full with any issues identified by the Agency Inspectors or any other party. Sinead Fox has been fully trained in the control of landfill gas, the FAS Waste Management Training Course and carries a Safe Pass.

 Table 13.1
 Management Structure 2016

Position	Name	Duties
Director of Services Environment	Ger Finn	Oversee and assign responsibilities to staff regarding landfill
Acting Senior Engineer	Colm O'Callaghan	Oversee general supervision, monitoring and reporting of the site.
Landfill Operations Managers	Regina Burke/Sinead Fox	Responsible for general supervision, monitoring and reporting of the site.

Contact Person for Sanitary Authority for 2016/2017:

\_Colm O'Callaghan

Acting Senior Engineer

Waste Management Section

Cavan County Council

Farnham Street.

Cavan

#### 14.0 FINANCIAL PROVISION

Provision will be made in Cavan County Council Official Estimates for Charges as required under Condition 12 of Waste Licence Ref. 91-1.

#### 15.0 ANY OTHER ITEMS AS SPECIFIED BY THE AGENCY

As requested by the Agency we have included in Appendix B a copy of the most recent Map of the site showing all Monitoring locations.



 $|\ \mathsf{PRTR\#}: \ \mathsf{W0091}\ |\ \mathsf{Facility}\ \mathsf{Name}: \mathsf{Bailieborough}\ \mathsf{Landfill}\ |\ \mathsf{Filename}: \ \mathsf{W0091\_2016.xls}\ |\ \mathsf{Return}\ \mathsf{Year}: \ \mathsf{2016}\ |$  Return Year: 2016 |

#### **Guidance to completing the PRTR workbook**

# **PRTR Returns Workbook**

Version 1.1.19

#### **REFERENCE YEAR** 2016

#### 1. FACILITY IDENTIFICATION

Parent Company Name	Cavan County Council
Facility Name	Bailieborough Landfill
PRTR Identification Number	W0091
Licence Number	W0091-01

#### Classes of Activity

Classes of 7 terri	
No	o. class_name
	- Refer to PRTR class activities below

Address 1	Tanderagee
	Bailieborough
Address 3	
Address 4	
	Cavan
Country	Ireland
Coordinates of Location	
River Basin District	IEEA
NACE Code	
	Treatment and disposal of non-hazardous waste
AER Returns Contact Name	
AER Returns Contact Email Address	
AER Returns Contact Position	
AER Returns Contact Telephone Number	0469286000
AER Returns Contact Mobile Phone Number	
AER Returns Contact Fax Number	
Production Volume	0.0
Production Volume Units	
Number of Installations	0
Number of Operating Hours in Year	0
Number of Employees	
User Feedback/Comments	None to Report
Web Address	www.boylanengineering.ie

#### 2. PRTR CLASS ACTIVITIES

Activity Number	Activity Name
5(c)	Installations for the disposal of non-hazardous waste
50.1	General

#### 3. SOLVENTS REGULATIONS (S.I. No. 543 of 2002)

Is it applicable?	No
Have you been granted an exemption?	No
If applicable which activity class applies (as per	
Schedule 2 of the regulations)?	
Is the reduction scheme compliance route being	
used?	

#### 4. WASTE IMPORTED/ACCEPTED ONTO SITE

**Guidance on waste imported/accepted onto site** 

Do you import/accept waste onto your site for onsite treatment (either recovery or disposal activities) ?

| PRTR# : W0091 | Facility Name : Bailieborough Landfill | Filename : W0091\_2016.xls | Return Year : 2016 | Page 2 of 2

4.1 RELEASES TO AIR

Link to previous years emissions data

PRTR#: W0091 | Facility Name: Bailieborough Landfill | Filename: W0091\_2016.xls | Return Year: 2016 |

02/02/2017 12:44

#### SECTION A: SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANTS

020110111110201011012011011111111111111											
	RELEASES TO AIR	Please enter all quantities in this section in KGs									
POLLUTANT				METHOD		QUANTITY					
			Method Used								
No. Annex II	Name	M/C/E	Method Code	Designation or Description	Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG/Year			
03	Carbon dioxide (CO2)	С	OTH	GASSIM	0.0	127000.0	0.0				
01	Methane (CH4)	C	OTH	GASSIM	0.0	45200.0	0.0	45200.0			

<sup>\*</sup> Select a row by double-clicking on the Pollutant Name (Column B) then click the delete button

#### SECTION B: REMAINING PRTR POLLUTANTS

	RELEASES TO AIR		Please enter all quantities in this section in KGs						
POLLUTANT				METHOD	QUANTITY				
				Method Used					
No. Annex II	Name	M/C/E	Method Code	Designation or Description	Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Yea	r F (Fugitive) KG/Year	
					0.0		0.0	0.0	

<sup>\*</sup> Select a row by double-clicking on the Pollutant Name (Column B) then click the delete button

#### SECTION C : REMAINING POLLUTANT EMISSIONS (As required in your Licence)

	RELEASES TO AIR	Please enter all quantities in this section in KGs							
POLLUTANT				METHOD	QUANTITY				
		Method Used							
Pollutant No.	Name	M/C/E	Method Code	Designation or Description	Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accid	dental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG/Year
					0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0

<sup>\*</sup> Select a row by double-clicking on the Pollutant Name (Column B) then click the delete button

#### Additional Data Requested from Landfill operators

For the purposes of the National Inventory on Greenhouse Gases, landfill operators are requested to provide summary data on landfill gas (Methane) flared or utilised on their facilities to accompany the figures for total methane generated. Operators should only report their Net methane (CH4) emission to the environment under T(total) KGlyr for Section A: Sector specific PRTR pollutants above. Please complete the table below:

Landfill: Bailieborough Landfill

Please enter summary data on the quantities of methane flared and / or utilised					Facility Total Capacity m3	
	T (Total) kg/Year	M/C/E	Method Code	Description	per hour	
Total estimated methane generation (as per						
site model)	45200.0	С	ОТН		N/A	
Methane flared	0.0				0.0	(Total Flaring Capacity)
Methane utilised in engine/s	0.0				0.0	(Total Utilising Capacity)
Net methane emission (as reported in Section						
A above)	45200.0	С	OTH		N/A	



#### A survey of landfill sites to determine the quantity of methane flared and or recovered in utilisation plants for 2016

Please choose from the drop down menu the license number for your site	W0091 ▼	
Please choose from the drop down menu the name of the landfill site	Bailleborough Landfill	•
Please enter the number of flares operational at your site in 2016	0 🔻	
Please enter the number of engines operational at your site in 2016	<b>a</b> ▼	
Total methane flared	0 kg/year	
Total methane utilised in engines	0 kg/year	

#### Please note that the closing date for reciept of completed surveys is 31/03/2017

#### Introduction

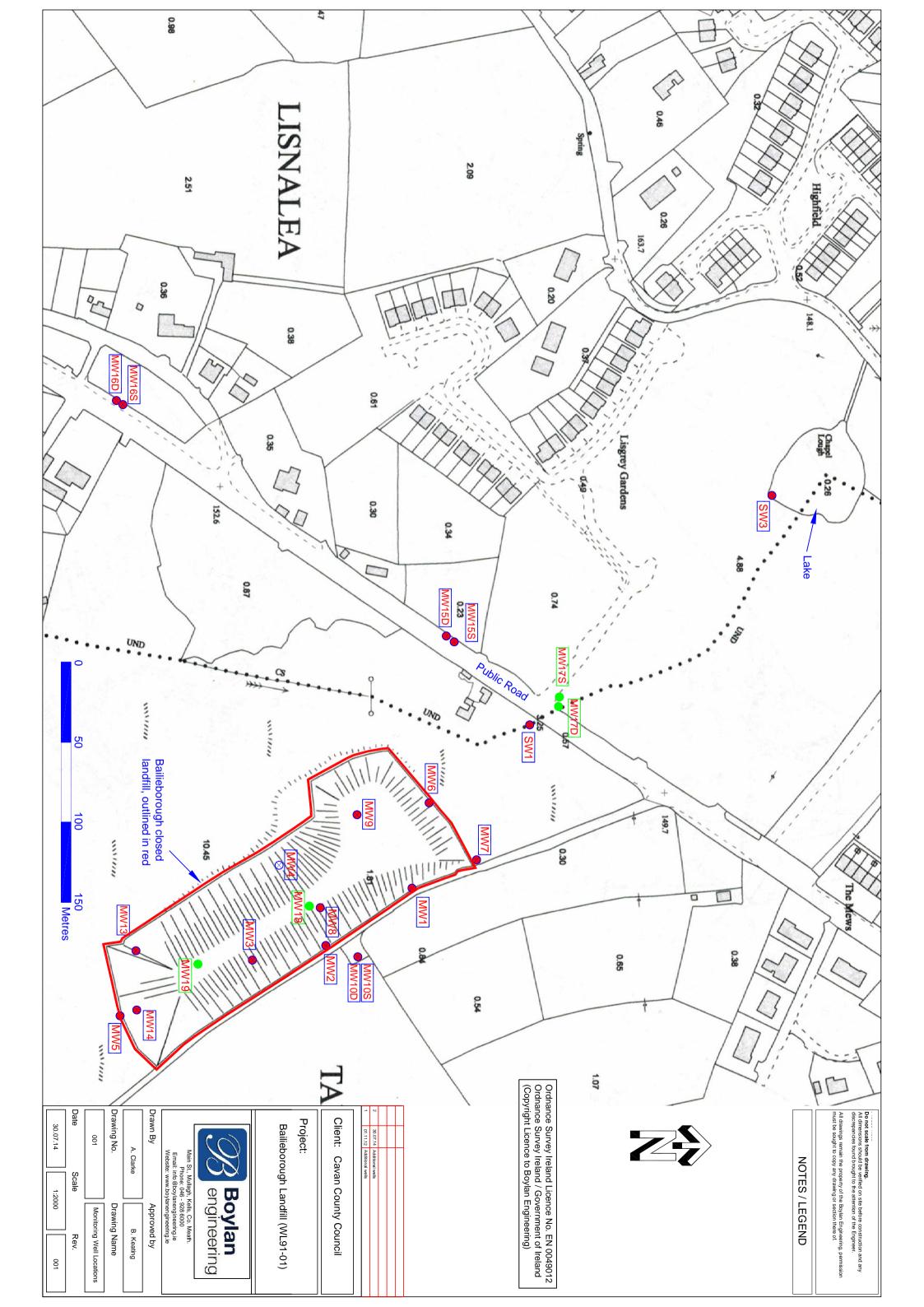
The Office of Environmental Sustainability (OES) of the Environmental Protection Agency acts as the inventory agency in Ireland with responsibility for compiling and reporting national greenhouse gas inventories to the European Commission and the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change. In addition to meeting international commitments Ireland's national greenhouse gas inventory informs national agencies and Government departments as they face the challenge to curb emissions and meet Ireland's emission reduction targets under the Effort Sharing Decision (No. 406/2009/EC). The national inventory also informs data suppliers, making them aware of the importance of their contributions to the inventory process and a means of identifying areas where input data may be improved.

It is on this basis that the Environmental Protection Agency is asking landfill operators to partake in this survey so that the most uptodate information on methane flaring and recovery in utilisation plants at landfills sites is used in calculating the contribution of the landfill sector to national greenhouse gas emissions

The Environmental Protection Agency wishes to thank you for partaking in this survey. If you have any questions about the survey and how to complete it please view the "Help sheet" worksheet. If however, your query is not answered by viewing the "Help sheet" worksheet please contact:

LFGProject@epa.ie

Once completed please send the completed file as an attachment clearly stating the name and or license number of the landfill site (e.g. W000 Xanadu landfill\_2015) to: LFGProject@epa.ie







# FOR BAILIEBOROUGH LANDFILL W0091-01

Client: Cavan County Council

Site Location: Tanderagee, Bailieborough

**Report No.:** CCC-02-01-06-02-06-Rev 0

**Produced by:** Terry Keating B.Sc. Environmental Science

Approved by: Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> November 2016

Bróna Keating, B.Sc., M.Sc., CEnv., MCIWM

Boylan Engineering

Company Reg. 430482

**Address:** Main St., Mullagh, Kells Co. Meath. **Phone:** 046 – 928 6000 / 087 – 820 5470

**Fax:** 046 – 928 6002

**Email:** info@boylanengineering.ie **www.boylanengineering.ie** 

Rev.	Date	Description

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#### I SUMMARY

Boylan Engineering (Eng. & Environmental Consultancy) was commissioned by Cavan County Council to carry out Environmental Monitoring at Bailieborough Landfill (W0091-01), Tandragee, Co Cavan for Bi-annual 2.

Terry Keating, Environmental Consultant carried out all monitoring. This report shall document the findings.



# **Table of Contents**

- 1.0 Introduction
- 2.0 Methodology
  - 2.1 Environmental Sampling
  - 2.2 Laboratory Analysis
  - 2.3 Monitoring Locations
  - 2.4 Weather Report
- 3.0 Summary of Results
- 4.0 Discussion
- 5.0 Conclusion

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1.0 Leachate 02<sup>nd</sup> Bi-annual

#### **Appendix**

- 1.0 Historical Data
- 2.0 Lab Reports
- 3.0 Landfill Map



#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Bailieborough landfill is situated approximately 1 kilometre from Bailieborough town centre in the townland of Tandergee. The site which comprises some 2.23 hectares was originally peat land which was stripped for commercial purposes. The site was then operated as a traditional landfill until its closure in 2002. A waste licence was issued by the Environmental Protection Agency after the closure of the site and remedial works were completed.

Condition 8.1 of the waste licence requires that monitoring be carried out in accordance with Schedule D of the licence. The following report give details of the leachate sampling programme conducted on site and also summarises findings and analytical results for Biannual 2 2016.

The purpose of environmental monitoring at closed landfills is to:

- Ensure the facility is compliant with the waste license
- Ensure the facility is not causing environmental pollution
- Ensure the facility is not posing a risk to human health
- Ensure the facility is not creating an unacceptable risk to atmosphere, water, soil, plants or animals
- Ensure the facility is not adversely affecting the countryside or places of interest
- Compare actual site behavior with expected/modeled behavior
- Establish a reliable database of information for the landfill throughout its life



According to the Response matrix for landfills, Bailieborough landfill is situated in the R2<sup>1</sup> Zone. This zone was categorized using a vulnerability rating combined with the aquifer category for the area. Landfills situated in R2<sup>1</sup> Zones are acceptable subject to guidance in the EPA Landfill Design Manual or conditions of a waste licence - (EPA, groundwater protection Responses for Landfills). Unfortunately this landfill was constructed prior to this guidance and conditions were issued only after its closure.

The generation of Leachate is one of the main hazards to groundwater from the disposal of waste by land filling. The conditions within a landfill vary over time from aerobic to anaerobic thus allowing for different chemical reactions to take place. Most landfill leachates have a high BOD, COD, Ammonia, Chloride, Sodium, Potassium, Hardness and Boron levels - (EPA, groundwater protection Responses for Landfills).



## 2. METHODOLOGY

# 2.1 Environmental Sampling

The following procedure is conducted by Boylan Engineering staff to ensure accurate surface water monitoring:

- Leachate samples are taken by grab sample using a Telescoup and Pendulum beaker.
- Having obtained a representative sample the following parameters are measured on-site using a Hanna HI 98129 combination waterproof high accuracy.
  - Conductivity
  - Temperature
  - o pH
- Boylan Engineering operate a Sample Submission/Chain of Custody form, which accompanies the samples at all times.



## 2.2 Laboratory Analysis

- Samples are sent to Environmental Laboratory Service (ELS) (Ireland) for analysis of the required parameters in designated cool boxes with ice packs.
   These boxes insure that samples are maintained at a consistent temperature between 0°C and 4°C on their journey to the laboratory.
- On arrival at the laboratory, samples are stored between 0°C and 4°C.
- All samples received are inspected by Laboratory Manager Mr. Brendan Murray.
- All samples are assigned a unique reference number and are recorded on the Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS)
- All staff involved in the analysis of samples hold a minimum honours science degree.
- In the event of a Quality Control Check failure for a given parameter, a note will be included on the analysis report detailing the QC fail.
- Analysis of samples is conducted under the INAB accreditation and associated quality control procedures are employed in every aspect of analysis.
- Analysis methods are listed in Appendix 2.



# 2.3 Monitoring Locations

	Leachate &	
MW18	GAS	N296023.13 E267452.20
	Leachate &	
MW19	GAS	N295954.06 E267499.79

# 2.4 Weather Report

REPORTS FROM B	REPORTS FROM BALLYHAISE (A)													
Date	Rainfall	Max	Min	Grass Min Temp	Mean Wind	Maximum Gust	Sunshine							
	(mm)	mm) Temp		(°C)		(if >= 34 knots)	(hours)							
		(°C)	(°C)											
04/10/2	016	14.9	10.7	5.8	7.4									



# 3.0 SUMMARY OF RESULTS

# Table 2.0 02<sup>nd</sup> Bi-annual monitoring 2016

As there are no limits set in the waste licence for leachate, results are compared to the Interim Guide Values for the protection of Groundwater in Ireland, where available.

Report Numb	oer:	102065														
Monitoring D		04.10.16														
Metho	od	Site Tests	Ammonia	AQ2-UP1	Titralab		AQ2	-UP2	5-Day	HACH	Coliforms		Ion Chromatogra phy	AQ2-UP1		
Method N	lumber	Site Tests	EW003	EW154M	EW153		EW15	4M-1	EW001	EW094	MIC133		EW137	EW154M		
Parame	eter	Visual Inspection	Ammonia	TON (as N)(calc)	рН	Cond	Sulphate	CI	BOD	COD	E. Coli	Total Coliforms	Fluoride	Phosphate- Ortho(as P) (MRP)		
Units		:-:	mg/l N	mg/I N	pH Units	us/cm	mg/L	mg/I	mg/I	mg/I	MPN/100 ml	MPN/100ml	mg/L	mg/I P		
Limit of De	tection	-	0.035	0.69	0.3	25	5	13	1.0	8.0	10	10	0.1	0.045		
<b>Date Testing</b>	Initiated	4.10.16						05.10	.16							
ELS Ref	Client Ref															
102065/001	MW18	Black	14	< 0.69	6.9	2176	9.2	89	40	150	<100	<100	<0.1	<0.045		
102065/002	MW 19	Black	2.6	< 0.69	6.4	443	17	14	32	100	<100	1480	<0.1	<0.045		
IGV	,		0.15	-	≥6.5 and ≤9.5	1000	200	30	200	NAC	0	0	1			
Metho	od	Total Cyanide High (Sub)	Total Phosphorus- TP	Metals-Total						Metals-D	issolved					100
Method N	umber	DEFAULT	EW146							EM130						
Parame	eter	Total Cyanide High	Total Phosphorus- TP	Chromium-Total	Iron- Dissolved	Manganese- Dissolved	Potassium- Dissolved	Sodium- Dissolved	Cadmium- Dissolved	Calcium- Dissolved	Copper- Dissolved	Lead- Dissolved	Magnesium- Dissolved	Mercury- Dissolved	Zinc- Dissolved	Boron- Dissolved
Units	s	ug/L	mg/I P	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	mg/L	mg/L	ug/L	mg/L	mg/L	ug/L	mg/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L
Limit of De		9	0.1	1	20	1	0.2	0.5	0.1	1	0.003	0.3	0.3	0.02	1	0.02
Date Testing						_				_	2.000		210	2.02		1 3102
ELS Ref	Client Ref															
102065/001	MW18	<9	2.4	19.9	15000	1100	62.1	54.9	<0.1	133.3	<0.003	<0.3	49.4	<0.02	1.4	0.65
102065/002		<9	1	24.9	28000	510	3.6	8.6	<0.1	60.6	<0.003	<0.3	8.4	0.03	3.1	0.04
IGV	1	10	-	30	200	50	5	150	0.005	200	0.03	10	50	1	100	1
Exceeda	ance															
NOTES																
	Sub-contra	act analysis de	enoted by *													
2	ND - Conc		below the lin	nit of detection												



### 4.0 DISCUSSION

Leachate consists of water that has become contaminated as it passes through a waste disposal site. It contains insoluble waste constituents which have not degraded chemically or biochemically. This leachate can cause a threat to surrounding surface and ground waters. The composition of leachate will vary depending on the age of the landfill. As there are no limits set in the waste licence for leachate, results are compared to the Interim Guide Values for the protection of Groundwater in Ireland, where available. Results in italic bold indicate where the interim guide value has been exceeded. The leachate samples were abstracted from monitoring wells MW18 and MW19 on 04th of October 2016. The monitoring well MW18 when analysed, revealed the parameters Ammonia, Conductivity, Chloride, Iron, Manganese and Potassium were in exceedance of the Interim Guideline Values. At monitoring well MW19, the parameters Ammonia, pH, total coliforms, Iron and Manganese was found to be in exceedance of the Interim Guideline Values. All other parameters tested were in compliance. These results are consistent with those obtained in previous monitoring events.

Historical results for comparison purposes are presented in tabular and graphic form in Appendix 1.

#### 5.0 CONCLUSION

The results obtained from environmental monitoring are relatively consistent with previous monitoring events. The levels of exceeded parameters do not show any signs of dramatic exceedances therefore there is no evidence of any major negative environmental impact associated with this landfill.





### GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT FOR BAILIEBOROUGH LANDFILL W0091-01

Client: Cavan County Council

Site Location: Tanderagee, Bailieborough

**Report No.:** CCC-02-01-06-02-06-Rev 0

**Produced by:** Terry Keating, B.Sc., Environmental Science

Approved by: Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> November 2016

Bróna Keating, B.Sc., M.Sc., CEnv., MCIWM

Boylan Engineering

Company Reg. 430482

**Address:** Main St., Mullagh, Kells Co. Meath. **Phone:** 046 – 928 6000 / 087 – 820 5470

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Rev.	Date	Description

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### I SUMMARY

Boylan Engineering (Eng. & Environmental Consultancy) was commissioned by Cavan County Council to carry out Environmental Monitoring at Bailieborough Landfill (W0091-01), Tandragee, Co Cavan for quarter three and four 2016.

Terry Keating, Environmental Consultant carried out all monitoring. This report shall document the findings.



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- 2.0 Analysis Methods
- 3.0 Field Sheets

Lab Reports

Landfill Map



### 1. INTRODUCTION

Bailieborough landfill is situated approximately 1 kilometre from Bailieborough town centre in the townland of Tandergee. The site which comprises some 2.23 hectares was originally peat land which was stripped for commercial purposes. The site was then operated as a traditional landfill until its closure in 2002. A waste licence was issued by the Environmental Protection Agency after the closure of the site and remedial works were completed.

Condition 8.1 of the waste licence requires that monitoring be carried out in accordance with Schedule D of the licence. The following report give details of the groundwater, sampling programme conducted on site and also summarises findings and analytical results for quarters three and four 2016.

The purpose of environmental monitoring at closed landfills is to:

- Ensure the facility is compliant with the waste license
- Ensure the facility is not causing environmental pollution
- Ensure the facility is not posing a risk to human health
- Ensure the facility is not creating an unacceptable risk to atmosphere, water, soil, plants or animals
- Ensure the facility is not adversely affecting the countryside or places of interest
- Compare actual site behavior with expected/modeled behavior
- Establish a reliable database of information for the landfill throughout its life



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### 2. METHODOLOGY

### 2.1 Environmental Sampling

The following procedure is conducted by Boylan Engineering to ensure accurate groundwater monitoring:

- ISO 5667: Guidance on sampling of groundwaters is adhered to.
- Prior to sampling, the depth of water in groundwater wells is measured by dipping. Dipping the wells before sampling allows for calculation of the volume of water in the well. This data is recorded on the field sheet for volume calculation which is presented in appendix 3.
- Once the volume was calculated the boreholes are purged three times their volume before sampling.
- Sampling is conducted using a Waterra inertial lift pump and associated tubing,
   pumping water directly from the borehole to the appropriate sampling bottles.
- Designated tubing is used at each location.
- Having obtained a representative sample the following parameters are measured on-site using a Hanna HI 98129 combination waterproof high accuracy.
  - Conductivity
  - Temperature
  - o pH
- Boylan Engineering operate a Sample Submission/Chain of Custody form, which accompanies the samples at all times.



### 2.2 Laboratory Analysis

- Samples are sent to Environmental Laboratory Service (ELS) (Ireland) for analysis of the required parameters in designated cool boxes with ice packs.
   These boxes insure that samples are maintained at a consistent temperature between 0°C and 4°C on their journey to the laboratory.
- On arrival at the laboratory, samples are stored between 0°C and 4°C.
- All samples received are inspected by Laboratory Manager Mr. Brendan Murray.
- All samples are assigned a unique reference number and are recorded on the Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS)
- All staff involved in the analysis of samples hold a minimum honours science degree.
- In the event of a Quality Control Check failure for a given parameter, a note will be included on the analysis report detailing the QC fail.
- Analysis of samples is conducted under the INAB accreditation and associated quality control procedures are employed in every aspect of analysis.
- Analysis methods are listed in Appendix 2.



## 2.3 Monitoring Locations

		Qua	rter 3, 2016		
Monitoring Well	Sample Type	Cover Level M (OD Malin Head)	Water Level M (OD Malin Head)	Water Depth M (Top of Casing)	National Grid Co- Ordinates
MW1	GAS	151.55	-	-	N296071.96 E267506.68
MW2	GAS	152.72	-	-	N296018.08 E267540.57
MW3	GAS	159.27	-	-	N295972.19 E267549.66
MW 4	Gas	156.74	-	-	TBC
MW6	GAS	150.27	-	-	N296082.66 E267451.47
MW8	Gas	160.74	-	=	N296014.48 E267517.14
MW9	Gas	157.94	-	=	N296037.63 E267458.87
MW10S	GAS	154.76	-	-	N296038.12 E267458.8
MW10D	GAS	154.76	-	=	N296038.12 E267458.87
MW15S	GW	150.36	148.56	1.8	N296097.36 E267343.36
MW15D	GW	150.39	148.67	1.72	N296092.30 E267344.88
MW16S	GW	152.6	151.1	1.5	N295888.86 E267202.87
MW16D	GW	152.53	151.33	1.2	N295885.59 E267200.97
MW17S	GW & GAS	149.58	148.9	0.68	N296179.25 E267321.30
MW17D	GW & GAS	149.49	148.04	1.45	N296178.68 E267327.22
MW18	Leachate & GAS	160.98	-	-	N296023.13 E267452.20
MW19	Leachate & GAS	162.12	-	=	N295954.06 E267499.79
SW1	SW	=	-	-	N296160.79 E267338.62
SW3	SW	-	-	-	N296312.44 E267195.10
CAP Discharge	SW	-	-	-	N296078.86 E267348.65

		Qua	rter 4, 2016		
Monitoring Well	Sample Type	Cover Level M (OD Malin Head)	Water Level M (OD Malin Head)	Water Depth M (Top of Casing)	National Grid Co- Ordinates
MW1	GAS	151.55	-	-	N296071.96 E267506.68
MW2	GAS	152.72	-	-	N296018.08 E267540.57
MW3	GAS	159.27	-	=	N295972.19 E267549.66
MW 4	Gas	156.74	-	-	TBC
MW6	GAS	150.27	-	=	N296082.66 E267451.47
MW8	Gas	160.74	-	-	N296014.48 E267517.14
MW9	Gas	157.94	-	-	N296037.63 E267458.87
MW10S	GAS	154.76	=	=	N296038.12 E267458.8
MW10D	GAS	154.76	-	-	N296038.12 E267458.87
MW15S	GW	150.36	148.66	1.7	N296097.36 E267343.36
MW15D	GW	150.39	148.69	1.7	N296092.30 E267344.88
MW16S	GW	152.6	151.2	1.4	N295888.86 E267202.87
MW16D	GW	152.53	151.33	1.2	N295885.59 E267200.97
MW17S	GW & GAS	149.58	149.08	0.5	N296179.25 E267321.30
MW17D	GW & GAS	149.49	148.89	0.6	N296178.68 E267327.22
MW18	Leachate & GAS	160.98	-	-	N296023.13 E267452.20
MW19	Leachate & GAS	162.12	-	-	N295954.06 E267499.79
SW1	SW	-	-	-	N296160.79 E267338.62
SW3	SW	=	-	=	N296312.44 E267195.10
CAP Discharge	SW	-	-	-	N296078.86 E267348.65



## 2.4 Weather Report

REPORTS FROM BALL	YHAISE (A)						
Date	Rainfall	Max	STATISTICS.	Min	Mean Wind Speed	Maximu m Gust	Sunshine
	(mm)	Temp	Temp	(°C)	(knots)	(if >= 34 knots)	(hours)
		(°C)	(°C)	ľ			
25/07/2016	6.4	15.8	11.9	10.6	4.6		

Date	Rainfall	Max	Min	Grass Min Temp	Mean Wind	Maximum Gust	Sunshine (hours)
	(mm)	Temp	Temp	(°C)	Speed (knots)	(if >= 34 knots)	
		(°C)	(°C)			ACC-503/A	
04/10/2016	0	14.9	10.7	5.8	7.4	\$7.	92



## **3.0 SUMMARY OF RESULTS**

### Table 1.0 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter Ground water monitoring 2016

Report Nur	mber	99265																
Monitoring	Date:	25.07.16																
M	ethod	Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	TOC	Ammonia	AQ2-UP1	Titra	alab	AQ2	-UP2	DO		Metals-I	Dissolved	
Metho	d Number	Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	EW123	EW003	EW154M	EW138	EW139	EW015	EW015	EW043		EM	130	
Para	ameter	Sample temperature (to be done onsite)	Cond	рН	Water Level from TOC	Visual Inspection	тос	Ammonia	TON (as N)(calc)	рН	Cond	CI	SO4	DO	Fe	Mn	К	Na
l	Inits	Deg C	us/cm	pH units	Meter's	-	mg/I	mg/I N	mg/I N	pH Units	us/cm	mg/l	mg/I	mg/l	ug/I	ug/I	mg/I	mg/l
Limit of	Detection	2	-	-	2	-	0.25	0.007	0.138	0.3	25	2.6	1.0	1.0	5	1	0.2	0.5
Date Test	ing Initiated			25.07.16								26.07	.16					. 111
ELS Ref	Client Ref																	
99265/001	GW 15D	13.4	160	7.45	1.72	clear	0.8	0.51	<0.138	7.8	304	8.2	27	7	56	180	1.4	8.5
99265/002	GW 15S	12.2	271	6.75	1.8	cloudy	11.45	0.52	<0.138	6.1	230	29	68	7	14000	300	2.2	12.7
99265/003	GW 16D	11.4	287	6.68	1.2	clear	0.42	1	<0.138	7.3	270	9.3	24	7	<20	590	1.1	13
99265/004	GW 16S	11.5	280	6.65	1.5	cloudy	2.44	0.25	<0.138	6.6	252	8.3	33	8	1600	310	1	7.9
99265/005	GW 17D	12.1	459	8.17	1.45	yellow	5.69	0.73	<0.138	7.5	546	8.5	77	8	65	1400	2.2	12.7
99265/006	GW 17S	13.2	438	7.82	0.68	clear	3.62	0.27	0.344	6.9	433	11	61	6	22	540	1.8	9.6
	IGV		1000	≥6.5 and ≤9.5			NAC	0.15	7	≥6.5 and ≤9.5	1000	30	200	NAC	200	50	5	150
Exce	edance																	
NOTES																		
1	Sub-contract	analysis denot	ed by *															
2	ND - Concent	ration was belo	w the limi	t of detect	ion													
3	NAC- No Abn	ormal Change																
4	IGV - Interim	Guide Value																



## Table 2.0 04th Quarter Ground water monitoring 2016

la		l		I														
Report Num		102062																
Monitoring [	Date:	4.10.2016																
Meth	nod			Site Tests			тос	Ammonia	AQ2-UP1	Titra	ilab	Titralab	AQ2	-UP2	DO	Total Cyanide High (Sub)	Total Phosphorus- TP	PhenolsTot al -Index (Sub1)
Method N	Number			Site Tests			DEFAULT	EW003	EW154M		EW153		EW1	.54M	EW043	DEFAULT	EW146	DEFAULT
		Sample							1			Allerierie				T-4-1	T-4-1	
Param	eter	temperature (to be done onsite)	Cond	рН	Water Level from TOC	Visual Inspection	тос	Ammonia	TON (as N)(calc)	pН	Cond	Alkalinity Total (R2 pH4.5)	Chloride	Sulphate	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Cyanide High	Total Phosphorus- TP	Phenols- Total
Uni	ts	Deg C	us/cm	pH units	Meter's	-	mg/l	mg/l N	mg/l N	pH Units	us/cm	mg/L CaCO3	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	ug/L	mg/l P	mg/L
Limit of D	etection	-	-	-	-	-	0.25	0.007	0.138	0.3	25	10	2.6	1.0	1.0	10	0.01	0.15
Date Testin	g Initiated			4.10.2016								05.10.	.2016			-		-
ELS Ref	Client																	
	Ref			1														
102062/001	MW 15S	11.5	391	6.45	1.7	Red	16.95	0.63	<0.138	6.4	202	77	6.3	42	2	<9	18.2	<0.1
102062/002	MW 15D	10.9	326	6.85	1.7	Clear	5.28	0.28	<0.138	8.1	301	140	9.3	23	4	<9	1.79	<0.1
102062/003	MW 16S	11.1	410	6.56	1.4	Clear	4.17	0.12	<0.138	7	258	112	5.9	22	6	<9	0.21	<0.1
102062/004	MW 16D	10.6	295	6.65	1.2	Clear	2.29	0.14	<0.138	7.6	268	114	8.8	23	5	<9	0.74	<0.1
102062/005	MW 17S	11.8	496	6.84	0.5	Clear	6.56	0.2	<0.138	7.1	392	165	5.6	56	7	<9	0.46	<0.1
102062/006	MW 17D	10.7	587	6.72	0.6	Clear	8.28	0.34	<0.138	7.6	603	309	6.5	94	2	<9	6.14	<0.1
IG	v		1000	≥6.5 and ≤9.5			NAC	0.15	NAC	≥6.5 and ≤9.5	1000	NAC	30	200	NAC	10	-	-
Meth	nod	Coliforms	Coliforms	Ion Chromatography	Residue on Evaporation (Tot Solids-TS)	Metals- Total						Metals-D	issolved					
Method I	Number	MIC13	33	EW137	EW060							EM130						
Param	eter	Total Coliforms	E. Coli	Fluoride	Residue on Evaporation (Tot Solids-TS)	Chromium- Total	lron Dissolved	Manganese Dissolved	Potassium Dissolved	Sodium Dissolved	Cadmium- Dissolved	Calcium- Dissolved	Copper- Dissolved	Lead- Dissolved	Magnesium- Dissolved	Mercury- Dissolved	Zinc- Dissolved	Boron- Dissolved
Uni	ts	MPN/100ml	MPN/100ml	mg/L	mg/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	mg/l	mg/l	ug/L	mg/L	mg/L	ug/L	mg/L	ug/L	ug/L	mg/L
Limit of D	etection	0		0.1	10.0	1.0	20.0	0.001	0.2	0.5	0.1	1.0	0.00		0.3	0.02	1.0	0.02
Date Testin	g Initiated								05	.10.16								
ELS Ref	Client Ref																	
102062/001	MW 15S	279	<10	<0.1	885	27.6	17000	390	2.4	8.7	<0.1	22	<0.003	<0.3	4.9	0.03	2.9	<0.02
102062/002	MW 15D	5790	<10	0.14	895	36.3	<20	96	1.6	10.1	<0.1	30	<0.003	<0.3	11.7	0.04	5.7	<0.02
102062/003	MW 16S	326	0	0.19	145	3.6	730	250	1.1	9.1	<0.1	21	<0.003	<0.3	13	0.03	7.5	<0.02
102062/004		2421	0	0.35	335	9.6	370	490	1.2	14.6	<0.1	26	<0.003	<0.3	8.8	0.03	1.8	<0.02
102062/005		52	<10	0.12	775	18.1	380	540	1.8	9.2	<0.1	58	0.003	<0.3	11.9	0.04	4.1	<0.02
102062/006	MW 17D	3076	<i>7</i> 5	<0.1	1245	64.1	<20	1800	2.8	14.6	<0.1	78	<0.003	<0.3	29.5	0.04	3.1	<0.02
IG	V	0	0	1	-	30	200	50	5	150	0.005	200	0.03	10	50	1	100	1
Exceed	ance																	
NOTES	WITCE .								+									
	Sub-contr	act analysis deno	tod by *						+									+
2		entration was be		it of detection					+									+
3		Abnormal Change		it of detection														+
, n			-															
4		rim Guide Value											-					

As there are no limits set in the waste licence for groundwater, results are compared to the Interim Guide Values for the protection of Groundwater in Ireland, where available



### 4.0 DISCUSSION

#### 4.1 Ground water

Monitoring of groundwater is a common and necessary event in landfill sites both during their active life and post closure. The significance of such monitoring is so the facilities can demonstrate that there is no potential for the migration of hazardous constituents from the unit into the groundwater systems.

Monitoring was conducted on the 25<sup>th</sup> of July and the 04<sup>th</sup> of October 2016. Results in bold italics indicate where the Interim Guide Values has been exceeded. Results from Quarter three and four 2016 show that there were exceedances at various ground water monitoring locations for parameters; Ammonia, pH, Total coliforms, Iron and Manganese. Previous results detailed in the historical data show that exceedances for Ammonia, Iron and Manganese are on par with previous monitoring events. The exceedance in pH has been noted at location MW 15S on previous monitoring events.

Elevated Iron levels at the remaining wells can be an indication of contamination. However, the hypothesis that is proposed is that the source of this Iron is not the landfill leachate, but the native soils beneath the landfill. Iron can become mobilised due to changing pH and/or redox conditions in the environment underneath the landfill. Alternatively, the Leachate from the non-hazardous waste may produce reducing conditions beneath the landfill, allowing the solution of Iron and Manganese from the underlying deposits. Elevated Iron may also be attributed to the natural composition of this area. All exceedances will be carefully examined in guarter 1, 2017 and compared to previous monitoring episodes.

Historical results for comparison purposes are presented in tabular and graphic form in Appendix 1.



### **5.0 CONCLUSION**

The results obtained from environmental monitoring are relatively consistent with previous monitoring events. The levels of exceeded parameters do not show any signs of dramatic exceedances therefore there is no evidence of any major negative environmental impact associated with this landfill.





### SURFACE WATER MONITORING REPORT FOR BAILIEBOROUGH LANDFILL W0091-01

Client: Cavan County Council

Site Location: Tanderagee, Bailieborough

**Report No.:** CCC-02-01-06-02-06-Rev 0

**Produced by:** Terry Keating B.Sc. Environmental Science

Approved by: Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> November 2016

Bróna Keating, B.Sc., M.Sc., CEnv., MCIWM

Boylan Engineering Company Reg. 43

Company Reg. 430482 Address: Main St., Mullage

**Address:** Main St., Mullagh, Kells Co. Meath. **Phone:** 046 – 928 6000 / 087 – 820 5470

**Fax:** 046 – 928 6002

**Email:** info@boylanengineering.ie **www.boylanengineering.ie** 

Rev.	Date	Description

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#### I SUMMARY

Boylan Engineering (Eng. & Environmental Consultancy) was commissioned by Cavan County Council to carry out Environmental Monitoring at Bailieborough Landfill (W0091-01), Tandragee, Co Cavan for quarter three and four 2016.

Terry Keating, Environmental Consultant carried out all monitoring. This report shall document the findings.



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- 1.0 Introduction
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- 1.0 Historical Data
- 2.0 Analysis Methods
- 3.0 Field Sheets

Lab Reports

Landfill Map



### 1. INTRODUCTION

Bailieborough landfill is situated approximately 1 kilometre from Bailieborough town centre in the townland of Tandergee. The site which comprises some 2.23 hectares was originally peat land which was stripped for commercial purposes. The site was then operated as a traditional landfill until its closure in 2002. A waste licence was issued by the Environmental Protection Agency after the closure of the site and remedial works were completed.

Condition 8.1 of the waste licence requires that monitoring be carried out in accordance with Schedule D of the licence. The following report gives details of the surface water sampling programme conducted on site and also summarises findings and analytical results for quarter three and four 2016.

The purpose of environmental monitoring at closed landfills is to:

- Ensure the facility is compliant with the waste license
- Ensure the facility is not causing environmental pollution
- Ensure the facility is not posing a risk to human health
- Ensure the facility is not creating an unacceptable risk to atmosphere, water, soil, plants or animals
- Ensure the facility is not adversely affecting the countryside or places of interest
- Compare actual site behavior with expected/modeled behavior
- Establish a reliable database of information for the landfill throughout its life



According to the Response matrix for landfills, Bailieborough landfill is situated in the R2<sup>1</sup> Zone. This zone was categorized using a vulnerability rating combined with the aquifer category for the area. Landfills situated in R2<sup>1</sup> Zones are acceptable subject to guidance in the EPA Landfill Design Manual or conditions of a waste licence - (EPA, groundwater protection Responses for Landfills). Unfortunately this landfill was constructed prior to this guidance and conditions were issued only after its closure.

The generation of Leachate is one of the main hazards to groundwater from the disposal of waste by land filling. The conditions within a landfill vary over time from aerobic to anaerobic thus allowing for different chemical reactions to take place. Most landfill leachates have a high BOD, COD, Ammonia, Chloride, Sodium, Potassium, Hardness and Boron levels - (EPA, groundwater protection Responses for Landfills).



### 2. METHODOLOGY

### 2.1 Environmental Sampling

The following procedure is conducted by Boylan Engineering to ensure accurate surface water monitoring:

- Surface water samples are taken by grab sample using a Telescoup and Pendulum beaker.
- Having obtained a representative sample the following parameters are measured on-site using a Hanna HI 98129 combination waterproof high accuracy.
  - Conductivity
  - o Temperature
  - o pH
- Boylan Engineering operate a Sample Submission/Chain of Custody form, which accompanies the samples at all times.



### 2.2 Laboratory Analysis

- Samples are sent to Environmental Laboratory Service (ELS) (Ireland) for analysis of the required parameters in designated cool boxes with ice packs.
   These boxes insure that samples are maintained at a consistent temperature between 0°C and 4°C on their journey to the laboratory.
- On arrival at the laboratory, samples are stored between 0°C and 4°C.
- All samples received are inspected by Laboratory Manager Mr. Brendan Murray.
- All samples are assigned a unique reference number and are recorded on the Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS)
- All staff involved in the analysis of samples hold a minimum honours science degree.
- In the event of a Quality Control Check failure for a given parameter, a note will be included on the analysis report detailing the QC fail.
- Analysis of samples is conducted under the INAB accreditation and associated quality control procedures are employed in every aspect of analysis.
- Analysis methods are listed in Appendix 2.



## 2.3 Monitoring Locations

		Qua	rter 3, 2016		
Monitoring Well	Sample Type	Cover Level M (OD Malin Head)	Water Level M (OD Malin Head)	Water Depth M (Top of Casing)	National Grid Co- Ordinates
MW1	GAS	151.55	-	-	N296071.96 E267506.68
MW2	GAS	152.72	-	=	N296018.08 E267540.57
MW3	GAS	159.27	-	=	N295972.19 E267549.66
MW 4	Gas	156.74	-	=	TBC
MW6	GAS	150.27	-	-	N296082.66 E267451.47
MW8	Gas	160.74	-	=	N296014.48 E267517.14
MW9	Gas	157.94	-		N296037.63 E267458.87
MW10S	GAS	154.76	-	-	N296038.12 E267458.8
MW10D	GAS	154.76	-	ı	N296038.12 E267458.87
MW15S	GW	150.36	148.56	1.8	N296097.36 E267343.36
MW15D	GW	150.39	148.67	1.72	N296092.30 E267344.88
MW16S	GW	152.6	151.1	1.5	N295888.86 E267202.87
MW16D	GW	152.53	151.33	1.2	N295885.59 E267200.97
MW17S	GW & GAS	149.58	148.9	0.68	N296179.25 E267321.30
MW17D	GW & GAS	149.49	148.04	1.45	N296178.68 E267327.22
MW18	Leachate & GAS	160.98	-	=	N296023.13 E267452.20
MW19	Leachate & GAS	162.12	-	-	N295954.06 E267499.79
SW1	SW	-	-	-	N296160.79 E267338.62
SW3	SW	-	-	-	N296312.44 E267195.10
CAP Discharge	SW	-	-	-	N296078.86 E267348.65

	-	Qua	rter 4, 2016		
Monitoring Well	Sample Type	Cover Level M (OD Malin Head)	Water Level M (OD Malin Head)	Water Depth M (Top of Casing)	National Grid Co- Ordinates
MW1	GAS	151.55	-	-	N296071.96 E267506.68
MW2	GAS	152.72	-	-	N296018.08 E267540.57
MW3	GAS	159.27	-	-	N295972.19 E267549.66
MW 4	Gas	156.74	-	-	TBC
MW6	GAS	150.27	-		N296082.66 E267451.47
MW8	Gas	160.74	-	-	N296014.48 E267517.14
MW9	Gas	157.94	-	-	N296037.63 E267458.87
MW10S	GAS	154.76	-	-	N296038.12 E267458.8
MW10D	GAS	154.76	-	-	N296038.12 E267458.87
MW15S	GW	150.36	148.66	1.7	N296097.36 E267343.36
MW15D	GW	150.39	148.69	1.7	N296092.30 E267344.88
MW16S	GW	152.6	151.2	1.4	N295888.86 E267202.87
MW16D	GW	152.53	151.33	1.2	N295885.59 E267200.97
MW17S	GW & GAS	149.58	149.08	0.5	N296179.25 E267321.30
MW17D	GW & GAS	149.49	148.89	0.6	N296178.68 E267327.22
MW18	Leachate & GAS	160.98	-	-	N296023.13 E267452.20
MW19	Leachate & GAS	162.12	-	-	N295954.06 E267499.79
SW1	SW	-	-	-	N296160.79 E267338.62
SW3	SW	-	-	=	N296312.44 E267195.10
CAP Discharge	SW	-	-	-	N296078.86 E267348.65



## 2.4 Weather Report

REPORTS FROM BALL	YHAISE (A)						
Date	Rainfall	Max	Min	Min	3.00	Maximu m Gust	Sunshine
	(mm)	Temp	Temp	(°C)	(knots)	(if >= 34 knots)	(hours)
		(°C)	(°C)	2	8		Ĭ,
25/07/2016	6.4	15.8	11.9	10.6	4.6		

Date	Rainfall	Max	Min	Grass Min Temp	Mean Wind	Maximum Gust	Sunshine (hours)
	(mm)	Temp	Temp	(°C)	Speed (knots)	(if >= 34 knots)	
		(°C)	(°C)				
04/10/2016	0	14.9	10.7	5.8	7.4	SZ	SZ



## 3.0 SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Table 1.0 03<sup>rd</sup> Quarter Surface water monitoring 2016

Report Numb	ber	99263/100436																
Monitoring D		25/07/2016																
	Method		Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	AQ2	Titra	alab	5-Day	НАСН		AQ2		Inolab		ICP	PMS	
Me	thod Number	Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	EW003	EW138	EW139	EW001	EW094	EW015	EW015	EW007	EW043	EM130			
I	Parameter	Sample temperature (to be done onsite)	Cond	рН	Visual Inspection	Ammonia	рН	Cond	BOD	COD	Cl	SO4	Ortho- Phosphate (MRP)	DO	Fe	Mn	К	Na
	Units	Deg C	us/cm	pH units	-	mg/l N	pH Units	us/cm	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l P	mg/l	ug/l	ug/l	mg/l	mg/l
Limi	t of Detection	-	-	-	-	0.007	0.3	25	1	8	2.6	1.0	0.009	1.0	0.005	0.0	0.2	0.5
Date T	Testing Initiated	25.07.16										26.07.16						
ELS Ref	Client Ref																	
99263/001	SW 1	14.1	352	7.58	yellow	1.4	7.2	342	2.7	62	18	6.8	0.089	9	2500	2300	4.6	13.3
100436/001	Discharge cap	12.5	332	7.11	yellow	0.131	7.6	556	<1.0	44	3.5	83	<0.009	9	<20	21	3	4.9
99263/002	SW 3	15.8	363	7.38	yellow	0.6	7.2	358	9.1	58	18	7.9	0.03	10	3600	6400	3.6	13.1
S.I N	No. 294/1989					0.2	≥5.5 and ≤8.5	1000	5	40	250	200	-	-	200	50	-	-
Exceedance																		
NOTES																		
1	Sub-contract analysis	denoted by *	:															
2	ND - Concentration w	as below the li	mit of dete	ection														
3	NAC- No Abnormal Change																	



Table 2.0 04th Quarter Surface water monitoring 2016

Report Number	102064/102523														
Monitoring Date	4.10.16														
		Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	AQ2	Titr	alab	5-Day	НАСН		AQ2-UP1		SS	Titralab
Meth	od Number	Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	Site Tests	EW003	EW138	EW139	EW001	EW094	EW015	EW015	EW007	EW153	EW013
Pa	rameter	Sample temperature (to be done onsite)	Cond	рН	Visual Inspection	Ammonia	рН	Cond	BOD	COD	Cl	SO4	Ortho- Phosphate (MRP)	Suspended Solids	Alkalinity
	Units	Deg C	us/cm	pH units	-	mg/I N	pH Units	us/cm	mg/I	mg/I	mg/I	mg/I	mg/I P	mg/I	mg/I CaCO3
Limit	of Detection		-	-		0.007	0.3	25	1	8	2.6	1.0	0.009	5	1
-	sting Initiated		4.10	0.16							5.10.16				
ELS Ref	Client Ref														
102064/001	SW1	10.3	337	7.35	Merky	1.754	7.1	301	4.7	60	14	9.5	0.267	8	147
102523/001	CAP	10.4	260	7.23	Straw	0.181	7.8	627	4.1	42	7.4	50	0.023	13	331
102064/002	SW3 /Lake	9.8	397	7.25	Straw	0.84	7.2	309	3.1	49	13	4.6	0.045	<5	150
S.I No	. 294/1989					0.2	≥5.5 and ≤8.5	1000	5	40	250	200	-	-	-
N	Method		ICP	MS				Me	etals Dissolv	red			Metals Total	AQ2-UP1	Inolab
Meth	od Number					•	EM130							EW154M	EW043
Pai	rameter	Iron-Dissolved	Manganese- Dissolved	Potassium- Dissolved	Sodium- Dissolved	Cadmium- Dissolved	Calcium- Dissolved	Copper- Dissolved	Lead- Dissolved	Magnesium Dissolved	Mercury- Dissolved	Zinc- Dissolved	Chromium- Total	TON (as N)(Calc)	DO
	Units	ug/L	ug/L	mg/L	mg/L	ug/L	mg/L	mg/L	ug/L	mg/L	ug/L	ug/L	ug/L	mg/I N	mg/l
Limit	of Detection	20.000	1.0	0.2	0.5	0.1	1	20	0.3	0.3	0.02	1	1	0.138	1.0
Date Tes	sting Initiated							5.10.16							
ELS Ref	Client Ref				,										
102064/001		6800	1000	4.6	13.9	<0.1	40.1	<0.003	<0.3	7.8	0.03	49	<3	<0.138	6
102523/001		59	39	3.1	3.7	0.1	91.6	0.007	<0.3	15	<0.02	8400	<3	0.796	5
	SW3 /Lake	3600	2300	4.2	13.7	<0.1	40	<0.003	<0.3	7.9	0.06	2.7	<3	<0.138	4
S.I No	. 294/1989	200	50		-	5	-	0.03	10	-	1	100	30	-	-
Eve	ceedance														
LAU	ecuanic														
NOTES															
NOTES 1		alvsis denoted	bv *												
1	Sub-contract ar			etection											
	Sub-contract an			etection											

As there are no limits set in the waste licence for surface water, results are compared to S.I. No. 294/1989 — European Communities (Quality of Surface Water Intended for the Abstraction of Drinking Water) Regulations, 1989.



#### 4.0 DISCUSSION

As there are no limits set in the waste license for surface water, results are compared to the S.I. No. 294/1989 — European Communities (Quality of Surface Water Intended for the Abstraction of Drinking Water) Regulations, 1989 where available.

Surface water samples were taken at SW1 (downstream of landfill), the discharge cap as well as SW3.

With regard to all surface water samples, results in bold italics indicate that limits were exceeded for the following parameters: Ammonia, COD, Iron and Manganese and Zinc. Elevated levels of Ammonia at location SW1 and SW3 are attributed to the low flows at the sampling points. Ammonia cannot be attributed to the landfill as the levels were within limits at the cap discharge from the landfill. Background levels in this area may be naturally high but this cannot be definitively proved as there is no requirement to measure upstream surface waters at this landfill. Previous results detailed in the historical data show that the exceedances for each of the remaining parameters is on par with previous monitoring events.

Historical results for comparison purposes are presented in tabular and graphic form in Appendix 1.

#### 5.0 CONCLUSION

The results obtained from environmental monitoring are relatively consistent with previous monitoring events. The levels of exceeded parameters do not show any signs of dramatic exceedances therefore there is no evidence of any major negative environmental impact associated with this landfill.





### GAS MONITORING REPORT FOR BAILIEBOROUGH LANDFILL W0091-01

Client: Cavan County Council

Site Location: Tanderagee, Bailieborough

**Report No.:** CCC-02-01-06-02-06-Rev 0

**Produced by:** Terry Keating B.Sc. Environmental Science

Approved by: Date: 23<sup>rd</sup> November 2016

Bróna Keating, B.Sc., M.Sc., CEnv., MCIWM

Boylan Engineering Company Reg. 430482

**Address:** Main St., Mullagh, Kells Co. Meath. **Phone:** 046 – 928 6000 / 087 – 820 5470

**Fax:** 046 – 928 6002

**Email:** info@boylanengineering.ie **Web:** <u>www.boylanengineering.ie</u>

Rev.	Date	Description

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### I SUMMARY

Boylan Engineering (Eng. & Environmental Consultancy) was commissioned by Cavan County Council to carry out Gas Monitoring at Bailieborough Landfill (W0091-01), Tandragee, Co Cavan for quarter three and four in 2016.

Terry Keating, Environmental Consultant carried out all monitoring. This report shall document the findings.



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### 1. INTRODUCTION

Bailieborough landfill is situated approximately 1 kilometre from Bailieborough town centre in the townland of Tandergee. The site which comprises some 2.23 hectares was originally peat land which was stripped for commercial purposes. The site was then operated as a traditional landfill until its closure in 2002. A waste licence was issued by the Environmental Protection Agency after the closure of the site and remedial works were completed.

Condition 8.1 of the waste licence requires that monitoring be carried out in accordance with Schedule D of the licence. The following report give details of the landfill gas sampling programme conducted on site and also summarises findings and analytical results for quarter three and four in 2016.

The purpose of landfill gas monitoring at closed landfills is to:

- Ensure the facility is compliant with the waste license
- Ensure the facility is not causing environmental pollution
- Ensure the facility is not posing a risk to human health
- Ensure the facility is not creating an unacceptable risk to atmosphere, water, soil, plants or animals
- Ensure that the facility is not causing a nuisance through noise or odours
- Ensure the facility is not adversely affecting the countryside or places of interest
- Compare actual site behavior with expected/modeled behavior
- Assess the effectiveness of gas control measures installed at the site
- Establish a reliable database of information for the landfill throughout its life

Landfill gas is generated by decomposition of organic materials in waste deposited at landfills. Typically, the gas is a mixture of Methane (up to 65% by volume) Carbon Dioxide (up to 35% per volume). It can also contain minor constituents at low concentrations (typically less than 1% volume contains 120-150 trace constituents). The landfill directive requires that appropriate measures are taken in order to control the accumulation and migration of landfill gas.



### 2. METHODOLOGY

### 2.1 Landfill Gas Analysis

The following procedure is employed by Terry Keating of Boylan Engineering to ensure accurate monitoring:

- EPA, Landfill Manual, landfill monitoring 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition is adhered to.
- Prior to sampling, a dip meter is used to measure water levels, if present, in the wells.
- GA 2000 landfill gas analyser is used to measure the gas levels.
- The analyser is purged and connected to the sealed well monitoring nozzle.
- The monitoring nozzle is turned to the open position and the analyser measured
  the gas levels at 60 second intervals for no less than 5 minutes. The analyser is
  allowed to run for this period of time to allow for a representative average to be
  obtained.
- All data is recorded on the Gas Analysis field sheet.
- The instrument is removed after 5 minutes and the monitoring nozzle returned to the closed position.
- The GA2000 is switched off between each monitoring location so as to allow the instrument to purge.
- This process is repeated at each monitoring location.
- Data for the GA 2000 was downloaded in the Boylan Engineering office.



# 2.3 Monitoring Locations

		Qua	rter 3, 2016		
Monitoring Well	Sample Type	Cover Level M (OD Malin Head)	Water Level M (OD Malin Head)	Water Depth M (Top of Casing)	National Grid Co- Ordinates
MW1	GAS	151.55	-	-	N296071.96 E267506.68
MW2	GAS	152.72	-	-	N296018.08 E267540.57
MW3	GAS	159.27	-	-	N295972.19 E267549.66
MW 4	Gas	156.74	-	-	TBC
MW6	GAS	150.27	-	-	N296082.66 E267451.47
MW8	Gas	160.74	-	-	N296014.48 E267517.14
MW9	Gas	157.94	-	-	N296037.63 E267458.87
MW10S	GAS	154.76	-	-	N296038.12 E267458.8
MW10D	GAS	154.76	-	-	N296038.12 E267458.87
MW15S	GW	150.36	148.56	1.8	N296097.36 E267343.36
MW15D	GW	150.39	148.67	1.72	N296092.30 E267344.88
MW16S	GW	152.6	151.1	1.5	N295888.86 E267202.87
MW16D	GW	152.53	151.33	1.2	N295885.59 E267200.97
MW17S	GW & GAS	149.58	148.9	0.68	N296179.25 E267321.30
MW17D	GW & GAS	149.49	148.04	1.45	N296178.68 E267327.22
MW18	Leachate & GAS	160.98	-	-	N296023.13 E267452.20
MW19	Leachate & GAS	162.12	-	-	N295954.06 E267499.79
SW1	SW	-	-	-	N296160.79 E267338.62
SW3	SW	-	-	-	N296312.44 E267195.10
CAP Discharge	SW	-	-	-	N296078.86 E267348.65

		Qua	arter 4, 2016		
Monitoring Well	Sample Type	Cover Level M (OD Malin Head)	Water Level M (OD Malin Head)	Water Depth M (Top of Casing)	National Grid Co- Ordinates
MW1	GAS	151.55	-	-	N296071.96 E267506.68
MW2	GAS	152.72	-	-	N296018.08 E267540.57
MW3	GAS	159.27	-	-	N295972.19 E267549.66
MW 4	Gas	156.74	-	-	TBC
MW6	GAS	150.27	-	-	N296082.66 E267451.47
MW8	Gas	160.74	-	ı	N296014.48 E267517.14
MW9	Gas	157.94	-	1	N296037.63 E267458.87
MW10S	GAS	154.76	-	=	N296038.12 E267458.8
MW10D	GAS	154.76	-	=	N296038.12 E267458.87
MW15S	GW	150.36	148.66	1.7	N296097.36 E267343.36
MW15D	GW	150.39	148.69	1.7	N296092.30 E267344.88
MW16S	GW	152.6	151.2	1.4	N295888.86 E267202.87
MW16D	GW	152.53	151.33	1.2	N295885.59 E267200.97
MW17S	GW & GAS	149.58	149.08	0.5	N296179.25 E267321.30
MW17D	GW & GAS	149.49	148.89	0.6	N296178.68 E267327.22
MW18	Leachate & GAS	160.98	-	•	N296023.13 E267452.20
MW19	Leachate & GAS	162.12	-	=	N295954.06 E267499.79
SW1	SW	-	-	-	N296160.79 E267338.62
SW3	SW	-	-	-	N296312.44 E267195.10
CAP Discharge	SW	-	-	-	N296078.86 E267348.65



## 2.4 Weather Report

REPORTS FROM BALL	YHAISE (A)							
Date	Rainfall	Max Min		Min	Mean Wind Speed	Maximu m Gust	Sunshine	
	(mm)	Temp	Temp	(°C)	(knots)	(if >= 34 knots)	(hours)	
	Ī	(°C)	(°C)	97	8	7	\$7 17	
25/07/2016	6.4	15.8	11.9	10.6	4.6			

Date	Rainfall	Max	Min	Grass Min Temp	Mean Wind	Maximum Gust	Sunshine	
	(mm)	Temp	Temp	(°C)	Speed (knots)	(if >= 34 knots)	(hours)	
		(°C)	(°C)		\$ 60.23.55k	MILLER-1902A		
04/10/2016	0	14.9	10.7	5.8	7.4	7	27	



### 3.0 SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Table 3.0 03<sup>rd</sup> Quarter Landfill Gas monitoring 2016

Met	thod	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	
Parai	Parameter		CO <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>2</sub> S	Barometric Pressure	Position to waste mass
Ur	Units		% v/v	%	PPM	mb	
Date 1	Testing			29/07/202	16		
GA 2000	Client						
Ref	Ref						
10	MW 1	0	0.2	21.44	0	990	Outside
11	MW 2	0	0.2	20.2	0	993	Outside
6	MW 3	3.4	2.8	18.1	0	990	Inside
3	MW 6	0	0.86	20.1	0	990	Inside
9	MW 7	0.1	0.24	22.18	0	990	Outside
4	MW 8	3.5	2.5	18.4	0	29.3	Inside
8	MW 9	0	14.7	0.7	0	993	Inside
2	MW 10 S	0	0.36	19.02	0	993	Outside
1	MW 10 D	0	0.14	16.16	0	993	Outside
12	MW17S	0	0	20	0	993	Outside
13	MW17D	0	0	20.5	0	993	Outside
5	MW18	55.4	24.8	0	0	990	Inside
7	MW19	24.5	18.7	17.14	6	990	Inside
	Limit	1	1.5				
Excee	dance,outs	side waste	mass				
NOTES							
1	Instrumer	nt Serial N	o: GA 077	21			
2	Limit: Sch	edule C2,	Licence				



Table 4.0 04th Quarter Landfill Gas monitoring 2016

Met	thod	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	
Parar	neter	CH₄	CO <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	H <sub>2</sub> S	Barometric Pressure	Position to waste mass
Ur	nits	% v/v	% v/v		PPM	mb	
Date 1	esting			04/10/201	16		
GA 2000	Client						
Ref	Ref						
10	MW 1	0	0.4	19.46	0	1002	Outside
11	MW 2	0	1.26	16.44	0	1002	Outside
6	MW 3	50.96	21.28	0	0	1002	Inside
3	MW 6	0.72	2.8	18.12	0	1002	Inside
9	MW 7	0	0.12	20.5	0	1002	Outside
4	MW 8	0.02	0.2	20.84	0	1002	Inside
8	MW 9	0.76	2.8	18.38	0	1007	Inside
2	MW 10 S	0	0.2	17.38	0	1002	Outside
1	MW 10 D	0	0.1	18.4	0	1002	Outside
12	MW17S	0.36	0.12	6.8	0	1002	Outside
13	MW17D	0	0.16	20.76	0	1002	Outside
5	MW18	56.4	25.8	0	0	1002	Inside
7	MW19	5.62	19.4	0	0	1002	Inside
	Limit	1	1.5				
Excee	dance,outs	side waste	mass				
NOTES							
1	Instrumer	nt Serial N	o: GA 077	21			
2	Limit: Sch	edule C2,	Licence				



### 4.0 DISCUSSION

The rate of gas generation at a landfill site varies through the life of a landfill and is dependent on several factors such as waste type, depths, moisture content, degree of compaction, landfill pH, temperature and the length of time since the waste was deposited. Landfill gas can move in any direction within the waste body and migrate from a site. The potential for gas migration will depend on the gas quality, volume, the site engineering works, geological characteristics of the surrounding strata and on man-made pathways such as sewers and drains.

Results obtained from monitoring during quarters three and four 2016 show that the levels of gas are relatively consistent with previous results in all existing wells. Results obtained from the new well MW18 which is within the waste mass was elevated for Methane and Carbon Dioxide. It is recommended that further gas monitoring is conducted for comparison purposes.



### 5.0 CONCLUSION

The results obtained from landfill gas analysis are also relatively consistent with previous monitoring events and do not show any signs of dramatic exceedances; therefore there is no evidence of any major negative environmental impact associated with this landfill. However, it is important to monitor the trend in exceedance of Methane at this landfill and any dramatic increase in the parameter should be regarded as critical. The Methane content of landfill gas is flammable, forming potentially explosive mixtures in certain conditions, which raises concern about its uncontrolled migration and release. The next environmental and landfill gas monitoring will be conducted in the 01st quarter of 2017.

# 1.0 Appendix

### Historical Data

Met	thod	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000
Parar	meter	CH₄	CO <sub>2</sub>	0,	H <sub>2</sub> S	Barometric
				_		Pressure
	nits	1% v/v	1.5 % v/v	%	PPM	mb
Client Ref	Qtr	-	-	-	-	-
MW 1	Qtr 1 2016	0	0.4	19.52	0	995
	Qtr 2 2016	0	0.2	20.7	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	0	0.2	21.44	0	990
	Qtr 4 2016	0	0.4	19.46	0	1002
MW 2	Qtr 1 2016	0	1.1	21.66	0	1008
	Qtr 2 2016	0	1.04	20.7	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	0	0.2	20.2	0	993
	Qtr 4 2016	0	1.26	16.44	0	1002
MW 3	Qtr 1 2016	0	1.66	20.02	0	1009
	Qtr 2 2016	5.78	5.6	15.74	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	3.4	2.8	18.1	0	990
	Qtr 4 2016	50.96	21.28	0	0	1002
MW 6	Qtr 1 2016	0	1.62	20.2	0	1009
	Qtr 2 2016	0	1.46	19.94	0	1009
	Qtr 3 2016	0	0.86	20.1	0	990
	Qtr 4 2016	0.72	2.8	18.12	0	1002
MW 7	Qtr 1 2016	0	0.24	21.1	0	1008
	Qtr 2 2016	0	0.24	20.86	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	0.1	0.24	22.18	0	990
	Qtr 4 2016	0	0.12	20.5	0	1002
MW 8	Qtr 1 2016	7.38	9.22	13.24	0	1009
	Qtr 2 2016	7.4	9.08	13.4	0	1009
	Qtr 3 2016	3.5	2.5	18.4	0	29.3
	Qtr 4 2016	0.02	0.2	20.84	0	1002
MW 9	Qtr 1 2016	3.6	3.78	16.58	0	1008
	Qtr 2 2016	3.18	3.54	16.38	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	0	14.7	0.7	0	993
	Qtr 4 2016	0.76	2.8	18.38	0	1007
	Limit	1	1.5			

Me	thod	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000	GA 2000
Para	meter	CH <sub>4</sub>	CO <sub>2</sub>	02	H <sub>2</sub> S	Barometric Pressure
Uı	nits	1% v/v	1.5 % v/v	%	PPM	mb
Client Ref	Qtr	-	-	-	-	-
MW 10S	Qtr 1 2016	0	0.22	20.84	0	1009
	Qtr 2 2016	0	0.22	20.62	0	1009
	Qtr 3 2016	0	0.36	19.02	0	993
	Qtr 4 2016	0	0.2	17.38	0	1002
MW 10D	Qtr 1 2016	0	0.4	19.5	0	995
	Qtr 2 2016	0	0.28	20.04	0	1010
	Qtr 3 2016	0	0.14	16.16	0	993
	Qtr 4 2016	0	0.1	18.4	0	1002
MW 17S	Qtr 1 2016	0	0	20	0	1008
	Qtr 2 2016	0	0	18.86	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	0	0	20	0	993
	Qtr 4 2016	0.36	0.12	6.8	0	1002
MW 17D	Qtr 1 2016	0	0	20.5	0	1008
	Qtr 2 2016	0	0	19.56	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	0	0	20.5	0	993
	Qtr 4 2016	0	0.16	20.76	0	1002
Mw 18	Qtr 1 2016	56.4	25.8	0	0	1009
	Qtr 2 2016	49.64	25.96	5.36	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	55.4	24.8	0	0	990
	Qtr 4 2016	56.4	25.8	0	0	1002
MW 19	Qtr 1 2016	5.62	4.48	17.14	0	1010
	Qtr 2 2016	0	0.26	22.38	0	997
	Qtr 3 2016	24.5	18.7	17.14	6	990
	Qtr 4 2016	5.62	19.4	0	0	1002
	Limit	1	1.5			

1 ent Serial No: GA 07721

2 Schedule C2, Licenc

Exceedan