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> Airgeadas **Finance** 047 30589

> Na Bóithre Roads 047 30597

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Deontais Ardoideachais Higher Education Grants 047 30550

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> Seirbhísí Uisce **Water Services** 047 30504

Comhairle Contae Mhuineacháin **Monaghan County Council**

Administration, Environmental Licensing Programme, Office of Climate, Licence and Resource Use, Environmental Protection Agency, Headquarters, P.O. Box 3000, Johnstown Castle Estate, Co. Wexford.

22nd February 2013

Re: Annual Environmental Return (AER) 2012 for the agglomeration Castleblayney D0205.

Dear Sir/Madam,

I refer to the above licensed agglomeration in County Monaghan. Enclosed is the Annual Environmental Return paper copy as required for 2012 for the Castleblayney agglomeration.

Yours Sincerely,

Mark Johnston, Senior Executive Engineer, Water Services Section, Monaghan County Council. 047 30513

> Fálltíonn an tÚdarás Áitiúil roimh chomhfhreagras i nGaeilge. Comhairle Contae Mhuineacháin, Oifigí an Chontae, An Gleann, Muineachán, Éire. Monaghan County Council, Council Offices, The Glen, Monaghan, Ireland. (() 00353 47 30500 | 00353 47 82739 www.monaghan.ie

Monaghan County Council, Castleblayney Waste Water Treatment Plant – Annual Environmental Report 2012

MONAGHAN COUNTY COUNCIL



WASTE WATER DISCHARGE LICENCE REGISTER NUMBER: D0205-01 AGGLOMERATION: Castleblayney Town ANNUAL ENVIRONMENTAL REPORT 1st JANUARY 2012 - 31st DECEMBER 2012

A/County Manager: D Fallon Director of Services: D Fallon Senior Engineer: M Murray

Castleblayney Waste Water Treatment Plant – Annual Environmental Report 2012

Document Amendment Record

Client: Monaghan County Council
Plant: Castleblayney Waste Water Treatment Plant
Title: Annual Environmental Report 2012

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Section 1. Introduction & background to 2012 AER

1.1 Introduction.

This is the second Annual Environmental Report (AER) for Castleblayney Town WasteWater Treatment Plant.

The Environmental Protection Agency granted a Waste Water Discharge Licence (Register No. D0205) in respect of the agglomeration named, to Monaghan County Council on the 2nd February 2011.

The purpose of this Annual Environmental Report (AER) is to provide a summary of activities relevant to the discharges from 1st January 2012 to the 31st December 2012 as required by Condition 6.8. The Annual Environmental Report (AER) for Castleblayney Agglomeration includes the information specified in Schedule D of the Wastewater Discharge Licence D0205.

The AER content and has been prepared in accordance with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) publications: "Guidance on the Preparation & Submission of the Annual Environmental Report (AER) for Waste Water Discharge Licences"
And

'A Step-by-Step Guide to reporting by EPA licensed facilities of AER/PRTR Emissions Data and the Annual Environmental Report'.

1.2 Description of Wastewater Treatment Works

Castleblayney town is the third largest town in County Monaghan and is located approximately 23km southeast of Monaghan town. The Waste Water treatment plant (WWTP) is located at a site adjacent to Muckno Street in the town. Castleblayney Wastewater treatment works was built in 1983 and operates an extended aeration plant. The Waste Water Works comprises of a gravity collection system with pumping stations due to the topography of the catchment area and a Waste Water Treatment Works with a design capacity of 12,960 P.E. The current load is approximately 11,133 P.E. (based on current flow and BOD loading).

The plant provides secondary treatment with facilities on site for nutrient removal (phosphorus reduction) for the effluent. Currently, dosing is not activated at the WWTP as the Phosphorus levels are below required emission limit values (ELV's) for the treated effluent. Inflow from the network is pumped up to the inlet works at the treatment plant from the Muckno Street pumping station. The Waste Water Treatment Plant provides treatment for a design load of 12,960 population equivalent (P.E) and comprises of aeration by mechanical aerators, followed by secondary settlement/clarification and a return activated sludge (RAS) system. Currently, there are two return sludge pumps in two separate adjacent sumps for returning activated sludge from the settlement tanks to the aeration tanks at the WWTP. Sludge is also diverted

from these sludge sumps by manual control of a valve by the caretaker at intervals, to a separate holding tank linked to the belt press for pressing sludge. At present, the current process for allowing sludge to go to the belt press from the RAS pump sumps, involves the RAS pumps being turned off alternately for a period, to allow the sludge to settle/thicken enough in the sump to be pressed by the double sludge belt press on site. A valve is then manually turned on site to divert the thickened sludge from the pump sump to the sludge holding tank for suction to the belt press. This process is usually carried out at night during periods of low flows into the plant, each pump can be controlled independently of one another thus allowing half of the treatment process to continue while sludge is allowed to thicken and be diverted to the belt press from the other sump. Pressed sludge is stored in trailers on site for transport by licensed haulier to the end recoverer for land spreading.

1.3 Brief summary of monitoring results

For the year 2012, the treated effluent had an average BOD concentration of 7.08mg/l and average suspended solids concentration of 6.92mg/l. Average concentrations of nutrients are as follows; Total Phosphorus 0.62mg/l (P), ammonia 10.36mg/l and Total Nitrogen 14.00mg/l (N), (refer table 2.1, appendix 1). There were no exceedances of ELV's during 2012 for the WWTP and therefore no reportable incidents relating to ELV's. One other reportable incident due to a sludge spillage in the grounds of the WWTP that occurred in 2012 is detailed further in section 3.2 of this report.

The outfall from the Castleblayney Waste Water Plant discharges to the Lough Muckno via a small stream at National Grid Reference 283041E 319961N in the Town land of Drumillard Little, Castleblayney, Co Monaghan. The associated Waste Water Treatment Plant is located at 282914E 319951N also in the town land Drumillard Little.

Lough Muckno is identified as sensitive water in terms of the Urban Waste Water Treatment Regulations 2001. It is not designated Salmonid water (under the European Communities (Quality of Salmonid Waters) Regulations, 1988) nor designated as an SPA, SAC or NHA.

Lough Muckno is in the Neagh Bann river basin district with overall status classified as 'Bad'and at risk of not meeting good status by 2015, with overall objective to restore its status by 2021. The 'point risk source' and potential for impact from the Castleblayney WWTP discharge on the lake is categorised as '2b – not at risk' and the combined storm overflows (CSOs) categorised as '2b – not at risk', however the overall objectives relating to this water body is to upgrade WWTP discharges by 2021 (ref: WFD Ireland maps/website & reports.) The EPA identifies Lough Muckno as being 'highly eutrophic', due to nutrient enrichment. With regards to nutrients discharged by Castleblayney WWTP, the discharges for Total Phosphorus average at 0.62mg/l and do not exceed the ELV specified in the discharge licence of 2mg/l in 2012, average total Nitrogen in the effluent is 14.00mg/l, however, ammonia levels are accepted as being high for the effluent with average for 2012 at 10.36mg/l, there is no ELV specified for ammonia currently in the discharge licence,

however, new lower ELV's are specified from 1st January 2016 for three parameters, BOD of 10mg/l, Total phosphorus of 0.3mg/l and Ammonia of 0.5mg/l. These new lower limits from 1st January 2016 are specified pending completion of specified improvement works (Schedule C of the licence) for the primary discharge to be completed by 31st December 2015 at the WWTP. These specified improvement works that were planned in 2008 in the initial discharge licence application for major upgrading and expansion of Castleblayney WWTP have been refused by An Bord Pleanala since then, section 1.4 of this report outlines further details in relation to these works.

Monaghan County Council's upstream monitoring results for 2012 (refer table 2.3, appendix 1) concur with the 'bad' status quality water in the lake with average BOD levels at 3.92mg/l and average ammonia levels at 0.166mg/l, however, the average MRP levels are 0.021mg/l below the surface water regulations 2009 'high' status level. The downstream monitoring results (refer table 2.4, appendix 1) detail similar results with average BOD levels at 2.85mg/l, average MRP levels at 0.031mg/l and average ammonia levels at 0.344mg/l.

1.4 Specified Improvement works

Under Schedule C.1 of the licence, 'Specified Improvement Programme', waste water treatment plant and ancillary works are specified with completion date specified of 31st December 2015. In the initial discharge licence application in 2008, a large expansion of the Castleblayney WWTP was outlined to upgrade the design of the plant to 28,000 P.E. including major infrastructural works. However, since then, An Bord Pleanala have declared an upper limit of this expansion to the WWTP of 14,000 P.E. and only approved Stage 1 of the proposed works outlined as follows:

Inlet pumping station
1 no. storm tank, 1,314m3 in volume
Tertiary treatment units
Picket fence thickener and
New sludge dewatering building

An Bord Pleanala decided that Stage 2 of the proposed development is to be omitted entirely, Stage 2 involved upgrade of the WWTP capacity to 28,000 P.E., with land acquisition, additional secondary treatment, additional storm tank, inlet works, additional tertiary treatment units and a three stage odour control unit and building.

Stage 1 proposed upgrading works for Castleblayney WWTP will depend on DoECLG approval and funding, it is on the Water Services Investment Programme (WSIP) 2010 -2013 at an estimated cost of €3,927,000, however, it is currently at planning stage and is unlikely to be approved before the end of the current WSIP –December 2013.

Under schedule C.3 of the licence, upgrading of the Storm Water Overflows to comply with the criteria outlined in the DOEHLG 'Procedures and Criteria in

relation to Storm Water Overflows, 1995' with completion date of 31st December 2015 specified. The CSO's on the Castleblayney sewer network were constructed prior to the publication of this document, a survey of the Storm Water Overflows on the Castleblayney sewerage network was carried out by Monaghan County Council in 2011/2012, two CSO's on the network were decommissioned in 2011 and some upgrading/improvement works have been identified for some of the remaining SWO's, including raising weir walls and installation of net bags to trap solids on the outflows from them. These improvement works will be completed in 2013. A storm water overflow identified from the inlet works at the WWTP was decommissioned in 2012, leaving the remaining SWO from the storm tank at the plant. A detailed storm water overflow report is included in section 4.2 of this report.

Section 2. Monitoring Reports Summary

2.1 Summary report on monthly influent monitoring

Monaghan County Council's summary on influent monitoring for Castleblayney WWTP is tabulated in table 1 attached in appendix 1. As required under condition 4.15 of the licence, monthly monitoring of the influent stream to the WWTP for BOD, COD, Suspended Solids, Total Nitrogen and Total Phosphorus measuring mass loadings and removal efficiencies has been calculated and tabulated in the aforementioned table. The removal efficiencies for BOD, COD and SS within the treatment plant are adequate achieving averages over 87% for the parameters. The removal efficiencies for Total Nitrogen and Total Phosphorus are generally adequate achieving up to 96% removal within the treatment plant.

2.2 Discharges from the agglomeration

A summary presentation of monitoring results for the primary discharge (National Grid Reference 283041E 319961N) is tabulated in table 2.1 attached in appendix 1. The ELV's where applicable are included in the heading columns in accordance with schedule A.1 of the licence. There were 14 sample analysis carried out in 2012 for the effluent. There was one exceedance for BOD of 27mg/l on 24/02/12 which under condition 2 of the licence is not an incident as it is under allowable 100% deviation for BOD. The discharges from Castleblayney WWTP for 2012 were therefore compliant with ELV limits in the discharge licence with no reportable incidents to the EPA required.

2.3 Ambient monitoring summary

A summary presentation of the ambient monitoring results for the upstream (National grid reference 283028E 319980N) and downstream (National grid reference 283132E 319880N) receiving waters is tabulated in tables 2.3 and 2.4 attached in appendix 1. There were 12 sample analyses carried out in 2012 for the ambient monitoring. Lough Muckno is identified as sensitive water in terms of the Urban Waste Water Treatment Regulations 2001. It is

not a designated Salmonid water (under the European Communities (Quality of Salmonid Waters) Regulations, 1988), nor designated as an SPA, SAC or NHA. The impact of the discharge from the agglomeration on Lough Muckno is assessed with regard to the Environmental Quality Standards (EQS), (Surface Water Regulations 2009) for BOD and total Ammonia in the following calculations:

Assimilative Capacity of Receiving Water:

There is no OPW flow monitoring data available near the outfall location. The OPW records for the river Fane downstream at Clarebane station, no. 06012 gives the 95-percentile flow at a figure of 0.2m3/s. However this is a considerable distance downstream and the river is wider and larger at this point, the EPA flow estimation website gives a 95-percentile flow for the river flowing upstream of the discharge point for Castleblayney of 0.102m3/s. This figure is considered more reflective of the receiving water flow at the discharge point and is therefore used in these calculations. Lough Muckno's overall status is classified as 'bad' and at risk of not meeting good status by 2015, with overall objective to restore it to good status by 2021.

The assessment has been undertaken on the basis of an average discharge flow to the receiving water from the Wastewater Treatment Plant and the measured average upstream BOD and Total Ammonia concentrations from Monaghan County Council 2012 results.

BOD Assimilative Capacity

95-percentile Flow Conditions

The BOD assimilative capacity of the river under 95-percentile flow conditions is calculated by:

 $AC = (C_{max} - C_{back}) \times 86.4 \times F$

where,

AC = Assimilative capacity

 C_{max} = maximum permissible concentration (EQS) in the river (mg/l) (in this case taken as a maximum of 2.6mg/l) (SW Reg's 2009 – good status (use good status as river is poor status))

C_{back} = background upstream concentration (mg/l) (3.92mg/l – M.C.C. Upstream 2012 data) Use adjusted background concentration as measured background conc. Exceeds EQS: ((2.6-2.2)/2)+2.2=2.4mg/l

86.4 = constant to correct units to kg/day

 $\mathbf{F} = \text{flow in the river (m}^3/\text{s)} 95\% \text{ile flow (0.102m}^3/\text{s or 8,812,800l/d)}$

Therefore,

 $AC = (2.6-2.4) \times 86.4 \times 0.102$

AC = 1.76 kg/day

Total Amount Discharge to River:

With an average effluent discharge volume of 2004m³/day, and average BOD 7.08mg/l (refer table 2.1, appendix 1), the total amount of BOD discharged to the Lough Muckno:

 $(2,004,000I/day \times 7.08mg/I)/1,000,000 \text{ (mg to Kg)} = 14.19kg/day$

The Mass balance formula is used to calculate the **resulting BOD concentration in the receiving water** resulting from the effluent discharge:

$$T = \frac{FC + fc}{F + f}$$

Where;

T = resultant concentration due to the discharge (mg/l)

 $\mathbf{F} = 95\%$ ile flow of receiving water (m³/s) (95% flow of 0.102m³/s or 8,812,800l/d)

c = average concentration in discharge (7.08mg/l)

C = mean background concentration in receiving water u/s of discharge (3.92mg/I – M.C.C. Upstream 2012 data)

Use adjusted background concentration as measured background conc. Exceeds EQS: ((2.6-2.2)/2)+2.2=2.4mg/l

 $\mathbf{f} = \text{discharge volume } 2,004,000\text{l/d}$

 $1m^3/s = 86,400,000 I/d$

Therefore:

 $T = [(8,812,800 \times 2.4) + (2,004,000 \times 7.08)] / [8,812,800 + 2,004,000]$

T = 3.27 mg/l

Summary Result - BOD

Sullillary Result - De	
BOD	95-Percentile Flow
Assimilative Capacity of Receiving Water	1.76kg/day
Total Amount Discharged	14.19kg/day
% of Assimilative Capacity Absorbed	>100%
Existing Average Background Upstream	(3.92mg/l – M.C.C. Upstream 2012 data) Use adjusted background concentration as measured background conc. Exceeds EQS: ((2.6-2.2)/2)+2.2=2.4mg/l
Resultants Conc in River	3.27mg/l
Standard EQS - S.W. Regs 2009	2.6mg/l (Good Status)

There is no headroom available, as the current upstream concentration exceeds the EQS of 2.6mg/l already.

The resultant concentration is above the EQS of 2.6mg/l for 95%ile flow conditions (Surface water regs 2009), at a figure of 3.27mg/l. This can be attributed to the receiving Lough Muckno's existing 'bad' status, therefore the existing background upstream BOD concentration is already higher (3.92mg/l - 2012 results) than the Surface Water Regs 2009 EQS of 2.6mg/l therefore adjusted figures for the background upstream concentration has to be used (assuming 'good' status), leaving the assimilative capacity of the Lough Muckno very low for BOD.

Total Ammonia Assimilative Capacity

95-percentile Flow Conditions

The Total Ammonia assimilative capacity of the receiving waters under 95percentile flow conditions is calculated by:

 $AC = (C_{max} - C_{back}) \times 86.4 \times F$

where,

AC = Assimilative capacity

 C_{max} = maximum permissible concentration (EQS) in the river (mg/l) (in this case taken as a maximum of 0.14mg/l) (SW Reg's 2009 – good status (use good status as receiving water is poor status))

C_{back} = background upstream concentration (mg/l) (0.166mg/l – M.C.C. Upstream 2012 data)

Use adjusted background concentration as measured background conc. Exceeds

EQS: ((0.14-0.09)/2)+.09=0.115mg/l

86.4 = constant to correct units to kg/day

 $\mathbf{F} = \text{flow in the receiving water } (\text{m}^3/\text{s}) 95\% \text{ile flow } (0.102\text{m}^3/\text{s or } 8,812,800\text{l/d})$

Therefore,

 $AC = (0.14-0.115) \times 86.4 \times 0.102$

AC = 0.22 kg/day

Total Amount Discharge to receiving waters:

With an average effluent discharge volume of 2,004m³/day, and average total ammonia of 10.36mg/l (refer table 2.1, appendix 1), the total amount of ammonia discharged to Lough Muckno:

 $(2,004,000I/day \times 10.36mg/I)/1,000,000 \text{ (mg to Kg)} = 20.76kg/day$

The Mass balance formula is used to calculate the **resulting total Ammonia concentration in the receiving water** resulting from the effluent discharge:

$$T = \frac{FC + fc}{F + f}$$

Where:

T = resultant concentration due to the discharge (mg/l)

 $\mathbf{F} = 95\%$ ile flow of receiving water (m³/s) (0.102m³/s or 8,812,800l/d)

c = average concentration in discharge (10.36mg/l)

C = mean background concentration in receiving water u/s of discharge (0.166mg/I – M.C.C. Upstream 2012 data)

Use adjusted background concentration as measured background conc. Exceeds EQS: ((0.14-0.09)/2)+.09=0.115mg/l

f = discharge volume 2,004,000l/d

 $1m^3/s = 86,400,000 I/d$

Therefore:

 $T = [(8,812,800 \times 0.115) + (2,004,000 \times 10.36)] / [8,812,800 + 2,004,000]$

T = 2.01mg/l

Summary Result - Total Ammonia

Total Ammonia	95-Percentile Flow
Assimilative Capacity of Receiving waters	0.22kg/day
Total Amount Discharged	20.76kg/day
% of Assimilative Capacity Absorbed	>100%
Existing Average Background Upstream	0.115mg/l – Use adjusted method as existing status poor
Resultants Conc in Receiving water	2.01mg/l
Standard EQS - S.W. Regs 2009	0.14mg/l (Good Status)

There is no headroom available, as the current upstream concentration exceeds the EQS of 0.14mg/l already.

The resultant concentration is above the EQS of 0.14mg/l for 95%ile flow conditions (Surface water regs 2009), at a figure of 2.01mg/l. As previously stated for total Ammonia assimilative capacities, this can be attributed to the existing status of Lough Muckno being 'bad' with the existing background upstream total Ammonia concentration already higher (0.166mg/l - 2012 results) than the Surface Water Regs 2009 EQS of 0.14mg/l therefore adjusted figures for the background upstream concentration has to be used (assuming 'good' status), leaving the assimilative capacity of the Lough Muckno very low for Total Ammonia.

2.4 Data Collection and reporting requirements under the UWWT Directive.

This information will be submitted separately to the EPA through EDEN.

2.5 Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (PRTR) – **report for 2012.** This information is submitted electronically via the EPA website. Both the AER/PRTR Emissions Data information and the Excel calculation toolset are printed out and included at the end of this AER in Appendix 2.

Section 3. Operational Reports Summary

3.1 Complaints Summary

There were no complaints of an environmental nature related to the discharge from Castleblayney WWTP in 2012.

3.2 Reported Incidents Summary

As stated in section 2.2, there were no reportable incidents relating to exceedances of ELV's for Castleblayney discharge in 2012. One other incident reported to the EPA on 22/03/2012, related to a leak of stored pressed sludge into the aeration tanks from a sludge holding area at the WWTP caused by heavy rain (adverse weather) and irregular collection of sludge by a licensed haulier at the time. This sludge leak deactivated the activated sludge in the aeration tanks for a time. The corrective action taken was to remove all sludge from the holding area by licensed haulier for disposal and reseeding of the aeration tanks was undertaken with activated sludge from Carrickmacross WWTP. The preventative action taken at the time was to remove stored sludge at frequent intervals from the storage area to ensure no build up would occur and thus no leaks/movement from the storage area again. Further measures have been completed in January 2013 by Monaghan County Council in relation to pressed sludge storage at

Castleblayney WWTP. Prior to this, pressed sludge from the belt press was collected in an open trailer which was tipped into a concrete sludge storage area at the WWTP when full, for collection by licensed haulier for disposal. This storage area is not covered and therefore not aesthetically pleasing and may have caused odours from time to time. A new system has been installed in January 2013 at the belt press shed whereby pressed sludge is collected into a hopper and then pumped into an enclosed 18 tonne trailer, this trailer is removed from site by licensed haulier for disposal when full, thus eliminating the need for the use of the open storage area on site. The cost of this new system was €20,000.

Section 4. Infrastructural Assessment & Programme of Improvements

4.1 Treatment Capacity

As per condition 1.7 of the licence, an annual assessment of the remaining hydraulic and organic treatment capacities of the waste water works is required. This assessment is tabulated in table 1.2, appendix 1, as stated in the table there is hydraulic remaining capacity of 14% and Organic remaining capacity of 43% at the treatment works based on the current loading from 2012 figures. Hydraulically, based on the average figure of inflow used of 2004m3, there is only 14% capacity or 1,827 P.E. available at the WWTP, however, these calculations are based on the figures recorded on the date of influent sampling only, which vary widely from 602m3 in March to one particularly high figure of 3868m3 that occurred in November during heavy rainfall conditions, thus bringing the average up. Organically there is adequate capacity remaining at the WWTP from these calculations with 43% or 5,518P.E. available. The population equivalent of Castleblayney town was last estimated at approximately 1,751 persons. This figure is based Census 2011 data. The domestic population growth rate and population projection for the next three years is based on the population change between 2006 and 2011 (Census 2011 data), these figures show that there was a decline of 3.9% in population growth. Based on this population decline and the current economic climate, it is not anticipated that there will be any population increase of significance in the next three years, thus there is adequate capacity available at the Castleblayney WWTP.

4.2 Storm water and Emergency overflows identification and inspection report

As per condition 4.12.1 of the licence, a report on the investigation and assessment of Storm Water and Emergency overflows is required as part of the second AER. This report is included under appendix 2 of this report.

4.3 Report on progress made and proposals being developed to meet the improvement programme requirements.

As per condition 5.1 of the licence, a programme of infrastructural improvements to maximise the efficiency and effectiveness of the waste water works shall be prepared and submitted:

Under Schedule C.1 of the licence, 'Specified Improvement Programme', waste water treatment plant and ancillary works are specified with completion date specified of 31st December 2015. In the initial discharge licence application in 2008, a large expansion of the Castleblayney WWTP was outlined to upgrade the design of the plant to 28,000 P.E. including major infrastructural works. However, since then, An Bord Pleanala have declared an upper limit of this expansion to the WWTP of 14,000 P.E. and only approved Stage 1 of the proposed works outlined as follows:

Inlet pumping station
1 no. storm tank, 1,314m3 in volume
Tertiary treatment units
Picket fence thickener and
New sludge dewatering building

An Bord Pleanala decided that Stage 2 of the proposed development is to be omitted entirely, Stage 2 involved upgrade of the WWTP capacity to 28,000 P.E., with land acquisition, additional secondary treatment, additional storm tank, inlet works, additional tertiary treatment units and a three stage odour control unit and building.

Stage 1 proposed upgrading works for Castleblayney WWTP will depend on DoECLG approval and funding, it is on the Water Services Investment Programme (WSIP) 2010 -2013 at an estimated cost of €3,927,000, however, it is currently at planning stage and is unlikely to be approved before the end of the current WSIP –December 2013. It will also depend on DoECLG approval and funding, as to whether the completion date of December 31st 2015 will be realised for these 'Stage 1' works.

Under schedule C.3 of the licence, upgrading of the Storm Water Overflows to comply with the criteria outlined in the DOEHLG '*Procedures and Criteria in relation to Storm Water Overflows, 1995*' with completion date of 31st December 2015 specified. A detailed storm water and emergency overflow report is included in section 4.2/appendix 2 of this report. Works completed to date by Monaghan County Council regarding this specified improvement are, two CSO's on the network have been decommissioned and one SWO from the inlet works of the WWTP has been decommissioned in 2012. Further upgrading/improvement works have been identified for two of the remaining SWO's. New storm water storage facilities are proposed in 'Stage 1' works for upgrading the WWTP as outlined above, this additional storage would

minimise/eliminate the risk of overflows to Lough Muckno from SW3 at the WWTP.

Under condition 5.2 (a) of the licence, the programme of infrastructural improvements shall include an assessment of the waste water treatment plant having regard to the effectiveness of the treatment provided by reference to the following:

(i) The existing level of treatment, capacity of treatment plant and associated equipment:

The existing level of treatment at the plant is secondary with dosing facilities on site for Phosphorus, currently, there is no dosing at the plant as the Phosphorus levels are within ELV's specified in the licence. Ammonia levels are high in the effluent, consideration is being given by Monaghan County Council to creating/installing an anoxic zone within the treatment plant to reduce these levels, (pending costs and funding being available). The capacity of the treatment plant is currently adequate as outlined in section 4.1 of this report.

(ii) The emission limit values specified in Schedule A: Discharges, of this licence:

The WWTP is currently effectively treating the effluent to the ELV's specified in Schedule A of the licence, however, with no incidents in 2012. There are new lower ELV's specified under Schedule A for the primary discharge point from 1st January 2016 for the WWTP. The proposed specified improvement works approved by 'An Bord Pleanala' for tertiary treatment, storm tanks and a sludge picket fence thickener would improve the effluent parameters overall with additional treatment provided and eliminating the current requirement to turn off the RAS pumps from the clarifiers to allow sludge to be pressed. Dosing can be commenced to further reduce the Phosphorus levels at the WWTP to meet the reduced ELV's in 2016.

(iii) The designations of the receiving water body:

The outfall from the Castleblayney Waste Water Plant discharges to the Lough Muckno Lake via a small stream at National Grid Reference 283041E 319961N in the Town land of Drumillard Little, Castleblayney, Co Monaghan. Lough Muckno is identified as sensitive water in terms of the Urban Waste Water Treatment Regulations 2001. It is not designated Salmonid water (under the European Communities (Quality of Salmonid Waters) Regulations, 1988) nor designated as an SPA, SAC or NHA.

Lough Muckno is in the Neagh Bann river basin district with overall status classified as 'Bad 'and at risk of not meeting good status by 2015, with overall objective to restore its status by 2021. The 'point risk source' and potential for impact from the Castleblayney WWTP discharge on the lake is categorised as '2b – not at risk' and the combined storm overflows (CSOs) categorised as '2b – not at risk', however the overall objectives relating to this water body is to upgrade WWTP discharges by 2021 (ref: WFD Ireland maps/website & reports.) The treatment being provided at present is not adequate for

ammonia and nitrogen reduction at the WWTP and therefore impacting on the lake, however there are new lower ELV limits specified in the licence from 1st January 2016 of ammonia at 0.5mg/l and Total P of 0.3mg/l. These reduced ELV's that have to be met will reduce the impact from the WWTP on Lough Muckno. The specified improvements under schedule C1 of the licence for the WWTP that have been approved by 'An Bord Pleanala' – proposed Stage 1 works if completed, would also provide additional tertiary treatment for the effluent thus reducing emissions from the WWTP and provision of additional storm tanks would minimise the risk of storm water overflows to the lake, thus assisting in enabling the overall objective to restore it to 'good status' by 2021 under the Water Framework Directive.

(iv) Downstream abstractions and uses of water:

Lough Muckno is a large lake in Castleblayney that is used for fishing and recreational activities. There are three drinking water abstraction points further downstream of Lough Muckno. The first drinking water abstraction point is by Northern Ireland Water, from Lough Ross some 3km downstream of Lough Muckno, at Carran hill water supply scheme which supplies approximately 3600m3/day for the South Armagh area.

The second drinking water abstraction point is by Monaghan County Council, from the River Fane some 16km downstream of Lough Muckno, at Inniskeen Public Water Supply (PWS) water supply scheme which supplies approximately 186m3/day for the Inniskeen area.

The third drinking water abstraction is located at Stephenstown in County Louth (Cavan Hill water supply scheme) approximately 26km downstream of Lough Muckno supplying Dundalk town and parts of County Louth. As stated in point no. (iii) above, the new lower ELV's specified in the licence from January 2016 will reduce the impact from the effluent discharge from the WWTP on Lough Muckno and if the approved upgrading works are completed, they will also further reduce the impact of the WWTP on Lough Muckno, thus assisting in enabling the overall objective to restore it to 'good status' by 2021 under the Water Framework Directive.

- (v) Water quality objective for the receiving water body: This item was addressed in point no. 4.3 (iii) above.
- (vi) The standards and volumetric limitations applied to any industrial waste water that is licensed to discharge to the waste water works:

There are a small number of licences applicable in Castleblayney, one meat plant operator ceased production in 2012 due to the economic downturn. There are no other food processors licensed to the WWTP at present. The remainder operate within the standards and volumetric limitations of their licences.

Under condition 5.2 (b) of the licence, the programme of infrastructural improvements shall include an assessment of the integrity of the waste water works having regard to:

(i) Capacity of the waste water works:

The capacity of the treatment plant is currently adequate as outlined in section 4.1 of this report.

(ii) Leaks from the waste water works:

There are no known leaks from the waste water works.

(iii) Misconnections between foul sewers and surface water drainage network:

Monaghan County Council's Environment section monitor surface waters and investigate any misconnections highlighted. The more recent housing developments would have separate foul and surface water systems. Any misconnections brought to Monaghan County Council's attention are investigated.

(iv) (v) Infiltration by surface water/ground water:

A detailed survey was carried out of the Castleblayney network and treatment plant in 2008 by Consultants for Monaghan County Council. This survey highlighted deficiencies within the sewer network under various headings – structural, hydraulic and service condition. Detailed drawings and reports were produced by the Consultants, there are no plans to address deficiencies highlighted on the network or upgrade the network due to funding constraints.

Under condition 5.2 (c) of the licence, the programme of infrastructural improvements shall include an assessment of all storm water overflows associated with the waste water works to determine the effectiveness of their operation and in particular identify improvements necessary to comply with the requirements of this licence:

This item is addressed in the SWO/CSO detailed report included under appendix 2 of this report.

Condition 5.3 (a) and (b) of the licence, the programme of infrastructural improvements shall include a plan for implantation for each individual improvement identified:

This item is addressed/covered in section 4.3 above.

Section 5. Environmental liability and Financial Provisions

5.1 Statement of measures

Appendix 2 details this item.

5.2 Environmental Liabilities Risk Assessment

Appendix 2 details this item.

Section 6. Licence Specific Reports

There are three licence specific reports required under the Castleblayney licence:

Report 1: Priority Substance Assessment

Appendix 2 details this item.

Report 2: Drinking Water Abstraction Point Risk Assessment

Under condition 4.17 of the licence 'a risk assessment for the protection of the downstream drinking water abstraction points' is required. This risk assessment is assessing the impact of the Castleblayney waste water treatment plant and its discharges on the receiving water, Lough Muckno. Lough Muckno flows via a short river namely the Clarebane River (approx. 3km long), into Lough Ross and out into the river Fane, there are three drinking water abstraction points further downstream of Lough Muckno. The first drinking water abstraction point is by Northern Ireland Water, from Lough Ross some 3km downstream of Lough Muckno, at Carran hill water supply scheme which supplies approximately 3600m3/day for the South Armagh area. Carran hill Water treatment works is situated on the outskirts of Crossmaglen in County Armagh. Northern Ireland Water commissioned a new £10 million modern treatment works in August 2006 at Carran hill. The second drinking water abstraction point is by Monaghan County Council, from the River Fane some 16km downstream of Lough Muckno, at Inniskeen Public Water Supply (PWS) water supply scheme which supplies approximately 186m3/day for the Inniskeen area. Inniskeen Water treatment works is situated on the outskirts of the village of Inniskeen in County Monaghan. Inniskeen PWS is part of a Design, Build and Operate bundle in County Monaghan, whereby a private contractor operates the treatment plant for the Council. The water treatment plant is a modern treatment plant using coagulation and dissolved air flotation that was commissioned in 2004. The third drinking water abstraction is located at Stephenstown in County Louth (Cavan Hill water supply scheme) approximately 26km downstream of Lough Muckno supplying Dundalk town and parts of County Louth. Cavan Hill water supply scheme abstracts water from the River Fane at Stephenstown in County Louth and treats the water at a treatment plant located approximately 2km from the intake at 'Cavan Hill'. Cavan Hill water

treatment plant is a large modern treatment plant using rapid gravity filtration. Dundalk Town Council have a Water Order for abstraction of 36,400m3/day from the River Fane, they are presently abstracting half of this amount producing an average of 18,000m3/day treated water for it's consumers.

Castleblayney WWTP discharge has the potential to impact on the downstream water abstraction points in relation to pollutant loading into Lough Muckno and hence Lough Ross and the River Fane. The risk from the Castleblayney WWTP will be assessed under four separate headings with an overall risk ranking applied in a conclusion:

- (1) Level of treatment and capacity of WWTP.
- (2) Discharge compliance.
- (3) Lough Muckno and the River Fane quality and monitoring data.
- (4) Discharges impact during periods of normal and abnormal operation and control measures.

(1) Level of treatment and capacity of WWTP:

Castleblayney WWTP provides secondary treatment with nutrient removal (phosphorus reduction) facilities that are not currently operational due to Phosphorus levels being within required ELV's. The plant is operated and maintained to a good standard with a caretaker 8 hours per day Monday to Friday and 2 hours Saturdays and Sundays. The design P.E. of the plant is 12,960 with it currently treating 11,133 P.E. An assessment of the remaining capacities at the plant is outlined in section 4.1 of this AER, (tabulated in table 2.3, appendix 1). The conclusion of this is that there is remaining hydraulic capacity of 14% and Organic capacity of 43% at the treatment works based on the current loading.

The level of treatment and capacity of the treatment works is adequate to cater for the loading into the plant and to produce effluent compliant with licence requirements, thus the risk ranking for this element of the WWTP is applied as *low risk*.

(2) Discharge Compliance:

Under Schedule B and condition 2 of the licence (ref. table 2.1, appendix 1 and section 2.2 of this AER report) the Castleblayney WWTP discharge is compliant for all licensed parameters in 2012. A regular monitoring and sampling program is in place for analysis of the discharge at the Castleblayney WWTP thus minimising the risk of pollution to Lough Muckno and the river Fane.

The assimilative capacity calculations for the impact of the discharge on the receiving Lough Muckno are calculated in this report, the existing status of Lough Muckno is 'bad' (WFD website and reports) and highly eutrophic (EPA website and reports), therefore the existing BOD and total Ammonia upstream levels in the catchment are higher than the EQS before the primary discharge

point of the Castleblayney WWTP, therefore 'good status' adjusted figures were applied as required in the assimilative calculations to assess the impact of the BOD and total Ammonia loading from the plant effluent on the receiving water. The assimilative capacity calculations for BOD and total Ammonia from the plant to the receiving Lough Muckno (ref. section 2.3 of this AER report) conclude that they are over the EQS applicable for each parameter in the Lake and are therefore impacting upon the existing Lough Muckno quality. There are other factors causing pollution to Lough Muckno upstream of Castleblayney WWTP such as agricultural activities.

The risk ranking for this element of the discharge from the WWTP is therefore applied as 'medium risk'.

(3)Lough Muckno lake and downstream River Fane quality and monitoring data.

Lough Muckno lake existing status has been discussed under item (2) above with existing status designated as 'bad' (WFD website and reports), Lough Muckno flows into the Clarebane river which is approximately 3.6km long flowing into Lough Ross and then out into the River Fane which flows to County Louth via Inniskeen village. Clarebane river has a 'Q3' quality rating in 2006 by the EPA thus it is 'moderate' status, however, the groundwater status for the catchment area is classified as 'good' in 2011 from monitoring by the EPA at the Clarebane bridge monitoring station no. 300 (EPA website and reports). There is no surface water quality data available for Lough Ross as the majority of the Lough is in Northern Ireland, however, however, the groundwater status for the catchment area is classified as 'good' in 2011 from monitoring by the EPA. The river Fane downstream of this Lough has a'Q3' quality rating in 2009 thus it is moderate status, by the EPA, but it is classified as being 'poor' overall status (WFD website and reports) under the river basin district assessment 2009-2015, with overall objective to restore 'good status' by 2021. This 'poor status' applies for the length of the Fane River to the border with Louth. Given the fact that the local and downstream receiving waters are already 'poor status', it is concluded that any discharge will impact the receiving waters are there is no assimilative capacity available within the waters as outlined in section 2.3 of this AER report, however, the Castleblayney WWTP discharges for 2012 are compliant. There are 3 combined sewer overflows on the network as outlined in the CSO report in appendix 2 of this report, 2 are considered to operate in periods of heavy rainfall which overflow to the receiving waters upstream of the discharge point on occasion, which would obviously impact on the quality of the receiving waters. Improvement works to decommission one of these CSO's and raise the weir wall in the other one are planned for 2013. Other contributors to the upstream pollution could be attributed to farming practices such as slurry spreading, fertiliser runoff, poor storage facilities and also from other sources such as septic tanks. The impact of the Castleblayney WWTP discharge could be improved with the decommissioning of the CSO's and additional storm storage at the WWTP.

The risk ranking for this element of the discharges from the WWTP is therefore applied as '*medium risk*'.

(4) Discharges impact during periods of normal and abnormal operation and control measures.

The impact of the Castleblayney discharge on the drinking water abstraction points downstream is considered low -medium risk as discussed in points 1 to 3 above. Periods of abnormal operation at the plant would be considered to occur due to extreme storm conditions, equipment malfunction or breakdown, Power cut, or dumping of toxic waste e.g. diesel wash into the network. The impact to the treatment plant and discharge to Lough Muckno and the receiving waters from these events occurring is minimised by having a plant operator on site every day at the plant, therefore identifying any abnormal events that occur and implementing control measures as necessary to alleviate them. There is a storm tank on site, which has a storage capacity of 300m3, which has a storm overflow that will activate during periods of prolonged rainfall, additional storm storage would minimise the risk of overflow to Lough Muckno from this tank. There are 2 number CSOs on the network that could activate during storms, thus impacting on the quality of the receiving waters. All pumping stations on the network have a dial out facility to the caretakers phone to alert him of pump malfunction or breakdown, thus enabling immediate response. The controls and monitors at the treatment works are continually monitored by the plant operator, which would highlight any problem with the treatment plant equipment or treatment process. The risk of a chemical spill or overdose into the treatment system at the plant is minimised as the storage tanks for all chemicals are bunded. Regular monitoring of the effluent also ensures that any deviations in the effluent parameters resulting from problems with the treatment process are addressed. In the event of a power cut, the electricity supply company will be contacted and a standby generator brought in. There has been no incidents of illegal waste being dumped into the sewer network in Castleblayney, however given the proximity of the plant to the border of Northern Ireland and that the dumping of illegal diesel wash is prevalent in the Monaghan/Northern Ireland border area, consideration is given to this event occurring. If this event occurred, it may lead to a worst case scenario of the Castleblayney WWTP being effectively 'shut down' while a clean up of the treatment plant is undertaken and removal of the toxic material and effected plant media to a licensed disposal facility in Germany. While the WWTP is unable to operate and treat the influent from the agglomeration, consideration would be given to tanker the influent by a licensed haulier to a WWTP elsewhere in Monaghan with available capacity to treat it, until the WWTP is up and running again. If there is an event at the plant that leads to a pollution incident in Lough Muckno, Monaghan County Council will immediately notify the downstream drinking water sources, Carran Hill Water supply scheme - Northern Ireland Water, Inniskeen PWS - Monaghan County Council and Dundalk town council who are responsible for the Cavan Hill downstream water abstraction water

supply scheme, the EPA and the Inland Fisheries Board and implement any control measures and necessary works to address the incident. From the occurrence of these periods of abnormal operation and the control measures in place to deal with them should they occur, the risk ranking for this element of the discharge from the WWTP is applied as 'medium risk'.

Conclusion:

From the risk ranking applied to the impacts of the Castleblayney WWTP discharge on the downstream drinking water abstraction points in the four situations addressed previously in this section, it is concluded that the **overall risk is 'medium'**.

Report 3: Assessment to investigate options to relocate the primary discharge point:

This assessment has not been completed to date, it will be completed and submitted to the EPA in 2013.

Appendix 1

Influent monthly monitoring summary
Remaining Hydraulic & Organic treatment capacities
Monitoring results for Castleblayney WWTP
Effluent monitoring results
Influent monitoring results
Upstream monitoring results
Downstream monitoring results

ufluent mon	thly monito	influent monthly monitoring - as per condition 4.15 of licence.	condition 4	.15 of lice	ence.					١	1								
ocation	Daily Flow	Influent		Sample	BOD mg/l	BOD	BOD	COD mg/I	COD	COD :	SS mg/l	mg/l SSLoading SS Removal (Kg/day) Efficiency %	SS Removal Efficiency %	Total P mg/l P	Loading	Removal	mg/I N	Loading	Removal
	CIN CONTRACT		Rundung	0 0			Efficiency %		(Kg/day)	Efficiency %					(Kg/day)	Efficiency %		(Kg/day)	Efficiency %
vertieblever	1750 00	Influent	24/02/2012	U	214.0	374.50		567.00	992.25		168.00	294.00		3.390	5.93		35.10	61.43	
in the second			24/02/2012	O	27.0	47.25	87.38	71.00	124.25	87.48	10.00	17.50	94.05	1.400	2.45	58.70	18.24	31.92	48.03
Sastleblavnev	602 00	Influent	03/03/2012	U	375.00	225.75		1076.00	647.75		481.00	289.56		7.043	4.24		57.12	34.39	
and and and and	602.00			O	16.00	9.63	95.73	72.00	43.34	93.31	19.00	11.44	96.05	1.775	1.07	74.80	24.75	14.90	26.67
Sectionisyney	Ĺ	Influent	18/05/2012	O	185.00	267.33		923.00	1333.74		326.00	471.07		3.989	5.76		47.04	67.97	
	L			O	4.00	5.78	97.84	33.00	47.69	96.42	4.00	5.78	98.77	0.159	0.23	96.01	16.41	23.71	65.11
verteblaynev	2146.00		19/06/2012	O	305.00	654.53		792.00	1699.63		338.00	725.35		9.116	19.56		68.32	146.61	
Total Constant	2 146 00			O	1.80	3.86	99.41	17.00	36.48	97.85	4.00	8.58	98.82	0.299	0.64	96.72	11.40	24.46	83.31
	L			,	No lab			00 676	1001		244 00	726.39		3,656	10.88		54.88	163.38	
Castleblayney	1	Influent	16/07/2012	ی د	12 00	35 72		22.00	65.49	93.59	3.00	8.93	98.77	0.178	0.53	95.13	10.64	31.68	80.61
	1			, ,	00 000	417 12		562.00	1065 55		183.00	346.97		3.757	7.12		31.92	60.52	
astrebiayney		Efficent		0	2000	3.79	60.66	22.00	41.71	60'96	00.9	11.38	96.72	1.174	2.23	68.75	15.52	29.43	51.38
	1			, ,	265,00	458 19		534 00	923.29		312.00	539.45		4.914	8.50		46.48	80.36	
astlebiayney	1729.00			0	13.00	22.48	95.09	41.00	70.89	92.32	3.00	5.19	99.04	0.189	0.33	96.15	16.05	27.75	65.47
Vacriabilavnev			_	c	190.00	327.94		506.00	873.36		160.00	276.16		6.904	11.92		53.20	91.82	
organica de la constanta de la				O	2.00	3.45	98.95	29.00	50.05	94.27	9.00	15.53	94.38	1.276	2.20	81.52	14.50	25.03	72.74
Vocateblavnov			17/10/2012	c	49.00	122.06		245.00	610.30		103.00	256.57		1.902	4.74		16.24	40.45	
odsicolay ich	L			O	06.0	2.24	98.16	22.00	54.80	91.02	2.00	4.98	98.06	0.116	0.29	93.90	5.12	12.75	68.47
Vacritablayney	L		14/11/2012	O	235.00	908.98		2278.00	8811.30		646.00	2498.73		1.993	7.71		40.33	156.00	
and an analysis				O	2.00	7.74	99.15	21.00	81.23	80.66	2.00	7.74	69.66	0.469	1.81	76.47	9.33	36.09	76.87
Castleblavnev		Influent	03/12/2012	O	190.00	513.19		746.00	2014.95		183.00	494.28		1.431	3.87		38.08	102.85	
	_			O	3.30	8.91	98.26	22.00	59.42	97.05	9.00	24.31	95.08	0.118	0.32	91.75	7.42	20.04	80.51

nfluent monitoring summary table	itoring sum	mary table					
	BOD mg/l COD mg/l	COD mg/l	Total P mg/l Total N P mg/l N	Total N mg/l N	Volumetric Loading m3/day	Loading PE/day	
Number of samples	10	11	1	1	n/a	n/a	
Maximum result	375.00	2278.00	9.116	68.32	3868.00	21,489	Storm conditions for max. inflow result 14/11/2012
Annual Mean	222.80	779.27	4.37	44.43	2,004	11,133	

Remaining Hydraulic & Organic treatment capacities - as per condition 1.7.1 of licence.	aulic & Organ	nic treatment ca	apacities - as	per condition	on 1.7.1 of lic	ence.	
	Design capacity of plant	Design Current capacity of Flowiloading plant to plant 2012 Current PE equiv	Current PE	equiv.	Remaining capacity of plant	Remaining Remaining capacity of capacity of plant plant plant (P.E. equiv)	Remaining capacity of plant (P.E. equiv)
Design PE	12,960						
Hydraulic Ioading M3/day	2,333	2004		11,133 PE equiv.	328.80	14.09	1826.67
Organic Ioading BOD kg/day	778	446.49		7,442 PE equiv.	331.11	42.58	5518.48

Table 2: Mon	itoring Resu	Its for Cas	tleblayney	WWTF									Total
Location	Out Flow M3/day	Location	Date of Sampling	Sample Type (C or G)	Temp	PH	cBOD mg/l	COD mg/l	Suspended Solids mg/l	Ortho Phosphorus/M RP mg/l	Total Phosphorus mg/l (as P)	Ammonia (as N)	Nitrogen mg/l (as N)
Castleblayney		Influent Effluent	02/02/2012	C			22.00	58.00	12.00	<2		12.10	17.68
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of	15 Transmission				2.00	00.00	12.00	<0.5	0.08	<0.1	<7
Castleblayney		Works Down Stream	02/02/2012				<2			<0.5	0.15	<0.1	<7
Castleblayney Castleblayney		of Works Influent	02/02/2012	С			214.00	567.00	168.00		3.39		35.10
Castleblayney		Effluent	24/02/2012	С			27.00	71.00	10.00	<6	1.40	13.57	18.24
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	24/02/2012				<2	21.00		<6	<1	<1	<7
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	24/02/2012				<2	19.00	101.00	<6	<1 7.043	<1	<7 57.120
Castleblayney		Influent Effluent	03/03/2012	C			375.00 16.00	1076.00 72.00	481.00 19.00	1.244	1.775	22.870	24.750
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of					9.00			<0.006	0.053	0.031	1.150
Castleblayney		Works Down Stream	03/03/2012				<2.00			<0.006	0.136	0.719	1.860
Castleblayney Castleblayney		of Works Influent	03/03/2012				12.00						
Castleblayney		Effluent	10/04/2012	С			<2	6.00	2.00	0.065		18.420	
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works											
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works											-
Castleblayney		Influent Effluent	19/04/2012	С			1.60	14.00	5.00	0.148	0.273	10.040	14.980
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of	19/04/2012	C			1.00	1 1.00					
Castleblayney		Works Down Stream											
Castleblayney Castleblayney		of Works Influent				-							
Castleblayney		Effluent	23/04/2012	С			1.90			0.155		21.660	
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works											
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works											
Castleblayney		Influent	18/05/2012				185.00	923.00 33.00	326.00 4.00		3.989 0.159	12.930	47.040 16.410
Castleblayney		Effluent Up Stream Of	18/05/2012			-	4.00	33.00		<0.006	<0.007	0.152	2.730
Castleb!ayney		Works Down Stream	18/05/2012		-		2.00		2.00	0.109	0.112	0.823	3.360
Castleblayney		of Works Influent	18/05/2012		+	-	3.60 305.00	792.00	12.00 338.00	0.109	9.116	0.020	68.320
Castleblayney Castleblayney		Effluent	19/06/2012				1.80	17.00	4.00		0.299	6.060	11.400
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	19/06/2012				1.00			<0.006	0.052	0.044	2.080
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	19/06/2012				2.00			<0.006	0.064	0.047	<1.00
Castleblayney	55000	Influent	16/07/2012				1.50	343.00 22.00	244.00 3.00		3.656 0.178		54.880 10.640
Castleblayney		Effluent Up Stream Of	16/07/2012					22.00	3.00	0.037	0.072		<1.00
Castleblayney		Works Down Stream	16/07/2012				1.50				0.136		1.390
Castleblayney		of Works Influent	16/07/2012				1.30	562.00	183.00	0.029	3.757		31.920
Castleblayney Castleblayney		Effluent	14/08/2012				2.00	22.00	6.00		1.174	12.300	15.520
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	14/08/2012	2			2.20			0.020	0.073	0.110	1.250
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	14/08/2012				2.30			0.036	0.084	0.233	1.940
Castleblayney		Influent	05/09/2012	C			265.00	534.00	312.00		4.914 0.189	9.720	46.480 16.050
Castleb!ayney		Effluent Up Stream Of	05/09/2012			-	13.00	41.00	3.00	0.007		0.087	2.240
Castleblayney		Works Down Stream	05/09/2012	2	-		12.00	-		0.037	0.108		
Castleblayney		of Works	05/09/2012				12.00 190.00	506.00	160.00	0.033	0.088 6.904	0.172	2.240 53.200
Castleblayney Castleblayney		Influent Effluent	19/09/2012		1		<2	29.00	9.00		1.276	12.240	14.500
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	19/09/2012				1.00			0.029	0.063	0.029	1.120
		Down Stream of Works					1.10			0.044	0.044	0.543	1.690
Castleblayney Castleblayney		Influent	17/10/2012	2 C			49.00	245.00	103.00		1.902	0.924	16.240
Castleblayney		Effluent Up Stream O	17/10/2012	2 C			0.90	22.00	<2		0.116	0.824	5.120
Castleblayney		Works	17/10/2012	2	_		0.80			0.034	0.408	0.077	1.650
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	17/10/2012				0.80	2278.00	646.00	0.039	0.134 1.993	0.128	40.330
Castleblayney		Influent Effluent	14/11/2012				235.00	21.00	2.00		0.469	3.080	9.330
Castleblayney		Up Stream O Works					8.00			0.017	0.105	0.055	1.170
Castleblayney		Down Stream			-		<2			0.033	0.071	0.112	1.160
Castleblayney Castleblayney		of Works Influent	03/12/2013				190.00	746.00	183.00	2.000	1.431		38.080
Castleblayney		Effluent	03/12/2012				3.30	22.00	9.00		0.118	0.577	7.420
Castleblayney		Up Stream O Works	03/12/201	2			1.60			0.014	0.053	0.075	1.260
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	03/12/201	2			3.10			<0.006	0.033	0.012	1.220

Table 2.1: Ca	stiebiayney i	miuent m	onitoring r	esults.	Note C	unent EL		,,,,			0,3mg/l	0.5mg/l	
NB NOTE" ELV	's will change	from Jan 1s	t 2016 to Blu	re limits:			10mg/l	125mg/l	35mg/l		Total Phosphorus	Ammonia	Total
Location	Daily Flow M3/day	Effluent	Date of Sampling	Sample Type (C or G)	Temp SPIG max	PH 6 9	cBOD mg/l	COD mg/l 125mg/l	Suspended Solids mg/l 15mg/l	Ortho Phosphorus mg/l	(as P) mg/l	(as N)	Nitrogen mg/l (as N)
Castleblayney	2014	Effluent	02/02/2012	С	11		22.00	58.00	12.00	<2		12.10	17.68
Castleblayney	1750	Effluent	24/02/2012	C			27.00	71.00	10.00	<6	1.40	13.57	18.24
	602	Effluent	03/03/2012	С			16.00	72.00	19.00	1.244	1.775	22.870	24.75
Castleblayney	602	Emocia	03/03/2012							90 State	100 0 0 00		No lab
Castleblayney	1127	Effluent	10/04/2012	С			<2	6.00	2.00	0.065	No lab result	18.420	result
Castleblayney	1587	Effluent	19/04/2012	С			1.60	14.00	5.00	0.148	0.273	10.040	14.98
Castleblayney	1445	Effluent	18/05/2012	С			4.00	33.00	4.00		0.159	12.930	16.41
Castleblayney	2146	Effluent	19/06/2012	С			1.80	17.00	4.00		0.299	6.060	11.40
Castleblayney	2977	Effluent	16/07/2012	С			1.50	22.00	3.00		0.178	10.000	10.64
Castleblayney	1896	Effluent	14/03/2012	С			2.00	22.00	6.00		1.174	12.300	15.52
Castleblayney	1729	Effluent	05/09/2012	С			13.00	41.00	3.00		0.189	9.720	16.05
Castleblayney	1726	Effluent	19/09/2012	С			<2	29.00	9.00		1.276	12.240	14.50
Castleblayney	2491	Efficient	17/10/2012	С			0.90	22.00	<2		0.116	0.824	5.12
Castleblayney	3868	Effluent	14/11/2012	C			<2	21.00	2.00		0.469	3.080	9.33
Castleblayney	2701	Efficent	03/12/2012	С			3.30	22.00	9.00		0.118	0.577	7.42
Average	2004				-		7.08	32.14	6.92		0.62	10.36	14.0
Condition 2 Licence: Interpretation Condition 2 Licence: Interpretation						No allowable failures, no	2 allowable failures provided under 100% of ELV	2 allowable failures provided under 100% of ELV	2 allowable failures provided under 150% of	o samples that m	Eight out of ten conse exceed ELV. No individe ELV by more than 20	cutive samples dual result sha	shall not ill exceed
						deviation	(50mg/l)	(250mg/l)	ELV (87.5mg/l)		0 eLV by more than 20	70 - (10(d) P Z.	4(154(1)
Total incidents:						allowed.	0	0	0				

Influent monite	Inflow M3/day	Location	Date of Sampling	Sample Type (C or G)	Temp	PH	cBOD mg/l	COD mg/l	Suspended Solids mg/l	Ortho Phosphorus/M RP mg/l	Total Phosphorus mg/l (as P)	Ammonia (as N)	Total Nitrogen mg/l (as N)
Castleblayney	A Company of the last	Influent	24/02/2012	С			214.00	567.00	168.00		3.39		35.10
Castleblayney		Influent	03/03/2012	C			375.00	1076.00	481.00		7.043		57.120
Castleblayney		Influent	18/05/2012				185.00	923.00	326.00		3.989		47.040
		Influent	19/06/2012				305.00	792.00	338.00		9.116		68.320
Castleblayney		Influent	16/07/2012				No lab result	343.00	244.00		3.656		54.880
Castleblayney	-	Influent	14/08/2012				220.00	562.00	183.00		3.757		31.920
Castleblayney		Influent	05/09/2012			_	265.00	534.00	312.00		4.914		46.480
Castleblayney		12.5200000	19/09/2012				190.00	506.00	160.00		6.904		53.200
Castleblayney		Influent			_	_	49.00	245.00	103.00		1,902		16.240
Castleblayney		Influent	17/10/2012			-	235.00	2278.00	646.00		1.993		40.330
Castleblayney		Influent	14/11/2012				M. V. P. J. P. P.	746.00	183.00		1.431		38.080
Castleblayney		Influent	03/12/2012	С			190.00		1	-	4.37		44.43
Average							222.80	779.27	285.82		4.31		44.40

Table 2.3	
Hastream moni	toring requite

Upstream moni	Out Flow M3/day	Location	Date of Sampling	Sample Type (C or G)	Temp	PH	cBOD mg/l	COD mg/l	Suspended Solids mg/l	Ortho Phosphorus/M RP mg/l	Total Phosphorus mg/l (as P)	Ammonia (as N)	Total Nitrogen mg/l (as N)
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	02/02/2012	G			2.00			<0.5	0.08	<0.1	<7
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works		1 100			<2	21.00		<6	<1	<1	<7
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	03/03/2012	G			9.00			<0.006	0.053	0.031	1.150
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	18/05/2012	G			2.00		2.00	<0.006	<0.007	0.152	2.730
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	19/06/2012	G			1.00			<0.006	0.052	0.044	2.080
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	16/07/2012	G			1.50			0.037	0.072	No Lab result	<1.00
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	14/08/2012	G			2.20			0.020	0.073	0.110	1.250
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	05/09/2012	G			12.00			0.037	0.108	0.087	2.240
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	19/09/2012	G			1.00			0.029	0.063	0.029	1.120
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	17/10/2012	G			0.80			0.034	0.408	0.077	1.650
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	14/11/2012	G			8.00			0.017	0.105	0.055	1.170
Castleblayney		Up Stream Of Works	03/12/2012	G			1.60			0.014	0.053	0.075	1.260
Average							3.92			0.021		0.166	

Га	b	le	2.4	

Table 2.4			_										
Downstream me	onitoring resu	ilts											
Location	Out Flow M3/day	Location	Date of Sampling	Sample Type (C or G)	Temp	PH	cBOD mg/l	COD mg/I	Suspended Solids mg/l	Ortho Phosphorus/M RP mg/l	Total Phosphorus mg/l (as P)	Ammonia (as N)	Total Nitrogen mg/l (as N)
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	02/02/2012	G			<2			<0.5	0.15	<0.1	<7
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	24/02/2012	G			<2	19.00		<6	<1	<1	<7
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	03/03/2012	G			<2.00			<0.006	0.136	0.719	1.860
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	18/05/2012	G			3.60		12.00	0.109	0.112	0.823	3.360
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	19/06/2012	G			2.00			<0.006	0.064	0.047	<1.00
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	16/07/2012	G			1.30			0.029	0.136	No Lab result	1.390
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	14/08/2012	G			2.30			0.036	0.084	0.233	1.940
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	05/09/2012	G			12.00			0.033	0.088	0.172	2.240
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	19/09/2012	G			1.10			0.044	0.044	0.543	1.690
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	17/10/2012	G			0.80			0.039	0.134	0.128	1.140
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	14/11/2012	G			<2			0.033	0.071	0.112	1.160
Castleblayney		Down Stream of Works	03/12/2012	G			3.10			<0.006	0.033	0.012	1.220
Average							2.85			0.031		0.344	

Appendix 2

Pollutant Release and transfer Register Excel calculation toolset Flow Weighted Mass emissions calculations Environmental Liabilities Risk Assessment Priority Substance Assessment report Storm water and Emergency overflow report Sheet: Facility ID Activities



| PRTR# : D0205 | Facility Name : Castleblayney Waste Water Treatment Plant |

Filename: D0205_2012.xls | Return Year: 2012 |

Guidance to completing the PRTR workbook

AER Returns Workbook

Version 1.1.15

REFERENCE YEAR 2012

1. FACILITY IDENTIFICATION

Parent Company Name	Monaghan County Council
Facility Name	Castleblayney Waste Water Treatment Plant
PRTR Identification Number	D0205
Licence Number	D0205-01

Waste or IPPC Classes of Activity

Waste of It I C Classes of Activity	
No.	class_name
30.4	General

Address 1	County Offices
Address 2	
	County Monaghan
Address 4	
	Monaghan
Country	
Coordinates of Location	
River Basin District	GBNIIENB
NACE Code	3700
Main Economic Activity	
AER Returns Contact Name	
AER Returns Contact Email Address	smallon@monaghancoco.ie
AER Returns Contact Position	A. Engineer
AER Returns Contact Telephone Number	047 30574
AER Returns Contact Mobile Phone Number	087 6679454
AER Returns Contact Fax Number	047 82739
Production Volume	731538.0
Production Volume Units	m3/day
Number of Installations	
Number of Operating Hours in Year	
Number of Employees	
User Feedback/Comments	
Web Address	

2. PRTR CLASS ACTIVITIES

Activity Number	Activity Name
5(f)	Urban waste-water treatment plants

3. SOLVENTS REGULATIONS (S.I. No. 543 of 2002)

OCCUPATION NEGOCIATIONS (O.I. NO. 040 OF E	
Is it applicable?	No
Have you been granted an exemption?	
If applicable which activity class applies (as per	
Schedule 2 of the regulations) ?	
Is the reduction scheme compliance route being	
used?	

4. WASTE IMPORTED/ACCEPTED ONTO SITE

Guidance on waste imported/accepted onto site

| PRTR# : D0205 | Facility Name : Castleblayney Waste Water Treatment Plant | Filename : D0205_2012.xls | Return Year : 2012 | Page 1 of 2

AER Returns Workbook

19/2/2013 16:39

Do you import/accept waste onto your site for onsite treatment (either recovery or disposal activities) ?

Sheet: Facility ID Activities

| PRTR# : D0205 | Facility Name : Castleblayney Waste Water Treatment Plant | Filename : D0205_2012.xls | Return Year : 2012 | Page 2 of 2

19/02/2013 16:40

4.1 RELEASES TO AIR

Link to previous years emissions data

| PRTR# : D0205 | Facility Name : Castiobloyney Waste Water Treatment Plant | Flomanie : D0205_2012:xis | Return Year : 2012 |

A (Accidental) KG/Year 0.0 0. 0.0 0.0 0.0 133828.0 T (Total) KG/Year 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Emission Point 1 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version Designation or Description EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version M/C/E Method Code ESTIMATE ESTIMATE ESTIMATE ESTIMATE ESTIMATE ESTIMATE ESTIMATE RELEASES TO AIR Non-methane volatile organic compounds (NMVOC) Nitrogen oxides (NOx/NO2) Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2) Nitrous oxide (N2O) Methane (CH4) SECTION A: SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANTS

1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

0.0

0.0 0.0

F (Fugitive) KG/Year

0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

133828.0

Sulphur oxides (SOx/SO2)

Salect a row by double-clicking on the Polutant Name (Column B) then click the delete button

Della Alexanda Menovali Rational	QUANTITY		A (Accidental) KG/Year F (Fugitive) KG/Year	0.0
Please enter all quantities in this section in KGs			Emission Point 1 T (Total) KG/Year	0.0
	METHOD	Method Used	M/C/E Method Code Designation or Description	
RELEASES TO AIR	POLLIUTANT		Same	
SECTION B: REMAINING PRTR POLLUTANTS			No Appex II	

Select a row by double-clicking on the Pollutant Name (Column B) then click the dolete button

SECTION C : REMAINING POLLUTANT EMISSIONS (As required in your Licence)

	A STATE OF S	F (Fugitive) KG/Year	0.0
QUANTITY	7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	A (Accidental) KG/Year	0.0
		T (Total) KG/Year	0.0
		Emission Point 1	0.0
THOD	Method Used	Designation or Description	
ME		M/C/E Method Code	
POLLUTANT		Name	AN AND A
		ON toestilled	OR HERDEN

Select a row by double-clicking on the Pollutant Name (Column B) then click the delete button

Additional Data Requested from Landfill operators

For the purposes of the National Inventory on Greenhouse Cases, landfill operators are requested to provide summary data on landfill gas (Methane) flared or utilised on their facilities to accompany the figures for total methane generated. Operators should only report their Net methane (CH4) emission to the environment under T(total) KGyr for Section A. Sector specific PRTR pollutants above. Please complete the table below:

lant	Method Used	kg/Year Mothod Code Description	00	000	0:0	0.0	
		M/C/E	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Castleblayney Waste Water Treatment Plant		T (Total) kg/Year	<u>.</u>				
Landfill:	Please enter summary data on the quantities of methane flared and / or officed		Total estimated methane generation (as per	Methane flared	Methane utilised in engine/s	Net methane emission (as reported in Section A above)	

0.0 (Total Flaring Capacity)
0.0 (Total Utilising Capacity)

N/A

Facility Total Capacity m3

on or

per hour

4.2 RELEASES TO WATERS

Link to previous years emissions data

 $insets = 0.000 (F_{\rm B}) in the table (e.g., When Wats Table of Partification CODE 2.72 (a) Form Year 2.72)$

19/22/2013 15 41

4.2 RE	LEASES TO WATERS	Link to previous years emissions data			Cardeniere, Wate Wate Tred				190202031841
SECTI	ON A : SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POL	RELEASES TO WATERS	Data on an	ebient monitoring of	stormisurface water of groundwal	er, conducted as part of your licence Please enter all quantities in	this section in KGs	a submitted under AER (PRTR) ANTITY	Reporting as this on
		POLLOTANT	MCE		Method Used Designation or Description	Emission Point 1		Accidental) KG Year F (Fu	pative) KG/Year
	Se Acres II	North	E		EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	00	0.0	0.0	0.0
24		1.2-dichloremana (EOC) Alachior			EPA UVVVTP Tool Version 50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Adm		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
20		Attraces	Ē		EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.002	0.002	0.0	0.0
-		Ansanic and compounds (as At)	Ē	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version	0.256	0.256	0.0	0.0
11		Rosest		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version	0.008	0.008	0.0	0.0
*			E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version	0.012	0.012	0.0	0.0
		Borzina		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version	0.001	0.001	0.0	0.0
		Europea deherylehers (FEPE)		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Cadmium and compounds (as Cd)		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.037	0.037	0.0	0.0
1		Chicago		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWYTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
**		Chisteerna		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Calpforwiphes	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWYP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Consider (as Cil	ε	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0		62098.88	0.0	1.944
		Chloroskaner C10-013		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWYP Tool Version 5.0	0.154	0.154	0.0	0.0
		Charyths	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Cremium and compounds (as Cr)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWYTP Tool Version 5.0	0.213	0.213	0.0	0.0
		Copper and compounds (as Co)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWYTP Tool Version 5.0	2.256	2.256	0.0	0.0
		Cyanides (as total CN)	E	ESTIMATE	ERA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	2 145	2 145	0.0	0.0
23		DOL.	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		D-(2-myl hogo phosists (DE)/F)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.671	0.671	0.0	0.0
-		Duburgmenana (DCM)		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.033	0.033	0.0	0.0
		Deldin		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWYTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Daren	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.019	0.019	0.0	0.0
		Endowither		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Engin	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-		Etyl berzene	E	ESTMATE	EPA UVWVTP Tool Version 5.0	0.012	0.012	0.0	0.0
		Figuress	į.	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 50	0.002	0.002	0.0	0.0
		Floridge (as light F)	ε	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 50	176.941	176.943	0.0	0.007
		Hangunated organic compounds (es AON)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	1.745	1.745	00	0.0
		Heputita	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Harate produpt any!		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
		Hesachiostercene (HOB)	Į.	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
		Hassohistotutadiene (HCEC)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		brain	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWYTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Socializa	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.005	0.005	0.0	0.0
		Lead and compounds (so Pb)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UVW/TP Tool Version 5.0	2 223	2.223	0.0	0.0
		Undana		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version S.O.	00	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Mercury and compounds (as hg)	ε	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Mex	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version	0.0	00	0.0	0.0
		haptimalima	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWYTP Tool Version 5.0	0.003	0.003	0.0	0.0
		Nickel and compounds (as Ni)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA-UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	3.115	3 115	0.0	0.0
		Nonytonesi and Nonytonesi emorytates (NP.NPES)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWYTP Tool Version 5.0	0.061	0.061	0.0	0.0
		Ortyphenis and Ortypheni ettinglittis	Ē	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	00	0.0	0.0	0.0
-		Organistic compounds (as total \$4)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Participations	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWW/TP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Fertablishmen (FDP)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
77		Priends (as total O)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.666	0.668	0.0	0.002
		Polychoniaded biphonyls (PGEs)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
-		Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0		0.007	00	0.0
E .			E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0		0.01	- 00	0.0
		Similario Tetrachiorothylane (PER)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version		0.043	0.0	0.0
		Terrachicometrana (TCM)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Tolone	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.361	0.361	0.0	0.0
				ОТН	SOP 151 by automated discrete analyses	10241.532	10242.236	0.0	0.704
		Total organic carbon (TOC) (as total C or COD'S)	Ē	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version	6744.614	6745.007	0.0	0.393
			W	OTH	SGP 166 by automated discrete analyses	453.554	453.683	0.0	0.129
13		Total phosphorus	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWYTP Tool Version 5.0	00	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Tourphene Transmin and remaining		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWYTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Transplan and compounds Transplantation of African Incomes	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWYTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		Trichlamberganes (TOBs)(at isomers)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2		Trichhestrylina	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version	00	0.0	0.0	0.0
77		Telluralin		ESTMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version		0.0	0.0	0.0
75		Triphenythis and compounds		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version		0.0	0.0	0.0
		Vinyl chlorida		ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.065	0.085	00	0.0
		Xylesu	-	Permute	EPA UWWTP Tool Version	0.000	0.000	**	
12		Zinc and compounds (ss Zn)		ESTIMATE	5.0	36.111	36.115	0.0	0.004

SECTION B : REMAINING PRTR POLLUTAN	RELEASES TO WATERS			Please enter all guar	dities in this section in KG		
	POLITIFIE					QUANTITY	
No Amerila	Name	MOE	Method Used Method Code Designation or Description	Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG/Year

* Select a row by double-clicking on the Pollutant Name (Column B) then click the deleta button

ON C : REMAINING POLLUTANT EMISSIONS (as required in your Licence) RELEASES TO WATERS		Please enter all quantities in this secti	
POLIUTANT			QUANTITY
FORCOLONI)	Matrod Used	CONTRACTOR STATE OF THE PARTY O	1000000000

		fone	MOE	Method Code	Designation or Description	Emission Point 1	IT C	Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG Year
	Periodaet No.	(USIS)			EPA UWWTP Teel Version				2 00	0.0
9770)		State	E	ESTIMATE	5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version		0.32	0.	52 6.0	
205		Antomory (is Sti)	E	ESTIMATE	50		0.113	0.1	13 0.0	0.0
200					EPA UWWTP Tool Version		0.0	,	0 00	0.0
998		Mayrocourt	E	ESTIMATE	5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version					
956		To	E	ESTIMATE	5.0		0.079	0.0	79 0.0	0.0
		Belon	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0		13.54	13.5	41 0.0	0.001
273		Estyn.			EPA UWWTP Tool Version		45.995	45.9	98 0.0	0.003
974		Boot	E	ESTIMATE	5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version					
255		Cotat	E	ESTIMATE	50 EPA UWWTP Tool Version		0.129	0.1	29 0.0	0.0
		Vanadum	ε	ESTIMATE	5.0		1.995	1.9	95 00	0.0
200		*******			EPA UWWTP Tool Version 50		0.003	0.0	00	0.0
388		Delited	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version					
253		Louise	E	ESTIMATE	5.0		0.0		0.0	0.0
100		Mesoprop Tatal	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0		0.078	0.0	78 0.0	0.0
0-55		Managery Lane			EPA UWWIP Tool Version		0.037	0.0	37 0.0	0.0
363		2.4 Dicht rephenol (7.4 D)	E	ESTIMATE	5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version					
584		MOPA	E	ESTIMATE	5.0 EPA-UWWTP Tool Version		0.065	0.0	65 0.0	0.0
100		Gyphecate	E	ESTIMATE	5.0		1.121	1.1	21 0.0	0.0
582				*******	EPA UWWTP Tool Version		0.001	0.0	01 0.0	0.0
989		Bioco(a)pyrona	E	ESTIMATE	5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version					
990		Borgo/p/Coraminate	E	ESTIMATE	5.0 EPA UWW/TP Tool Version		0.001	0.0	01 0.0	0.0
		Boszójótkorantvána	Ε	ESTIMATE	50		0.001	0.0	01 0.0	0.0
591				FATHURE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	×	0.002	0.0	02 0.0	0.0
392		Indeno(1.2.3-c dipyrena	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version					
593		Carpon tetrachioride	E	ESTIMATE	5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version		0.0		0.0	0.0
594		2.6 Dichlimbergam de	E	ESTIMATE	5.0		0.059	0.0	69 0.0	0.0
			E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5 0		0.0		0.0	0.0
395		Dom			EPA UWWTP Tool Version				00 00	0.0
395		Hazabremocyclodocane (HBCC)	Ε	ESTIMATE	5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version		0.0			
997		PFOS	E	ESTIMATE	5.0		0.0		0.0	0.0
			u	отн	SOP 114 by automated discrete analyser	7	578.734	75787	34 0.0	
235		Ammonia (as N) E00	ŭ	ОТН	SOP 113	5	179.289	5179.2		
303 300		600	M	OTH	SOP 107		511.631	23511.6	31 0.0	0.0
			E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	1	0.0		00 00	0.0
5-02		Kjedan Kirogen			EPA UWWTP Tool Version	•	0.0		00 00	60
327		Nitrata (as N	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version					
872		Nicito (as N)	E	ESTIMATE	5.0		0.0		00 00	0.0
			E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0		0.0		00 00	0.0
332 249		Omo-phosphoto (as PO4) Supported Scilids	E	OTH	SOP 106 by gravimstry	5	062 243	5062		0.0
2.00		a Cultural a man by the bits of the or on the Britishand Name (Column R) then office the defets button								

Sheet: Releases to Wastewater or Sewer

4.3 RELEASES TO WASTEWATER OR SEWER

Link to previous years emissions data

| PRTR#: D0205 | Facility Name : Castlebiayney Wasto Water Treatment Plant | Filonome : D0205_

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CHON A: PAIN FOLLOIANIS	E TRANSFER OF POLLUTANTS D	ESTINED FOR WASTE-WATER TR	REATMENT OR SEWER	Please enter all quar	ntities in this section in KGs	
	POLLUTANT		METHOD			QUANTITY
			Method Used			
Appen II	Name	M/C/E	Method Code Designation or I	Description Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year F (Fugitive) KG/Year
MILES II	- Carrier -					00

Select a row by double-clicking on the Pollutant Name (Column B) then click the delete button

OFFICIAL DEPOSITE TRANSFER OF POLLUTANTS	TS DESTINED FOR WASTE-WATE	ER TREATMENT OR SEWER	VER	Please enter all quantiti	es in this section in KGs	THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IN COLUMN TO THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IN COL	
POLLUTANT		M	METHOD			QUANTITY	
			Method Used				
Name	O/M	VE Method Code	Designation or Description	ion Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year F (Fugil	F (Fugitive) KG/Year
H. INC.					00	0.0	0.0

* Select a row by double-clicking on the Pollutant Name (Column B) then click the delete button

Sheet: Releases to Land

4.4 RELEASES TO LAND

Link to previous years emissions data

| PRTR#: D0205 | Facility Name ; Castleblayney Waste Water Treatment Plant | Filename ; D0205_2012.xts | Return Year : 2012 |

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SECTION A: PRTR POLLUTANTS

	RELEASES TO LAND	Please enter all gu	antities in this section in KGs	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON OF T
	POLLUTANT	METHOD		QUANTITY
No. Annex II	Name	MYOFE Method Code Description Print 1	T (Total) KG/Vear	TOOM (Introduction 6) 6
			I (Total) NO! I cal	A (Accidential) NG/16
			0.0	0.0

* Select a row by double-clicking on the Pollutant Name (Column B) then click the delete button

SECTION D. REMAINING FOLLO IANT EMISSIONS (48 required in your Licence) RELEASES TO LAND		Please enter all quantities in t	this section in KGs	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN
POLLUTANT	METHOD			QUANTITY
Soliutant No.	M/C/E Method Gode Designation or Descri	Emission Point 1 T (T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year
		0.0	0.0	0.0

* Select a row by double-clicking on the Pollutant Name (Column B) then click the delete button

Page 1 of 1

5. ONSITE TREATM	5. ONSITE TREATMENT & OFFSITE TRANSFERS OF WASTE Ploase of	NSFERS OF	nter a	WASTE IPRTRY - D0205 Facity Name - Casteebayney Waste Waste Water Treatment Pant Flensme - : D0205_2012.xis. Return Year - 2012 Ploase enter all quantities on this sheet in Tonnes	ste Water Treatm	oont Plant File	sname : D0205_2012.xhr. F	3etum Ykar - 2012				19/02/2013 16:42
			Quantity (Tonnes per Year)				Method Used		Licence/Permit No of Next Destination Facility Licence/Permit No of Next Licence/Permit No of Recover/Disposer	Haz Waste : Address of Next Destination Facility Non Haz Waste: Address of Recover/Disposer	Name and License / Permit No. and Address of Final Recoverer / Disposer (HAZARDOUS WASTE ONLY)	Actual Address of Final Destination 1.e. Final Recovery / Disposal Site (HAZARDOUS WASTE ONLY)
Transfer Destination	European Waste	Hazardous		Description of Waste	Waste Treatment Operation	m M/C/E	Waste Treatment Operation M/C/E Method Used	Location of Treatment				
									Euromex Ltd. T/A McEivaney's Waste & RecyclingWCP/MH/2005/8 CorcaghanCo.	SorcaghanCo.		
Within the Country 19 08 01	19 08 01	o _N	12.48	12,48 screenings	DS	Σ	Weighed	Offsite in Ireland 9B	Sore Environmental Ltd	Monaghan, Ireland Clarity House, Belgard Road		
Within the Country 19 08 05	19 08 05	No	932.48 water	water	R10	Σ	Weighed	Offsite in Ireland	Offsite in Ireland ,WCP/DC/11/1342/01	,Tallaght ,Dublin 24 ,Ireland		

Select a row by double-clicking the Description of Waste then click the delete button

Page 1 of 1

Air Emission - Inputs





CELL COLOUR KEY INPUT - type in your facility value in cell

OUTPUT - automatically generated cell value

RELEASES TO AIR

Air: Emissions from WWTP Works

Data Entry Table: Characteristics of the WWTP

For use where no data from on-site monitoring of air emissions from the plant are available. Ntrous Oxide (N2O) calculated directly for actual p.e. data

1 Loadings and Works A Facility Loadings Data for Reporting Year Value 11,133 Total p.e. served Design p.e.
Total Influent BOD kg/annum (measured)
Total Sludge removed offsite kg Dry Matter / annum
Total Sludge digested on-site kg Dry Matter / annum 12,960 162,987 139,872

Enter Actual Population Equivalent of catchment Enter Design Population Equivalent of facility Enter total annual quartity, NB note units: kg/annum Enter total annual quartity, NB note units: kg/annum Enter total annual quantity; NB note units: kg/annum For information only: Calculated Values (see Calculations Worksheet)

TOW kg BOD / annum	TOW = "Total Organically biodegradable material in domestic (=municipa) Wastewater"
243,980	Total p.e. served TOW equivalent
284,018	Design p.e. TOW equivalent
7,437	Quality check: p.e. of influent BOD kg/annum
55,949	BOD content of sludge removed kg/annum
0	BOD content of sludge digested kg/annum
107,038	Residual BOD net of sludge removed/digested kg/annum

B Characteristics of the Works	Status	
B1 Aerobic plant		
Does the aerobic section of the plant contain dissolved oxygen?	Y	Y/N (default is "Y") Methane Conversion factor for the aerobic plant will be determined by this answer
All tanks covered and extracted to on-site flare?	N	Y/N (default is "N") Releases will be reported as "Fugitive"
% of Headspace biogas utilised on site (0 - 100)	0	Only required if Headspace extraction on site; Calculate by % operation of engine. Default assumption is Zero utilisation
% of Headspace biogas flared (0 - 100)	0	Only required if Headspace extraction on site; Calculate by % operation of flare. Default assumption is Zero flaring
Total % blogas utilised or flared onsite		
B2 Onsite Anaerobic Digestion for sludge treatment	Status	

Y/II (default is "IV") Releases will be reported as "Emission Point 1"
Only required if Anascobic digastion on sta; Calculate by % operation of engine. Default assumption is Zero utilisation
Only required if Anascobic digastion on sta; Calculate by % operation of flare. Default assumption is Zero flaring

Anaerobic digestion on site?
% of Digester biogas utilised on site (0 - 100)
% of Digester biogas flared (0 - 100) Total % biogas utilised or flared onsite

Diesel Usage Tonnes/annum

O Tonne / annum 2 Estimated Fuel use at the UWWTP Releases will be reported as "Fugitive"

				ESTIMATED QUAN	TITIES	
	PRTR No. Annex II	Name	Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG/Year
	1	Methana (CH4)	0	0	0	0
The output data is presented on this worksheet in the precise format for transfer directly into the "Releases to Air" Worksheet of your	2	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	0	0	0	0
	3	Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	0	133,828	0	133,828
	5	Nitrous oxide (N2O)		1	0	1
AER/PRTR Emissions Reporting Workbook	7	Non-methane volatile organic compounds (NMVOC)		0	0	0
	8	Nitrogen oxides (NOx/NO2)	0	0	0	0
	11	Sulphur oxides (SOx/SO2)		0	0	0

Wastewater Treatment Data Input





_	MIDUT. Calasticates from deep door Est
Ш	INPUT - Select value from drop down list
	INPUT - type in your facility value in cell
	OUTPUT - automatically generated cell value

Facility Name	Castleblayney Waste Water Treatment Works	E	nter Facility Details
Address	Muckno Street, Castleblayney, Co. Monaghan.		
Reporting Year	2012		
Licence Reg. No.	D0205		
P.E. (Actual Treated)	10000 - 50000 p.e.		hese parameters are required to generate estimated
Saline Intrusion	No saline intrusion	200	RTR mass emission values.
Type of Treatment	Secondary Treatment - Activated Sludge		lick on the cell and select from the drop down menu.
Nutrient Removal	Phosphorus Removal Only - Biological/Chemical/Wetland	R	efer to the Definitions below for further information.
Please enter Total Annual Flow (m³/ann			
Treated (Predominant/Main Emission):	731538 m3/annum		inal effluent volume released via the main emission point
Fugitive Emissions:	30 m3/annum	- A	dditional estimated volume released in storm bypasses
TOTAL:	731568 m3/annum		

Definition of Input Requirements

P.E. (Actual Treated): P.E. (population equivalent) is a measurement of the average organic biodegradable load received daily at the treatment plant. A population equivalent of 1 (1 p.e.) means the organic biodegradable load having a five-day biochemical oxygen demand (BODS) of 60g of oxygen per day. Select a P.E. band (<10,000 p.e., 10,000 - 50,000 p.e.) into which the actual operating P.E. of the treatment plant falls. (Please note: the operating P.E. is based on the existing population served and not the design population size of the UWWTP).

Saline Intrusion: Identify whether saline intrusion is known to occur within the sewage network serving the treatment plant. This will be the case for some coastally located UWWTPs.

Type of Treatment: Identify the type of treatment provided at the plant. Treatment options are "No Treatment", "Primary Treatment Only", "Secondary Treatment - Activated Studge", "Secondary Treatment - Attached Growth", "Tertiary Treatment - Fitration", and "Tertiary Treatment - Disinfection".

Nutrient Removal: Identify whether nutrient removal is employed at the treatment plant. Nutrient removal options are "Phosphorus Removal Only-Biological/Chemical/Wetland", "Nitrogen Removal Only", "Phosphorous and Nitrogen Removal", and "No Nutrient Removal".

Measured Values





CELL COLOUR
INPUT - type in your facility value in cell
OUTPUT - automatically generated cell value

Enter all measured values in this sheet

Note: If you do not have measured values then LEAVE THE CELL BLANK

Measured values reported in this worksheet should be the average concentration of the pollutant measured over the previous reporting year. Measured values should be used when they are available rather than estimated values from the Toolset. Measured values relate to parameters that are analysed in a laboratory. Please enfer the measured values to the orange cells in mgfl for the year.

Note: the unit of measurement must be in mg/l for all parameters entered on this sheet.

Where measured values are reported, the Method Code must be Indicated in the "Method of Measurement" column. The method code used shall be in accordance with the internationally approved measurement methods - please refer to the UWW PRTR Electronic Toolset Guidance Document on the EPA website. The method description should also be provided as Indicated below.

Note: Wastewater licensed pollutants such as BOD and COD, Ortho- P are included at the bottom of this sheet - please enter annual measured data in mg/l for these.

Method Codes

ISO/CEN Standard - If the laboratory is working to an ISO/CEN standard that is on the approved fat of standards, you should use this as the method code. Example for Total Nitrogen is EN ISO 11905-1:1998. Leave the Description Field Blank in the PRTR Workbook.	Example for Total Nitrogen	EN ISO 11905- 1:1998	Method Description: Blank
OTH - If the method you are using is not an ISO/CEN standard or does not fall under any of the other method codes then use OTH. This method code would apply when using methods from the Standard Methods for the Analysis of What and Wastewater series or when using a Hach Spectophotometric Method for Total Wastewater series or when using a Hach Spectophotometric Method for Total Mrogen, for example, Use the method code OTH and please put a description of the method in the method description field in the PRITR Emissions Reporting Workbook.	Example for Total	отн	Method Description: Standard Methods for the Analysis of Water and Wastewater - Total P Analysis

10000 - 50000 p.e., No saline intrusion, Secondary Treatment -Activated Studge, Phosphorus Removal Only -Biological/Chemical/Wetland UWWT Facility Details:

RTR Sub	stances:		Treated Effluent	Fugitive Emission	Trasted Efficient	Fugitive Emission	Method of Measurement	Method Description
			Concentration (mg/l)	Concentration (mg/l)	Mass emission (kg/annum)	Mass emission (kg/annum)	(Method Code)	(Analytical Method)
RTR Nr.	CAS No.	Parameter						
12		Total nitrogen (as N)	14 000		10241 532	0.000	OTH	51 by automated discrete a
13		Total phosphorus (as P)	0.620		453.554	0.000	ОТН	66 by automated discrete a
76		Total organic carbon			0.000	0.000		
79		Chlorides (as total CI)			0.000	0.000		
82		Cyanides (as total CN)			0.000	0.000		
83		Fluorides (as total F)	8011		0.000	0.000		
17		Arsenic and compounds (as As)			0.000	0.000		
18		Cedmium and compounds (as Cd)			0.000	0.000		
19	,	Chromium and compounds (as Cr)			0.000	0.000		
20		Copper and compounds (as Cu)			0.000	0.000		
21		Mercury and compounds (as Hg)			0.000	0.000		
2		Nickel and compounds (as Ni)			0.000	0.000		
23	3	Lead and compounds (as Pb)			0.000	0.000		
24		Zinc and compounds (as Zn)			0 000	0.000		
31	65535-84-8	Chloroalkanes (C10-C13)			0.000	0.000		
25	15972-60-8	Alachlor			0.000	0.000		
26	309-00-2	Aldrin			0.000	0.000		
36	60-57-1	Dieldrin			0.000	0.000		
39	72-20-8	Endrin			0.000	0.000		
4	76-44-8	Heptachlor			0.000	0.000		
28	57-74-9	Chlordane			0.000	0.000		
25	143-50-0	Chlordecone			0.000	0.000		
48	2385-85-5	Mrex			0.000	0.000		
38	115-29-7	Endosulphan			0.000	0.000		
45	58-89-9	Lindane (1,2,3,4,5, 6 -herachlorocyclohexane)		- F	0.000	0.000		
86	465-73-6	Isodrin			0.000	0.000		
33	50-29-3	DDT - sum of all isomers			0.000	0.000		
7	1582-09-8	Trifurain			0.000	0.000		
4.	118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)			0.000	0.000		
4:	87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene (HCBD)			0.000	0.000		
30	470-90-6	Chlorfervinphos			0.000	0 000		
3.	2921-83-2	Chlorpyrifes			0.000	0.000		
27	1912-24-9	Atrazina			0.000	0.000		
5	122-34-9	Simazine			0.000	0.000		
3	330-54-1	Diuron			0.000	0.000		
67	34123-59-6	Isoproturon			0.000	0.000		
75	5	Triphenyltin			0.000	0.000		
69		Organotin			0.000	0.000		100000000000000000000000000000000000000
7-		Tributyltin			0.000	0 000		
72		PAH, Total			0.000	0.000		
9	191-24-2	Benzo(ghi)perylena			0.000	0.000		
6	120-12-7	Anthracena			0.000	0.000		

422	91-20-3	Naphthalene			0.000	0.000		
88	206-44-0	Flouranthene			0.000	0.000		
50	1336-36-3	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) - sum of 11 congenors			0.000	0.000		
40		Halogenated organic compounds (as AOX)			0.000	0.000		
52	127-18-4	Tetrachloroethylena (PER)			0.000	0.000		
	56-23-5	Tetrachioromethane (TCM)			0.000	0.000		
57	79-01-6	Trichloroethylene			0.000	0.000		
60	75-01-4	Vinyl chloride			0.000	0.000		
34	107-06-2	1,2-dichloroethane (EDC)			0.000	0.000		
35	75-09-2	Dichlorometriane (DCM)			0.000	0.000		
71	108-95-2	Phenois (as total C)			0.000	0.000		
87	1806-26-4	Octylphenois and Octylphenol Ethaxylates			0.000	0.000		
64		Nonylphenol and Nonylphenol ethoxylates (NP/NPEs)			0.000	0.000		
	12002-43-1	Trichlorobenzenes (TCBs) (all isomers)			0.000	0 000		
	87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol (PCP)			0.000	0.000		
	608-93-5	Pentachlorobenzene			0.000	0.000		
	71-43-2	Benzene as BTEX			0.000	0.000		
	108-88-3	Toluena as BTEX			0.000	0.000		
	1330-20-7	Xylenes (total mass of ortho, para and meta-xylene)BTEX			0.000	0.000		
	100-41-4	Ethyl benzene (BTEX)			0.000	0.000		
	117-81-7	Di(2-ethy/hexyl)phthalate			0.000	0.000		
	8001-35-2	Toxaphere			0.000	0.000		
	36355-1-8	Hexabromobiphenyl			0.000	0.000		
63	30330-1-0	Brominated diphenylethers (PBDE)			0.000	0.000		
-	Substances:	[Bromnated dipnenyemers (PDUE)			0.000			
			Treated Effluent Concentration (mg/l)	Fugitive Emission Concentration (mg/l)	Treated Effluent Mass emission (kg/annum)	Fugitive Emission Mass emission (kg/annum)	Method of Measurement (Method Code)	Method Description (Analytical Method)
RTR Nr.	CAS No.	Parameter	(mgs)	hožu	0.000	0.000		
370		Selenium			0.000	0.000		
205		Antimony (as Sb)			0.000	0.000		
368		Molybdenum			0.000	0.000		
358		Tn				0.000		
373		Barium			0.000			
374		Boron			0.000	0.000		
356						0.000		
		Cobalt						-
386	-	Varadum			0.000	0.000		
					0.000	0.000		
386		Varadum			0.000	0.000		
386 388		Vanadum Dichlobenil		7/	0.000 0.000 0.000	0.000 0.000 0.000		
386 383 383		Vanadum Dichlobenii Linuron			0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000		
388 383 383 385		Vanadum Dichlobeni Linuron Mecoprop Total			0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000		
386 383 383 385 380		Vanadum Dichlobani Unuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D)			0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0.00 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000		
386 383 383 385 380 384		Vanadum Dichlobenil Unuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA			0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000		
386 383 383 385 380 384 382		Vanadum Dichlobenil Lihuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Glyphosata			0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	000 000 000 000 000 000 000		
386 383 383 385 380 384 382 389		Vanadum Dichlobenil Linuren Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Glyphosata Benzo(a)cyrene		7	0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	000 000 000 000 000 000 000		
386 383 383 385 380 384 382 389		Vanadum Dichlobani Unuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Glyphosala Benaci (juynesa Benaci (juynesa			0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	000 000 000 000 000 000 000		
388 383 385 380 384 382 389 390		Vanadum Dichtobani Unuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichtorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Glyphosal Benato()/pyrane Benato()/pyrane Benato()/furanthene Inden(1,23-c,d)/yytane			0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000		
388 383 385 380 384 382 389 390 391		Vanadum Dichlobenii Linuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Glyphosal Benzologiyere Benzologiyere Benzologiyere Benzologiyerene Benzologiyerene Carbon tetrachloride 2.6-Dichlorobenzamide			0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000		
386 383 383 385 380 384 382 389 390 391 392 393		Vanadum Dichlobenii Unuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Glyphosata Bezucijajyrene Bezucijajyrene Bezucijajuroanthene Bezucijajuroanthene Indenoji 1.2.3-c.djuyrene Carton tetrachloride 2.6-Dichlorophenzamide Dicofel			000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000		
365 363 363 365 360 384 382 389 390 391 392 393 393 393		Vanadum Dichlobenii Linuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Glyphosal Benzologiyere Benzologiyere Benzologiyere Benzologiyerene Benzologiyerene Carbon tetrachloride 2.6-Dichlorobenzamide			0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000		
335 363 363 365 365 367 367 369 369 360 361 362 363 363 364 365 365 365 365 365 365 365 365 365 365		Vanadum Dichlobenii Unuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Glyphosata Bezucijajyrene Bezucijajyrene Bezucijajuroanthene Bezucijajuroanthene Indenoji 1.2.3-c.djuyrene Carton tetrachloride 2.6-Dichlorophenzamide Dicofel			0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00		
335 363 363 365 360 384 382 389 390 391 392 393 393 394		Vanadum Dichlobenii Unuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Glyphosata Benarolyjurene Benarolyjurene Benarolyjurenehine Benarolyjurenehinehine Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene Carbon tetrachloride 2.6-Dichlorophenamide	10.300		0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	ОТН	14 by automated discre
365 363 363 365 360 360 362 369 360 361 362 363 363 363 365 365 365 365 365 365 365		Vanadum Dichlobani Unuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Glyphosala Benaciplyrane Benaciplyrane Benaciplyrane Benaciplytoranthene Indenol (1.23-c.d)pyrane Carbon tetrachloride 2.6-Dichlorobenzamide Dicofol Heasthromocyclododecane (HBCD) PFOS	10.360 7.660		0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	ОТН	SOP 113
365 363 363 365 364 364 369 369 360 360 360 360 360 360 360 360 360 360		Vanadum Dichlobani Unuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Glyphosala Benaci(plyrane Benaci(plyrane Benaci(plyrane) Benaci(plyra			0.000 0.000	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000		
365 363 363 365 365 364 362 369 360 361 362 363 363 363 363 363 363 363 363 363		Vanadum Dichlobanii Linuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Siphosala Beno(hijoranihene Beno(hijoranihene Beno(hijoranihene Beno(hijoranihene Inden(1,2.3-dipyrane Carton tetrachloride 2.6-Dichlorobenzamide Dicofol Hasabromocyclododecane (HBCD) PPOS Ammonia (as N) BOD COD	7.080		0.000 0.000	0 000 0 000	ОТН	SOP 113
365 363 363 363 364 362 369 361 362 363 364 365 365 365 365 365 365 365 365 365 365		Vanadum Dehtobani Unuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichtorephenol (2.4 D) MCPA Glyphosata Benadolpyrane Benadolpyrane Benadolpyrane Benadolpyrane Benadolpyrane Benadolpyrane Carbon tetrachioride 2.6-Dehtorebenamide Decidi Hesabromocyclododecane (HBCD) PPOS Ammonia (as N) BOD COD	7.080		0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	ОТН	SOP 113
365 363 363 365 360 364 362 369 360 391 392 393 395 395 396 397 283 393 395 395 395 395 395 395 395 395 39		Vanadum Dichlobanii Linuron Mecoprop Total 2.4 Dichlorophenol (2.4 D) MCPA Siphosala Beno(hijoranihene Beno(hijoranihene Beno(hijoranihene Beno(hijoranihene Inden(1,2.3-dipyrane Carton tetrachloride 2.6-Dichlorobenzamide Dicofol Hasabromocyclododecane (HBCD) PPOS Ammonia (as N) BOD COD	7.080		0.000 0.000	0 000 0 000	ОТН	SOP 113

Facility Name:	Castleblayney Waste Water Treatment Works	
Address:	Muckno Street, Castleblayney, Co. Monaghan.	
Reporting year:	2012	

Treated: Final effluent volume released via main emission point	731,538
Fugitive: Estimated additional volume released in storm bypasses	30
Total Annual Flow (m³/annum):	731568

SECTION A: WWTP SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANTS

Note '#VALUEI' error messages will disappear when flow data are entered above

	POLLUTANT		-y			QUA	NTITY		
				Method Used	SW1				E-PRTR
No. Annex II	Name	M/E	Method of Measurement	Designation or Description	Emission Point 1	F (Fugitive) kg/year	A (Accidental) kg/year (Enter site specific data)	T (Total) kg/year	reporting threshold kg/annum
12	Total nitrogen	М	OTH	SOP 151 by automated discrete	10.241.532	0.704		10.242 236	50,000
13	Total phosphorus	M	OTH	SOP 166 by automated discrete	453.554	0.129		453.692	5,000
76	Total organic carbon (TOC) (as total C or COD/3)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	6,744.614	0.393		6,745 007	50,000
79	Chlorides (as total Ci)	F	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	62,098,936	1.944		62,093,880	2.000.000
82	Cyanides (as total CN)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	2.145	0.000		2 145	50
83	Fluorides (as total F)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	176 941	0.007		176.947	2,000
17	Arsenic and compounds (as As)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.256	0.000		0.256	5
18	Cadmium and compounds (as Cd)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.037	0.000		0 037	5
19	Chromium and compounds (as Cr)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.213	0.000		0.213	50 50
20	Copper and compounds (as Cu) Mercury and compounds (as Ha)	E E	ESTIMATE ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	2.256 0.000	0.000		2.256 0.000	1
22	Nickel and compounds (as Ni)	F	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	3.115	0.000		3.115	20
23	Lead and compounds (as Pb)	Ē	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	2 223	0.000		2 2 2 4	20
24	Zinc and compounds (as Zn)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	36 111	0.004		36.115	100
31	Chloroalkanes (C10-C13)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.154	0.000		0.154	1
25	Alachior	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
26 36	Aldrin Dieldrin	E	ESTIMATE ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	
39	Endrin	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	
41	Heptachlor	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	i
28	Chlordane Chlordane	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
29	Chlordecone	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
46	Mirex	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
38	Endosulphan	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0 000	0.000		0.000	- 1
45 89	Lindane Isodrin	E	ESTIMATE ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	
33	DDT	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	- i
77	Trifuralin	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
42	Hexachlorobenzene	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
43	Hexachlorobutadiene	Ε	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
30	Chlorfenvinphos	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
32 27	Chlorpyrifos Atrazine	E	ESTIMATE ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
51	Simazine	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.010	0.000		0.010	1
37	Diuron	Ē	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.019	0.000		0.019	1
67	Isoproturen	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.005	0.000		0.005	1
75	Triphenytin and compounds	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
69	Organotin compounds(as total Sn)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	50
74	Tributytin and compounds	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1000
72 91	Polycycle aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) Benzo(q.h.i)pen/ene	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.007	0.000		0.007	5
61	Anthracene	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.002	0.000		0.002	1
68	Nachthalene	Ē	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.003	0.000		0.003	10
88	Fluoranthene	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.002	0.000		0.002	1
50	Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	0,1
40	Halogenated organic compounds (as AOX)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	1.746	0.000		1.746	1,000
52 53	Tetrachloroethylene (PER)	E	ESTIMATE ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.043	0.000		0.000	10
57	Tetrachloromethane (TCM)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	10
60	Trichloroethylene Vinylichloride	Ē	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	10
34	1.2-dichloroethane (EDC)	Ē	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	10
35	Dichloromethane (DCM)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.033	0.000		0.033	10
71	Phenois (as total C)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.666	0.002		0.668	20
87	Octylphenols and Octylphenol ethorylates	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
64	Nonylphenol and Nonylphenol ethorylates (NP/NPEs)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.061	0.000		0.061	1
54	Trichlorobenzenes (TCBs) (all isomers)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
49 48	Pentachlorophenol (PCP)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	1
	Pentachlorobenzene Benzene	E	ESTIMATE ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	200
73	Toluene	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.012	0.000		0.361	200
	Xyenes	Ē	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.085	0.000		0.085	200
65	Ethyl benzene	Ē	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.012	0.000		0.012	200
70	Di-(2-ethyl hexyl) phthalate (DEHP)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.671	0.000		0.671	1
59	Toxaphene Hexabromobiphenyl	E	ESTIMATE ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0 EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000	0,1
90									

63 Brominated dichemistrics (MBDE) 1 E SECTION C : REMAINING NON-PRITR SUBSTANCES AND POLLUTANT EMISSIONS AS REQUIRED IN YOUR LICENCE

	POLLUTANT	1				QUA	NTITY	
				Method Used	SW1			
No. Annex II	Name	M/E	Method Code	Designation or Description (Note: replace with site- specific data if applicable)	Emission Point	F (Fugitive) kg/year	A (Accidental) kg/year (Enter site specific data)	T (Total) kg/year
370	Selenium	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.320	0.000		0.320
205	Antimony (as Sb)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.113	0.000		0.113
368	Molybdenum	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000
358	Tin	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5 0	0.079	0.000		0.079
373	Barium	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	13.540	0.001		13.541
374	Boron	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	45.995	0.003		45.998
356	Cobalt	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.129	0.000		0.129
386	Vanadum	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	1.995	0.000		1.995
388	Dichlobenil	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.003	0.000		0.003
383	Linuron	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000
385	Mecoprop Total	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.078	0.000		0.078
350	2,4 Dichlorophenol (2,4 D)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.037	0.000		0 037
384	MCPA	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.065	0.000		0.065
382	Glyphosate	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	1.121	0.000		1.121
389	Benzo(a)pyrene	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.001	0.000		0.001
390	Benzo[b]fluoranthene	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.001	0.000		0.001
391	Benzo[k]fluoranthene	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.001	0.000	(0.001
392	Indeno[1,2,3-c,d]pyrene	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.002	0.000		0.002
393	Carbon tetrachloride	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5 0	0.000	0.000		0.000
394	2,6-Dichlorobenzamide	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.059	0.000		0.059
395	Dicofol	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000
396	Hexabromocyclodecane (HBCD)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0 000	0.000		0.000
397	PFOS	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000		0.000

238	Ammonia (as N)	M	OTH	SOP 114 by automated discrete	7.578.734	0.000	7,578,734
	BOD	M	OTH	SOP 113	5,179.289	0.000	5.179.289
306	COD	M	OTH	SOP 107	23.511.631	0.000	23,511.631
362	Kieldahl Ntrogen	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000	0.000
327	Ntrate (as N)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000	0.000
372	Ntrite (as N)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000	0.000
332 (Ortho-phosphate (as PO4)	E	ESTIMATE	EPA UWWTP Tool Version 5.0	0.000	0.000	 0.000
240 5	Suspended Solids	M	OTH	SOP 106 by gravimetry	5,062.243	0.000	5,062.243

Castleblayne	ey	Flow Weig	hted Mas	s Emissior	i Calcula	itions								
Effluent			В	OD	С	OD	15	rss	To	al P	Tot	al N	Amn	onia
Location	Date of Sampling	Daily Outflow M3	BOD mg/l	Delly mass Iriad (m/dey)	COD mg/l	Calymass load (ogtay)	TSS mg/l	Daty mass loss (kg/day)	Total P mg/l P	Daily mass lovel (legislay)	Total N mg/l N	Casy mass tood (kg//sy)	Ammonia NH4	Dally maps load (kg/day)
Castleblayney	02/02/2012	2014	22.00	44.31	58.00	116.81	12.00	24.17		0.00	17.68	35.61	12.100	24.37
Castleblayney	24/02/2012	1750	27.00	47.25	71.00	124.25	10.00	17.50	1.400	2.45	18.24	31.92	13.570	23.75
Castleblayney	03/03/2012	602	16.00	9.63	72.00	43.34	19.00	11.44	1.775	1.07	24.75	14.90	22.870	13.77
Castleblayney	10/04/2012	1127	2.00	2.25	6.00	6.76	2.00	2.25		0.00		0.00	18.420	20.76
Castleblayney	19/04/2012	1587	1.60	2.54	14.00	22.22	5.00	7.94	0.273	0.43	14.98	23.77	10.040	15.93
Castleblayney	18/05/2012	1445	4.00	5.78	33.00	47.69		5.78	0.159	0.23	16.41	23.71	12.930	18.68
Castleblayney	19/06/2012	2146	1.80	3.86	17.00	36.48		8.58		0.64		24.46		13.00
Castleblayney	16/07/2012	2977	1.50	4.47	22.00	65.49	3.00	8.93		0.53		31.68		0.00
Castleblayney	14/08/2012	1896	2.00	3.79	22.00	41.71	6.00	11.38	1.174	2.23	15.52	29.43	12.300	23.32
Castleblayney	05/09/2012	1729	13.00	22.48	41.00	70.89	3.00	5.19	0.189	0.33	16.05	27.75	9.720	16.81
Castleblayney	19/09/2012	1726	2.00	3.45	29.00	50.05	9.00	15.53	1.276	2.20	14.50	25.03	12.240	21.13
Castleblayney	17/10/2012	2491	0.90	2.24	22.00	54.80	2.00	4.98	0.116	0.29	5.12	12.75	0.824	2.05
Castleblayney	14/11/2012	3868	2.00	7.74	21.00	81.23	2.00	7.74	0.469	1.81	9.33	36.09	3.080	11.91
Castleblayney	03/12/2012	2701	3.30	8.91	22.00	59.42	9.00	24.31	0.118	0.32	7.42	20.04	0.577	1.56
	Total	28,059												
A - Sum of Dai	ly Mass Load	ds (Kg/day)		168.70		821.15		155.71		12.53		337.14		207.04
B - Sum of Dai				28059		28059		28,059		24,918		26,932		25,082
Mass loadings	are available	e (m3/day)												
C - Flow weigh	ted average	concentration		0.00601		0.029265		0.0055495		0.0005		0.01252		0.00825
(A/B) -kg/m3														
D - Total annua	al Flow M3			731460		731460		731460		731460		731460		731460
E - Flow weigi		mmission fo	r	4397.88		21406.37		4059.25		367.81		9156.55		6037.96
2012 (CxD) -kg	g/annum			BOD		COD		TSS		Total P		Total N		Ammonia
				BUD		COD		100		TOTAL P		TOTALIN		Milliona

Monaghan County Council

Environmental Liability Risk Assessment & Statement of Measures for Castleblayney & Environs

2012

Urban Waste Water Discharge Licence **D0205-01**

Document Amendment Record

Client: Monaghan County Council
Plant: Castlebalyney Waste Water Treatment Plant
Title: ERLA Report 2012

Ref No.: D0205

DATE	Issue Purpose:	originated	Checked:	Authorised:
Feb 2013	A Document for Submission:	M. Johnston A.E.	M. Johnston S.E.E.	M. Murray S.E./D. Fallon D.Q.S
			10000	MENT

Castleblayney AER D0205

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1 Introduction

This Environmental Liability Risk Assessment relates to the agglomeration of Castleblayney and Environs. This report has been prepared in compliance with Condition 7.2 of Licence No. D0205-01 which requires the submission of:

- An annual statement as to the measures taken or adopted in relation to the prevention of environmental damage,
- The financial provisions in place in relation to the underwriting of costs for remedial actions following anticipated events (including closure) or accident/incidents, as may be associated with discharges or overflows from the waste water works.
- Environmental Liabilities Risk Assessment (ELRA) to address the liabilities from present or planned discharges within twelve months of the date of grant of this licence.
- Under condition 7.2.2, completion of a comprehensive and fully costed ELRA to address the liabilities from present or planned discharges by an independent and appropriately qualified consultant is required as part of the second AER for Castleblayney WWTP. This requirement has not been completed for this AER, it will be completed in 2013 and submitted then.

1.1 Background

Castleblayney town is the third largest town in County Monaghan and is located approximately 23km southeast of Monaghan town. The Waste Water treatment plant is located at a site adjacent to Muckno Street in the town. Castleblayney Wastewater treatment works was built in 1983 and operates an extended aeration plant. The Waste Water Works comprises of a gravity collection system with pumping stations due to the topography of the catchment area and a Waste

Water Treatment Works with a design capacity of 12,960 P.E. The current load is approximately 11,133 P.E. (based on current flow and BOD loading).

2 Environmental Sensitivity and Risk Assessment

The main considerations in relation to the receiving waters for the primary discharge have been identified and given a designated score through the risk enforcement methodology developed by the EPA.

The Dynamic Risk Enforcement Assessment Methodology (DREAM) uses a decision making framework and toolset to assess the risk posed by the primary discharge from waste water agglomerations.

DREAM allocated an enforcement category to waste water agglomerations based on five environmental attributes:

- · Level of treatment,
- · Discharge compliance,
- Observed impact,
- · Possible impact, and
- · Enforcement record.

The DREAM map and pivot application may be accessed through the following link: https://www.edenireland.ie

Castleblayney Waste Water Treatment Plant agglomeration has been assigned an enforcement category of B1-Medium. The DREAM enforcement categories have been assigned the following site specific risk categories:

DREAM Risk Category	Site Specific Risk Categories
A1	Category 3
A2	Category 2
B1	
C1	Category 1

Table 2: Risk Assessment Form

Risk Score (Severity * Occurrence)	20			15				10			
Basis of Occurence	Heavy rainfall several times yearly, engendering flows that	the current CSOs readily activate under.		Failure of plant to effectively	treat waste water for nutrient	reduction – ammonia and	nitrogen	No standby generator on site			
Occurrenc e Rating	4			00				2			
Basis of severity	Potential for fish kill and pollution of	amenity lough; down stream 16.5km Fane	abstraction point at Inniskeen WW	Abstraction point for	potable water 16.5km	down stream		Would be quickly	noticed		
Severity Weighting	ഗ			2				LO.			
Environmental effect	High BOD; S/S; Phosphorus;	ammonia into river		Polluted water				High BOD;	ammonia into river		
Potential Hazards	Untreated effluent reaches Muckno Lough	& receiving stream		The ELVs are	exceeded and could	pollute water at potable	water abstraction point.	Power failure			
Process*	4 No CSO			Overall plant				aeration			
Risk ID	_			=		-50		Ξ			

Table 3 Risk Matrix:

		1	2	3	4	5
		Trivial	Minor	Moderate	Major	Extreme
V Low	1		N PERSON			
Low	2					III
Medium	3					II
High	4			Manager 1		I
V.High	5			M		

These are considered to be high level risks requiring priority attention. These risks have the potential to be catastrophic and as such should be addressed quickly.
These are medium level risks requiring action, but are not as critical as a red coded risk.
Green (light and dark green) – These are lowest level risks and indicate need for continuing awareness and monitoring on a regular basis. Whilst they are currently low or minor risks, some have the potential to increase to medium or even high level risks and must therefore be monitored and if costs effective mitigation can be carried out to reduce the risk even further this should be pursued,

3 Risk Prevention / Mitigation

The risk matrix above indicates that there are no high levels of risk classification for the site. The CSO activation could engender untreated effluent reaching the large water body which is Lough Muckno (325ha and up to 20m deep); however, some CSO's have been decommissioned in 2012 and improvement works are planned for the remainder.

4 Statement of Measures

The measures to be taken by Monaghan County Council are outlined in Table 4 below. Measures are in place within Castleblayney Waste Water Plant that are adequate to maintain the discharge at a quality that complies with the licence conditions and does not significantly impact on the conservation objectives of the Lough Muckno.

Table 4: Statement of Measures

Risk	Risk	Mitigation	Outcome	Action	Date for	Owner/
I.D.	Score	Measure to be			Competition	Contact
		taken			_	Person
Ι	20	Increase volume of storm overflow tank to 24hours DWF	Containment of raw effluent during high rainfall period	DOE funding WSIP awaited	Jan 2015	M Johnston
II	15	High ammonia levels in effluent.	Reduction in ammonia and nitrogen levels	Effective treatment unit (pending funding)	Jan 2014	E Farmer/M. Johnston
Ш	10	Provide standby generator	Plant continues to operate in Mains power outage.	Recommend purchase of generator	May 2013	M Johnston

I confirm the above are the measures which will be taken in the local Authority in subsequent years.

Signed: Name:

Job Title

Date:

5 FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

5.1 Estimation of remediation costs

Table 5 below outlines the estimated costs of remediation for different categories of events based on the location and current treatment provision.

Table 5: Risk Classification Table

Rating	Severity						
	Category	Description	Cost of Remediation				
1	Trivial		€1500				
2	Minor		THE PERSON NAMED IN				
3	Moderate		€5,000				
4	Major						
5	Extreme		€20,000				

5.2 Details of Financial Provision / Insurance

In order to offset the risk to the environment, the Council submitted an enquiry proposal form for an Environmental Insurance Policy to IPB Insurers. Following a meeting with the company, the cost of the premium is deemed too high at €10,000 per waste water treatment plant, this is not deemed value for money and financially not possible in the current economic climate.

Castleblayney WWTP primary discharge analyses for priority substances:

Priority Substances Assessment:

Analysis of the Primary Discharge from Castleblayney WWTP was performed for the priority substances listed in appendices of the EPA 'Guidance on the screening for Priority Substances for Waste Water Discharge Licences'. The results are presented in table A below, including comparisons to relevant Surface Water Quality Standards/Drinking Water Standards where relevant.

Table A: Priority Substance assessment of the Castleblayney WWTP Primary Discharge

No.	Compound	Unit	Analysis Result	Surface Water Quality Standard	Comparison to relevant Quality Standard
1	Antimoney	μg/l	<2.06	5	Drinking Water Regs 2007
2	Arsenic	μg/l	0.857	25	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 10
3	Atrazine	μg/l	<0.01	2	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 11
4	Barium	μg/l	19.97	100	Surface Water Regs 1989
5	Benzene	μg/l	<0.47	50	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 11
6	Benzo(a)pyrene	μg/l	<0.01	0.1	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 12
7	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	μg/l	<0.01	0.03	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 12
8	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	μg/l	<0.01	0.002	Limit of detection of test above Water Quality Standard. Surface Water Regs 2009 table 12
9	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	μg/l	<0.01	0.03	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 12
10	Boron	μg/l	63.35	100	Drinking Water Regs 2007
11	Bromobenzene	μg/l	<0.60	None available	Not determined
12	Bromochloromethane	μg/l	<0.71	None available	Not determined
13	Bromodichloromethane	μg/I	<0.62	None available	Not determined
14	Bromoform	μg/l	<5.00	None available	Not determined
15	Bromomethane	μg/l	<5.00	None available	Not determined

Carbon tetrachloride Chloride	μg/l	<5.00	12	Surface Water Regs
PARAMETERS CONTROL	nn a /1			2009 table 11
at to a large and the same and	mg/l	54.81	250	Drinking Water Regs 2007
Chlorobenzene	μg/l	<0.27	25	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 10
Chloroethane	μg/l	<5.00	None available	Not determined
Chloroform	μg/l	<0.62	0.0025	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 11
Chloromethane	μg/l	<5.00	None available	Not determined
Chromium	μg/l	0.389	32	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 10
Dichloroethane	μg/l	<0.58	10	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 11
Dichloropropene	μg/l	<0.85	None available	Not determined
Cobalt	μg/l	0.548	1000	Alan's proposal EPA
Conductivity	Uscm-1	585	None available	Not determined
Copper	μg/l	16.46	30 (Hardness>100)	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 10
Cyanide	μg/l	<5	50	Drinking Water Regs 2007
DEHP	μg/l	<0.001	1.3	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 11
Dibromochloromethane	μg/l	<0.43	None available	Not determined
Dibromomethane		<0.88	None available	Not determined
Dichlobenil		<0.0010	None available	Not determined
Dichlorodifluoromethane	Market St.	<5.00	None available	Not determined
Dichloromethane	μg/l	<5.00	20	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 11
Dieldrin	μg/l	<0.0010	None available	Not determined
Diuron	μg/l	<0.0010	1.8	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 11
Ethylbenzene	μg/l	<0.45	None available	Not determined
Flouranthene	μg/l	<0.01	1	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 11
Flouride	Mg/l	0.26	0.5	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 10
Glyphosate	μg/l	0.007	60	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 10
Hardness	mg/l	148	Not applicable	Not determined
	Chloroform Chloromethane Chromium Dichloroethane Dichloropropene Cobalt Conductivity Copper Cyanide DEHP Dibromochloromethane Dibromomethane Dichlobenil Dichlorodifluoromethane Dichloromethane Enditholomethane Dichloromethane Dichloromethane Dichloromethane Dichloromethane Dichloromethane Dieldrin Diuron Ethylbenzene Flouranthene Flouride Glyphosate	Chloroform μg/l Chloromethane μg/l Chromium μg/l Dichloroethane μg/l Dichloropropene μg/l Cobalt μg/l Conductivity Uscm-1 Copper μg/l Cyanide μg/l Dibromochloromethane μg/l Dibromomethane μg/l Dichlobenil μg/l Dichlorodifluoromethane μg/l Dichloromethane μg/l Dichloromethane μg/l Flouranthene μg/l Flouride Μg/l Flouride Μg/l	Chloroform μg/l <0.62	Chloroform μg/l <0.62 0.0025 Chloromethane μg/l <5.00

41	Hexachlorobutadiene	μg/l	<0.7	0.6	Limit of detection of
		70 2120			test above Water
					Quality Standard.
					Surface Water Regs
					2009 table 12
42	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	μg/l	<0.01	0.002	Limit of detection of
					test above Water
					Quality Standard.
		1			Surface Water Regs
					2009 table 12
	Isodrin	μg/l	<0.001	None available	Not determined
43					
44	Isopropylbenzene	μg/l	<0.36	None available	Not determined
45	Isoproturon	μg/l	<0.0010	1	Surface Water Regs
					2009 table 11
46	Lead	μg/l	1.352	7.2	Surface Water Regs
					2009 table 11
47	Linuron	μg/l	<0.0010	0.7	Surface Water Regs
					2009 table 10
48	m-+p-Xylene	μg/l	<0.70	10	Surface Water Regs
					2009 table 10
49	MCPA	μg/l	0.0090	None available	Not determined
50	Mecoprop Total	μg/l	0.0050	None available	Not determined
51	Mercury	μg/l	<0.04	1	Drinking Water Regs
					2007
52	Molybdenum	μg/l	<5	0.05	Alan's proposal EPA
53	Naphthalene	μg/l	<0.70	1.2	Surface Water Regs
					2009 table 11
54	Naphthalene HPLC	μg/l	<0.01	None available	Not determined
55	n-Butylbenzene	μg/l	<0.41	None available	Not determined
56	Nickel	μg/l	2.921	20	Surface Water Regs
					2009 table 11
57	n-Propylbenzene	μg/l	<0.31	None available	Not determined
58	0-Xylene	μg/l	<0.48	None available	Not determined
59	рН	pHunits	7.4	6-9	OK
60	Phenols	μg/l	<0.10	46	Surface Water Regs
					2009 table 10
61	p-Isopropyltoluene	μg/l	<0.67	None available	Not determined
62	Polyaromatic	μg/l	<0.10	None available	Not determined
Equ. (c.)	Hydrocarbons				
63	Polyclorinated Biphenyls	μg/l	<0.05	None available	Not determined
64	sec-Butylbenzene	μg/l	<0.34	None available	Not determined
65	Selenium	μg/l	<2.12	10	Drinking Water Regs
					2007

66	Simazine	/1	10.01	14	0 6 111
66	Simazine	μg/l	<0.01	4	Surface Water Regs
67	Styrene	ua/l	<0.53	None available	2009 table 11
68	Tert-Butylbenzene	μg/l	<0.49	None available	Not determined
69	Tetrachloroethane	μg/l	<0.39	10	Not determined
05	retraciiloroetilaile	μg/l	<0.59	10	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 11
70	Tin	μg/l	<2.8	None available	Not determined
71	Toluene	μg/l	<0.54	10	Surface Water Regs
	Totalic	M8/1	10.54	10	2009 table 10
72	Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	8.75	None available	Not determined
73	Total Xylene	μg/l	<0.70	10	Surface Water Regs
	,	1.07			2009 table 10
74	Trans-1,2-	μg/l	<0.61	10	Surface Water Regs
	Dichloroethane				2009 table 11
75	Trans-1,3-	μg/l	<4.00	None available	Not determined
	Dichloropropene				
76	Trichloroethane	μg/l	<5.00	10	Surface Water Regs
					2009 table 11
77	Trichlorofluoromethane	μg/l	<5.00	None available	Not determined
78	Vanadium	μg/l	0.409	1000	Alan's proposal EPA
79	Vinyl Chloride	μg/l	<5.00	0.5	Limit of detection of
					test above Water
					Quality Standard.
					Drinking Water Regs
00	V L III O	,,			2007
80	Volatile Organic	μg/l	<1	None available	Not determined
81	Compounds Zinc	=/1	117	100	C C 111
01	Zinc	μg/l	11.7	100	Surface Water Regs
82	1,1,1,2-	μg/l	<0.66	(Hardness>100)	2009 table 10
02	Tetrachloroethane	μg/1	<0.00	10	Surface Water Regs 2009 table 11
83	Trichloroethane	μg/l	<0.39	10	Surface Water Regs
00	The more centarie	MB/ 1	10.55	10	2009 table 11
84	1,1,2,2-	μg/l	<5.00	None available	Not determined
	Tetrachloroethane	F-0/ .	10.00	Trone available	140t determined
85	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	μg/l	<1.26	10	Surface Water Regs
	The state of the s	10/1			2009 table 11
86	1,1-Dichloroethane	μg/l	<0.51	10	Surface Water Regs
		1 0			2009 table 11
87	1,1-Dichloropropane	μg/l	<0.39	None available	Not determined
88	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	μg/l	<0.61	None available	Not determined
89	1,2,3-Trichloropropane	μg/l	<1.31	None available	Not determined
90	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	μg/l	<0.48	None available	Not determined
91	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	μg/l	<0.64	None available	Not determined
92	1,2-Dibromo-3-	μg/l	<5.00	None available	Not determined
	chloropropane				

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93	1,2-Dibromoethane	μg/l	<1.04	None available	Not determined
94	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	μg/l	<0.66	None available	Not determined
95	1,2-Dichloroethane	μg/l	<0.65	10	Surface Water Regs
					2009 table 11
96	1,2-Dichloropropane	μg/l	<0.72	None available	Not determined
97	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	μg/l	<0.59	None available	Not determined
98	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	μg/l	<0.53	None available	Not determined
99	1,3-Dichloropropane	μg/l	<0.77	None available	Not determined
100	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	μg/l	<1.16	None available	Not determined
101	2,2-Dichloropropane	μg/l	<5.00	None available	Not determined
102	*2,4 D (AH)*	μg/l	0.0220	None available	Not determined
103	2,6-Dichlorobenzamide	μg/l	<0.0001	0.06	
104	2-Chlorotoluene	μg/l	<0.50	None available	Not determined
105	4-Chlorotoluene	μg/l	<0.51	None available	Not determined

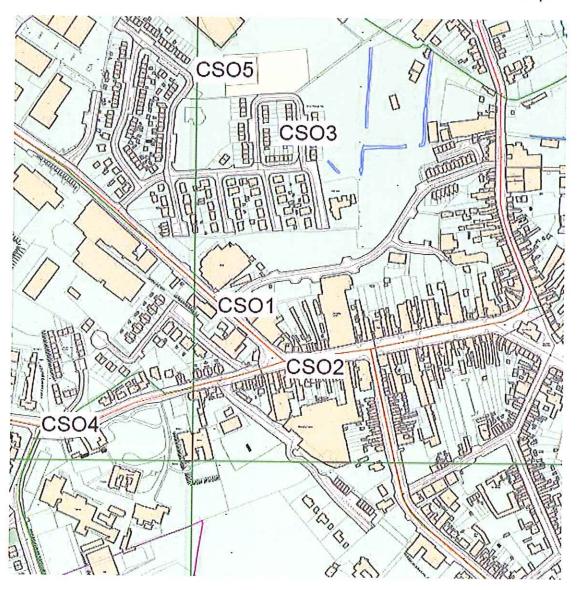
The results for the priority substances screened in the primary discharge effluent for Castleblayney WWTP are below relevant Surface Water Limits and Drinking Water limits where applicable. For 4 no. parameters, the limit of detection of the analytical test is above the relevant limit, therefore, a comparison cannot be made.

CSO, SWO & Emergency overflow report:

Monaghan County Council provides clarification and updating in this report to the EPA on the number of storm water overflows (SWO's)/combined storm water overflows (CSO's) on the Castleblayney network and at the treatment plant, following investigation and surveys of same. Not all of these SWO's/CSO's were identified and therefore not included at the time of submission of the discharge licence application to the EPA for Castleblayney. Some decommissioning of SWO's has been carried out since this investigation and some upgrading works are pending completion on the remainder. This report includes details of each SWO and CSO and its current status and also a summary of all emergency overflows from pump stations on the network. There are no emergency overflows from the plant itself.

Combined Storm Water Overflows (CSO's) report:

Five number combined storm water overflows (CSO's) were identified on the sewer network as follows, locations of which are identified on attached map:



CSO1

Location – outside Office units (Pringles) Monaghan road: This CSO was located on the Monaghan road but has been decommissioned by Monaghan County Council as a CSO in 2012.



CSO1 prior to decommissioning of CSO works, Sept. 2011.

CSO photo (prior to works) above details a small manhole (MH) measuring 600x450x600mm deep with foul water easy access to storm water drain- no weir wall of any kind, in line trap in channel of MH.

Decommissioning works were carried out to remove trap, seal up aperture to SW outlet and remove CSO.

CSO2/SW2 as per licence

Location - traffic island at Main street junction of Monaghan/Shercock road:

There CSO causes no visual or aesthetic impact or public complaints. It does not operate in dry weather. It would operate in times of heavy/extended rainfall, the overflow flows into an adjacent storm drain which flows into Lough Muckno. There are no records of how often it operates in 2012.

This CSO consists of an old iron penstock fixed to a reinforced concrete weir wall within the manhole. Proposed upgrading works are to remove iron penstock and raise weir wall and to fit net bag to outlet to contain any deleterious matter.



CSO2, Sept. 2011.

CSO₃

Location - Park Road, Drumillard.

This CSO was located in a housing estate in Drumillard which ran through private property at the rear of a residence, but has since been demolished/decommissioned as a CSO in 2008 alongside re routing of the associated sewer line works carried out at that time.



CSO3, prior to decommissioning, March. 2008.

CSO₄

Location – centre of main Shercock road opposite iontas road:

There CSO causes no visual or aesthetic impact or public complaints. It does not operate in dry weather. It currently would operate in times of heavy/extended rainfall, the overflow flows into an adjacent storm drain.

This CSO consists of an old type CSO with a hole in the wall to a storm water sewer and an overflow weir wall. Proposed upgrading works are to block up the hole completely and build up the weir wall to seal the manhole completely, thus effectively decommissioning it as a CSO. Following completion of these works, it will become evident during periods of heavy rainfall if the manhole/sewer line is capable of containing the flows. Pending the outcome of this, a final decision can be made as to whether the CSO will be required or can remain decommissioned.



CSO4, Sept. 2011

CSO₅

Location - Drumillard Green north, (Near Coogans)

There CSO causes no visual or aesthetic impact or public complaints. It does not operate in dry weather, with no apparent discharge having ever occurred from inspection. This CSO consists of overflow weir walls type. No upgrading or improvement works are considered necessary for this CSO.



CSO5, Sept. 2011

CSO Summary:

To conclude, five number CSO's were identified on the Castleblayney sewer network in the investigation/survey carried out. Two of them have been decommissioned since then (CSO3 & CSO1). Three number remain, with proposed upgrading works to decommission one of them on the Shercock road (CSO4), and for improvements to CSO2/(SW2 in licence) as outlined in this report. No upgrading works are considered necessary for the remaining one, CSO5 as investigation concluded that it doesn't operate.

Storm Water Overflow (SWO) report:

Two number storm water overflows (SWO's) were identified at the waste water treatment plant (WWTP), one from the inlet works has been decommissioned in 2012 and the remaining SWO from the storm tank is identified in the discharge licence as SW3.

Schedule C.3 'Improvement Programme for Storm Water Overflows' of the licence, upgrading of Storm Water Overflow, SW3, is required to comply with the criteria outlined in the DoECLG, 'Procedures and Criteria in relation to Storm Water Overflows, 1995'.

The capacity of the storm tank on site is 300m3, during periods of prolonged rainfall/storm conditions, flow is diverted to the storm tank from the inlet works for storage until flow at the inlet works recedes and it is pumped back from the storm tank. If the storm tank fills up, it will overflow to Lough Muckno via the SW3 from the storm tank. This overflow will only occur during periods of prolonged heavy rainfall.

New storm tank facilities form part of the proposed 'Stage 1' upgrading of the Castleblayney WWTP works. Stage 1 proposed upgrading works for Castleblayney WWTP will depend on DoECLG approval and funding, it is on the Water Services Investment Programme (WSIP) 2010 -2013 at an estimated cost of €3,927,000, however, it is currently at planning stage and is unlikely to be approved before the end of the current WSIP –December 2013.

Emergency Overflows report:

There are some emergency overflows from the pump sumps on the Castleblayney sewer network. A summary of the pumping stations are outlined in the following table:

		Pumping Station Summar	у		
Pumping Station	Wet Well volume M3	Storm tank volume m3	Emergency Overflow	Screen on overflow	
Monaghan Road PS	10.6	No storm tank	Yes	No	
Muckno Street PS					
(inlet works PS)	23.7	No storm tank	Yes	Yes -Copa sac	
Laurel Hill PS	15.7	No storm tank	No	n/a	
Knockturnagh PS	10.2	No storm tank	No	n/a	
Bree PS	No data	Yes - no volume data	No	n/a	
Dundalk Road PS	15.5	Yes -volume = 36m3	No - excess flow is diverted back into sewer network	n/a	

There are only 2 pump stations with emergency overflows. All pumping stations have a dial out alarm facility to alert the caretaker via his mobile phone, of any malfunction/problem at the pumping stations. The caretaker

also checks the pumping stations regularly. The risk is therefore minimised of overflows via the emergency overflows from the 2 pumping stations on the network to surface water.