

Document Amendment Record

Client:	Roadstone Provinces Ltd.
Project:	Exploratory Site Investigation at Brownswood
Title:	Factual Site Investigation Report

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FACTUAL SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT
AT BROWNSWOOD, CO. WEXFORD

June 2008

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1 INTRODUCTION

Roadstone Provinces Ltd own and operate a quarry located approximately 3 km to the south of Enniscorthy, in the townland of Brownswood. The site comprises an old disused quarry and a new quarry ('Paul Murphy Quarry'). The site location is shown Figure 1 and a the quarry site is shown in detail in Appendix A.

TOBIN Consulting Engineers were retained by Roadstone Provinces Ltd to address allegations raised in relation to activities involving several locations (marked in Appendix A and photographic plate 1) around the old quarry.

TOBIN Consulting Engineers (Tobin) conducted a preliminary site investigation as detailed in the report '*Factual Report on Reconnaissance Site Investigation*' (March 2008) to address allegations raised by a third party involving a number of locations around the 'old quarry' at Brownswood, Enniscorthy, County Wexford. A copy of this report was forwarded to Wexford County Council on 12th March 2008.

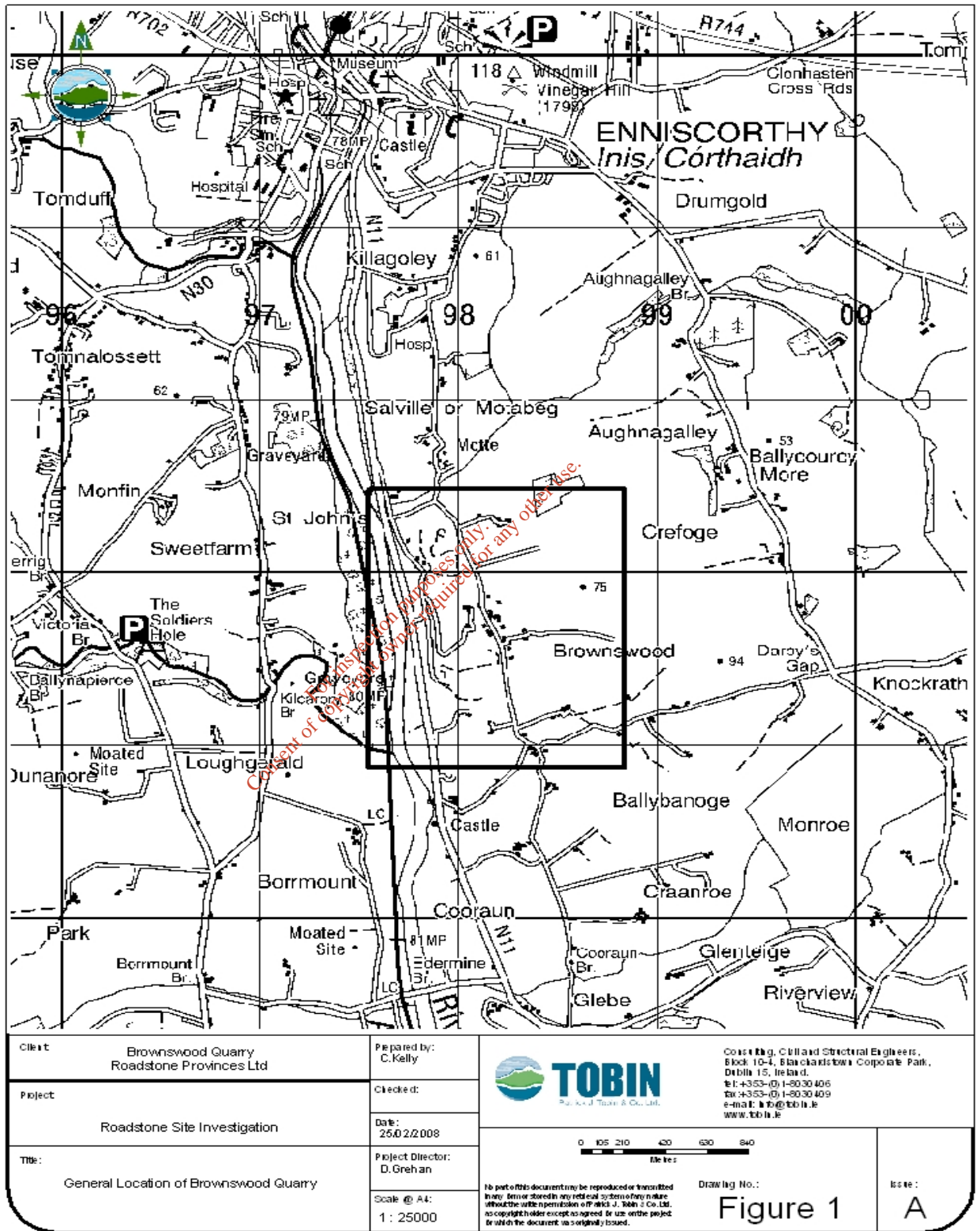
The main area of concern raised by the allegations is the area on the western side of the old quarry, marked as 'Area A'. The other areas are confined to small patches of ground in the vicinity of the garage, the rock breaker, the primary crusher, the lorry washing facility and the area by the western road side boundary to the front of the quarry.

The main findings of the preliminary site investigation were that there was no visible evidence of contamination in the main area of concern (Area A) and that it comprised inert Construction and Demolition Waste (C&D). It was confirmed that elsewhere within the site minor, confined visible staining is located in the vicinity of the garage and the primary crusher. There is no visible contamination at the other sites.

Available historical water quality records for the water in the main sump of the old quarry for a limited set of parameters do not suggest any contamination. Copies of this data was included in the '*Factual Report on Reconnaissance Site Investigation*' (March 2008) forwarded to Wexford County Council on 12th March 2008.

TOBIN Consulting Engineers (TOBIN) conducted an exploratory site investigation within an area of Roadstone Provinces Ltd. property at Brownswood, Co. Wexford. The site investigation area is located within an area previously quarried and in associated areas in the nearby vicinity. The areas under investigation are within the immediate surrounds of the 'Old Quarry'. Quarrying has not been undertaken within this area within the last 5 years, with previous quarry benches partially restored with soil strippings from within the site. Site investigations were necessitated by Roadstone Provinces Ltd. to determine the validity of accusations regarding the dumping/fly tipping of waste and oil spillages.

Figure 1 General Site Location



2 METHODOLOGY

The aims of the exploratory site investigation were to investigate the identified areas using intrusive techniques (trial pits and boreholes) and water sampling. Trial pitting and shell & auger drilling were employed at Area A and trial pitting at all the other sites. The investigation was carried out in accordance with the following documents:

- IGI guidelines “*Recommended Collection, Presentation and Interpretation of Geological and Hydrogeological Information for Quarry Developments*”;
- British Standards 5930 “*Code of Practice for Site Investigation*”;
- British Standards 10175 “*Investigation of potentially contaminated sites – code of practice*”; and,
- Land Quality Press, “*Generic Assessment Criteria for Human Health Risk Assessment*”.

3 TOPOGRAPHIC, GEOLOGICAL AND HYDROGEOLOGICAL SETTING

The quarry is located on the western flanks of high ground bordering the eastern side of the Slaney on the eastern side of the river. A tributary of the Slaney flows approximately 250 m to the north of the site. Elevation ranges from approximately 10 m OD to approximately 75 m OD across the area of the site. The natural topographic gradient is approximately 0.1. The old quarry is located approximately 300 m east of the River Slaney.

The bedrock geology comprises the Ordovician Volcanics. The subsoils (Teagasc) are mapped as ‘Rck’ close to surface. Further east, the subsoil is mapped as Till (Lower Palaeozoic). Alluvium and a thin strip of gravel are mapped between the river and the quarry.

The bedrock aquifer is classified as a Regionally Important Fissured Aquifer (Rf). Groundwater is present within the quarry at approximately (-)22 mOD, which is an artificial level due to continued pumping. It is assumed that the Slaney is, in general the lowest discharge point, and that groundwater flows to the river from higher topographic areas to the east and west of the river. Within the vicinity of the quarry the water level in the sump is assumed to be the lowest discharge point. The regional gradient is assumed to be toward the Slaney and it is expected that there is a localised groundwater divide between the Slaney and the sump in the quarry.

4 EXPLORATORY SITE INVESTIGATION UNDERTAKEN

A reconnaissance site investigation was undertaken by Tobin at the site on 22nd February (Report 4644/01). A draft report was submitted to Wexford County Council on the 6th March 2008 at a meeting and a site walkover with staff from the Environmental Enforcement Section. A final report was issued on 25th March 2008 designating clearly the areas requiring investigation. The outcome of the

reconnaissance site investigation was to propose a site investigation in all the areas under allegations, shown in Appendix A. The intrusive site investigations were carried out by Geotech Specialists Limited (Appendix B). The resultant site investigations consisted of the following:

1. Ten trial pits with a long reach excavator;
2. Six Shell & Auger Boreholes;
3. Soil sampling of excavated material;
4. Logging of subsoil and photographic record; and,
5. Water sampling of the 'old quarry', the 'Paul Murphy quarry' and discharge from the wheel wash.

The site investigation areas are tabulated in Table 1, and shown Appendix A. Trial pitting and drilling of shell and auger boreholes was conducted on a grid basis within Area A. Trial pits were excavated at specific locations in the remaining sites highlighted during the reconnaissance site investigations and walkovers with staff from Roadstone and Wexford County Council.

Area	Location	Elevation	Reason for investigation
Area A	Northern part of old quarry	30mOD	Alleged waste location
Area B	Garage	30mOD	Alleged oil spillages
Area C	Primary crusher	14mOD	Alleged oil spillages
Area D	Rock breaker	14mOD	Alleged oil spillages
Area E	Washing area	24mOD	Alleged poor practice
Area F	Waste ground between western boundary and main car park	6-8mOD	Alleged waste location

Table 1 Areas of intrusive site investigation

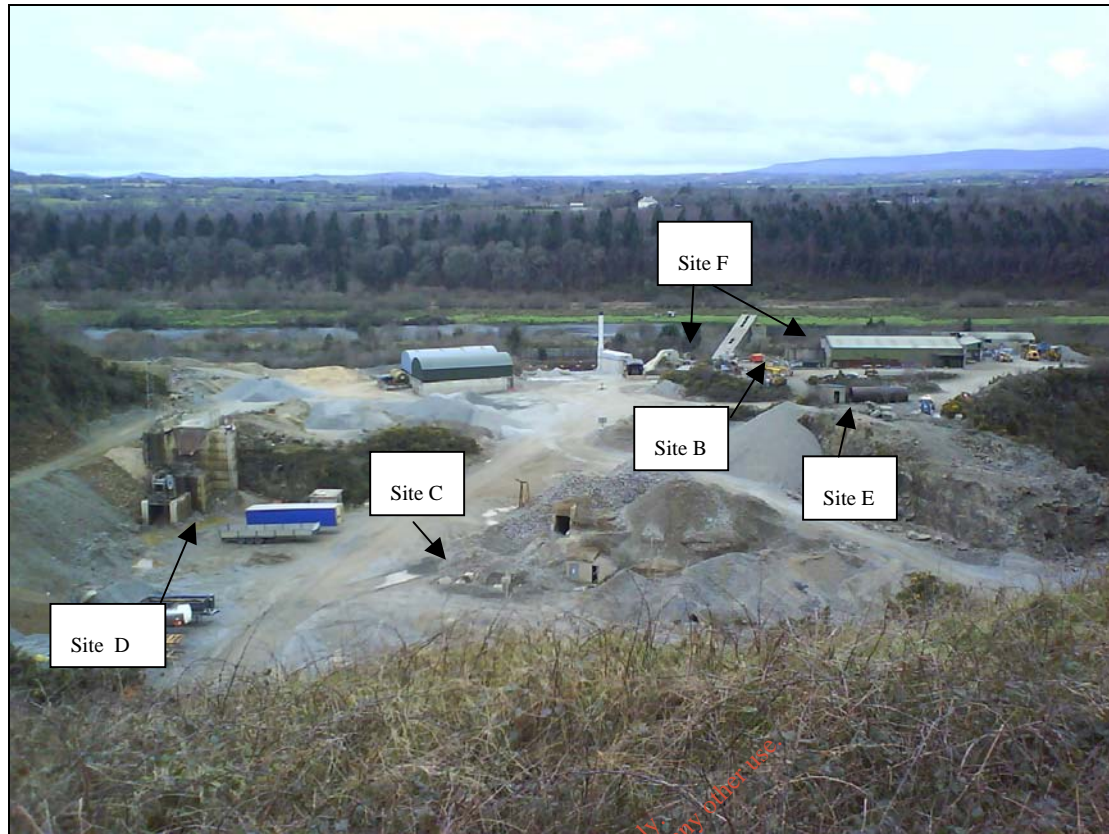


Plate 1. Overview of Areas B-F.

Area A is outside frame to the right hand side.

Photograph taken from road on northern eastern boundary.

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5 RESULTS FROM EXPLORATORY INVESTIGATIONS

5.1 Area A

Material uncovered consisted predominantly of subsoil and broken rock with very occasional inert construction and demolition (C&D) material (<1%), which is concentrated within the uppermost 1-3 m. C&D material included concrete, macadam blacktop, metal and plastic. Material encountered is believed to have originated from the 'Paul Murphy' quarry, comprising 'strippings' (soil, subsoil, weathered and broken rock). Material uncovered is shown below in Plate No. 2. No odour or hydrocarbon staining was encountered within Area A. No domestic waste or tyres was encountered within this area. The logs for the trial pits and the auger holes are presented in Appendix B. The drilling of the shell & auger holes in this type of terrain is recognised as being difficult and several attempts at drilling ended in obstructions, generally within the upper 3 m. Two drill holes were successfully drilled to 10 m and one successful to 23 m. No water table was met in any of the boreholes. Plate 3 and 4 show views into Trial Pit 1 and Trial Pit 2.



Plate 2. Spoil from Trial Pit 1.



Plate 3. View into Trial Pit 1.



Plate 4. View into Trial Pit 2.

5.2 Area B

Trial Pit No. 3 was located next to the oil bund as can be seen in Plate 5, 6 and 7. Material uncovered consisted primarily of compacted hardcore, subsoil and broken rock. Odour and hydrocarbon staining was encountered in the uppermost 0.5m. The uppermost material is compacted hardcore, below which comprises broken rock and subsoil. There is no staining or odour from the material deeper in the trial pit. The deeper material recovered can be seen in Plate 7.



Plate 5. View of location of Trial Pit 3 and material recovered.



Plate 6. Another view of Trial Pit 3.



Plate 7. View of material recovered from Trial Pit 3.

5.3 Area C

Trial Pit No. 7 was located next to the dismantled primary crushing area, where oil staining was identified from the reconnaissance survey. Material uncovered consisted primarily of compacted hardcore, subsoil and broken rock. Views of the trial pit in Area C are given in Photographs 7, 8, and 9 below. Odour and hydrocarbon staining was encountered in the uppermost 1m. The uppermost material is compacted hardcore, below which comprises broken rock and subsoil. There is no staining or odour from the material deeper in the trial pit.



Plate 7. Trial Pit 7.



Plate 8. View of Trial Pit 7.



Plate 9. View of Trial Pit 7.

5.4 Area D

Two trial pits were excavated (Trial Pit No. 5 & 6) next to the dismantled rock breaker, shown in Plate 10. Material uncovered consisted primarily of broken rock. Standing water was present. There is no staining or odour from the excavated material or the trial pit.



Plate 10: Location of Trial Pit 6 next to dismantled rock breaker



Plate 11: Trial Pit 6

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5.5 Area E

Trial Pit No. 4 was located in an area designated for washing vehicles, shown in Plate 12. Material uncovered consisted primarily of broken rock. There is no staining or odour from the excavated material or the trial pit.



Plate 12: Location of Trial Pit 4

5.6 Area F

Trial Pits No. 8, 9 and 10 were located in an area to the front of the site, shown in Plates 13, 14 and 15. There is no staining or hydrocarbon odour from the excavated material or the trial pits, apart from a sulphur smell in Trial Pit No. 8 at approximately 1.2m bgl to 1.5 m bgl where a fibrous vegetative horizon is located. This area has bull rushes and a boggy saturated area located immediately alongside. .



Plate 13: Trial Pit 8



Plate 14: Trial Pit 9



Plate 15: Trial Pit 10

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5.7 Initial Conclusions

Trial pitting and Shell and Auger drilling was conducted within the areas identified as potentially containing waste material. No significant deposits of waste appear to underlie the area identified as Area A. The material uncovered largely comprised subsoil, and the depths were drilled to 10 m in two boreholes and 23 m in another. Isolated zones comprising waste oils appear to be located in Areas B and C.

5.8 Testing Schedule

Soil sampling has been undertaken within area A-F to establish the quality of the material. A total of 3 (no.) sediment samples were submitted to ALcontrol Geochem Laboratories, who are an ISO 17025 and UKAS accredited laboratory, for analysis of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs). The samples were taken from Trial Pits 1, 2 and 3. Sufficient parameters were included so that the samples could be analysed for the presence of oil contamination. The sample suite selected was based on physical observations made on-site.

There are no set standards or legislation for contaminated land or soil in Ireland. The accepted industry best practice is to apply international standards such as those used by the United Kingdom Environment Agency or the Dutch Ministry of Housing, Spatial Planning & Environment (VROM).

These Dutch Standards (2002) outline two values for selected contaminants, the Target Value and the Intervention Value. The Target Value (TV) is the baseline concentration value below which compounds and/or elements are known or assumed not to effect the natural properties of the soil. The target value quoted in the Dutch Standards for PAHs is 1,000 µg/kg (1 mg/kg). The Intervention Value (IV) is the maximum tolerable concentration above which further investigation, assessment, or remediation is required. The intervention value quoted in the Dutch Standards for PAHs is 40,000 µg/kg (40 mg/kg).

Water sampling has also been undertaken of the quarry sump water at both the old quarry, the new quarry (Paul Murphy quarry) and the wheel wash. The samples were also submitted to ALcontrol Geochem Laboratories and analysed for a range of parameters including metals, diesel range organics and speciated PAHs.

6 RESULTS

6.1 Soil results

The soil results are given in Appendix B. The soil results support the visual inspections and initial conclusions, that there is no contamination except in localised zones around the old oil bund at the garage and in the immediate vicinity to the

primary crusher.

Area A: Two samples were taken from the two trial pits located in this area. The concentrations of total PAH are less than 1 µg/kg and 1669 µg/kg, which are very low concentrations and are well below the Dutch Intervention Values.

Area B: The results taken from Area B (Trial Pit 3) indicate hydrocarbon contamination at the surface. The sample taken from Area B supports the visual inspection that there is a localised zone of oil spillage and corresponds to the strong odour noted during the trial pitting. The results from Area B indicate that the total concentration of the sixteen speciated hydrocarbons are elevated (31,596 µg/kg), indicate contamination and are just below the Dutch Intervention Value of 40,000 µg/kg. The extent is limited to the area around the oil bund.

The water results in Section 6.2 indicate that PAH concentrations are very low, indicating the limited extent of the contamination.

6.2 Water results

The results are given in Appendix C. The key points are identified as follows:

- Concentrations of diesel range organics and for sixteen speciated PAHs are below 10 µg/litre.
- Biological Oxygen Demand concentration is less than 2 mg/l for all three samples.
- Nitrate concentrations are 24.9 mg/l and 28.3 mg/l in the Old Quarry and Paul Murphy quarry. Whilst these concentrations appear high, they correspond to the background concentrations evident across the groundwater body in which the site is located (South Eastern RBD characterisation report, 2003).
- Ortho-phosphate concentrations are below 0.03 mg/l.
- Concentrations of Iron, Potassium and pH are elevated in the sample taken at the wheel wash.
- Ammonia concentration for the sample taken from the Paul Murphy quarry is elevated.
- The sample taken from the exit point of the wheel wash contrast in a number of parameters with the samples taken from both the quarry sumps. They appear to be anomalous with those taken from quarry and do not reflect the water quality in the quarries.

In general, the water results do not indicate significant contamination that can be attributed to alleged waste practices at the Old Quarry. The water results from the sumps are regarded as being representative as the water in both sumps is kept at approximately -22mOD, by pumping, thus there is a relatively short residence time.

7 CONCLUSIONS

For each area the findings and actions required are described.

1. Area A:

Finding: It is concluded that area consists predominantly of subsoil strippings. The borehole and trial pit logs and the soils results and the water results suggest that the area is uncontaminated.

Action: It is concluded that Area does not require remediation. However, in accordance with the Section 55 Notice groundwater monitoring wells are to be placed in locations to allow long term groundwater quality monitoring to take place.

2. Areas B (immediately next to the old oil bund on the southern end of the garage):

Finding: an upper layer of made ground appears to be contaminated based on the visual inspection, the trial pit and the soil sample results.

Action: It is concluded that the area is remediated by digging out the contaminated ground and disposed of by a permitted contractor and replaced with inert material.

3. Area C (dismantled primary crusher)

Finding: an upper layer of made ground which appears to be contaminated based on the visual inspection and the trial pit.

Action: It is concluded that the area is remediated by digging out the contaminated ground and disposed of by a permitted contractor and replaced with inert material.

4. Area D (dismantled rock breaker)

Finding: It is concluded that this ground around the rock breaker does not appear to be contaminated.

Action: No further action is required.

5. Area E (lorry washing area across from the garage)

Finding: It is concluded that this ground does not appear to be contaminated.

Action: No further action is required.

6. Area F (to the front of the quarry along the main road boundary)

Finding: It is concluded that this ground does not appear to be contaminated.

Action: No further action is required.

8 RECOMMENDATIONS

Suitable remediation and disposal is recommended for Area B (around the old oil bund at the eastern end of the garage) and Area C (around the dismantled primary rock crusher).

Installation of three boreholes in the vicinity of the Old Quarry. The proposed

locations are shown in Appendix A. It is recommended that two are placed downgradient of the quarry, and one upgradient of the quarry.

It is proposed that a regular monitoring regime of the monitoring wells and the water in the sumps is put in place. The exact regime should be agreed with Wexford County Council.

Signed: _____

On behalf of TOBIN Consulting Engineers

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GENERAL LEGEND	
EXISTING MAJOR CONTOURS	EXISTING BUILDING / STRUCTURE
EXISTING MINOR CONTOURS	EXISTING TREE
PUBLIC ROAD	PROCESSING PLANT
AREAS OF INTEREST	RIVER SLANEY
TRACK	

GW1, GW2, GW3 are proposed groundwater monitoring points

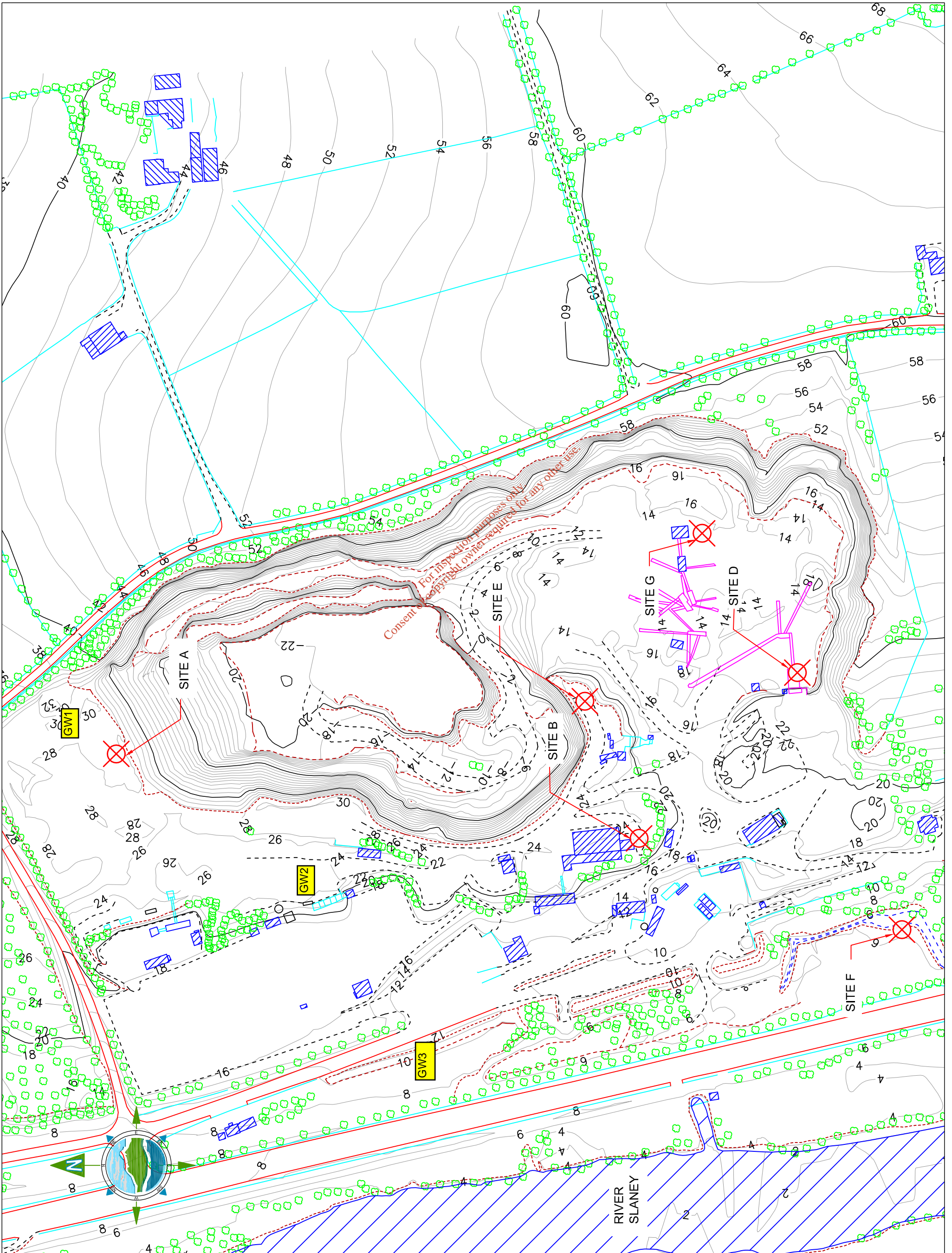
Issue	Date	Description	By	Chkd.
D01	14/03/08	DRAFT ISSUE FOR REVIEW	VB	MIN

Client: ROADSTONE PROVINCES LTD
 Project: SI RPL BROWNSWOOD
 Title: SITE LAYOUT

Scale @ A1: 1:1000
 Prepared by: V. Bonney
 Checked: M. Nolan
 Date: March 2008
 Project Director: D. Grehan

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Issue: D01
 Drawing No.: 4644-1000





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Roadstone Brownswood Quarry

REPORT ON GROUND INVESTIGATION

Report No. KD8062

Engineer: Tobin Consulting Engineers

Client: Roadstone Provinces Limited

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1 INTRODUCTION

During April 2008 Geotech Specialists Limited (GSL) were commissioned by Tobin Consulting Engineers (TCE), on behalf of Roadstone Provinces Limited (RPL), to carry out a ground investigation at the Roadstone Quarry facility at Brownswood, Co. Wexford. The investigation was required to obtain geotechnical and geoenvironmental information primarily on the nature of the existing overburden mound on the quarry site.

The scope of the investigation, which was specified by TCE, comprised cable percussion boreholes, trial pits, in situ testing and laboratory testing. The investigation was carried out in accordance with the contract specification and relevant standards (see References). The fieldwork was carried out between 28 April and 6 May 2008.

This report presents the factual records of the fieldwork and laboratory testing.

2 THE SITE AND GEOLOGY

2.1 The Site

The Quarry site is located in the townland of Brownswood, 3km south of Enniscorthy town. The site is located 300m east of the River Slaney and approximately 150m east of the N11, National Primary Route. The aggregate quarry currently functions as a rock chipping and crushing plant as well as a Readymix Concrete and Blacktop production centre. The site is at National Grid reference S 978 373, see Site Location Plan in Enclosure D.

The quarry is bounded to the west by the N11 and to the east by a minor county road running parallel to the north/south trending N11. The main north and south boundaries of the quarry site have thick hedges and established tree lines. Agricultural pastureland and tillage land lie beyond the site to the east, south and west.

A large heaped overburden mound is located in the northeast corner of the quarry. Exploratory holes were located on the summit of this mound in the northeast of the site as well as at varying levels throughout the quarry towards the ground / base level of the quarry in the south west of the site.

2.2 Published Geology

The published geological map covering the site, GSI Sheet 19 (1995) shows bedrock to be Late Ordovician rhyolitic volcanics and grey and brown slates of the Campile Formation. The Campile formation forms part of the sequence of the local Duncannon Group, a group composed primarily of volcanic rock.

3 FIELDWORK

3.1 General

The fieldwork was carried out in general accordance with BS 5930 (1999) and Part 9 of BS 1377 (1990).

The exploratory hole locations were selected and set out by TCE. The exploratory hole locations are shown on the Site Plan in Enclosure D.

3.2 Exploratory Holes

The exploratory holes are listed in the following table.

SUMMARY OF EXPLORATORY HOLES

TYPE	QUANTITY	MAXIMUM DEPTH (m)	REMARKS
Cable Percussion Boring	6	23.30	Dando 2000
Trial Pits	10	5.00	Machine Dug

The exploratory hole records are presented in Enclosure A and should be read in conjunction with the Key included therein. The records provide descriptions, in accordance with BS 5930 (1999), of the materials encountered and details of the samples taken, together with observations made during boring and pitting. Photographs of the trial pits are presented in Enclosure C.

On completion of the fieldwork all geotechnical samples were transported to the Dublin office of GSL for temporary retention. Geoenvironmental samples were transported from site directly to ALcontrol laboratories in Ballycoolin, Dublin 15.

4 LABORATORY TESTING

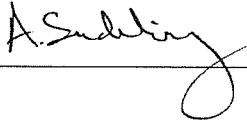
4.1 Geotechnical Testing

No Geotechnical testing was scheduled.

4.2 Geoenvironmental Testing

The testing was scheduled by TCE and was carried out by ALcontrol at their Dublin laboratory.

The results are presented in Enclosure B.

Prepared By	Claire O'Keeffe BSc (Hons)
Reviewed By	John Lawler BSc (Hons)
Approved for Issue By	A C Suckling BSc (Hons) CEng MICE 

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REFERENCES

GSI Sheet 19 : 1995 : Geology of Carlow - Wexford. 1:100000 geological map (solid). Geological Survey of Ireland.

BS 1377 : 1990 : Methods of test for soils for civil engineering purposes. British Standards Institution.

BS 5930 : 1999 : Code of practice for site investigations. British Standards Institution.

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ENCLOSURE A
EXPLORATORY HOLE RECORDS

Key to Exploratory Hole Records
Borehole Logs
Trial Pit Logs

Key
BH01, 02, 03, 03A, 04, 04A, 05, 06
TP01 to 10

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Key to Exploratory Hole Records

SAMPLES

Undisturbed

U	Driven tube sample	} nominally 100 mm diameter and full recovery unless otherwise stated
TW	Pushed thin wall tube sample	
P	Pushed piston sample	
L	Liner sample (from Windowless or similar sampler), full recovery unless otherwise stated	
CBR	CBR mould sample	
BLK	Block sample	
CS	Core sample (from rotary core) taken for laboratory testing	
AMAL	Amalgamated sample	

Disturbed

D	Small sample
B	Bulk sample

Other

W	Water sample
G	Gas sample

ES	Environmental chemistry samples (in more than one container where appropriate)
EW	Soil sample
EW	Water sample

Comments

Sample reference numbers are assigned to every sample taken. A sample reference of 'NR' indicates that attempt was made to take a tube sample, however, there was no recovery.

Monitoring samples taken after completion of hole construction are not shown on the exploratory hole logs.

TESTS

SPT S or SPT C Standard Penetration Test, open shoe (S) or solid cone (C)

The Standard Penetration Test is defined in BS 5937 : Part 9 (1990). The incremental blow counts are given in the Field Records column; each increment is 75 mm unless stated otherwise and any penetration under self weight in mm (SW) is noted. Where the full 300 mm test drive is achieved the total number of blows for the test drive is presented as N = ** in the Test column. Where the test drive blows reach 50 (either in total or for a single increment) the total blow count beyond the seating drive is given (without the N = prefix).

IV	<i>in situ</i> Vane shear strength, peak (p) and remoulded (r)
HV	Hand vane shear strength, peak (p) and remoulded (r)
PP	Pocket penetrometer test, converted to shear strength
KFH, KRH, KPI	Variable head permeability tests (KFH = falling head test, KRH = rising head test, KPI = packer test), permeability value

Test results provided in Field Records column

DRILLING RECORDS

The mechanical indices (TCR/SCR/RQD & If) are defined in BS 5930 (1999)

TCR	Total Core Recovery, %
SCR	Solid Core Recovery, %
RQD	Rock Quality Designation, %
If	Fracture spacing, mm. Minimum, typical and maximum spacings are presented. The term non-intact (NI) is used where the core is fragmented.

Flush returns, estimated percentage with colour where relevant, are given in the Records column

CRF	Core recovered (length in m) in the following run
AZCL	Assessed zone of core loss
NR	Not recovered

GROUNDWATER

▼	Groundwater strike
▽	Groundwater level after standing period

Notes:

Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry
 Project No. KD8062
 Carried out for Roadstone

Key

Sheet 1 of 2

Key to Exploratory Hole Records

INSTALLATION

Standpipe/ piezometer

Details of standpipe/piezometer installations are given on the Record. Legend column shows installed instrument depths including slotted pipe section or tip depth, response zone filter material type and layers of backfill.

SP
SPIE
PPIE
EPIE



The type of instrument installed is indicated by a code in the Legend column at the depth of the response zone:
Standpipe
Standpipe piezometer
Pneumatic piezometer
Electronic piezometer

Inclinometer or Slip Indicator

The installation of vertical profiling instruments is indicated on the Record. The base of tubing is shown in the Legend column.

ICE
ICM
SLIP



The type of instrument installed is indicated by a code in the Legend column at the base of the tubing:
Biaxial inclinometer
Inclinometer tubing for use with probe
Slip indicator

Settlement Points or Pressure Cells

The installation of single point instruments is indicated on the Record. The location of the measuring device is shown in the Legend column.

ESET
ETM
EPCE
PPCE

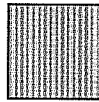


The type of instrument installed is indicated by a code in the Legend column:
Electronic settlement cell/gauge
Magnetic extensometer settlement point
Electronic embedment pressure cell
Electronic push in pressure cell

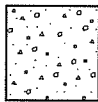
INSTALLATION LEGENDS

A legend describing the installation is shown in the rightmost column. Legends additional to BS5930 are used to describe the backfill materials as indicated below.

Arisings



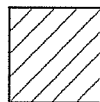
Concrete



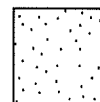
Grout



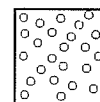
Bentonite



Sand



Gravel



Tarmac



NOTES

- 1 Strata legends are in accordance with BS 5930 (1999).
- 2 Water level observations of discernible entries during the advancing of the exploratory hole are given at the foot of the log and in the Legend column. The term "none observed" is used where no discrete entries are identified although this does not necessarily indicate that the hole has not been advanced below groundwater level. Under certain conditions groundwater cannot be observed, for instance, drilling with water flush or overwater, or boring at a rate much faster than water can make its way into the borehole (ref BS5930 : 1999, Clause 47.2.7). In addition, where appropriate, water levels in the hole at the time of recovering individual samples or carrying out in situ tests and at shift changes are given in the Records column.
- 3 Evidence of the occurrence of very coarse particles (cobbles and boulders) is presented on the logs, however, because of their size in relation to the exploratory hole these records may not be fully representative of their size and frequency in the ground mass.
- 4 The borehole logs present the results of Standard Penetration Tests recorded in the field without correction or interpretation. However, in certain ground conditions (eg high hydraulic head or where very coarse particles are present) some judgement may be necessary in considering whether the results are representative of in situ mass conditions.
- 5 The declination of bedding and joints is given with respect to the normal to the core axis. Thus in a vertical borehole this will be the dip.
- 6 The assessment of SCR, RQD and Fracture Spacing excludes artificial fractures

REFERENCES

BS 1377 : 1990 : British Standard Methods of test for soils for civil engineering purposes. British Standards Institution
BS 5930 : 1999 : Code of Practice for site investigations. British Standards Institution

Updated February 2007

Notes:

Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry
Project No. KD8062
Carried out for Roadstone

Key

Sheet 2 of 2

Borehole Log

Drilled Logged Checked		Start End	Equipment, Methods and Remarks		Depth from	to	Diameter	Casing Depth	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage		
JE CO'K JL		28/04/2008 28/04/2008	Dando 2000 Cable Percussion 200mm diameter from 0.00m to 10.00m. Backfilled with arisings.		0.00m	10.00m	200mm	10.00m	- - -		
Samples and Tests					Strata						
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description	Depth, Level/ (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments			
0.50	B 1				MADE GROUND: Brown clayey very sandy GRAVEL. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies including limestone. Driller reports cobbles of various lithologies including concrete.						
1.00	B 2										
1.50	D 3										
2.00	B 4										
2.50	D 5										
3.00	B 6										
3.50	D 7										
4.00	B 8										
4.50	D 9										
5.00	B 10										
5.50	D 11										
6.00	B 12										
6.50	D 13				MADE GROUND: Brown mottled orange very clayey sandy GRAVEL. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies including limestone. Driller reports cobbles of various lithologies including concrete.	6.00					
7.00	B 14										
7.50	D 15										
8.00	B 16				MADE GROUND: Firm brown sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies including limestone.	7.80					
8.50	D 17										
9.00	B 18										
9.50	D 19										
			28/04/2008 10.00	0800 dry	EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 10.00 m						
Groundwater Entries					Depth Related Remarks *				Chiselling		
No.	Struck (m)	Post strike behaviour	Depth sealed (m)		From	to (m)			Depths (m)	Time	Tools used
None observed (see Key Sheet)									0.75 -0.80	45 mins	Chisel
									7.10 -7.20	45 mins	Chisel
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry				Borehole		
(c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 498.24 25/06/2008 11:36:23					Project No. KD8062				BH01		
Scale 1:50					Carried out for Roadstone				Sheet 1 of 1		

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Borehole Log

Drilled Logged Checked		Start End		Equipment, Methods and Remarks		Depth from to		Diameter Casing Depth		Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
JE CO'K JL		28/04/2008 29/05/2008		Dando 2000 Cable Percussion 200mm diameter from 0.00m to 10.00m. Backfilled with arisings.		0.00m 10.00m		200mm 10.00m		- - -	
Samples and Tests					Strata						
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description			Depth, Level/ (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments	
0.50	B 1				MADE GROUND: Brown clayey very sandy GRAVEL. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to medium of various lithologies. Driller reports fill with stone / concrete.			(1.50)			
1.00	B 2										
1.50	D 3										
2.00	B 4				MADE GROUND: Soft to firm brown sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports CLAY fill with stone / concrete.			1.50			
2.50	D 5										
3.00	B 6		28/04/2008 3.00	1800							
3.50	D 7				<i>For inspection purposes only. Consent of copyright owner required for any other use.</i>			(7.50)			
4.00	B 8										
4.50	D 9										
5.00	B 10							(7.50)			
5.50	D 11										
6.00	B 12										
6.50	D 13							(7.50)			
7.00	B 14										
7.50	D 15										
8.00	B 16							(7.50)			
8.50	D 17										
9.00	B 18										
9.50	D 19				MADE GROUND: Firm orange brown sandy slightly gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports CLAY fill with stone / concrete.			9.00			
			29/04/2008 10.00	1800	EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 10.00 m						
Groundwater Entries		Depth sealed		Depth Related Remarks *		Chiselling		Time		Tools used	
No.	Struck	Post strike behaviour	(m)	From	to (m)	Depths (m)					
None observed (see Key Sheet)						2.65 -2.70	45 mins	Chisel			
						4.50 -4.55	30 mins	Chisel			
						8.65 -8.70	30 mins	Chisel			
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.				Project		Roadstone Brownswood Quarry		Borehole		BH02	
Scale 1:50				Project No.		KD8062		Sheet 1 of 1			
(c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24.25/06/2008 10:56:13				Carried out for		Roadstone					




Borehole Log

Drilled Logged Checked		Start End		Equipment, Methods and Remarks		Depth from to		Diameter Casing Depth		Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
JE CO'K JL		29/04/2008 29/04/2008		Dando 2000 Cable Percussion 200mm from 0.00m to 3.20m. Backfilled with arisings.		0.00m 3.20m		200mm 3.20m		- - -	
Samples and Tests					Strata						
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description			Depth, Level/ Thickness	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments	
0.50	B 1				MADE GROUND: Dark grey black becoming dark brown mottled grey from 2.00m slightly clayey very sandy GRAVEL. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to medium of various lithologies. Driller reports fill with concrete.			(3.20)			
1.00	B 2										
1.50	D 3										
2.00	B 4										
2.50	D 5										
3.00	B 6		29/04/2008 3.20	0800							
					EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 3.20 m			3.20			
					For inspection purposes only. Consent of copyright owner required for any other use.						
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Depth Related Remarks *			Chiselling Depths (m)	Time	Tools used	
Groundwater Entries			Depth sealed (m)		From to (m)			1.75 -1.80	45 mins	Chisel	
No. Struck Post strike behaviour (m)					3.20 Borehole terminated due to obstruction.			3.10 -3.20	60 mins	Chisel	
None observed (see Key Sheet)											
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry			Borehole			
(c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 25/06/2008 10:58:18					Project No. KD8062			BH03			
Scale 1:50					Carried out for Roadstone			Sheet 1 of 1			

Borehole Log

Drilled JE Logged CO'K Checked JL		Start 29/05/2008 End 29/05/2008		Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Cable Percussion 200mm from 0.00m to 3.00m. Backfilled with arisings.		Depth from 0.00m to 3.00m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 3.00m		Ground Level - Coordinates - National Grid - Chainage -				
Samples and Tests					Strata							
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description					Depth, Level/ (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
					Driller reports sandy gravelly CLAY fill.							
					1.40 m Large boulder of concrete					(3.00)		
			29/05/2008 3.00	1800	EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 3.00 m					3.00		
					For inspection purposes only. Consent of copyright owner required for any other use.							
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Groundwater Entries					Depth Related Remarks *		
					No. Struck Post strike behaviour (m)					From to (m)		
					None observed (see Key Sheet)					3.00 Borehole terminated due to obstruction. □□		
					Chiselling Depths (m)					Time	Tools used	
					1.45 -1.50					30 mins	Chisel	
					2.90 -3.00					60 mins	Chisel	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry					Borehole		
Scale 1:50					Project No. KD8062					BH03A		
(c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 25/06/2008 10:58:23					Carried out for Roadstone					Sheet 1 of 1		

Borehole Log

Drilled JE Logged CO'K Checked JL		Start 30/04/2008 End 30/04/2008		Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Cable Percussion 200mm diameter from 0.00m to 1.90m. Backfilled with arisings.		Depth from 0.00m to 1.90m		Diameter 200mm		Casing Depth 1.90m		Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
Samples and Tests					Strata								
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description					Depth, Level/ (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments	
0.50	B 1				MADE GROUND: Brown grey clayey very sandy GRAVEL. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports fill with Asphalt, road sub-base.					(1.90)			
1.00	B 2												
1.50	D 3		30/04/2008	0800									
			1.90		EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 1.90 m					1.90			
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Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water									
Groundwater Entries			Depth sealed		Depth Related Remarks *					Chiselling			
No.	Struck	Post strike behaviour	(m)		From to (m)					Depths (m)	Time	Tools used	
None observed (see Key Sheet)					1.90 Borehole terminated due to obstruction.					1.80 -1.90	60 mins	Chisel	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry					Borehole			
Scale 1:50					Project No. KD8062					BH04			
(c) ES:GL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24.25/06/2008 10:58:28 					Carried out for Roadstone					Sheet 1 of 1			

Borehole Log

Drilled JE Logged CO'K Checked JL		Start 30/04/2008 End 30/04/2008		Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Cable Percussion 200mm diameter from 0.00m to 10.00m. Backfilled with arisings.		Depth from 0.00m to 10.00m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 10.00m		Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage		
Samples and Tests					Strata					
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description			Depth, Level / (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill / Instruments
					Driller reports stone / clay / cobbles / road sub-base.			(1.90)		
2.00	B 1				<p>MADE GROUND: Firm becoming soft to firm from 4.00m orange brown mottled cream slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded to subangular fine to medium of various lithologies. Driller reports CLAY fill with cobbles.</p> <p style="color: red; transform: rotate(-45deg); opacity: 0.5;">For inspection purposes only. Consent of copyright owner required for any other use.</p>			1.90		
2.50	D 2									
3.00	B 3									
3.50	D 4									
4.00	B 5									
4.50	D 6									
5.00	B 7									
5.50	D 8									
6.00	B 9									
6.50	D 10									
7.00	B 11									
7.50	D 12									
8.00	B 13									
8.50	D 14									
9.00	B 15									
9.50	D 16									
			30/04/2008	1800	EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 10.00 m			(8.10)		
			10.00							
Groundwater Entries		No. Struck Post strike behaviour		Depth sealed (m)		Depth Related Remarks *		Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used		
None observed (see Key Sheet)								1.10 - 1.15 45 mins Chisel 1.80 - 1.85 30 mins Chisel 7.70 - 7.75 30 mins Chisel		
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.				Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry		Borehole				
Scale 1:50				Project No. KD8062		BH04A				
(c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 25/06/2008 10:58:33				Carried out for Roadstone		Sheet 1 of 1				

Borehole Log

Drilled JE Logged CO'K Checked JL		Start 01/05/2008 End 01/05/2008		Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Cable Percussion 200mm from 0.00m to 3.30m. Backfilled with arisings		Depth from 0.00m to 3.30m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 3.20m		Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage		
Samples and Tests					Strata					
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description			Depth, Level/ (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
0.50	B 1				MADE GROUND: Soft to firm brown very sandy very gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports gravelly CLAY fill with cobbles. MADE GROUND: Brown very clayey sandy GRAVEL. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports gravelly CLAY fill with cobbles.			(1.50)		
1.00	B 2									
1.50	D 3									
2.00	B 4									
2.50	D 5									
3.00	B 6		01/05/2008	0900						
					EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 3.30 m			3.30		
					For inspection purposes only. Consent of copyright owner required for any other use.					
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Depth Related Remarks *			Chiselling Depths (m)	Time	Tools used
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour (m)			Depth sealed (m)		From to (m)			1.20 - 1.30	60 mins	Chisel
None observed (see Key Sheet)					3.30 Borehole terminated due to obstruction.			3.20 - 3.30	60 mins	Chisel
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry			Borehole		
(c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 25/06/2008 10:58:38					Project No. KD8062			BH05		
Scale 1:50					Carried out for Roadstone			Sheet 1 of 1		

Borehole Log

Drilled Logged Checked		Start End		Equipment, Methods and Remarks		Depth from to		Diameter Casing Depth		Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
JE CO'K JL		01/05/2008 06/05/2008		Dando 2000 Cable Percussion 200mm from 0.00m to 23.30m. Backfilled with arisings.		0.00m 23.30m		200mm 23.30m		- - -	
Samples and Tests					Strata						
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description			Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments	
0.50	B 1				MADE GROUND: Soft to firm brown mottled grey sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports gravelly CLAY fill with cobbles.				[Cross-hatch pattern]	[Vertical grey bar]	
1.00	B 2		1.00								
1.50	D 3										
2.00	B 4		2.00								
2.50	D 5										
3.00	B 6										
3.50	D 7										
4.00	B 8		4.00								
4.50	D 9										
5.00	B 10		5.00								
5.50	D 11				MADE GROUND: Soft to firm brown mottled grey and orange sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports gravelly CLAY fill with cobbles.				[Cross-hatch pattern]	[Vertical grey bar]	
6.00	B 12		01/05/2008 1600 02/05/2008 1800 6:00								
6.50	B 13										
7.00	B 14										
7.50	D 15										
8.00	B 16										
8.50	D 17										
9.00	B 18										
9.50	D 19										
					MADE GROUND: Firm becoming soft at 11.0m orange brown sandy becoming very sandy at 11.0m gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports gravelly CLAY fill with cobbles.				[Cross-hatch pattern]	[Vertical grey bar]	
Stratum continues to 12.50 m											
Groundwater Entries			Depth sealed (m)		Depth Related Remarks *			Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used			
No. Struck Post strike behaviour					From to (m)			4.10 - 4.15 30 mins Chisel 5.85 - 5.90 30 mins Chisel 8.20 - 8.25 30 mins Chisel 9.65 - 9.70 30 mins Chisel			
None observed (see Key Sheet)											
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project			Borehole			
Scale 1:50					Project No.			BH06			
(c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 25/06/2008 10:58:43					Carried out for			Sheet 1 of 3			
AGS					Roadstone Brownswood Quarry			Roadstone			

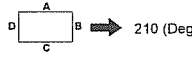









Borehole Log

Drilled Logged Checked		Start End		Equipment, Methods and Remarks		Depth from to		Diameter Casing Depth		Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
JE CO'K JL		01/05/2008 06/05/2008		Dando 2000 Cable Percussion 200mm from 0.00m to 23.30m. Backfilled with arisings.		0.00m 23.30m		200mm 23.30m		- - -	
Samples and Tests					Strata						
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description (Continued from Sheet 1)			Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments	
10.00	B 20				MADE GROUND: Firm becoming soft at 11.0m orange brown sandy becoming very sandy at 11.0m gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports gravelly CLAY fill with cobbles.			(4.00)			
10.50	D 21										
11.00	B 22										
11.50	D 23										
12.00	B 24				MADE GROUND: Firm orange brown mottled grey from 13.50m very sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports gravelly CLAY fill with cobbles.			12.50			
12.50	D 25										
13.00	B 26										
13.50	D 27										
14.00	B 28				MADE GROUND: Soft to firm mottled black sandy gravelly CLAY with some wood / tree remains. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports gravelly CLAY fill with cobbles.			(2.50)			
14.50	D 29										
15.00	B 30										
15.50	D 31										
16.00	B 32				MADE GROUND: Soft to firm mottled black sandy gravelly CLAY with some wood / tree remains. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports gravelly CLAY fill with cobbles.			15.00			
16.50	D 33										
17.00	B 34										
17.50	D 35										
18.00	B 36		18.00		MADE GROUND: Firm orange brown very sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports gravelly CLAY fill with cobbles.			(3.50)			
18.50	D 37										
19.00	B 38		19.00								
19.50	D 39										
Stratum continues to 23.30 m											
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour (m)			Depth sealed (m)		Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)			Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used			
None observed (see Key Sheet)								11.10 - 11.20 45 mins Chisel 14.20 - 14.30 45 mins Chisel 14.75 - 14.80 30 mins Chisel 15.60 - 15.65 45 mins Chisel 18.30 - 18.40 30 mins Chisel			
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry			Borehole			
Scale 1:50					Project No. KD8062			BH06			
(c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 25/06/2008 10:58:47					Carried out for Roadstone			Sheet 2 of 3			

Borehole Log

Drilled Logged Checked		Start End		Equipment, Methods and Remarks		Depth from to		Diameter Casing Depth		Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage		
JE CO'K JL		01/05/2008 06/05/2008		Dando 2000 Cable Percussion 200mm from 0.00m to 23.30m. Backfilled with arisings.		0.00m 23.30m		200mm 23.30m		- - -		
Samples and Tests					Strata							
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description (Continued from Sheet 2)					Depth, Level/ (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
20.00	B 40		20.00		MADE GROUND: Firm orange brown very sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is angular to subangular fine to coarse of various lithologies. Driller reports gravelly CLAY fill with cobbles.					(4.80)		
20.50	D 41											
21.00	B 42		21.00									
21.50	D 43											
22.00	B 44		22.00									
22.50	D 45											
23.00	B 46		23.00 06/05/2008 23.30	1800								
					EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 23.30 m					23.30		
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Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Depth Related Remarks *					Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used		
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour (m)			Depth sealed (m)		From to (m)					20.60 -20.70 45 mins Chisel 21.95 -22.00 45 mins Chisel 23.20 -23.30 60 mins Chisel		
None observed (see Key Sheet)												
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.			Project		Roadstone Brownswood Quarry					Borehole		
Scale 1:50			Project No.		KD8062					BH06		
(c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 25/06/2008 10:58:51			Carried out for		Roadstone					Sheet 3 of 3		

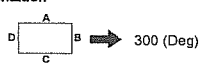





Trial Pit Log

Logged CH Checked CO'K		Start 28/04/2008 End 28/04/2008	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Excavated pit using Komatsu PC340 LC. Backfilled with arisings.	Dimensions and Orientation Width 1.50 m Length 5.00 m 	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
Samples and Tests			Strata			
Depth	Type & No.	Date Records	Description	Depth, Level/ (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
0.40-0.70 0.40-0.70	B 1 D 2		1 MADE GROUND: Blue grey sandy clayey GRAVEL. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies including asphalt.	(0.40)		
			2 MADE GROUND: Firm brown yellow sandy gravelly CLAY with many cobbles. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Cobbles are subrounded of various lithologies predominantly rhyolite and greywacke.	0.40 (0.70)		
1.10 1.20-1.30 1.20-1.30	ES 1 B 3 D 4		3 MADE GROUND: Blue grey clayey sandy GRAVEL with occasional plastic, wood and asphalt. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies.	1.10 (0.80)		
2.20-2.30 2.20-2.30	B 5 D 6		4 MADE GROUND: Soft yellow brown sandy gravelly CLAY. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies.	1.90 (3.10)		
			3.00-5.00 m Many Cobbles. Cobbles are subangular to subrounded of various lithologies predominantly rhyolite and greywacke.			
4.70-5.00 4.70-5.00	B 7 D 8					
Depth	Type & No.	Records Date	EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 5.00 m			
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post Strike Behaviour (m) None observed (see Key Sheet)			Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 5.00 Pit terminated as instructed by client.		Stability Very Good Shoring None Weather Cloudy	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column. Scale 1:25 (c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 25/08/2008 11:03:00 			Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry Project No. KD8062 Carried out for Roadstone		Trial Pit TP01 Sheet 1 of 1	

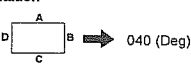
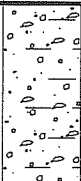


Trial Pit Log

Logged CH Checked CO'K		Start 28/04/2008 End 28/04/2008	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Excavated pit using Komatsu PC340 LC. Backfilled with arisings.	Dimensions and Orientation Width 1.50 m Length 3.50 m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage																																															
Samples and Tests <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Depth</th> <th>Type & No.</th> <th>Date Records</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0.50-0.80</td> <td>B 1</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>0.50-0.80</td> <td>D 2</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.00-3.30</td> <td>B 3</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.00-3.30</td> <td>D 4</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.50</td> <td>ES 1</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.50-3.80</td> <td>B 5</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3.50-3.80</td> <td>D 6</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Depth	Type & No.	Date Records	0.50-0.80	B 1		0.50-0.80	D 2		3.00-3.30	B 3		3.00-3.30	D 4		3.50	ES 1		3.50-3.80	B 5		3.50-3.80	D 6		Strata <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Description</th> <th>Depth, Level/ (Thickness)</th> <th>Legend</th> <th>Backfill/ Instruments</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1 MADE GROUND: Asphalt over gravel. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies.</td> <td>(0.35)</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 MADE GROUND: Brown slightly gravelly SAND. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies.</td> <td>0.35</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>3 MADE GROUND: Brown clayey slightly gravelly SAND. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies.</td> <td>3.00</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4 MADE GROUND: Brown clayey SAND AND GRAVEL. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies including asphalt.</td> <td>3.50</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 4.50 m</td> <td>4.50</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Description	Depth, Level/ (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments	1 MADE GROUND: Asphalt over gravel. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies.	(0.35)			2 MADE GROUND: Brown slightly gravelly SAND. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies.	0.35			3 MADE GROUND: Brown clayey slightly gravelly SAND. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies.	3.00			4 MADE GROUND: Brown clayey SAND AND GRAVEL. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies including asphalt.	3.50			EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 4.50 m	4.50		
Depth	Type & No.	Date Records																																																		
0.50-0.80	B 1																																																			
0.50-0.80	D 2																																																			
3.00-3.30	B 3																																																			
3.00-3.30	D 4																																																			
3.50	ES 1																																																			
3.50-3.80	B 5																																																			
3.50-3.80	D 6																																																			
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EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 4.50 m	4.50																																																			
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post Strike Behaviour (m) None observed (see Key Sheet)			Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 4.50 Pit terminated as instructed by client.		Stability Good Shoring None Weather Cloudy																																															
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.			Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry Project No. KD8062 Carried out for Roadstone		Trial Pit TP02 Sheet 1 of 1																																															
Scale 1:25 (c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 25/05/2008 11:03:07																																																				




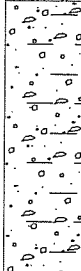
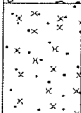
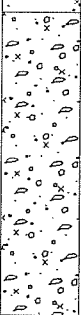
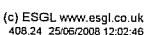
Trial Pit Log

Logged CH Checked CO'K	Start 28/04/2008 End 28/04/2008	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Excavated pit using Komatsu PC 340 LC. Backfilled with arisings.	Dimensions and Orientation Width 1.50 m Length 3.50 m 	Ground Level - Coordinates - National Grid - Chainage -		
Samples and Tests		Strata				
Depth	Type & No.	Date Records	Description	Depth, Level/ (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
0.10-0.30 0.10-0.30	B 1 D 2		1 MADE GROUND: Brown mottled orange sandy clayey GRAVEL with occasional cobbles. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular fine to coarse of various lithologies including asphalt. Cobbles are subangular to subrounded of various lithologies. Strong Hydrocarbon odour noted.	(0.40)		
0.50-0.80 0.50-0.80	B 3 D 4		2 MADE GROUND: Green grey very sandy GRAVEL. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies.	0.40 (0.50)		
			EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 0.90 m	0.90		
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Depth	Type & No.	Records Date				
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post Strike Behaviour (m) None observed (see Key Sheet)			Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 0.90 Pit terminated due to obstruction, possible bedrock.		Stability Good Shoring None Weather Cloudy.	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.			Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry Project No. KD8062 Carried out for Roadstone		Trial Pit TP04 Sheet 1 of 1	
Scale 1:25 <small>(c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 25/05/2008 11:03:19</small> 						

Trial Pit Log

Logged CH Checked CO'K	Start 28/04/2008 End 28/04/2008	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Excavated pit using Komatsu PC340 LC. Backfilled with arisings	Dimensions and Orientation Width 1.50 m Length 3.50 m 	Ground Level - Coordinates - National Grid - Chainage -			
Samples and Tests			Strata				
Depth	Type & No.	Date Records	Description	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments	
0.10-0.30 0.10-0.30	B 1 D 2		1 Brown sandy clayey GRAVEL with many cobbles. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies. Cobbles are angular to subrounded of limestone and rhyolite.	(0.60)			
			EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 0.60 m	0.60			
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Depth	Type & No.	Records Date	Depth Related Remarks *		Stability	Shoring	Weather
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post Strike Behaviour (m) None observed (see Key Sheet)			From to (m) 0.00 0.60 Pit terminated due to possible obstruction, possible bedrock.		Moderate	None	Cloudy
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column. Scale 1:25 (c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 25/05/2008 11:03:24 			Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry Project No. KD8062 Carried out for Roadstone	Trial Pit TP05 Sheet 1 of 1			

Trial Pit Log

Logged CH Checked CO'K		Start 28/04/2008 End 28/04/2008	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Excavated pit using Komatsu PC340 LC. Backfilled with arisings.	Dimensions and Orientation Width 1.50 m Length 3.50 m 	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
Samples and Tests			Strata			
Depth	Type & No.	Date Records	Description	Depth, Level/ (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
0.30-0.50 0.30-0.50	B 1 D 2		1 MADE GROUND: Asphalt over black grey GRAVEL. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies.	0.20		
			2 Brown sandy clayey GRAVEL with occasional cobbles. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subangular to subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies.	(0.90)		
1.20-1.50 1.20-1.50	B 3 D 4		3 Uncompact fibrous grey slightly sandy SILT with some rootlets and roots up to 20cm. Sulphurous odour noted.	1.10 (0.40)		
2.20-2.50 2.20-2.50	B 5 D 6		4 Grey green silty sandy GRAVEL. Sand is fine to coarse. Gravel is subrounded fine to coarse of various lithologies.	1.50 (1.00)		
			EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 2.50 m	2.50		
Depth	Type & No.	Records Date				
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post Strike Behaviour (m) 1 1.10 Moderate to heavy flow.			Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 2.50 Pit terminated as instructed by client.		Stability Moderate/Poor Shoring None Weather Dry	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column. Scale 1:25 			Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry Project No. KD8062 Carried out for Roadstone		Trial Pit TP08 Sheet 1 of 1	

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ENCLOSURE B
GEOENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

ALcontrol Report

08-B02686/01

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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: Geotech Specialists Ltd
Carewswood
Castlemartyr
Co.Cork

Attention: Ciaran Huges

Date: 26 May, 2008

Our Reference: 08-B02686/01

Your Reference: KD8062

Location: Brownswood

A total of 3 samples was received for analysis on Wednesday, 30 April 2008 and authorised on Monday, 26 May 2008. Accredited laboratory tests are defined in the log sheet, but opinions, interpretations and on-site data expressed herein are outside the scope of ISO 17025 accreditation. We are pleased to enclose our final report, it was a pleasure to be of service to you, and we look forward to our continuing association.

Should this report require incorporation into client reports, it must be used in its entirety and not simply with the data sections alone.

Signed

Lorraine McNamara

Laboratory Technical Manager

Compiled By

.....
Caoimhe McLoughlin



ALcontrol Laboratories Ireland

Test Schedule Summary

Ref Number: 08-B02686/01
Client: Geotech Specialists Ltd
Date of Receipt: 30/04/2008

Sample Type: SOIL
Location: Brownswood
Client Contact: Ciaran Huges
Client Ref: KD8062

* SUBCONTRACTED TO OTHER LABORATORY / ** SAMPLES ANALYSED AT THE CHESTER LABORATORY

SCHEDULE	METHOD	TEST NAME	TOTAL
X	GCMS	Coronene	3
X	GCMS	PAH EPA (16)	3
X	GCMS	PAH Total (17) GCMS (Solid)	3
X	GRAVIMETRIC	Natural Moisture Content	3

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APPENDIX

APPENDIX

1. Results are expressed as mg/kg dry weight (dried at 30°C) on all soil analyses except for the following: NRA Leach tests, flash point, and ammoniacal N₂ by the BRE method, VOC, PRO, Cyanide, Acid Soluble Sulphide, SVOC, DRO, PAH, PCB, TPH CWG ,TPH by IR, OFGs and SEM.
2. Samples will be run in duplicate upon request, but an additional charge may be incurred.
3. A sub sample of all samples received will be retained free of charge for one month for soils and one month for waters (sample size permitting), but may then be discarded unless we are instructed to the contrary. Once the initial period has expired, a storage charge will be applied for each month or part thereof until the client cancels the request for sample storage.
4. With respect to turnaround, we will always endeavour to meet client requirements wherever possible, but turnaround times cannot be absolutely guaranteed due to so many variables beyond our control.
5. We take responsibility for any test performed by sub-contractors (marked with an asterisk). We endeavour to use UKAS Accredited Laboratories, who either complete a quality questionnaire or are audited by ourselves. For some determinands there are no UKAS Accredited Laboratories, in this instance a laboratory with a known track record will be utilised.
6. When requested, an asbestos screen is done in-house on soils and if no fibres are found will be reported as NFD – no fibres detected. If fibres are detected, then identification and quantification is carried out by ALcontrol Technichem or Alcontrol Shutlers in the UK. If a sample is suspected of containing asbestos, then drying and crushing will be suspended on that sample until the asbestos results are known. If asbestos is present, then no analysis requiring dry sample are undertaken.
7. If no separate volatile sample is supplied by the client, the integrity of the data may be compromised if the laboratory is required to create a sub-sample from the bulk sample – similarly, if a headspace is present in the volatile sample.
8. NDP – No Determination Possible due to insufficient/unsuitable sample.
9. Metals in water are performed on a filtered sample, and therefore represent dissolved metals – total metals must be requested separately.
10. A table containing the date of analysis for each parameter is not routinely included with the report, but is available upon request.

Last updated February 2005

**ENCLOSURE C
PHOTOGRAPHS**

Trial Pits

Digital on CD

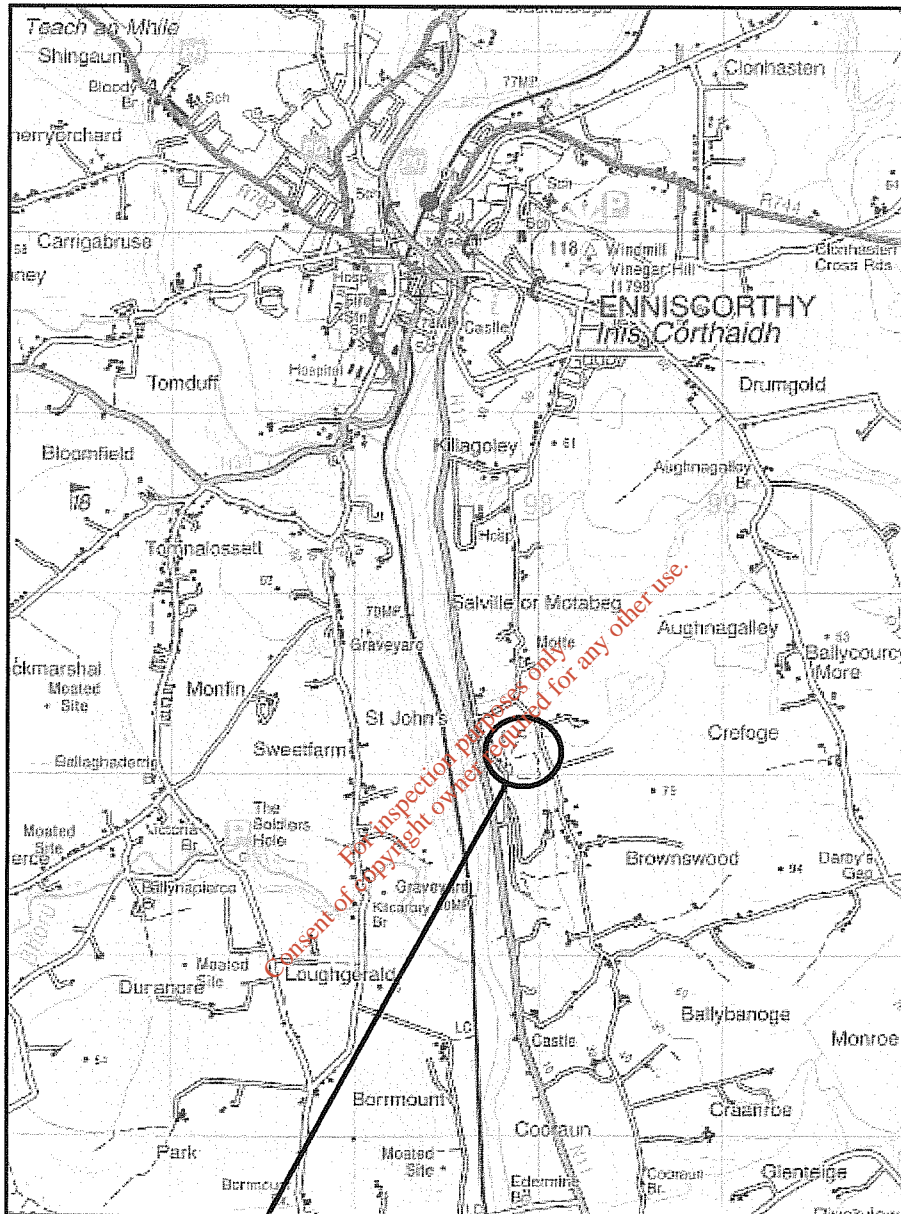
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ENCLOSURE D
DRAWINGS

Site Location Plan	D1
Exploratory Hole Location Plan	D2

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Site Location Plan



**THE
SITE**

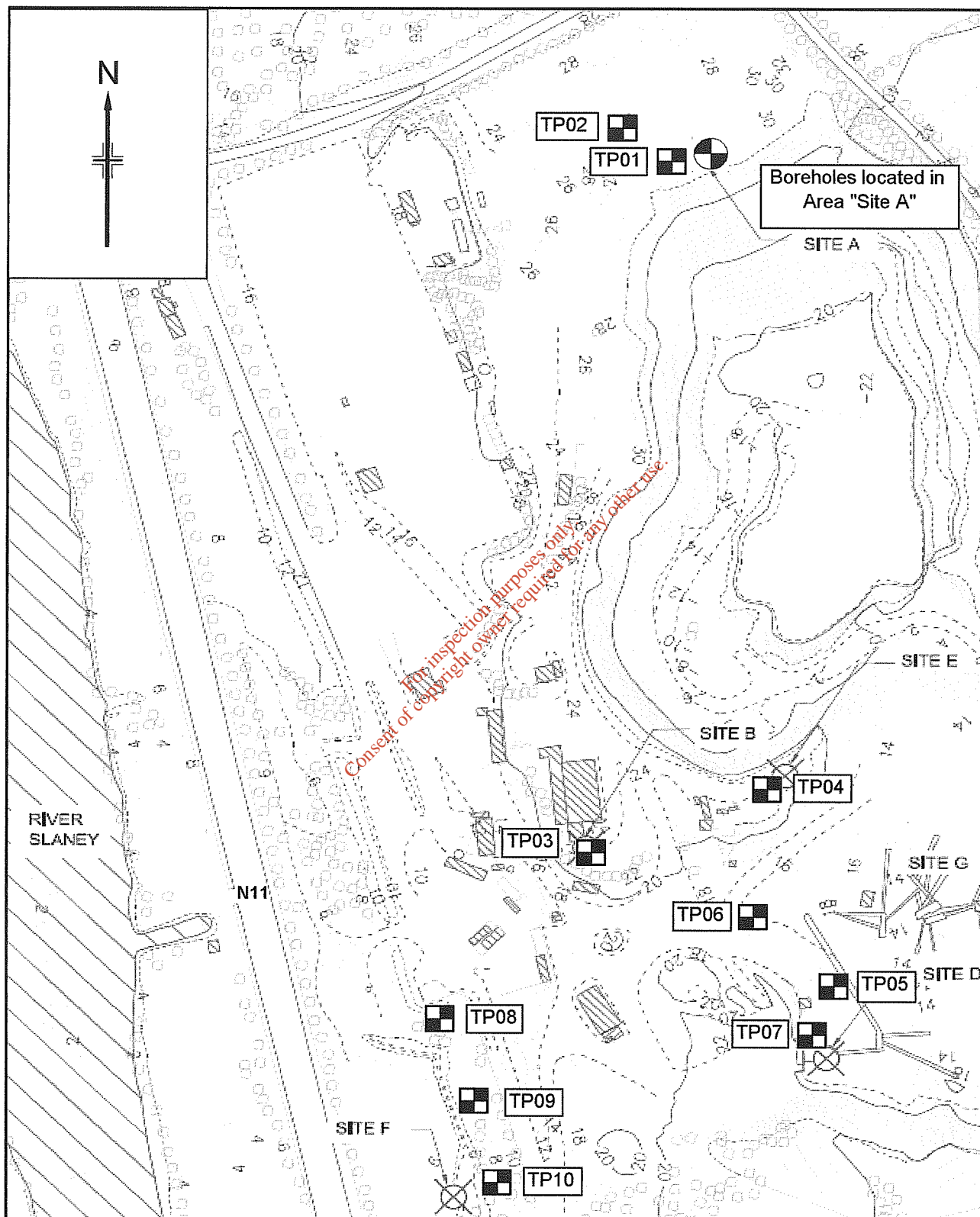
Project Roadstone Brownswood Quarry
 Project No KD8062
 Carried out for Roadstone

Drawing

D1

Sheet 1 of 1

Exploratory Hole Location Plan



Project	Roadstone Brownswood Quarry
Project No	KD8062
Carried out for	Roadstone

Drawing No.	D2
	Sheet 1 of 1