

Clare County Council

Waste Licence W0031-01

Annual Environmental Report for 2012

Location of facility: Doora Landfill, Bunnow, Ballaghboy,

Gaurus, Doora, Co. Clare

Waste Licence W0031-1

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1.0 Introduction

1.1 Licence Reference

Condition	Details
Condition 2	2.8 AER: The licensee shall submit to the agency for its
Management of the	agreement, within thirteen months from the date of grant of
activity	this licence, or within one month of the end of each year
	thereafter.
Schedule C	AER Content.

1.2 Waste Licence Register Number

The waste license number is W0031-01.

1.3 Name of Operator, Name and Address of Facility

Clare County Council Doora Landfill Site Bunnow/Ballaghboy/Gaurus/Doora County Clare

1.4 Reporting Period

The reporting period for this AER is the calendar year 2012

1.5 Site Description

1.5.1 Site Location

Doora landfill is located in a semi-rural area approximately 1.6km east of Ennis Town.

1.5.2 Area Occupied

The area occupied by the landfill and its ancillaries amounts to 29.8 hectares, of which 18.7 hectares was used for landfilling. No waste has been deposited at the site since June 30^{th} 2001.

2.0 Waste Activities carried out at the facility.

In accordance with Condition 5.1.2 of the licence, no waste has been accepted for deposition on the site since June 30th 2001.

In accordance with Condition 4.18.1, no waste has been accepted for transfer at the facility since 30th June 2002.

Leachate collection and abstraction began at the site in 2008. This activity was subsequently suspended temporarily for much of 2009 to facilitate groundwork's as part of the remediation project. Leachate tankering off site recommenced in November 2009. Clare County Council personnel monitor the level of leachate stored in the collection tank on a frequent basis, and removed off site to an appropriate facility as required.

3.0 Quantity and Composition of Waste Received in 2012.

No waste was received at the facility since June 2002.

4.0 Environmental Monitoring Results and Interpretation.

Section 4 presents the results of environmental monitoring undertaken from January to December 2012 in accordance with Condition 9 of Waste Licence No.0031-01, as indicated in Table 4.1 below.

In June 2012, SNC -Lavalin Inc., Purcellsinch Business Park, Carlow Road, Kilkenny, Co. Kilkenny commenced environmental monitoring on behalf of Clare County

Council. For the first half of 2012, TMS Environment Ltd. conducted surface water, groundwater and leachate monitoring as per previous years.

SNC -Lavalin Inc. conducted surface water, groundwater and leachate monitoring, as well as monitoring for dust, noise and gas flare emissions. Conservation Services carried out biological monitoring on surface water drains and on the R. Fergus. Weekly gas monitoring and leachate level monitoring surveys, together with monthly surface water monitoring were carried out by Clare County Council staff. Monitoring locations are shown on Drawing Number 1 in Appendix I.

Table 4.1 :Doora Landfill (W0031-01)	Monitoring Schedule
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Schedule	Monitoring Requirement
E.1	Landfill Gas
E.2	Dust
E.3	Noise
E.4	Surface Water, Groundwater and Leachate
E.5	Enclosed Landfill Gas Flare

Note ¹*: The monitoring frequency for surface water visual inspections was reduced to monthly from August 2008, as agreed with the EPA.*

Monitoring was carried out in accordance with Schedule E of the Waste Licence as indicated in Table 4.1 unless otherwise noted in this report. Results for key parameters are summarised in Sections 4.1 to 4.6 of this report.

4.1. Landfill Gas

Clare County Council staff conducted landfill gas monitoring at weekly and monthly intervals during the reporting period, in accordance with Schedule E.1 of the waste licence. Gas monitoring locations are shown in Drawing No. 1 "Environmental Monitoring Points" in Appendix I. Monitoring was undertaken at forty-two locations across the three zones of Doora landfill. Thirty-five of these locations were tested on a monthly basis primarily to enable field balancing to be carried out to optimise gas collection and flare efficiency. The remaining seven locations are the original gas monitoring wells (LG1 to LG7) that are not connected to the gas network. Gas monitoring results from January to December 2012 are shown in figures 1a to 1e. As can be seen from these graphs, higher concentrations of landfill gas were detected in LG2, and LG3 as per previous years. However overall the trend is that of reducing landfill gas levels, with the highest recorded value of CH4 at 18.5% at gas well 2, significantly lower than values recorded at the same location in previous years. Methane and CO₂ levels were similar in LG1 and LG6, where lower landfill gas levels have been measured. Monitoring at wells LG4, 5 & 7 did not take place due to damage at these wells, however, based on historic trends at each location, concentrations of CH4 and CO2 are similar to values at the other four wells.

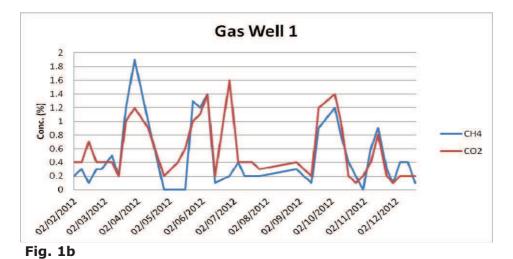
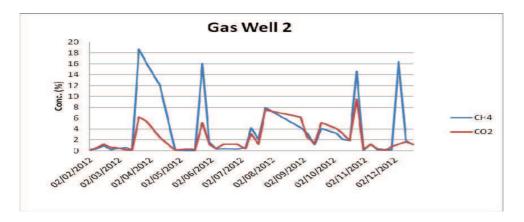
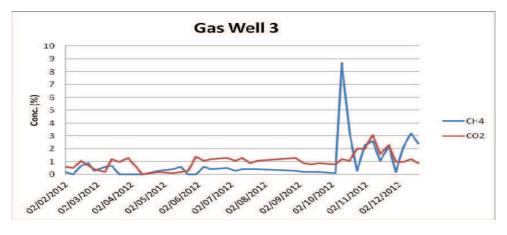


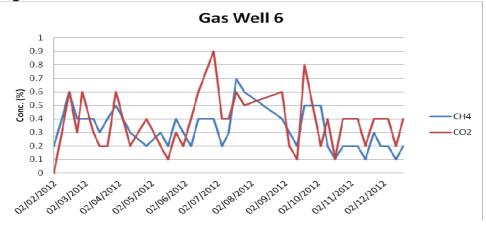
Fig. 1a











4.2. Dust

Three ambient dust monitoring surveys were completed during this reporting period 2012. Monitoring locations are shown in Drawing 1 in Appendix I. Results are summarised in Table 4.2 below. There were no exceedences observed in 2012.

Table 4.2:Total Dust Monitoring Results.

Sample location		Monitoring Period		Dust Deposition Limit (mg/m²/day)
	Jul-12 (mg/m²/day)	Sept-12 (mg/m ² /day)	Dec – 12 (mg/m²/day)	
ST1	30.9	21	13.6	350
ST2	37.5	26.6	<20	350
ST3	45.4	45.1	<10	350
ST4	12.4	18.9	*Note 1	350
ST5	37.8	47.2	146	350

Note 1* Dust gauge ST4 was stolen/lost in Nov/Dec 2012. Consultant unable to locate equipment upon return.

4.3 Noise

An annual noise monitoring survey was conducted on the 19^{th} October 2012 at 8 noise sensitive locations, N1 to N4, and S1 to S4. While the daytime noise limit value of 55dB(a) $L_{\text{Aeq, 30 mins}}$ was exceeded at a number of locations both off site and on site during the survey, it is most likely that these exceedences were due to offsite activities, totally unrelated to the closed landfill. In fact, noise levels at the off site locations were all recorded to be higher, than those recorded at locations within the landfill. No waste activities were conducted on site during 2012, nor were any significant infrastructural works. The main sources of noise within the immediate vicinity of the site, is passing traffic on the adjacent public road. This is reflected in the monitoring results recorded at locations near the public road.

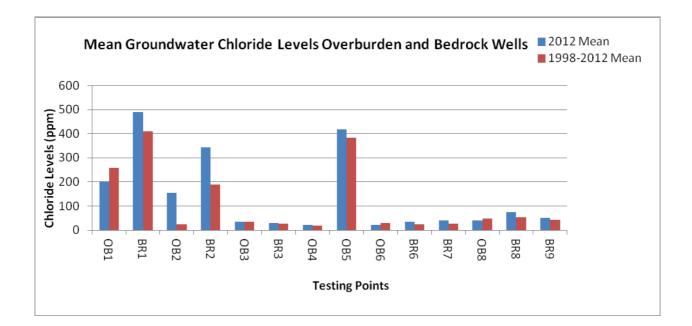
4.4 Groundwater, Surface Water and Leachate.

4.4.1 Groundwater

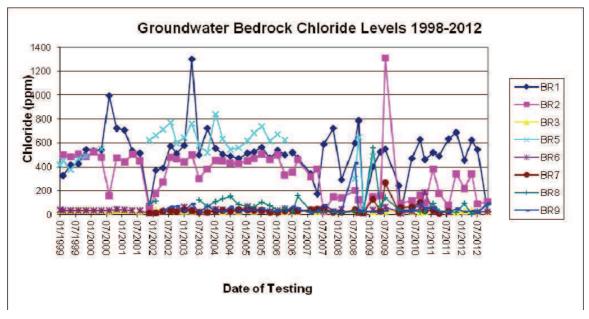
Groundwater monitoring was carried out in accordance with schedule E.4 of Waste Licence W0031-01 for the parameters and at the monitoring frequency specified in Table E.4.1 at locations: OB1, BR1, OB2, BR2, OB3, BR3, OB4, OB5, OB6, OB8, BR6, BR7, BR8 and BR9 (refer to Drawing No. 1 in Appendix I. for locations). Results for key parameters chloride and ammonia at all wells are summarised below.

Chloride:

Groundwater chloride levels are graphed in figures 2 and 3 below. As can be seen from the graphs and in accordance with historical trends, higher chloride levels were observed in wells located close to the R. Fergus (OB1, BR1, OB2, BR2, and OB5). These elevated chloride levels may be in part attributed to the influence of the R. Fergus. Groundwater contamination from landfilling activities at the site may also be a factor (see section on ammonia below).







Ammonia:

Groundwater ammonia levels for the nine-year period from January 2004 to December 2012 are graphed below in figures 4 to 12. Mean ammonia levels for the period are graphed in figure 13. Overall, values for 2012 are below that of historic trends for each well, with only BR2 (78ppm) showing a very slight increase, over the mean value of 70ppm for the previous 8 year period.

As can be seen from the graphs, groundwater ammonia results have been elevated for onsite monitoring wells (OB1/BR1 and OB2/BR2) since monitoring commenced at the site. Highest results for 2012 were obtained at these four wells, particularly at BR2, which is located close to the south-western boundary of the site. BR2 is down-gradient of zones 2 and 3 of the landfill.

Similarly results for BR10, remain elevated when compared to other wells within the site, but did remain generally on par with previous years, with results ranging between 600-750ppm throughout 2012.

As expected, lowest ammonia levels were found in up-gradient wells OB3, BR3 and BR7 and in the cross-gradient nested pair of wells OB6 and BR6.



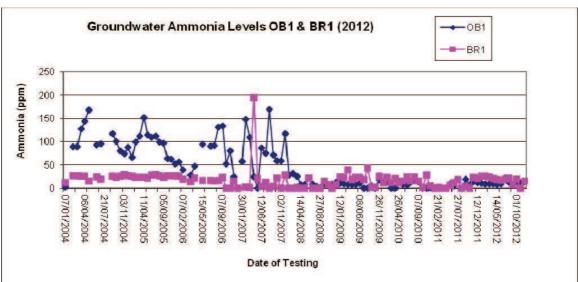
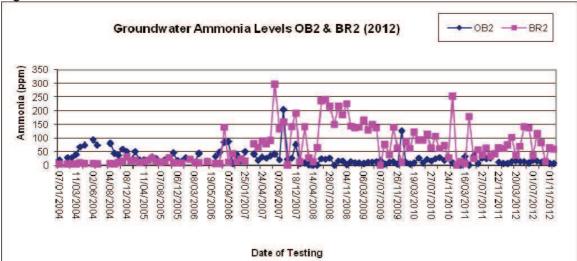


Fig 5.



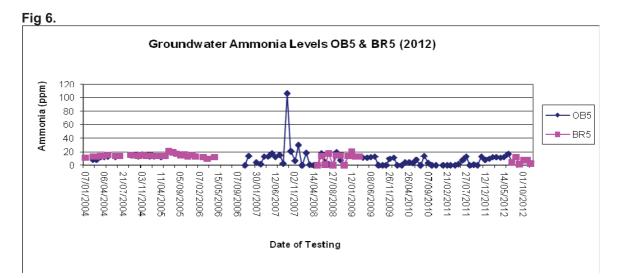
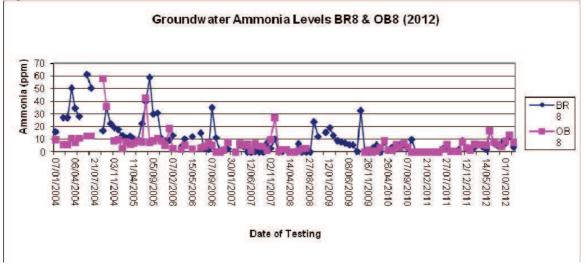
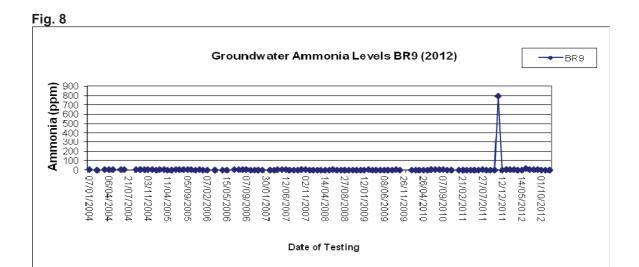


Fig. 7





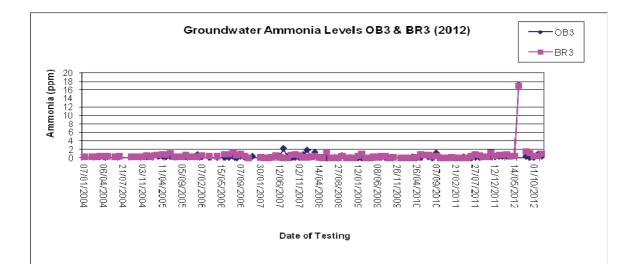
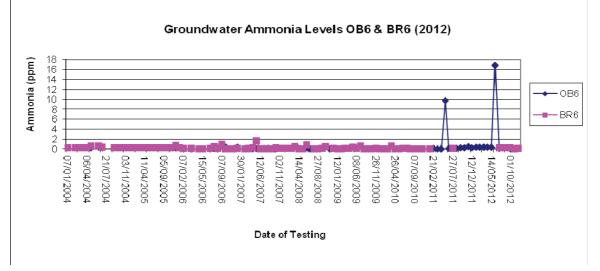
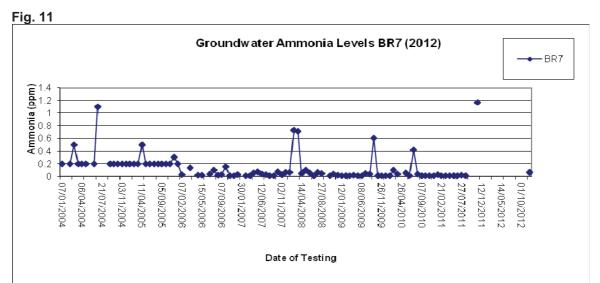
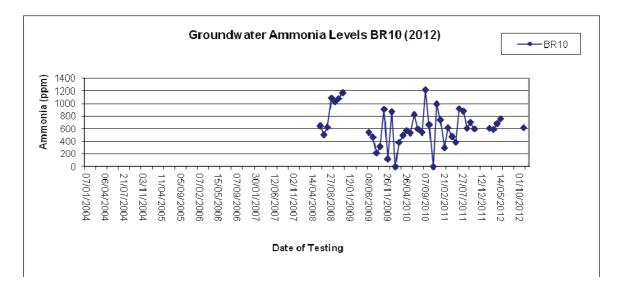


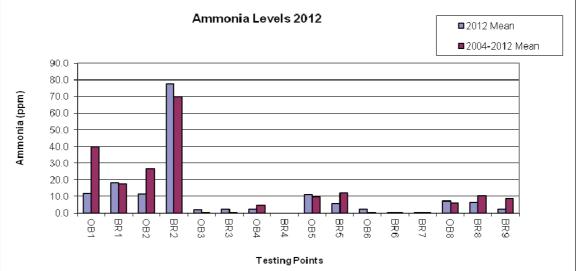
Fig. 10











4.4.2 Surface Water

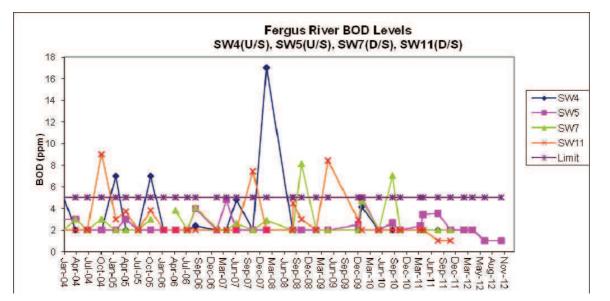
Surface water monitoring during 2012 was carried out at the following locations: SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4, SW5, SW6, SW7, SW8, SW11, SW12, SW13, SW14 and SW15. Monitoring locations are shown in Drawing no. 1 in Appendix I. Surface water samples were collected for analysis as specified in Table E.4.1 of Waste Licence W0031-01. In addition, monthly monitoring was carried out at SW2, SW3 and SW7 for pH, conductivity and ammonia levels.

Results for key parameters ammonia and BOD are summarised in this report.

BOD:

BOD results for the R. Fergus and R. Gaurus for the eight-year period from 2004 to 2012 are graphed in figures 14 and 15 respectively. The R. Fergus is classified as a Salmonid water¹ to which a 5ppm BOD limit applies. This limit is shown in figure 14.

1: From European Communities (Quality of Salmonid Waters) Regulations, 1988 (SI No. 293 of 1988). Note that the freshwater fish directive 2006/44/EC does not include a mandatory BOD limit but does include a guide BOD level of \leq 3ppm for salmonid waters.



Gaurus River BOD results are graphed in figure 15. The 5ppm Salmonid limit is also shown on this graph for comparative purposes.

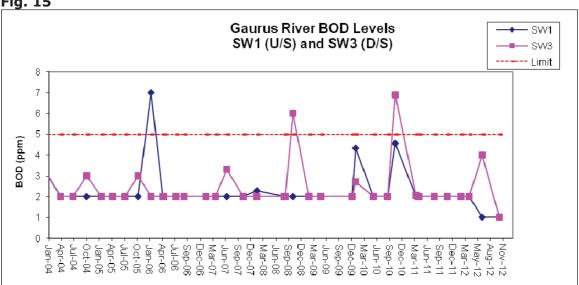
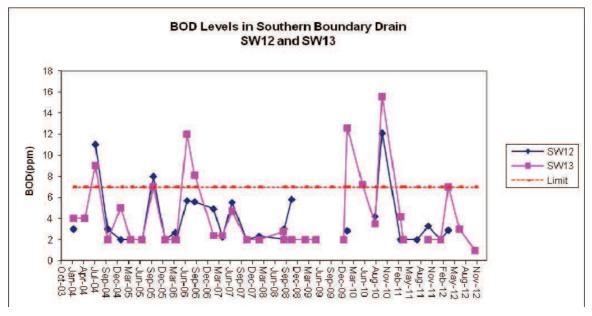


Fig. 15

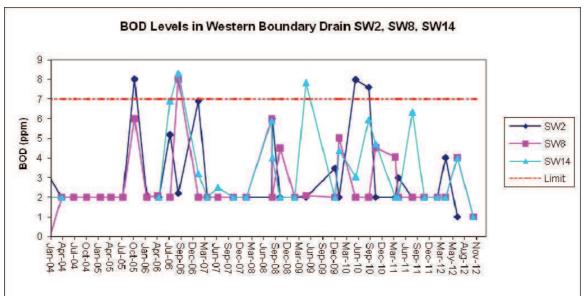
There are two surface water sampling locations (SW12 and SW13) on the eastern boundary drain. This drain runs in a southerly direction along the eastern boundary and is piped underground close to the southern site boundary, feeding into the R. Fergus upstream of Doora Bridge. BOD levels in the eastern boundary drain are graphed in figure 16.

There are three sampling locations on the western boundary drain (SW2, SW8 and SW14) which feeds into the R. Gaurus downstream of SW2. Results for this drain are graphed in figure 17. Also included on the graphs is the 7ppm BOD for A3 waters from the Surface Water Regulations (1989). This limit is included for comparative purposes only; no limits exist for BOD levels in site drains.









Ammonia:

Ammonia results for Gaurus and Fergus river samples for the nine-year period from January 2004 to December 2012 are graphed in figures 18 and 19 respectively. Also shown on the graphs is the 1ppm ammonia limit for Salmonid Waters. This limit is included in the Gaurus river graph for comparative purposes only.

As can be seen from figure 18, ammonia levels downstream of Doora remained below the 1ppm Salmonid limit throughout 2012, with the highest value (1.19ppm) recorded at an upstream location (SW5) in August 2012.

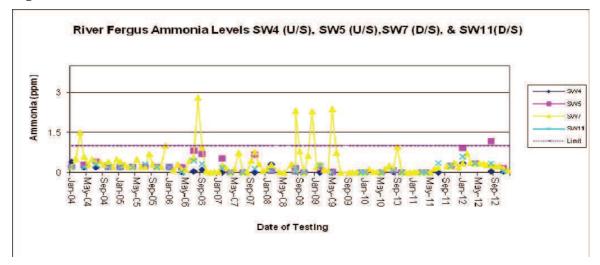
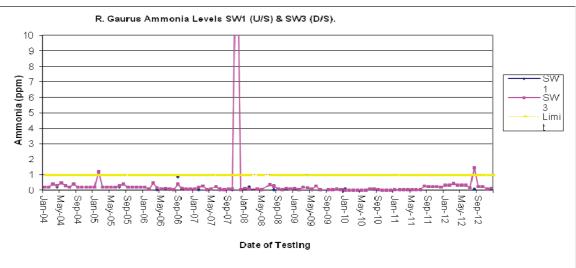


Fig. 18

Ammonia results for Gaurus river location SW1 (upstream of the landfill) have been below 1ppm for the nine year period from January 2004 to December 2012. Ammonia results at SW3 (downstream of the landfill) remained below 1ppm for the 2012 period, with the exception of a very minor elevation (1.43ppm) recorded in August 2012. This minor elevation may be due to the increase also recorded at SW5 (upstream of Doora) during the same period, and presumably not caused by any activity within the closed landfill.





Ammonia results for the western and eastern boundary drains from January 2004 to December 2012 are shown in figures 20 and 21.

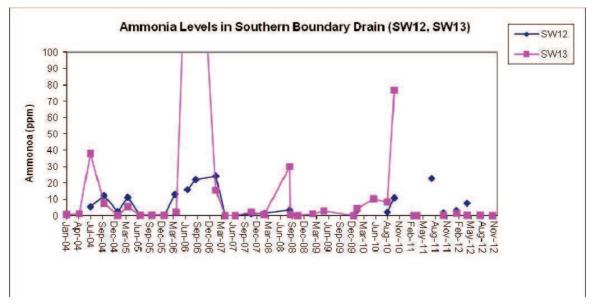
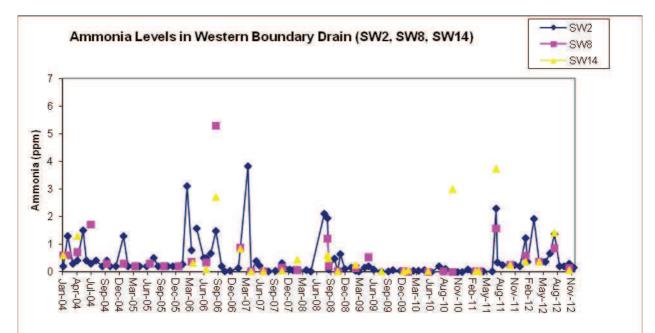




Fig. 21



Ammonia levels at all locations on the southern and western boundaries have remained consistently low for the 2012 period. Historical elevated ammonia levels displayed in Figures 20 & 21 are explained in previous AER's and other correspondence to the EPA.

4.4.3 Leachate

Leachate monitoring was conducted in accordance with Schedule E.4 of Waste Licence W0031-01 for the parameters and at the monitoring frequency specified in Table E.4.1 at locations L1, L6, L7, L8 and L9 (see Drawing No. 1 in Appendix I for locations). An additional leachate abstraction well (L10) was installed in mid 2008 in zone 3 of the landfill. Monitoring of this well commenced in July 2008. Ammonia, BOD and COD results for leachate wells are graphed in figures 22 to 25. As would be expected given the locations of L8, L9 and L10 in Zone 3 (the area of most recent waste deposition) BOD, COD and ammonia levels were higher in these wells than in zone 1 (L1) and zone 2 (L6).

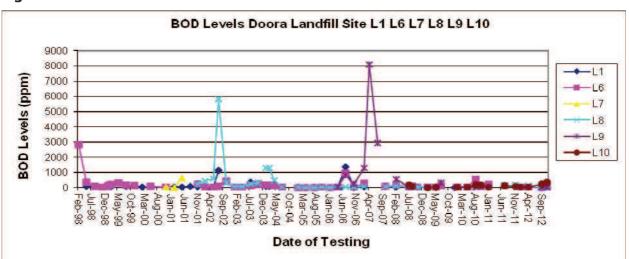
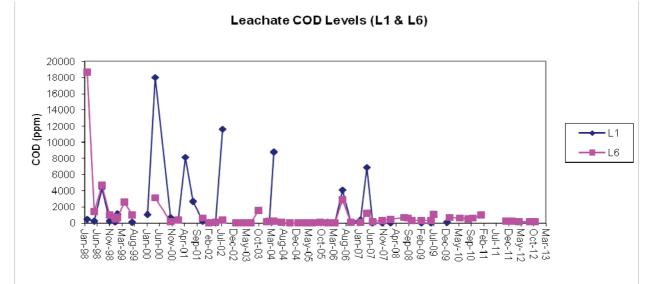
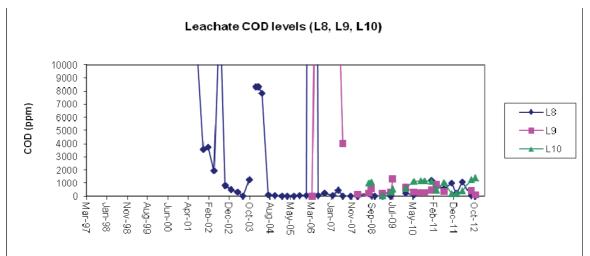


Fig. 22

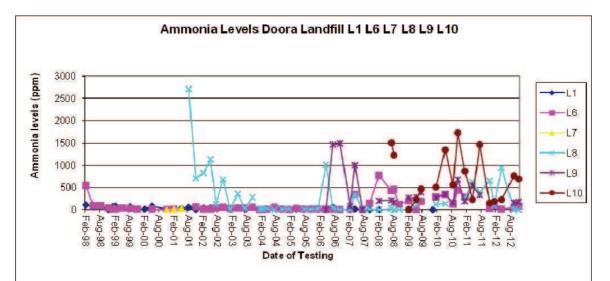
Fig. 23











Landfill Gas Flare Unit. 4.5

Emissions to atmosphere from the enclosed landfill gas flare were monitored in accordance with the requirements of Schedule E.5. of Waste Licence W0031-01. This monitoring was carried out by OMI staff in Jan and Feb 2013. Unfortunately, monitoring was not conducted within the year 2012, due to scheduling conflicts.

Monitoring results are presented below in Table 4.3:

Table 4.3: Flare Monitoring Results:			
Parameter/units	24 th Jan 2013	13 th Feb 2013	Emission Limit ¹
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x) as NO ₂ (mgN/m ³)	136	122.43	150 mg/m ³ for Flare Stacks
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	1.09	1.07	50 mg/m ³ for Flare Stacks
(mg/Nm ³)			
Sulphur Dioxide (SO ₂) (mg/Nm ³)	4.98	4.86	-
Temperature (⁰ C)	1025	1010	-
Volumetric Flow Rate (m ³ /hr)	326	103	-
TA Luft Organics	4.49		20 mg/m ³ (at mass
(mg/m ³)			flows >0.1 kg/hr)
(mg/m ³)			
HCI			50 mg/m ³ (at mass flows >0.3kg/hr)
(mg/m ³)	1.22		nows >0.5kg/m)
HF			5 mg/m ³ (at mass
	3.91		flows >0.05 kg/hr)
(mg/m ³)			
All results were within emission I	imit values speci	fied in ScheduleF.4	. of Waste Licence W0031-01.

4.6 Biological Monitoring

A Biological Monitoring survey was carried out in May and September 2012 in accordance with Condition 9, Schedule E of WL 31-1. Survey conclusions are summarised below:

4.6.1 Gaurus River

Results at WQ1 as observed during the 2012 period has improved slightly on results from 2011, with an increase Q rating of 3-4. Results for WQ3 remained the same as results for previous years. These ratings are in line with historic data for both locations

4.6.2 Fergus River

Three sites are monitored on the R. Fergus: WQ4, WQ5 and WQ6. For the 2012 period, results remained broadly the same as in previous years. Q ratings at WQ4 & WQ6 did return to a rating of 2-3 during 2012, having improved to a 3 rating in 2011.

The poor water quality in the R. Fergus immediately upstream and downstream of the R. Gaurus confluence would appear to be due to upstream conditions in the Fergus rather than any impact from the Gaurus, however an impact from the R. Gaurus on both sites on incoming and outgoing tides cannot be conclusively ruled out.

The ongoing monitoring since 2002 have shown that the sites monitored on the R. Fergus have a very unstable invertebrate community. This instability is likely due to the tidal and occasional saline conditions at these sites.

It cannot be concluded from the invertebrate data that there is an adverse impact on the Fergus from the landfill, however, given the tentative nature of the Q-ratings at these sites a minor impact cannot be ruled out.

	WQ1	WQ2	WQ3	WQ4	WQ5	WQ6	
April 2003	4	3-4	3	3	3	3	
June 2003	3-4	3-4	3	3	3	3	
Sept. 2003	3-4	3	3	3	3	3	
July 2004	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Sept 2004	3-4	3	3	3	3	3	
May 2005	3-4	3	3	3	3	3	
Sept 2005	3-4	3-4	3	3	2-3	3	
May 2006	3-4	3	3	2-3	2-3	2-3	
Sept 2006	3-4	3	3	3	3	3	
May 2007	3-4	3	3	3	3	3	
Aug 2007	3	3	3	3	3	3	
May 2008	3-4	3	3	3	3	3	
Aug 2008	3	3	2-3	3	3	3	
May 2009	3-4	3	3	2-3	3	2-3	
Oct 2009	3-4	3	3	2-3	2-3	2-3	
July 2010	3-4	3	3	3	3	3	
Sept 2010	3-4	3	3	2-3	2-3	2-3	
May 2011	3-4	3	3	2-3	3	2-3	
Sept 2011	3	3	3	3	3	3	
May 2012	3-4	3	3	3	3	3	
Sept 2012	3-4	3	3	2-3	3	2-3	

4.7 Odours

No odour problems were encountered during the reporting period.

5.0 Monthly Water Balance Calculations and Interpretation

Total effective rainfall for the reporting period 2012 was calculated using monthly data from the Shannon Airport Meteorological Station. Rainfall details are summarised in Table 5.1:

Table 5.1 Rainfall Details for Shannon Airport From January to December2012

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
Rainfall	111.8	38.6	28.3	78.2	38.8	166.9	112.8	89.1	61.9	85.6	121	113.7
P ₁	16.2	17.8	40.1	52.6	77.7	66.1	72.3	64.4	43	24.4	12.5	12.5
E.R. ₂	95.6	20.8	-11.8	25.6	-38.9	100.8	40.5	23.7	18.9	61.2	108.5	101.2

Note^{1:} Evapotranspiration values (Penman). Note^{2:} Effective rainfall

The effective rainfall for the period January to December 2011 was **545.2mm**.

The water balance calculation for the period is set out in Table 5.2 below:

Capped area infiltration (%)	Active Area	Active area infiltration	Capped Area (m ²⁾	Total rainfall (m)	Net Leachate 2012 (m³)
30%	0	0	186,900	.545	30558.15
20%	0	0	186,900	0.545	20372.1
10%	0	0	186,900	0.545	10186

 Table 5.2:
 Water Balance Calculation at Infiltration Rates from 10-30%.

As for previous reports, the rainfall infiltration through capping was assessed at three infiltration rates (10%, 20% and 30%), based on a variation in capping thickness throughout the site. Final capping has been in place throughout the site since early November 2008 so in practice, the actual amount of rainfall infiltration will be at the lower end of the range from that time.

6.0 Volume of Leachate Produced and Discharged On Site

The theoretical assessment of leachate generation at the Doora site was based on the monthly water balance calculation provided in Table 5.2. As the landfill was operated on the "dilute and disperse" principle, it is not possible to provide an absolute value for leachate volumes arising during the year. The volume of leachate produced is linked to two external factors (in addition to the moisture content of the waste deposited):

- Possible infiltration from tidal movement as the landfill site is below the high water mark.
- > Rainfall infiltration.

Infiltration from tidal movement cannot be quantified. An assessment of tidal infiltration was made from two wells in Zones 2 and 3 in January 2004 and no link was found (8m well depth). This assessment was not carried out in Zone 1 so the possibility of tidal infiltration can't be ruled out here but observations from monitoring data indicate that Zone 1 is virtually dry with very little leachate produced.

The most significant factor limiting rainfall infiltration and resultant leachate production at Doora is the extent of capping in place at the facility. Prior to November 2008, there were varying depths of soil cover through the site. Trial pit investigations revealed that the majority of Zone 3 had a capping thickness of >1.5m. The southern part of Zone 3 had up to 6m of cover and in the northeast, the cover ranged from 3.5 to 5m. Less capping was in place in the older landfilled zones - Zones 1 and 2. Areas in each of these zones had between 0.5 and 2m of capping in place but there were sections with less than 0.5m of cover. Since November 2008, the required thickness of final capping material has been in place throughout the site and rainfall infiltration should now be minimal.

7.0 Cumulative Annual Emissions to Groundwater

Leachate is the most significant emission to groundwater from the site. Monitoring results indicate that leachate is more likely to be discharging to ground than to surface waters. Theoretical leachate volumes are addressed in Sections 5 and 6 above. In summary, the theoretical leachate generation for 2011 ranged from 25m³ to 76m³ per day. The direction of groundwater flow is northeast to southwest across the site, towards the Fergus river. Existing information from investigations on Drumcliffe Springs in the same bedrock body, located approx 3.5km to the northwest of the landfill, indicate that there is no hydrological link between surface and groundwater bodies.

In the latter period of 2009, a dedicated leachate storage tank was commissioned, as planned under the remediation project. Off site tankering commenced in late 2009, and is ongoing to date

8.0 Resource and energy consumption

8.1 Fuel usage

There was minimal fuel usage on site during 2012. Restoration work was completed in 2009, and the only use of machinery on site during 2012, related to maintenance of the site, in the form of grass cutting and similar landscaping related activities

8.2 Electrical usage:

The facility is a closed landfill site with no power-consuming equipment in use except for the landfill gas flare and the leachate abstraction pumps. Approximate data on electrical usage for the period is as follows:

```
Day Units: 4,367
Night Units: 1,954
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8.3 Water usage

No full-time staff have been employed at the site since October 2004. Toilet facilities at the site have since been decommissioned, hence, there is no water usage for the period 2012.

9.0 Review of nuisance controls

9.1 Site Inspection

As Doora landfill is a closed facility, site inspections are no longer formally carried out. However Council staff visit the facility once per week at a minimum, to carry out surface water visual inspections and to measure gas and leachate levels. No nuisance was noted during these site visits.

9.2 Litter Control

Doora landfill is a closed facility. The most significant potential issue in relation to fresh litter would be fly tipping outside the site entrance. There was no incidence of fly tipping during this reporting period. Clare County Council personnel carry out informal litter audits as part of the weekly surface water visual inspection surveys. There were no litter problems noted.

9.3 Bird Control

No bird nuisance was observed by Council staff or reported to the Council by any other person during the reporting period. Since closure of the landfill and capping of the waste body birds have not been a problem.

9.4 Odour Control

No odours were observed by Council staff or by our monitoring consultants during this reporting period. The Council received no complaints of odours relating to Doora landfill during the period.

10.0 Environmental objectives and targets.

A copy of the Environmental Objectives and Targets is included in Appendix II.

11.0 Summary of procedures developed.

No new procedures were developed during this reporting period.

12.0 Incidents

No incidents were recorded during 2012.

12.1 Complaints

No complaints were received during the reporting period.

13.0 Development works undertaken and proposed development of the facility with timescale

Restoration of the landfill completed in latter half 2009. As part of the facility restoration, the site has been developed for recreational purposes. As detailed in previous AER's and separate correspondence to the EPA, the completed development consisted of no. 2 sports pitches (located in Zone 1), and public car park.

In latter 2012, additional works commenced at this area, with the approval of the EPA, wherein The Clare Camogie Board took charge of the sports pitches and car park area in the form of a formal lease arrangement, and carried out certain additional improvement works within this area, namely the erection of lighting, security fencing and goal post nets, in conjunction with the extension of the existing car park, and the construction of permanent changing facilities, including shower and toilet facilities. The exact detail of this development was submitted to the EPA in various correspondence during 2012, and full approval was sought prior to the commencement of any works.

At the time of completion of this report, the works were still ongoing within the site.

14.0 Annual and cumulative quantities of landfill gas

The volume of gas production at Doora Landfill was estimated using a computerised gas model called "LandGEM Version 3.20", which was developed by the US EPA. based on weighbridge data for waste tonnage information from 1998 to 2001 and on estimated tonnages for the period prior to 1998. As part of the restoration and aftercare plan for Doora landfill, the Landgem gas generation model was run for the facility in August 2006, with each of the three zones addressed separately. Results from this model for 2010 are shown below in table 15.2:

Table 15.2: Results from Landgem	Gas Model for 2010
----------------------------------	--------------------

Zone	Landfill Gas	Methane
	m³/yr	m³/yr
1	2.5X10 ⁵	1.3X10 ⁵
2	8.6X10 ⁵	4.1X10 ⁵
3	2.9X10 ⁶	1.4X10 ⁶
Total	4.01X10 ⁶	1.94X10 ⁶

The final landfill gas production figures derived using the Landgem model were similar to the figures obtained using the 1st Order Decay method. The Landgem model is based on the original first order decay model. The additional information provided from running each zone separately under the Landgem model indicates, as would be expected, that practically all of the theoretical tonnage of landfill gas generated is coming from Zone 3.

15.0 Financial provisions, staffing and public information.

15.1 Budgetary allocations for the facility.

The maintenance budget for the facility for 2012 is \in 73,500. The cost of permanent restoration and landscaping is \in 1.3m.

15.2 Public Information.

Information relating to monitoring of the facility and correspondence to/from the EPA is available for inspection at the Environment Section of Clare County Council, Áras Contae An Chláir, New Road, Ennis, County Clare.

APPENDIX I

APPENDIX II

DOORA LANDFILL

WASTE LICENCE

Ref W0031-01

ENVIRONMENTAL OBJECTIVES AND TARGETS

Environmental Objectives and Targets

Objective 1

Comply with all aspects of the licence.

Target 1.1 - Every effort will be made to comply with all conditions of the waste licence by the prescribed dates.

The Senior Engineer, Executive Engineer and various contractors under the supervision of Clare County Council staff have responsibility for implementing this objective.

Performance against Target: - Waste licence requirements have been complied with in a timely manner on all occasions except on occasion in relation to quarterly reports where delay in receipt of reports from consultants resulted in a delay in submission of reports to the Agency.

Objective 2

Ensure that sufficient funds are available to comply with Condition 11 of the licence. Responsibility for ensuring compliance with this objective lies with the Finance Officer of Clare County Council.

Performance against Target: Satisfactory.

Objective 3

Rehabilitate the closed landfill.

Target 3.1 - Ensure that the site is restored in accordance with a plan submitted to the EPA and ensure good aftercare.

The Senior Engineer, Environmental Services has responsibility for implementing this objective with the assistance of the Executive Engineer in charge and the Environmental Awareness Officer in the Environment Dept.

Performance against Target: On time. Restoration of the facility commenced in summer 2008 and is on target to be completed in August 2009.

Objective 4

Develop the closed Landfill site as an amenity for the public.

Target 4.1 – Restore the site to a green field site and develop playing pitches and facilities for the general public. These facilities to be developed by the year 2009.

The Executive Engineer in charge has responsibility for implementing this objective.

Performance against Target: Upon completion of remediation works two playing pitches and a series of public walkways will be assessable from a carpark facility on the site.

Objective 5

Improve correspondence with the E.P.A.

Target 5.1 - Council will make every effort to reply to letters of correspondence received from the Agency by the requested dates.

The Executive Engineer in charge and Senior Staff Officer have responsibility for implementing this objective.

Performance against Target: The Council has responded to EPA communications by prescribed dates

Objective 6

Continue monitoring of site for leachate and landfill gas

Performance against Target: The Council is in compliance with this objective on an ongoing basis. Upon completion of the remediation works improved gas and leachate infrastructure will have been installed on site.

Time scale

The time scale for achieving these objectives is generally outlined in the target description. The others are generally ongoing and the aim is to achieve progress before the next review of the E.M.P.

Designation of Responsibilities

The Senior Engineer, Environmental Services Section of Clare County Council has overall responsibility for the implementation of these objectives. The specific responsibilities for each objective are outlined in the description.

Responsibility for ensuring compliance with objective number 2 lies with the Finance Officer of Clare County Council.

| PRTR# : W0031 | Facility Name . Doora Landfill Site | Filename . W0031_2012(1) xIs | Return Year : 2012 |

17/07/2013 09:00

Guidance to completing the PRTR workbook

Environmental Protection Agency

AER Returns Workbook

REFERENCE YEAR 2012					
1. FACILITY IDENTIFICATION					
Parent Company Name	Clare County Council				
Facility Name	Doora Landfill Site				
PRTR Identification Number	W0031				
Licence Number	W0031-01				

Licence Number	140031-01
Waste or IPPC Classes of Activity	
No.	class_name
	Repackaging prior to submission to any activity referred to in a
3.12	preceding paragraph of this Schedule.
	Profile and the second
	Storage prior to submission to any activity referred to in a preceding
	paragraph of this Schedule, other than temporary storage, pending
3.13	collection, on the premises where the waste concerned is produced.
	Surface impoundment, including placement of liquid or sludge
3.4	discards into pits, ponds or lagoons.
	Biological treatment not referred to elsewhere in this Schedule which
	results in final compounds or mixtures which are disposed of by means of any activity referred to in paragraphs 1. to 10. of this
26	Schedule.
	######################################
0.7	The treatment of any waste on land with a consequential benefit for
4.10	an agricultural activity or ecological system.
	Use of waste obtained from any activity referred to in a preceding
4.11	paragraph of this Schedule.
	Storage of waste intended for submission to any activity referred to in
	a preceding paragraph of this Schedule, other than temporary
	storage, pending collection, on the premises where such waste is
	produced.
4.3	Recycling or reclamation of metals and metal compounds.
4.4	Recycling or reclamation of other inorganic materials.
	Use of any waste principally as a fuel or other means to generate
	energy.
Address 1	
	Ballaghboy
Address 3	
Address 4	Doora, County Clare
	Clare
Country	
Coordinates of Location	
River Basin District	
NACE Code	
	Treatment and disposal of non-hazardous waste
AER Returns Contact Name	
AER Returns Contact Email Address	
AER Returns Contact Position	
AER Returns Contact Telephone Number	065-6846331
AER Returns Contact Mobile Phone Number	
AER Returns Contact Fax Number	
Production Volume	0.0
Production Volume Units	
Number of Installations	0
Number of Operating Hours in Year Number of Employees	0
User Feedback/Comments	2
Web Address	
Web Address	

2. PRTR CLASS ACTIVITIES

Activity Number	Activity Name
5(c)	Installations for the disposal of non-hazardous waste
5(c)	Installations for the disposal of non-hazardous waste
50.1	General
3. SOLVENTS REGULATIONS (S.I. No. 543 of 200)2)
Is it applicable?	NAMES AND ADDRESS OF A DESCRIPTION OF A
Have you been granted an exemption ?	
If applicable which activity class applies (as per Schedule 2 of the regulations) ?	
Is the reduction scheme compliance route being used ?	
4. WASTE IMPORTED/ACCEPTED ONTO SITE	Guidance on waste imported/accepted onto site
Do you import/accept waste onto your site for on- site treatment (either recovery or disposal activities) ?	

AER Returns Workbook

4.1 RELEASES TO AIR

Link to previous years emissions data

[PRTR#: W0031 | Facility Name: Doora Landill Site | Filename: W0031_2012;1) vis | Return Year: 2012 |

17/07/2013 11 33

	RELEASES TO AIR				Please enter all quantities in this section in KGs	in this section in KGs	
	POLLUTANT			METHOD			DIANTITY
				Method Used			
No. Annex II	Name	M/C/E	M/C/E Method Code	Designation or Description	Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Vear	A (Annidental) KONear E (Evaluation) KONear
				Flare emission estimated			and the family and the family of the
				based on 99.8% flare efficiency. Fugitive emissions estimated using			
	Carbon dioxide (COZ)	0	OTH	Gas model Flare emission estimated based on 99.8% flare	129011.0	129011.0	0.0
				efficiency. Fugitive			
	Methane (CH4)	0	OTH	Gas model	56.0		
	Nitrous oxide (N2O)	M	OTH	From flare survey	235.0	235.0	0.0

SECTION B : REMAINING PRTR POLLUTANTS

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				00		Methane flared
	NA			0.0	0	site model)
	Facility Total Capacity m3 per hour	Designation or Description	Method Code	M/C/E	T (Total) kg/Year	Total estimated methane generation (as per
		Method Used	Metho			
						quantities of methane flared and / or
					Doora Landfill Site	
				2	For the purposes of the National Inventory on Greenhouse Grises, landfill operators are requested to provide summary data on landfill gas (Methane) flared or utilised on their facilities to accompany the figures for total methane generated. Operators should only report their live methane (CH4) emission to the environment under T(total) KGyr for Section A: Sector specific PKTR pollutants above. Please complete the table below:	For the purposes of the National Inventory on Greenhouse flared or utilised on their facilities to accompany the figures emission to the environment under T(total) KGyr for Sectio
					operators	Additional Data Requested from Landfill operators

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AER Returns Workbook

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		SECTION A : SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANTS	4.2 RELEASES TO WATERS
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Method Code Designation or Description Emission Point 1 T (Total) KG/Year A (Accidenta	0.0 0.0 0.0			
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	Please enter all quantities in this section in KGs		RELEASES TO WATERS	DOI

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SECTION C : REMAINING POLLUTANT EMISSIONS (as required in your Licence)

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RELEASES TO WATERS Please enter all quantities in this section in KGs							DOILITANT	
		tities in this section in KGs	Please enter all quant			RS	RELEASES TO WATE	

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4.3 RELEASES TO WASTEWATER OR SEWER

Link to previous years emissions data

| PRTR# : W0031 | Facility Name : Doora Landfill Site | Filename : W0031_2012(1).xts | Return Yeal 17/07/2013 11:34

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Link to previous years emissions data

AER Returns Workbook

4.4 RELEASES TO LAND

Link to previous years emissions data

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SECTION B : REMAINING POLLUTANT EMISSIONS (as required in your Licence)

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| PRTR# : W0031 | Facility Name : Doora Landfill Site | Filename : W0031_2012(1).xls | Return Year : 2012 |

Sheet : Treatment Transfers of Waste

AER Returns Workbook

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6. ONSITE TREATMENT & OFFSITE TRANSFERS OF WASTE (PRTR# V0001) Facily Name Doola Landiu Swi Filmearne V00031,2012(1)34, Roburt Year 2012 | Plasse endor all quantities on this sheet in Tennes

17/07/2013 11 35

3	lation Site	Ĩ	
	Actual Address of Final Destination (Final Recovery / Disposal Site (HAZ AR DOI IS WAS TE ONI Y)		
	Hat Waste Address of Next Name and License / Permit No. and Destination Facility Address of Final Recoverer / Actual Address of Final Destination Num Hat Wites Address of Final Recoveries / Instruction States of Final Control ONLY).		
			Sixmilebridge,Co. Clare,,Ireland
	Haz Waste : Name and Lear Loncar Permit No of Next Destination Facility Haz Waste Name and Licence/Permit No of Recover/Disposer		Sixmilebridge Waste Waste Sixmilebridge.Co. Volume Calculation Offsite in Ireland Treatment Plant, D0076/01 Clareifreland
		Location of Treatment	Offsite in Ireland
	Method Used	Waste Treatment Operation M/C/E Method Used	Volume Calculation
		Waste Treatment Operation M/C/E	υ
		Waste Treatmei Operatio	D8
		Description of Waste	landfill leachate other than those mentioned 240.0 in 19 07 02
	Quantity (Tonnes per Year)		1 240.0 ir
		Hazardous	No
		European Waste Code	19 07 03
		Transfer Destination	Within the Country 19 07 03

* Select a row by double-clicking the Description of Waste then click the delete button