

OFFICE OF CLIMATE, LICENSING & RESOURCE USE.

INSPECTORS REPORT ON A WASTE WATER DISCHARGE CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORISATION APPLICATION

To:	Frank Clinton, Programme Manager, ELP		
From:	Yvonne English	Environmental Programme	Licensing
Date:	22 June 2011		
Re:	Application for a Waste Water Discharge Authorisation from Cork County Council, for the agglomeration named Lombardstown & Environs, Reg. No. A0327-01.		

Application Details	
Schedule of Discharge Authorised:	Discharges from agglomerations with a population equivalent less than 500
Certificate of Authorisation Application Received:	05 November 2010
Submission(s) Received:	No

This application relates to the Lombardstown & Environs agglomeration in County Cork. The agglomeration currently has a population equivalent (p.e.) of 80. The agglomeration is serviced by one waste water treatment plant (WWTP). The WWTP provides primary treatment, consisting of a septic tank, and has a design capacity of 50 p.e.

The WWTP discharges to the River Blackwater. Based on the nearest EPA water quality monitoring station, 0.2km downstream, the biological Q-value is Q4 (2006).

Based on the certificate of authorisation application submitted the current waste water treatment plant for the agglomeration is overloaded and provides only primary treatment. There is a salmonid water downstream of the discharge(s) from the agglomeration. There is also a red dot site (based on the EPA Biological Quality Rating System, Q-value) downstream of the discharge(s) from the agglomeration. It is acknowledged that the discharge(s) from the agglomeration may not be the only cause of the red dot site. The Recommended Certificate of Authorisation (RCoA) states that within twelve months the authorisation holder shall identify appropriate improvements to the wastewater works, including a waste water treatment system necessary to ensure all discharge(s) from the agglomeration contribute towards achieving at least good status in accordance with the

European Communities Environmental Objectives (Surface Waters) Regulations 2009 and/or the European Communities Environmental Objectives (Groundwater) Regulations 2010.

The agglomeration is discharging upstream of an area known for the presence of the pearl mussel (Margaritifera margaritifera). The pearl mussel site is approximately 0.2km downstream. The Lombardstown WWTP has been identified by the National Parks and Wildlife Service (NPWS) as having the potential to impact on the downstream pearl mussel. The RCoA states that the certificate of authorisation holder shall, within six months, carry out an ecological assessment of the impact of the discharge(s) from the waste water works on Margaritifera margaritifera (the freshwater pearl mussel) in consultation with the National Parks and Wildlife Service (NPWS). Having regard to the results of the assessment the certificate of authorisation holder, shall within six months thereafter, implement the recommendations in the assessment report.

The certificate of authorisation applicant was required to complete a screening of the potential impact of the discharge(s) from the agglomeration on the designated European Site(s) downstream of the agglomeration. The certificate of authorisation applicant carried out a screening which identified that the discharge(s) was likely to have a significant impact on a European Site and therefore it was necessary to complete an appropriate assessment.

The appropriate assessment indicated that there may be a potential impact on the designated European Site, River Blackwater (Cork/Waterford) SAC (Site Code: 2170) downstream of the discharge from the agglomeration. In particular, the contribution of the discharge, in combination with other activities within the catchment, to nutrient enrichment of the Munster Blackwater catchment may have implications for the qualifying species: atlantic salmon (Salmo salar), freshwater pearl mussel (Margaritifera margaritifera), brook lamprey (Lampetra planeri) and river lamprey (L. fluviatilis). Indirect impacts on otter (Lutra lutra) populations may arise as a consequence; though at present populations remain widely distributed. The Muster Blackwater catchment is the largest freshwater pearl mussel catchment in Ireland.

Lombardstown septic tank discharges primary treated effluent to the Munster Blackwater River. Lombardstown WWTP is located upstream of a pearl mussel population. It is noted that the Munster Blackwater River is assigned 'Moderate' status under the Water Framework Directive due to the presence of a non-recruiting population of Freshwater Pearl Mussels in the Blackwater River close to Mallow Town and in relatively close proximity to the Lombardstown discharge. Lombardstown is located approximately 9km west of Mallow and is upstream on the River Blackwater. The most recent EPA monitoring results indicate a quality rating of Q4 ('Good') status in 2006 at Lombardstown Bridge (Station No. 1300), just downstream of the septic tank discharge. At the nearest upstream location, Roskeen Bridge (Station No. 1200) the status was 'High' (Q4-5) in 2009. Similarly at the nearest downstream location, Longfield's Bridge, the status was recorded as 'High' (Q4-5) in 2009. While these results demonstrate consistently 'Good' and 'High' ecological quality, they also highlight a localised deterioration in quality from 'High' to 'Good' in the vicinity of the discharge. According to the appropriate assessment, given that the Lombardstown agglomeration only receives primary treatment it is likely that it is contributing to elevated levels of organic and inorganic eutrophying nutrients which enter the Blackwater River upstream of a large number of freshwater pearl mussel colonies.

Lombardstown WWTP is one of eighteen WWTPs within the Munster Blackwater catchment which were deemed to have a significant adverse effect on the pearl mussel or its habitat in the *Freshwater Pearl Mussel - Munster Blackwater Sub-Basin Management Plan* (Second Draft, NS2 2010). All eighteen of these WWTPs have been prioritised for investigation and/or upgrade with the aim of reducing overall nutrient, organic and sediment loads in the Munster Blackwater catchment. The Water Services Authority has confirmed that it intends to install a new WWTP adjacent to the existing septic tank and has agreed the purchase of the site from the landowner. It is anticipated that tenders will be invited for a new WWTP on the site in 2012/2013 subject to the availability of funds through the Rural Water Programme.

Condition 1.6 requires that the certificate of authorisation holder shall maintain such available capacity within the waste water works as is necessary to ensure that there is no environmental risk posed to the receiving water environment as a result of the discharge(s) and that the certificate of authorisation holder shall upgrade the waste water works where it determines that there is inadequate treatment capacity available. It is considered that subject to the mitigation measures proposed the discharges(s) are not likely to have a significant impact, in terms of maintaining favourable conservation status of the qualifying interests, on the designated European Site.

The Recommended Certificate of Authorisation (RCoA) states that within six months the authorisation holder shall identify appropriate improvements to the wastewater works, including a waste water treatment system necessary to ensure all discharge(s) from the agglomeration contribute towards achieving at least good¹ status in accordance with the European Communities Environmental Objectives (Surface Waters) Regulations 2009 and/or the European Communities Environmental Objectives (Groundwater) Regulations 2010 and to contribute towards achieving the ecological quality targets prescribed under the European Communities Environmental Objectives (Freshwater Pearl Mussel) Regulations 2009 (Fourth Schedule of S.I. No. 296 of 2009).

The discharge(s) from the agglomeration are considered not likely to have a significant impact on the receiving waterbody subject to the Certificate of Authorisation Holder complying with the conditions of the RCoA.

Recommendation

I recommend that a Final Certificate of Authorisation be issued subject to the conditions and for the reasons as set out in the attached Recommended Certificate of Authorisation.

Signed

Wyvonne English

Inspector

Office of Climate, Licensing and Resource Use

¹High status will be required for Pearl Mussel Regulations sites as identified in the First Schedule of The European Communities Environmental Objectives (Freshwater Pearl Mussel) Regulations 2009, S.I. No. 296 of 2009. Furthermore, the Regulations specify that waters classified as less than good must be restored to **at least good status** within a prescribed timeframe.