

Appendix 14

Traffic Report

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Client

Mr Sheridan

Project

**Levally Biogas Facility
Ballinrobe, County Mayo**

Report Title

**TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORT
ASSESSMENT REPORT**

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

1.1.1 DBFL Consulting Engineers have been commissioned by Mr Sheridan to undertake a Traffic and Transport Assessment (previously referred to as Traffic Impact Assessment) for a proposed development on a site located in the Townsland of Levally as located to the northeast of Ballinrobe, County Mayo. The general location of the site is illustrated on **Figure 1** as included in Appendix A.

1.1.2 The subject development proposals promote;

- a) The extension of an existing on-site Pig Farm, and
- b) The implementation of a Biogas facility within the same site.

1.1.3 During the development of this report, traffic turning count survey data has been analysed, with the objective of providing background information relating to existing traffic movement patterns across the local road network. This information has been supplemented with data obtained from site audits of the local road network, subsequently enabling the identification of existing local travel characteristics and an appreciation of the local receiving environment from a transportation perspective.

1.2 Scope

1.2.1 The purpose of this TTA is to quantify the existing transport environment and to detail the results of assessment work undertaken to identify the potential level of any transport impact generated as a result of the proposed development. The scope of the assessment covers transport and related sustainability issues including means of vehicular access, pedestrian, cyclist and local public transport connections. The principal objective of the report is to quantify any level of impact across the local road network and subsequently ascertain both the existing and future operational performance of the local road network.

1.3 Methodology

1.3.1 Our approach to the study accords with policy and guidance both at a national and local level. Accordingly the adopted methodology responds to best practices, current and emerging guidance, exemplified by a series of publications, all of which advocate this method of analysis. Key publications consulted include;

- '*Traffic and Transport Assessment Guidelines*' (September 2007) National Road Authority
- '*Traffic Management Guidelines*' Dublin Transportation Office & Department of the Environment and Local Government (May 2003);
- '*Guidelines for Traffic Impact Assessments*' The Institution of Highways and Transportation;

1.3.2 Our methodology incorporated a number of key inter-related stages, including;

- **Site Audit:** A site audit was undertaken to quantify existing road network issues and identify local infrastructure characteristics, in addition to establishing the level of accessibility to the site in terms of walking, cycling and public transport. An inventory of the local road network was also developed during this stage of the assessment.
- **Traffic Counts:** Junction turning counts were analysed with the objective of establishing local traffic characteristics in the immediate area of the proposed developments site access junction with the Regional Road Network.
- **Trip Generation:** A trip generation exercise has been carried out to establish the potential level of vehicle trips generated by the proposed pig farm extension / Biogas facility development.

- **Trip Distribution:** Based upon existing traffic characteristics and the anticipated routing of commercial vehicles travelling to / from the proposed development, a distribution exercise has been undertaken to assign site generated vehicle trips across the local road network.
- **Network Impact:** Ascertain the specific level of influence generated by the proposed development upon the local road network.
- **Network Assessment:** Drawing upon the findings of the previous stages, an operational assessment of the local road network has been undertaken to evaluate the operational performance of the R331 Regional Road / L56391 / L5646 junction following the implementation of the proposed development.

1.4 Structure of Report

- 1.4.1 As introduced above, this TTA seeks to clarify the potential level of influence generated by the proposed development upon the local road network and subsequently ascertain the existing and future operational performance of the local transport system. The structure of the report responds to the various stages of this exercise including the key tasks summarised below.
- 1.4.2 **Chapter Two** outlines the key information pertaining to the local receiving environment and the sites characteristics in relation to site accessibility levels.
- 1.4.3 **Chapter Three** outlines the key information pertaining to the proposed development and of specific relevance to this transport appraisal.
- 1.4.4 In **Chapter Four** a summary of the vehicle trip generation, vehicle distribution, and network assignment exercise is detailed, in addition to quantifying the potential level of impact, as generated by the subject proposals, upon key junctions across the local road network.
- 1.4.5 The operational performance of R331 junction for a range of different development / traffic scenarios following the commissioning of the proposed development are investigated and reported within **Chapter five**.

- 1.4.6 Finally a summary of our appraisal together with the main conclusions of the assessment are provided in **Chapter Six**.

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2.0 RECEIVING ENVIRONMENT

2.1 Site Location

2.1.1 As illustrated in Figure SK001 (Appendix A) the subject development site is located approximately 3.25km northeast of Ballinrobe and 820m north of the R344 regional road corridor.

2.2 Sustainable Transport Framework

Pedestrian Environment

2.2.1 The site audit revealed that there is little demand for dedicated pedestrian facilities in this rural location. Accordingly no dedicated infrastructure facilities are provided across the local / regional road network.

2.2.2 Nevertheless the local third class roads (particularly the L56391 that services the subject site) are so lightly trafficked pedestrians could safely use these links should a demand other than a leisurely walk for local residents ever arise.

Pedestrian Environment

2.2.3 The audit established that there are currently no dedicated cycle facilities in the area of the proposed development.

Public Transport

2.2.4 Whilst Bus Eireann operate bus services in a north / south orientation through both Ballinrobe and Claremorris, no service operates along the R331 corridor between this two urban centres. Accordingly the subject site does not benefit from public transport connections which is not unusual for a site in such a rural location in Ireland.

2.3 Local Road Network

2.3.1 The site audit established that the local road network is subject to the default 80kph speed regulations which respecting the rural location does not benefit from street lighting. The characteristics of the R331 corridor at its junction with

the L56391 (road link to the subject site) and the L5646 are illustrated in Photographs 1 to 3 below.

Photograph 1

On-Site
Access Road
Linking
L56391 with
existing on-site
Pig Farm
facilities.



Photograph 2

R331/L56391
junction
looking
southwest
towards
Ballinrobe
from minor
arm
(L56391).



Photograph 3

R331/L56391
junction
looking
north east
towards
Hollymount
from minor
arm
(L56391).



- 2.3.2 With the objective of quantifying the existing traffic movements across the local road network junction traffic counts were undertaken at the four arm cross road junction between the R331 / L56391 / L5646 during the weekday peak periods. These traffic counts were carried on Thursday 3rd November 2011 with the objective of ensuring that the most heavily traffic period (Ballinrobe Mart) is investigated.
- 2.3.3 An analysis of the recorded survey data established the peak AM and PM traffic flows as the basis for this TTA. The weekday AM peak was found to be between 08:00 and 09:00 and the weekday PM peak was found to be between 17:00 and 18:00 as detailed in Figure SK002 in Appendix A.
- 2.3.4 As illustrated in Figure SK001 the subject site is located approximately 1km (via access road) north of the R331 / L56391 / L5646 four arm crossroad junction. Vehicles travelling between the development site and the R331 corridor can avail of the L56391 third class road. With the exception of a single dwelling house, the existing on-site Pig Farm is the only premises that utilises the L56391. The site access junction with the L56391 third class road is located approximately 600m north along the L56391 from its junctions with the R331 regional road corridor. From this position an on-site access road approximately 470m in length connects the existing on-site facility with the L56391.
- 2.3.5 Whilst the L56391 third class road only benefits from a carriageway in the order of 3.0m to 3.75m in width a total of four (4) pass-by bays as illustrated in Figure SK001 enable two way vehicle movements along this quite lightly trafficked link.
- 2.3.6 The existing on-site facility which employs 4 people currently operates two shifts. The first of these shifts runs between 0800 to 1630 and the second shift from 0930 to 1800 / 1830 depending upon when the last load leaves the site.
- 2.3.7 Further to the peak hour network flows established by the traffic surveys at the R331 junction Table 1 below summarises the level of traffic generation (as provided by NRG) that the existing on-site Pig Farm currently generates.

Table 1 Existing Pig Farm Traffic Generation

Category	Vehicle Type	Annual Trips ¹	Weekly Trips ¹	AM Peak Hour ²	PM Peak Hour ²
Staff	Car / LGV	676	13	1	1
Feed Deliveries	Rigid HGV	104	2.5	0	0
Fat Pigs to Factory	Rigid HGV	50	1 to 2	0	0
Carcasses to Rendering	Rigid HGV	26	1 max	0	0
Facility Service Inspectors	Car / LGV	208	4	0	1
Manure to Customers	HGV / Tractor	320	10	0	0

Notes: (1) One Way Trip estimation provided by NRGE (2) Corresponding DBFL Two-Way Trips

2.4 Safety Record of Local Network

2.4.1 The accident statistics on the Road Safety Authority (RSA) Website have been reviewed in order to ascertain the safety record of the local road over the most recent five year period. This includes information for the years 2005 to 2009 inclusive and indicates basic information on all reported accidents.

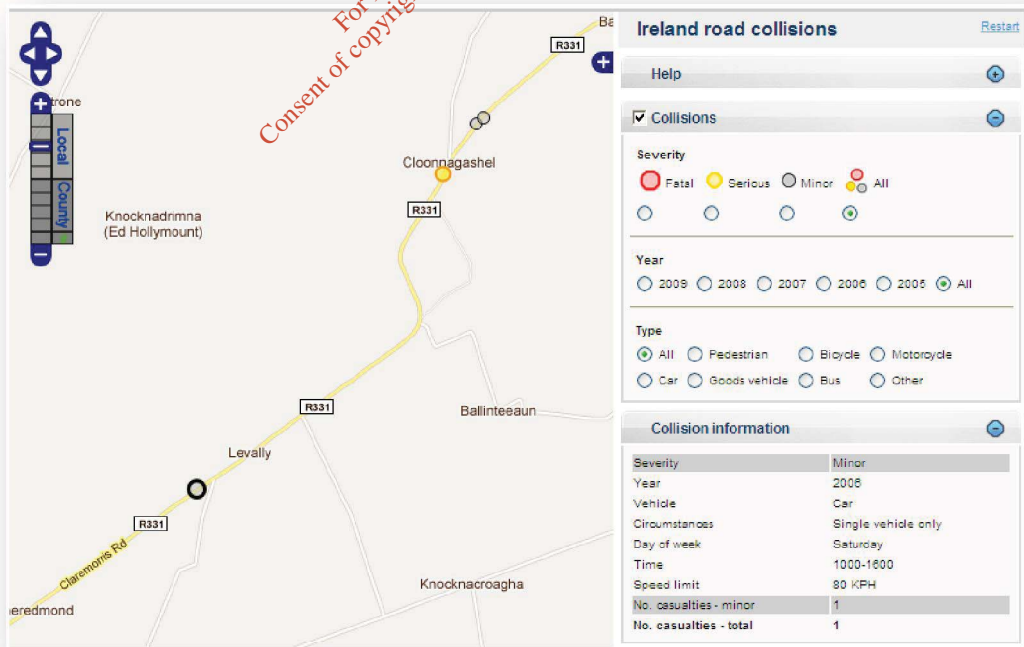


Figure 1 Road Accidents 2005 to 2009 (Source www.rsa.ie)

- 2.4.2 The RSA records detail only those occasions where the incident was officially recorded such as the Garda being present to formally record details of the incident.
- 2.4.3 Only a single incident is noted within the RSA records. This incident in 2006 seems to have occurred approximately over 100m west of the R331 / L56391 / L5646 and involved a single vehicle on a Saturday morning in daylight conditions between 10:00 and 16:00.
- 2.4.4 The analysis reveals, as graphically summarised in Figure 1 above, that there is no record of any incident trends or notable safety issues across the local road network that will serve the subject development proposals.

2.5 R331 Junction Characteristics

- 2.5.1 The layout of this existing junction is illustrated in NRG drawing as included in Appendix B. Following a site audit and review of the junction layout in NRG's drawing DBFL confirm that visibility splays from a vehicle (car drivers perspective) waiting to exit the L56391 minor road of approximately 70m from an 'X' distance of 2.4m can be achieved. Whilst greater distances to approaching vehicles (e.g. middle of approaching traffic lane) can be achieved the existing 'car' based visibility splays are restricted by low level boundary walls along the northern side of the regional corridor either side of the L56391 minor arm.
- 2.5.2 Nevertheless, from a HGV drivers perspective, the vehicle category which represents the vast majority of vehicle calling at the subject development proposals; the available visibility splays to approaching vehicles is significantly enhanced as such HGV drivers can easily see over these adjoining low level boundary walls.

3.0 CHARACTERISTICS OF THE PROPOSALS

3.1 Background of Existing On-Site Activities

3.1.1 Mr. Sheridan was granted planning permission for a 200 sow integrated unit at this site in 1987. He has built it up over the last fifteen of years into a financially viable pig farm operating as a 200 sow fully integrated unit and granted planning permission 2011 for Planning Permission for retention of existing pig production unit, initiated in 1962 and fully established in 1989.

3.2 Proposed Development

3.2.1 The subject development proposals promote;

- a) The extension of the existing on-site Pig Farm, and
- b) The implementation of a Biogas facility within the same site.

3.2.2 The development will occupy a landscaped site of approximately 2.35 hectares (5.81 acres). The proposed development consists of a of Extension to Existing Farrowing House 5(N), Extension to Fattening House 12(N), New Farrowing House 6, New Dry Sow Houses 8(N) ,9(N), New Weaner House 15 new Fattening Houses 13, 14, a manure collection tank, 5 Additional Feed Bins, demolition of Weaner House 6 and 2 manure tanks, a Biogas Plant consisting of 2 no digester tanks, 2 geomembrane lined manure storage basins, 1 no fibre store, 3 No Feed Tanks, Reception Building, Reception Bays, Plant Building, Pasturisation Tanks, Weighbridge and associated site works to produce renewable energy and fertilizer.

3.2.2 The proposed works will reduce net emissions from the adjacent facility, with the proposed Anaerobic Digester, which will require fresh delivery of manure from the pig houses. This proposal will also provide compliance with the new E.C. Regulations on Animal Welfare, Nitrate Directives, and incorporates emission reduction measures, as required by IPPC license conditions.

Staff Numbers

- 3.2.3 The pig farm currently gives direct employment to 4 full time staff and indirectly provides employment amounting to a total of 35 full time jobs. The proposed expansion will lead to 8 staff members employed in total on the farm and Biogas Plant with indirect employment 45 full time jobs in pig meat processing, milling, waste and biomass collection sectors.

Manure Storage Capacity

- 3.2.4 Annual, neat pig slurry production and extraneous water (10%) is 14280m³. Underground storage amounts to 3460m³ (net of free-board reduction of 200mm for gasses accumulation under slat) equivalent to 13 weeks manure storage capacity. Slurry storage in excess of 29 weeks is provided on site.

Land Spreading Areas

- 3.2.5 The spreadlands are situated in the Ballinrobe / Hollymount area of south east Mayo. There is a total of 1841 hectares of tested usable area in the landbank. The bedrock in the region is limestone in origin, containing a regionally important aquifer. Sheridan Pig Farm have with the consent of his neighbours supplied the nutrients for crop growth on 52 farms in the customer farmer list. There are 8 reserve farms should nutrients build up or a recipient withdraw from the scheme. Formal nutrient plans have been devised for all farms in this application.
- 3.2.6 The existing facility is entitled to supply manure to any local farmer who wants it, and is obliged to record all dispatches from the holding and the farmers acquiring manure are obliged to record all consignments acquired and to use it in compliance with the regulations. Manure will not be supplied to customer farms between 15th October and 15th January in any year except with the consent of the local authority, or any other relevant authority. Outside that period, manure will be supplied from the site to a customer farmer, only in response to an order. Managed and used in this way, manure produced at this facility will not have any adverse impact on environmental parameters either inside or outside the site.
- 3.2.7 It is planned to import an additional 11,500 tonnes of organic material per annum to mix with the pig manure to increase the efficiency of the proposed

Anaerobic Digester. This organic material will be added directly to the mixing tank and will be green crop (maize, grass, oil seed or corn), or alternatively will be belly grass material (digestive tract contents separated from the digestive tract) from adjacent meat factories, Dairy Floatation sludge from adjacent dairy processing plants, fish waste (Subject to approval by Dept of Communications, Marine, and Natural Resources), and Animal By Products (Subject to approval by Dept of Agriculture & Food).

- 3.2.8 It is proposed to primarily target organic materials that are currently being land spread, as this process will greatly reduce current environmental impacts, in accordance with current land spreading directives. The approval of the Environmental Protection Agency, Mayo County Council and the Department of Agriculture will have to be granted, to permit the treatment of other waste types at this proposed anaerobic digester.
- 3.2.9 This organic material will be imported onto the site on a needs basis only. It will be delivered directly into the relevant pre mix tanks. The high fibre material will be transferred directly into the underground pre mix tanks, and liquid material will be pumped into the sealed storage tanks on site. Waste material will only be accepted on site from approved facilities, to be delivered by approved contractors.

4.0 TRAFFIC GENERATION AND DISTRIBUTION

4.1 Overview

4.1.1 The following paragraphs present the process by which the potential level of vehicle trips associated with the proposed development, have been generated and subsequently assigned across the local road network.

4.2 Traffic Generation

4.2.1 The following table outlines that level of traffic that could be generated on-site following the implementation of the subject development proposals. The traffic numbers include the baseline vehicle movements as generated by the existing on-site operation. The net difference (between existing and proposed scenarios) in traffic generation can be established by comparing Table 1 and Table 2 data.

Table 2 Post Development Traffic Generation

Category	Vehicle Type	Annual Trips ¹	Weekly Trips ¹	AM Peak Hour ²	PM Peak Hour ²
Staff	Car / LGV	1040	20	2	2
Feed Deliveries	Rigid HGV	104	2.5	0	0
Fat Pigs to Factory	Rigid HGV	350	7	0	0
Carcasses to Rendering	Rigid HGV	26	1 max	0	0
Facility Service Inspectors	Car / LGV	208	4	0	1
Manure (liquid digestate) to Customers	HGV / Tractor	320	10	0	0
Imported Organic Biomass	HGV	1170	22.5	1	1
Total		3,218	67	3	3

Notes: (1) One Way Trip estimation provided by NRG E

(2) Corresponding DBFL One-Way Trips

4.2.2 In terms of vehicle trip generation the principal impact will be generated by the additional staff numbers (Car / LGV's) and the imported Organic Biomass (HGV's). In response to the operational shifts on-site and the opportunity to

receive deliveries throughout the entire working days this nominal level of additional vehicle movements will not be focused into a specific period of the day.

4.2.3 Furthermore the potential occurrence and frequency of opposing vehicles meeting whilst travelling over the 600m length of the site access road (L56391) between the R331 corridor and the entrance to the site is relatively small considering staff will be undertaking one-way trips to / from the site (inbound only in the AM and outbound only in the PM) movement) and the potential additional 5 HGV movements (10 two-way) will be distributed over the entire 10 hour working day (0800 to 1800) resulting in one trip every 60 minutes on average.

4.2.4 The potential additional 67 weekly trips (one-way) that could be generated in a worst case post development scenario (including existing traffic) results in a total of 14 number one-way trips on any weekday on average. This quantum of vehicle trips (28 two-way) over a ten hour working day should not adversely impact the same operation of the 600m long L56391 link between the R331 corridor and the entrance to the subject site.

4.3 Traffic Distribution

4.3.1 All traffic accessing and exiting the subject site will in the post development scenario continue to utilise the R331 / L56391 junction. The distribution of traffic through this key node during the AM and PM peak hour is illustrated in Figure SK003 in Appendix A.

4.4 Future Traffic Growth

4.4.1 The 'operational' impact of traffic on the network within the area of influence is normally assessed for the predicted "Opening Year" which DBFL have assumed to be something in 2012. In accordance with best practice the corresponding design year is 15 years thereafter. As a result we have adopted a "Design Year" of 2027 as the basis of this assessment. This 16 year period will also enable

sufficient time for the proposed development to reach its full permitted capacity.

4.4.2 To obtain predicted background traffic flows for the road network within the vicinity of the proposed site, the National Roads Authority (NRA) "Future Traffic Forecasts 2002-2040" document has been referenced. Applying the following NRA growth factors, for non-national classified links, to the 2011 network survey data the corresponding baseline flows were calculated for the 2027 Design Year.

- 2011 to 2027: 15.25%

4.5 Impact of Proposals

4.5.1 The Institution of Highways and Transportation document 'Guidelines for Traffic Impact Assessments' states that the impact of a proposed development upon the local road network is considered material when the level of traffic it generates surpasses 10% and 5% on normal and congested networks respectively. When such levels of impact are generated a more detailed assessment should be undertaken to ascertain the specific impact upon the networks operational performance.

4.5.2 In accordance with the IHT guidelines we have undertaken an assessment to establish the potential level of impact upon the junction of the local road network. To enable this calculation to be undertaken we have based the analysis upon the 2011 baseline traffic scenario. The analysis has demonstrated that the proposed development could generate the following impacts at the R344 / L56391 junction during the AM and PM peak hour periods.

Table 4.8 – Network Impact

Junction/ Location	AM Peak	PM Peak
Site Access / Maudlintown Road	2.5%	1.54%

4.5.3 The analysis demonstrates that the proposed development will generate a sub-threshold impact of no more than 2.5% at the off-site R331 junction.

4.5.4 In accordance with the IHT 'Guidelines for Traffic Impact Assessments', the level of impact recorded at the site access junction does not necessary require a more detailed assessment. Nevertheless with the objective of providing a comprehensive assessment we have undertaken a detailed investigation of the operational performance of this key node as part of this TTA.

4.6 Construction Activities Potential Impact

4.6.1 All construction activities will be governed by a Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP) the details of which will be agreed with the local roads authority prior to the commencement of construction activities on-site. The principal objective of the CTMP is to ensure that the impacts of all building activities generated during the construction of the proposed mixed use development upon both the public (off-site) and internal (on-site) workers environments, are fully considered and proactively managed / programmed respecting key stakeholders requirements thereby ensuring that both the public's and construction workers safety is maintained at all times, disruptions minimised and undertaken within a controlled hazard free / minimised environment. The impact of the construction works will be temporary in nature.

4.6.2 As parking will be provided on-site construction traffic will consist of the following two principal categories:

- Private vehicles owned and driven by site construction staff and by full time supervisory staff.
- Excavation plant and dumper trucks involved in site development works and material delivery vehicles for the following: granular fill materials, concrete pipes, manholes, reinforcement steel, readymix concrete and mortar, concrete blocks, miscellaneous building materials, etc.

4.6.3 On-site employees will generally arrive before 08:00, thus avoiding the morning peak hour traffic. These employees will generally depart after 18:00. It should be noted that a large proportion of construction workers would arrive in shared transport. Deliveries would arrive at a steady rate during the course of the day.

4.6.4 Based upon experience, a development of this scale would at a maximum necessitate approximately 4 staff on site at any one time, subsequently

generating no more than 6 two-way vehicle trips during the peak AM and PM periods over the period of the construction works.

- 4.6.5 It is anticipated that the generation of HGV during this same construction period will be evenly spread throughout the day and as such will not impact significantly during the peak traffic periods. For this scale of development we do not expect HGV vehicle movements to exceed 2 vehicles per hour during the busiest period of construction works.

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5.0 TRAFFIC ASSESSMENT

5.1 Overview

5.1.1 The following paragraphs summarise the results of detailed assessments, which have been undertaken to investigate the operational performance of the proposed development upon the local road network. This analysis considers the the L56391 link road in addition to the four arm crossroads between the R331 / L56391 / L5646.

Design Year

5.1.2 In accordance with NRA best practice guidance the network has been assessed for a future design year (a period of 15 years after opening). In this case it is expected that the proposed development may be completed sometime in 2012. Accordingly DBFL have adopted 2027 as the future design year.

Assessment Periods

5.1.3 As introduced previously the AM and PM peak hour flows have been identified as occurring between 0800 to 0900 and 1700 to 1800 respectively for a typical neutral weekday scenario.

5.2 Regional Road Junction

5.2.1 Prior to dissipating across the external off-site road network this junction will be subject to the greatest level of potential impact as generated by the implementation of the subject Pig Farm Extension / Biomass Facility development. Accordingly it is prudent that the operational performance of this key junction is quantified to ensure that no adverse implications, in terms of congestion and associated delays, are generated as a result of vehicles travelling through this junction on route to / from the site.

5.2.2 The assessment has been undertaken using the Transport Research Laboratory (TRL) computer package PICADY. This off-line programme uses geometric and traffic information to assess whether the junction has sufficient capacity to accommodate the predicted traffic levels.

- 5.2.3 When considering roundabouts a Ratio of Flow to Capacity (RFC) or Degree of Saturation (DoS) of greater than 85% (0.85) would indicate that a junction is operating at or over capacity as the performance of the junction above this Ratio of Flow to Capacity (RFC) value deteriorates quickly resulting in the generation of congestion, vehicle queues and additional delay.
- 5.2.4 For the 2027 peak hour models, a 90-minute period has been simulated. Traffic flows were entered using an Origin-Destination table for the PM peak hour. This method ensures that the model accounts for vehicles already on the network at the outset of the peak hour under consideration. A copy of the, PICADY model output files is contained in **Appendix C**. The 2027 peak hour network flows for both the post development AM and PM scenarios are illustrated in Figure SK003.

TABLE 3 : R331 Junction – 2027 AM Peak Hour PICADY Results

Junction Arm	RFC	Vehicle Queue	Vehicle Delay
A – R331 (East)	0.003	0.0	0.00
B – L5646 (South)	0.002	0.0	0.13
C – R331 (West)	0.009	0.01	0.10
D –L56391 (North)	0.007	0.01	0.13

TABLE 4 : R331 Junction – 2027 PM Peak Hour PICADY Results

Junction Arm	RFC	Vehicle Queue	Vehicle Delay
A – R331 (East)	0.000	0.0	0.00
B – L5646 (South)	0.009	0.01	0.13
C – R331 (West)	0.023	0.02	0.14
D –L56391 (North)	0.006	0.01	0.13

- 5.2.5 In Table 3 and Table 4 above the principal PICADY simulation model results are summarised for the 2027 AM and PM peak hour post construction Do-Something scenarios respectively. The results demonstrate that the operational

performance of this key junction will continue with a notable level of reserve capacity (e.g. maximum RFC of 0.023 is less than 0.85) even with the construction of the subject development. Accordingly the capacity of the road network at this node will not prove to be a constraint to the delivery / implementation of the Pig Farm Extension / Biomass Facility.

5.3 L56391 Link Road

- 5.3.1 Previously in Chapter 4 it has been established that the potential occurrence and frequency of opposing vehicles meeting whilst travelling over the 600m length of the site access road (L56391) between the R331 corridor and the entrance to the site is relatively small. Considering staff will be undertaking one-way trips to / from the site (inbound only in the AM and outbound only in the PM) movement) and the potential additional 5 HGV movements (10 two-way) will be distributed over the entire 10 hour working day (0800 to 1800) resulting in one trip every 60 minutes.
- 5.3.2 The potential 67 weekly trips (one-way) that could in a worst case post development scenario (including existing traffic) result in a total of 14 number one-way trips on any given weekday. This quantum of vehicle trips (28 two-way) over a ten hour working day should not adversely impact the same operation of the 600m long L56391 link between the R331 corridor and the entrance to the subject site. In the rare occasion that two opposing vehicles should meet whilst travelling along the 600m of the L56391 the presence of the existing four (4) pass-by bays should provide sufficient opportunity for these opposing vehicles to safely pass.

5.4 Mitigation Measures

- 5.4.1 Notwithstanding the minimal impact that the subject proposals may generate upon the local transport network the following measures are proposed to ensure that the safe operation of the local network continues in the post development scenario.

- a) STOP Road markings and corresponding minor arm central lane markings should be provided on the L56391 at its junction with the R331 corridor. This will ensure that any vehicles waiting to exit the minor arm do not block the ability for a vehicle on the R331 carriageway from turning off the main road and entering (seeking access) the L56391.
- b) Additional high visibility advanced warning signs indicating 'junction ahead' should be provided on the R331 approach to the crossroads.
- c) Appropriate signage at each of the L56391 pass-by bays should be provided to advise vehicle drivers to yield to approaching vehicles.

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6.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

6.1 Summary

6.1.1 DBFL Consulting Engineers have been commissioned by Mr Sheridan to undertake a Traffic and Transport Assessment for a proposed development on a site located in the Townland of Levally as located to the northeast of Ballinrobe, County Mayo. The proposals seek approval to extend an existing Pig Farm facility in addition to the implementation of a Biogas Facility.

6.1.2 Our methodology for undertaking this TTA incorporated a number of key inter-related stages, including;

- Site Audit,
- Analysis of Traffic Surveys,
- Trip Generation, Distribution and Assignment,
- Network Impact, and
- Network Assessment.

6.1.3 The principal findings that can be drawn from this TTA are as follows;:

- a) The site accommodates a commercial agricultural based industry in the form of a Pig Farm which currently generates a number of vehicle movements between the site and the local road network.
- b) An analysis of recent Road Safety Authority's road incident data reveals that the existing on-site commercial activities have not contributed to any safety concerns.
- c) The site access road (L56391) that connects the subject site with the regional road network only services two premises namely the existing Pig Farm and one residential dwellings (as located to the northeast of the Pig Farm).
- d) This access road, whilst narrow, benefits from 4 number informal pass-by bays which permits two-way traffic movements on the rare occasion that opposing vehicles meet along the 600m section between the site access and the regional Road corridor.

- e) The proposals will result in the generation of only a small number of additional vehicles which have been quantified as being only 2 additional one-way trips in the weekday peak hour periods or approximately 30 one-way trips over 5.5 working days.
- f) The impact upon the R331 junction will be sub-threshold. The operation of the key junction will continue to operate with a significant amount of reserve capacity following the construction of the proposed developments.

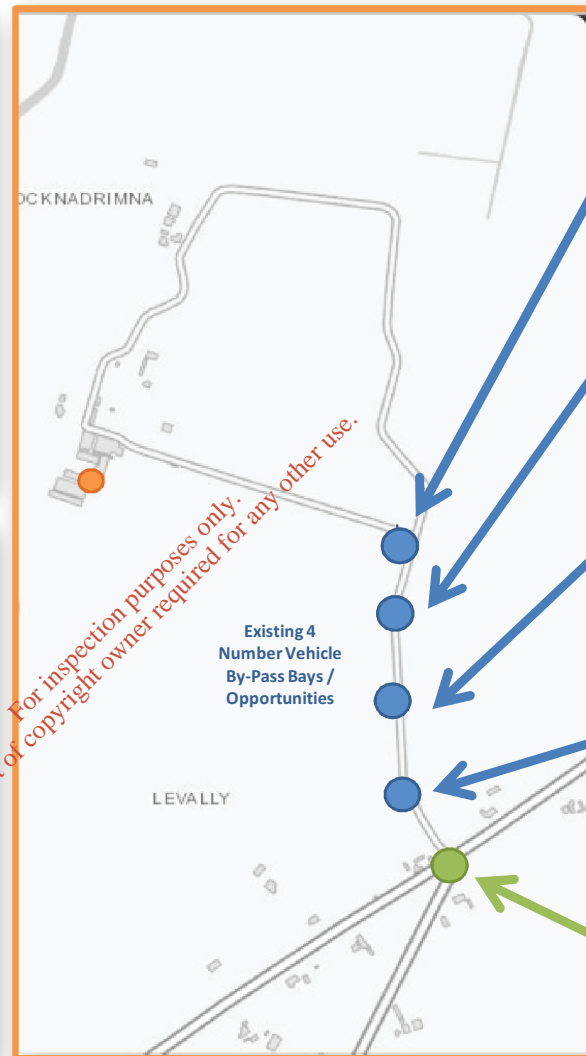
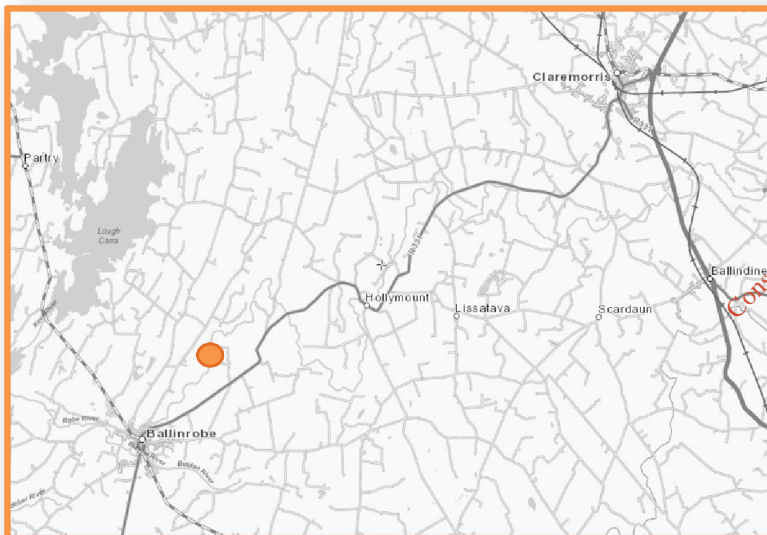
6.2 Conclusion

- 6.2.1 In conclusion, it is considered that the impact on the surrounding road network, as a result of the subject proposals will be nominal. This is based on the anticipated levels of traffic generated by the proposed development, the characteristics of the road infrastructure and the information and analysis summarised in the above report.
- 6.2.2 It is concluded that there are no traffic or transportation related reasons that should prevent the granting of planning permission for the proposed development.

APPENDIX A

Figure

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1

2

3

4

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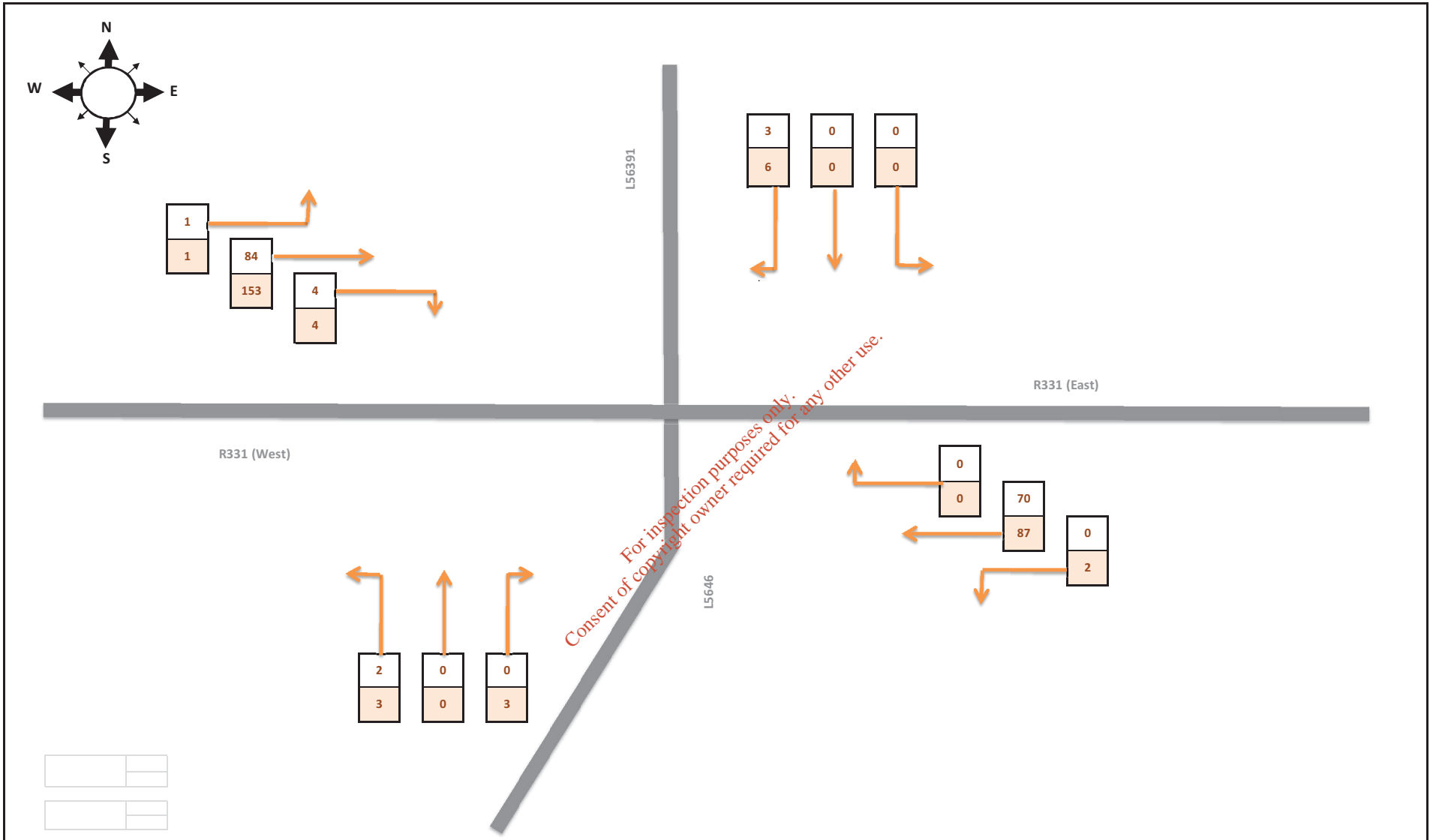
Existing 4
Number Vehicle
By-Pass Bays /
Opportunities



Herbert House, Harmony Row, Dublin 2
Unit 2, The Chandlery, 1-2 O'Connell St, Waterford
PHONE +353 1 4004000 FAX +353 1 4004050
EMAIL info@dbfl.ie WEB www.dbfl.ie

KEY :

Project		
Levally Biogas Facility		
Figure Title		
Site Location		
Scale :	Drn / Chk By:	Figure Number
N.T.S.	PC / DR	112098/SK001
File Ref.	Date	
112098 Figures	11/11/2011	



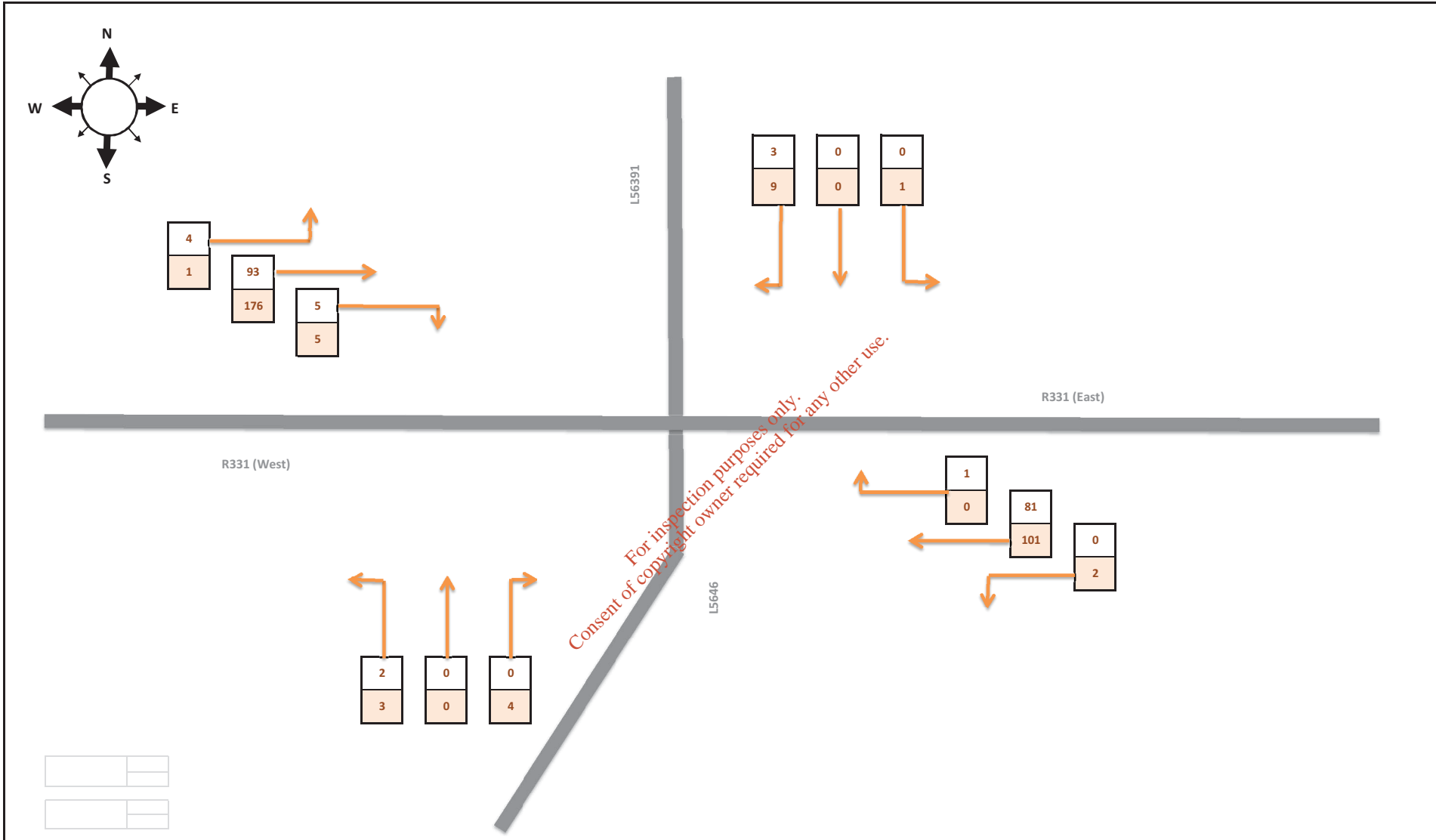

Herbert House, Harmony Row, Dublin 2
 Unit 2, The Chandlery, 1-2 O'Connell St, Waterford
 PHONE +353 1 4004000 FAX +353 14004050
 EMAIL info@dbf.ie WEB www.dbf.ie

KEY :

Note all values are PUC's

111	2011 AM Peak Hour
222	2011 PM Peak Hour

Project			Levally Biogas Facility
Figure Title			2011 Network Flows
Scale :	Drn / Chk By:	Figure Number	
N.T.S.	PC / DR	112098/SK002	
File Ref.	Date		
112098 Figures	14/11/2011		




Herbert House, Harmony Row, Dublin 2
Unit 2, The Chandlery, 1-2 O'Connell St, Waterford

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EMAIL info@dbfl.ie WEB www.dbfl.ie

KEY :

Note all values are PUC's

111	2027 AM Peak Hour
222	2027 PM Peak Hour

Project		
Levally Biogas Facility		
Figure Title		
2027 'Do-Something Scenario' Network Flows		
Scale :	Drn / Chk By:	Figure Number
N.T.S.	PC / DR	112098/SK003
File Ref.	Date	
112098 Figures	14/11/2011	

APPENDIX B

Drawings

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APPENDIX C

PICADY Output Data

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CAPACITIES, QUEUES, AND DELAYS AT 3 OR 4-ARM MAJOR/MINOR PRIORITY JUNCTIONS

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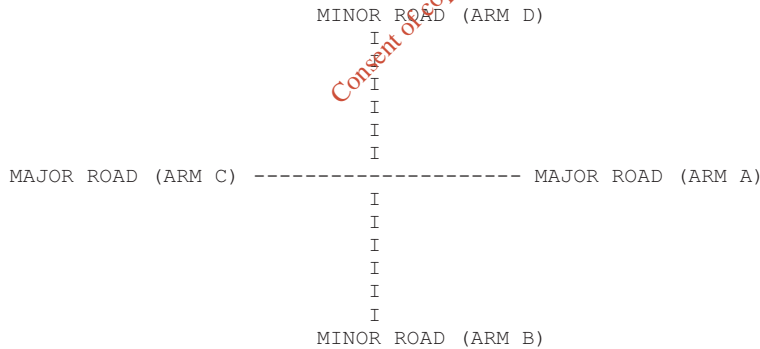
Run with file:- "G:\2011\p112098\calcs\picady\R334 Junction DS 2027 AM.vpi" (drive-on-the-left) at 14:44:30 on Monday, 14

RUN INFORMATION

RUN TITLE: Ballinrobe Biogas Facility - 2027 AM DS
LOCATION:
DATE: 14/11/11
CLIENT:
ENUMERATOR: jennings [PC101-WD]
JOB NUMBER: 112098
STATUS: TIA
DESCRIPTION:

.MAJOR/MINOR JUNCTION CAPACITY AND DELAY

INPUT DATA



ARM A IS R334 East
ARM B IS L5646 (south)
ARM C IS R334 West
ARM D IS L56391 (North)

STREAM LABELLING CONVENTION

STREAM A-B CONTAINS TRAFFIC GOING FROM ARM A TO ARM B
STREAM B-AC CONTAINS TRAFFIC GOING FROM ARM B TO ARM A AND TO ARM C
ETC.

GEOMETRIC DATA

DATA ITEM	MINOR ROAD B	MINOR ROAD D
TOTAL MAJOR ROAD CARRIAGEWAY WIDTH	(W) 6.00 M.	(W) 6.00 M.
CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH	(WCR) 0.00 M.	(WCR) 0.00 M.
MAJOR ROAD RIGHT TURN - WIDTH	(WC-B) 2.20 M.	(WA-D) 2.20 M.
- VISIBILITY	(VC-B) 160.0 M.	(VA-D) 0.0 M.
- BLOCKS TRAFFIC	YES	NO
MINOR ROAD - VISIBILITY TO LEFT	(VB-C) 40.0 M.	(VD-A) 40.0 M.
- VISIBILITY TO RIGHT	(VB-A) 50.0 M.	(VD-C) 13.0 M.
- LANE 1 WIDTH	(WB-C) -	(WD-A) -
- LANE 2 WIDTH	(WB-A) -	(WD-C) -
- WIDTH AT 0 M FROM JUNC.	10.00 M.	10.00 M.
- WIDTH AT 5 M FROM JUNC.	10.00 M.	10.00 M.
- WIDTH AT 10 M FROM JUNC.	10.00 M.	8.00 M.
- WIDTH AT 15 M FROM JUNC.	8.00 M.	2.30 M.
- WIDTH AT 20 M FROM JUNC.	6.00 M.	2.20 M.
- LENGTH OF FLARED SECTION	DERIVED: 3 PCU	DERIVED: 2 PCU

.SLOPES AND INTERCPET

(NB:Streams may be combined, in which case capacity will be adjusted)

B-C Stream

Intercept For Stream B-C	Slope For Stream A-C	Opposing Stream A-C	Opposing Stream A-B
602.92	0.23	0.09	

D-A Stream

Intercept For Stream D-A	Slope For Stream C-A	Opposing Stream C-A	Opposing Stream C-D
581.49	0.23	0.09	

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B-A Stream

Intercept For Stream B-A	Slope For Stream A-C	Opposing Stream A-D	Opposing Stream D-A	Opposing Stream D-B
473.93	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.22

Slope For Stream A-B	Opposing Stream C-A	Opposing Stream C-B	Opposing Stream D-C
0.09	0.14	0.31	0.11

D-C Stream

Intercept For Stream D-C	Slope For Stream C-A	Opposing Stream C-B	Opposing Stream B-C	Opposing Stream B-D
457.09	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21

Slope For Stream C-D	Opposing Stream A-C	Opposing Stream A-D	Opposing Stream B-A
0.08	0.13	0.30	0.11

C-B Stream

Intercept For Stream C-B	Slope For Stream A-C	Opposing Stream A-D
666.62	0.26	0.37

A-D Stream

I	Intercept For Stream A-D	Slope For Opposing Stream C-A	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	573.96	0.26	0.32	I

B-D Stream From Left Hand Lane

I	Intercept For Stream B-D	Slope For Opposing Stream A-C	Slope For Opposing Stream A-D	Slope For Opposing Stream A-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	473.93	0.22	0.22	0.09	0.31	I

I	Slope For Opposing Stream C-A	Slope For Opposing Stream C-D	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	0.14	0.14		I

B-D Stream From Right Hand Lane

I	Intercept For Stream B-D	Slope For Opposing Stream A-C	Slope For Opposing Stream A-D	Slope For Opposing Stream A-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	473.93	0.22	0.22	0.09	0.31	I

I	Slope For Opposing Stream C-A	Slope For Opposing Stream C-D	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	0.14	0.14		I

D-B Stream From Left Hand Lane

I	Intercept For Stream D-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-A	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	Slope For Opposing Stream D-C	Slope For Opposing Stream A-D	I
I	457.09	0.21	0.21	0.08	0.30	I

I	Slope For Opposing Stream A-C	Slope For Opposing Stream A-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	0.13	0.13		I

D-B Stream From Right Hand Lane

I	Intercept For Stream D-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-A	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-D	Slope For Opposing Stream A-D	I
I	457.09	0.21	0.21	0.08	0.30	I

I	Slope For Opposing Stream A-C	Slope For Opposing Stream A-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	0.13	0.13		I

TRAFFIC DEMAND DATA

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ARM	FLOW SCALE (%)
A	100
B	100
C	100
D	100

Demand set: Ballinrobe Biogas Facility - 2027 AM DS

TIME PERIOD BEGINS 07.45 AND ENDS 09.15

LENGTH OF TIME PERIOD - 90 MINUTES.
 LENGTH OF TIME SEGMENT - 15 MINUTES.

DEMAND FLOW PROFILES ARE SYNTHESISED FROM TURNING COUNT DATA

ARM	NUMBER OF MINUTES FROM START WHEN			RATE OF FLOW (VEH/MIN)		
	FLOW STARTS TO RISE	TOP OF PEAK IS REACHED	FLOW STOPS FALLING	BEFORE PEAK	AT TOP OF PEAK	AFTER PEAK
A	15.00	45.00	75.00	1.02	1.54	1.02
B	15.00	45.00	75.00	0.03	0.04	0.03
C	15.00	45.00	75.00	1.27	1.91	1.27
D	15.00	45.00	75.00	0.04	0.06	0.04

TIME	TURNING PROPORTIONS			
	ARM A	ARM B	ARM C	ARM D
07.45 - 09.15	0.000	0.000	0.988	0.012
	0.0	0.0	81.0	1.0
	(0.0)	(10.0)	(10.0)	(10.0)
	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.000
	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0
	(10.0)	(0.0)	(10.0)	(10.0)
	0.912	0.049	0.000	0.039
	93.0	5.0	0.0	4.0
	(10.0)	(10.0)	(0.0)	(10.0)
	0.000	0.000	1.000	0.000
	0.0	0.0	3.0	0.0
	(10.0)	(10.0)	(10.0)	(0.0)

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TURNING PROPORTIONS ARE CALCULATED FROM TURNING COUNT DATA

DEFAULT PROPORTIONS OF HEAVY VEHICLES ARE USED

QUEUE AND DELAY INFORMATION FOR EACH 15 MIN TIME SEGMENT

FOR COMBINED DEMAND SETS
 AND FOR TIME PERIOD 1

TIME	DEMAND (VEH/MIN)	CAPACITY (VEH/MIN)	DEMAND/CAPACITY (RFC)	PEDESTRIAN FLOW (PEDS/MIN)	START QUEUE (VEHS)	END QUEUE (VEHS)	DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	GEOMETRIC DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	AVERAGE DELAY PER ARRIVING VEHICLE (MIN)
07.45-08.00									
B-CD	0.01	8.83	0.001		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.11
B-AD	0.01	7.95	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.13
A-B	0.00								
A-C	1.02								
A-D	0.01	8.41	0.001		0.00	0.00	0.0		
D-AB	0.00	10.51	0.000		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.00
D-BC	0.04	7.73	0.005		0.00	0.00	0.1		0.13
C-ABD	0.06	9.83	0.006		0.00	0.01	0.1		0.10

TIME	DEMAND (VEH/MIN)	CAPACITY (VEH/MIN)	DEMAND/ CAPACITY (RFC)	PEDESTRIAN FLOW (PEDS/MIN)	START QUEUE (VEHS)	END QUEUE (VEHS)	DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	GEOMETRIC DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	AVERAGE DELAY PER ARRIVING VEHICLE (MIN)
08.00-08.15									
B-CD	0.01	8.72	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.11
B-AD	0.01	7.85	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.13
A-B	0.00								
A-C	1.21								
A-D	0.01	8.35	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		
D-AB	0.00	10.45	0.000		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.00
D-BC	0.04	7.63	0.006		0.00	0.01	0.1		0.13
C-ABD	0.07	9.78	0.008		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.10

TIME	DEMAND (VEH/MIN)	CAPACITY (VEH/MIN)	DEMAND/ CAPACITY (RFC)	PEDESTRIAN FLOW (PEDS/MIN)	START QUEUE (VEHS)	END QUEUE (VEHS)	DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	GEOMETRIC DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	AVERAGE DELAY PER ARRIVING VEHICLE (MIN)
08.15-08.30									
B-CD	0.02	8.58	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.12
B-AD	0.02	7.73	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.13
A-B	0.00								
A-C	1.49								
A-D	0.02	8.27	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		
D-AB	0.00	10.36	0.000		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.00
D-BC	0.06	7.50	0.007		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.13
C-ABD	0.09	9.71	0.009		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.10

TIME	DEMAND (VEH/MIN)	CAPACITY (VEH/MIN)	DEMAND/ CAPACITY (RFC)	PEDESTRIAN FLOW (PEDS/MIN)	START QUEUE (VEHS)	END QUEUE (VEHS)	DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	GEOMETRIC DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	AVERAGE DELAY PER ARRIVING VEHICLE (MIN)
08.30-08.45									
B-CD	0.02	8.58	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.12
B-AD	0.02	7.73	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.13
A-B	0.00								
A-C	1.49								
A-D	0.02	8.27	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		
D-AB	0.00	10.36	0.000		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.00
D-BC	0.06	7.50	0.007		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.13
C-ABD	0.09	9.71	0.009		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.10

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TIME	DEMAND (VEH/MIN)	CAPACITY (VEH/MIN)	DEMAND/ CAPACITY (RFC)	PEDESTRIAN FLOW (PEDS/MIN)	START QUEUE (VEHS)	END QUEUE (VEHS)	DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	GEOMETRIC DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	AVERAGE DELAY PER ARRIVING VEHICLE (MIN)
08.45-09.00									
B-CD	0.01	8.72	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.11
B-AD	0.01	7.85	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.13
A-B	0.00								
A-C	1.21								
A-D	0.01	8.35	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		
D-AB	0.00	10.45	0.000		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.00
D-BC	0.04	7.63	0.006		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.13
C-ABD	0.07	9.78	0.008		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.10

TIME	DEMAND (VEH/MIN)	CAPACITY (VEH/MIN)	DEMAND/ CAPACITY (RFC)	PEDESTRIAN FLOW (PEDS/MIN)	START QUEUE (VEHS)	END QUEUE (VEHS)	DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	GEOMETRIC DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	AVERAGE DELAY PER ARRIVING VEHICLE (MIN)
09.00-09.15									
B-CD	0.01	8.83	0.001		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.11
B-AD	0.01	7.95	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.13
A-B	0.00								
A-C	1.02								
A-D	0.01	8.41	0.001		0.00	0.00	0.0		
D-AB	0.00	10.51	0.000		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.00
D-BC	0.04	7.72	0.005		0.01	0.00	0.1		0.13
C-ABD	0.06	9.83	0.006		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.10

QUEUE FOR STREAM B-CD

TIME SEGMENT ENDING	NO. OF VEHICLES IN QUEUE
08.00	0.0
08.15	0.0
08.30	0.0
08.45	0.0
09.00	0.0
09.15	0.0

QUEUE FOR STREAM B-AD

TIME SEGMENT ENDING	NO. OF VEHICLES IN QUEUE
08.00	0.0
08.15	0.0
08.30	0.0
08.45	0.0
09.00	0.0
09.15	0.0

QUEUE FOR STREAM A-D

TIME SEGMENT ENDING	NO. OF VEHICLES IN QUEUE
08.00	0.0
08.15	0.0
08.30	0.0
08.45	0.0
09.00	0.0
09.15	0.0

QUEUE FOR STREAM D-AB

TIME SEGMENT ENDING	NO. OF VEHICLES IN QUEUE
08.00	0.0
08.15	0.0
08.30	0.0
08.45	0.0
09.00	0.0
09.15	0.0

QUEUE FOR STREAM D-BC

TIME SEGMENT ENDING	NO. OF VEHICLES IN QUEUE
08.00	0.0
08.15	0.0
08.30	0.0
08.45	0.0
09.00	0.0
09.15	0.0

QUEUE FOR STREAM C-ABD

TIME SEGMENT ENDING	NO. OF VEHICLES IN QUEUE
08.00	0.0
08.15	0.0
08.30	0.0
08.45	0.0
09.00	0.0
09.15	0.0

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 QUEUEING DELAY INFORMATION OVER WHOLE PERIOD

STREAM	TOTAL DEMAND	* QUEUEING * * DELAY *	* INCLUSIVE QUEUEING * * DELAY *
(VEH)	(VEH/H)	(MIN)	(MIN/VEH)
B-CD	1.4	0.9	0.2
B-AD	1.4	0.9	0.13
A-B	0.0	0.0	
A-C	111.5	74.3	
A-D	1.4	0.9	0.12
D-AB	0.0	0.0	0.00
D-BC	4.1	2.8	0.13
C-ABD	6.9	4.6	0.10
ALL	260.1	173.4	1.8

* DELAY IS THAT OCCURRING ONLY WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD .
 * INCLUSIVE DELAY INCLUDES DELAY SUFFERED BY VEHICLES WHICH ARE STILL QUEUEING AFTER THE END OF THE TIME PERIOD.
 * THESE WILL ONLY BE SIGNIFICANTLY DIFFERENT IF THERE IS A LARGE QUEUE REMAINING AT THE END OF THE TIME PERIOD.

END OF JOB
 ===== end of file =====

[Printed at 14:45:25 on 14/11/2011]

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CAPACITIES, QUEUES, AND DELAYS AT 3 OR 4-ARM MAJOR/MINOR PRIORITY JUNCTIONS

PICADY 5.0 ANALYSIS PROGRAM
RELEASE 3.0 (JUNE 2006)

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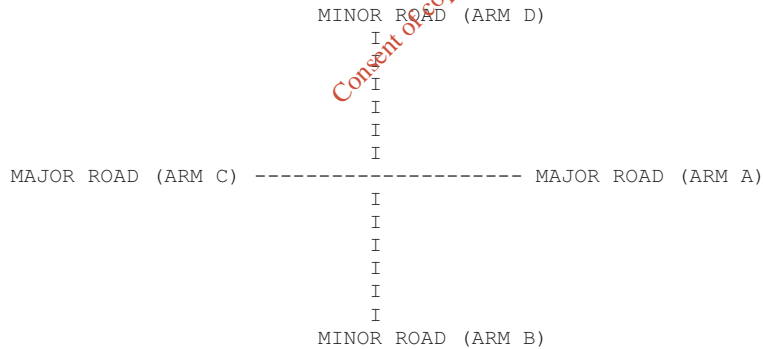
Run with file:- "G:\2011\p112098\calcs\picady\R334 Junction DS 2027 PM.vpi" (drive-on-the-left) at 14:49:04 on Monday, 14

RUN INFORMATION

RUN TITLE: Ballinrobe Biogas Facility - 2027 PM DS
LOCATION:
DATE: 14/11/11
CLIENT:
ENUMERATOR: jennings [PC101-WD]
JOB NUMBER: 112098
STATUS: TIA
DESCRIPTION:

.MAJOR/MINOR JUNCTION CAPACITY AND DELAY

INPUT DATA



ARM A IS R334 East
ARM B IS L5646 (south)
ARM C IS R334 West
ARM D IS L56391 (North)

STREAM LABELLING CONVENTION

STREAM A-B CONTAINS TRAFFIC GOING FROM ARM A TO ARM B
STREAM B-AC CONTAINS TRAFFIC GOING FROM ARM B TO ARM A AND TO ARM C
ETC.

GEOMETRIC DATA

DATA ITEM	MINOR ROAD B	MINOR ROAD D
TOTAL MAJOR ROAD CARRIAGEWAY WIDTH	(W) 6.00 M.	(W) 6.00 M.
CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH	(WCR) 0.00 M.	(WCR) 0.00 M.
MAJOR ROAD RIGHT TURN - WIDTH	(WC-B) 2.20 M.	(WA-D) 2.20 M.
- VISIBILITY	(VC-B) 160.0 M.	(VA-D) 0.0 M.
- BLOCKS TRAFFIC	YES	NO
MINOR ROAD - VISIBILITY TO LEFT	(VB-C) 40.0 M.	(VD-A) 40.0 M.
- VISIBILITY TO RIGHT	(VB-A) 50.0 M.	(VD-C) 13.0 M.
- LANE 1 WIDTH	(WB-C) -	(WD-A) -
- LANE 2 WIDTH	(WB-A) -	(WD-C) -
- WIDTH AT 0 M FROM JUNC.	10.00 M.	10.00 M.
- WIDTH AT 5 M FROM JUNC.	10.00 M.	10.00 M.
- WIDTH AT 10 M FROM JUNC.	10.00 M.	8.00 M.
- WIDTH AT 15 M FROM JUNC.	8.00 M.	2.30 M.
- WIDTH AT 20 M FROM JUNC.	6.00 M.	2.20 M.
- LENGTH OF FLARED SECTION	DERIVED: 3 PCU	DERIVED: 2 PCU

.SLOPES AND INTERCPET

(NB:Streams may be combined, in which case capacity will be adjusted)

B-C Stream

Intercept For Stream B-C	Slope For Stream A-C	Opposing Stream A-C	Opposing Stream A-B
602.92	0.23	0.09	

D-A Stream

Intercept For Stream D-A	Slope For Stream C-A	Opposing Stream C-A	Opposing Stream C-D
581.49	0.23	0.09	

B-A Stream

Intercept For Stream B-A	Slope For Stream A-C	Opposing Stream A-D	Opposing Stream D-A	Opposing Stream D-B
473.93	0.22	0.22	0.22	0.22

Slope For Stream A-B	Opposing Stream C-A	Opposing Stream C-B	Opposing Stream D-C
0.09	0.14	0.31	0.11

D-C Stream

Intercept For Stream D-C	Slope For Stream C-A	Opposing Stream C-B	Opposing Stream B-C	Opposing Stream B-D
457.09	0.21	0.21	0.21	0.21

Slope For Stream C-D	Opposing Stream A-C	Opposing Stream A-D	Opposing Stream B-A
0.08	0.13	0.30	0.11

C-B Stream

Intercept For Stream C-B	Slope For Stream A-C	Opposing Stream A-D
666.62	0.26	0.37

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A-D Stream

I	Intercept For Stream A-D	Slope For Opposing Stream C-A	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	573.96	0.26	0.32	I

B-D Stream From Left Hand Lane

I	Intercept For Stream B-D	Slope For Opposing Stream A-C	Slope For Opposing Stream A-D	Slope For Opposing Stream A-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	473.93	0.22	0.22	0.09	0.31	I

I	Slope For Opposing Stream C-A	Slope For Opposing Stream C-D	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	0.14	0.14		I

B-D Stream From Right Hand Lane

I	Intercept For Stream B-D	Slope For Opposing Stream A-C	Slope For Opposing Stream A-D	Slope For Opposing Stream A-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	473.93	0.22	0.22	0.09	0.31	I

I	Slope For Opposing Stream C-A	Slope For Opposing Stream C-D	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	0.14	0.14		I

D-B Stream From Left Hand Lane

I	Intercept For Stream D-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-A	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	Slope For Opposing Stream D-C	Slope For Opposing Stream A-D	I
I	457.09	0.21	0.21	0.08	0.30	I

I	Slope For Opposing Stream A-C	Slope For Opposing Stream A-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	0.13	0.13		I

D-B Stream From Right Hand Lane

I	Intercept For Stream D-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-A	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-D	Slope For Opposing Stream A-D	I
I	457.09	0.21	0.21	0.08	0.30	I

I	Slope For Opposing Stream A-C	Slope For Opposing Stream A-B	Slope For Opposing Stream C-B	I
I	0.13	0.13		I

TRAFFIC DEMAND DATA

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ARM	FLOW SCALE (%)
A	100
B	100
C	100
D	100

Demand set: Ballinrobe Biodag Facility - 2027 PM DS

TIME PERIOD BEGINS 16.45 AND ENDS 18.15

LENGTH OF TIME PERIOD - 90 MINUTES.
 LENGTH OF TIME SEGMENT - 15 MINUTES.

DEMAND FLOW PROFILES ARE SYNTHESISED FROM TURNING COUNT DATA

ARM	NUMBER OF MINUTES FROM START WHEN			RATE OF FLOW (VEH/MIN)		
	FLOW STARTS TO RISE	TOP OF PEAK IS REACHED	FLOW STOPS FALLING	BEFORE PEAK	AT TOP OF PEAK	AFTER PEAK
A	15.00	45.00	75.00	1.29	1.93	1.29
B	15.00	45.00	75.00	0.09	0.13	0.09
C	15.00	45.00	75.00	2.28	3.41	2.28
D	15.00	45.00	75.00	0.13	0.19	0.13

TIME	TURNING PROPORTIONS			
	FROM/TO	ARM A	ARM B	ARM C
16.45 - 18.15	ARM A	0.000	0.019	0.981
		0.0	2.0	101.0
		(0.0)	(10.0)	(10.0)
	ARM B	0.571	0.000	0.429
		4.0	0.0	0.0
		(10.0)	(0.0)	(10.0)
	ARM C	0.967	0.027	0.000
		176.0	5.0	0.0
		(10.0)	(10.0)	(0.0)
	ARM D	0.100	0.000	0.900
		1.0	0.0	9.0
		(10.0)	(10.0)	(10.0)

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TURNING PROPORTIONS ARE CALCULATED FROM TURNING COUNT DATA

DEFAULT PROPORTIONS OF HEAVY VEHICLES ARE USED

QUEUE AND DELAY INFORMATION FOR EACH 15 MIN TIME SEGMENT

FOR COMBINED DEMAND SETS
 AND FOR TIME PERIOD 1

TIME	DEMAND (VEH/MIN)	CAPACITY (VEH/MIN)	DEMAND/CAPACITY (RFC)	PEDESTRIAN FLOW (PEDS/MIN)	START QUEUE (VEHS)	END QUEUE (VEHS)	DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	GEOMETRIC DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	AVERAGE DELAY PER ARRIVING VEHICLE (MIN)
16.45-17.00									
B-CD	0.04	10.74	0.004		0.00	0.00	0.1		0.09
B-AD	0.05	8.28	0.006		0.00	0.01	0.1		0.12
A-B	0.03								
A-C	1.27								
A-D	0.00	8.18	0.000		0.00	0.00	0.0		
D-AB	0.01	10.20	0.001		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.10
D-BC	0.11	7.42	0.015		0.00	0.02	0.2		0.14
C-ABD	0.06	9.77	0.006		0.00	0.01	0.1		0.10

TIME	DEMAND (VEH/MIN)	CAPACITY (VEH/MIN)	DEMAND/ CAPACITY (RFC)	PEDESTRIAN FLOW (PEDS/MIN)	START QUEUE (VEHS)	END QUEUE (VEHS)	DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	GEOMETRIC DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	AVERAGE DELAY PER ARRIVING VEHICLE (MIN)
17.00-17.15									
B-CD	0.04	10.67	0.004		0.00	0.00	0.1		0.09
B-AD	0.06	8.13	0.007		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.12
A-B	0.03								
A-C	1.51								
A-D	0.00	8.08	0.000		0.00	0.00	0.0		
D-AB	0.01	10.08	0.001		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.10
D-BC	0.13	7.27	0.019		0.02	0.02	0.3		0.14
C-ABD	0.07	9.70	0.008		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.10

TIME	DEMAND (VEH/MIN)	CAPACITY (VEH/MIN)	DEMAND/ CAPACITY (RFC)	PEDESTRIAN FLOW (PEDS/MIN)	START QUEUE (VEHS)	END QUEUE (VEHS)	DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	GEOMETRIC DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	AVERAGE DELAY PER ARRIVING VEHICLE (MIN)
17.15-17.30									
B-CD	0.06	10.57	0.005		0.00	0.01	0.1		0.10
B-AD	0.07	7.92	0.009		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.13
A-B	0.04								
A-C	1.85								
A-D	0.00	7.94	0.000		0.00	0.00	0.0		
D-AB	0.02	9.90	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.10
D-BC	0.17	7.06	0.023		0.02	0.02	0.3		0.14
C-ABD	0.09	9.61	0.010		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.11

TIME	DEMAND (VEH/MIN)	CAPACITY (VEH/MIN)	DEMAND/ CAPACITY (RFC)	PEDESTRIAN FLOW (PEDS/MIN)	START QUEUE (VEHS)	END QUEUE (VEHS)	DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	GEOMETRIC DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	AVERAGE DELAY PER ARRIVING VEHICLE (MIN)
17.30-17.45									
B-CD	0.06	10.57	0.005		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.10
B-AD	0.07	7.92	0.009		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.13
A-B	0.04								
A-C	1.85								
A-D	0.00	7.94	0.000		0.00	0.00	0.0		
D-AB	0.02	9.90	0.002		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.10
D-BC	0.17	7.06	0.023		0.02	0.02	0.4		0.14
C-ABD	0.09	9.61	0.010		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.11

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TIME	DEMAND (VEH/MIN)	CAPACITY (VEH/MIN)	DEMAND/ CAPACITY (RFC)	PEDESTRIAN FLOW (PEDS/MIN)	START QUEUE (VEHS)	END QUEUE (VEHS)	DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	GEOMETRIC DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	AVERAGE DELAY PER ARRIVING VEHICLE (MIN)
17.45-18.00									
B-CD	0.04	10.67	0.004		0.01	0.00	0.1		0.09
B-AD	0.06	8.13	0.007		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.12
A-B	0.03								
A-C	1.51								
A-D	0.00	8.08	0.000		0.00	0.00	0.0		
D-AB	0.01	10.07	0.001		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.10
D-BC	0.13	7.27	0.019		0.02	0.02	0.3		0.14
C-ABD	0.07	9.70	0.008		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.10

TIME	DEMAND (VEH/MIN)	CAPACITY (VEH/MIN)	DEMAND/ CAPACITY (RFC)	PEDESTRIAN FLOW (PEDS/MIN)	START QUEUE (VEHS)	END QUEUE (VEHS)	DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	GEOMETRIC DELAY (VEH.MIN/ TIME SEGMENT)	AVERAGE DELAY PER ARRIVING VEHICLE (MIN)
18.00-18.15									
B-CD	0.04	10.74	0.004		0.00	0.00	0.1		0.09
B-AD	0.05	8.28	0.006		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.12
A-B	0.03								
A-C	1.27								
A-D	0.00	8.18	0.000		0.00	0.00	0.0		
D-AB	0.01	10.20	0.001		0.00	0.00	0.0		0.10
D-BC	0.11	7.42	0.015		0.02	0.02	0.2		0.14
C-ABD	0.06	9.77	0.006		0.01	0.01	0.1		0.10

QUEUE FOR STREAM B-CD

TIME SEGMENT ENDING	NO. OF VEHICLES IN QUEUE
17.00	0.0
17.15	0.0
17.30	0.0
17.45	0.0
18.00	0.0
18.15	0.0

QUEUE FOR STREAM B-AD

TIME SEGMENT ENDING	NO. OF VEHICLES IN QUEUE
17.00	0.0
17.15	0.0
17.30	0.0
17.45	0.0
18.00	0.0
18.15	0.0

QUEUE FOR STREAM A-D

TIME SEGMENT ENDING	NO. OF VEHICLES IN QUEUE
17.00	0.0
17.15	0.0
17.30	0.0
17.45	0.0
18.00	0.0
18.15	0.0

QUEUE FOR STREAM D-AB

TIME SEGMENT ENDING	NO. OF VEHICLES IN QUEUE
17.00	0.0
17.15	0.0
17.30	0.0
17.45	0.0
18.00	0.0
18.15	0.0

QUEUE FOR STREAM D-BC

TIME SEGMENT ENDING	NO. OF VEHICLES IN QUEUE
17.00	0.0
17.15	0.0
17.30	0.0
17.45	0.0
18.00	0.0
18.15	0.0

QUEUE FOR STREAM C-ABD

TIME SEGMENT ENDING	NO. OF VEHICLES IN QUEUE
17.00	0.0
17.15	0.0
17.30	0.0
17.45	0.0
18.00	0.0
18.15	0.0

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QUEUEING DELAY INFORMATION OVER WHOLE PERIOD

STREAM	TOTAL DEMAND	* QUEUEING * * DELAY *	* INCLUSIVE QUEUEING * * DELAY *
(VEH)	(VEH/H)	(MIN)	(MIN/VEH)
B-CD	4.1	2.8	0.4
B-AD	5.5	3.7	0.7
A-B	2.8	1.8	I
A-C	139.0	92.7	I
A-D	0.0	0.0	0.00
D-AB	1.4	0.9	0.1
D-BC	12.4	8.3	1.7
C-ABD	6.9	4.6	0.7
ALL	415.7	277.1	3.7

* DELAY IS THAT OCCURRING ONLY WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD .
 * INCLUSIVE DELAY INCLUDES DELAY SUFFERED BY VEHICLES WHICH ARE STILL QUEUEING AFTER THE END OF THE TIME PERIOD.
 * THESE WILL ONLY BE SIGNIFICANTLY DIFFERENT IF THERE IS A LARGE QUEUE REMAINING AT THE END OF THE TIME PERIOD.

END OF JOB

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