





	NOTES	5:			
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Irish W National Accreditation Board

Accreditation Certificate

Cork County Council

Wastewater Testing Laboratory, Inniscarra, Co. Cork

Testing Laboratory

Registration number: 016T

is accredited by the Irish National Accreditation Board (INAB) to undertake testing as detailed in the Schedule bearing the Registration Number detailed above, in compliance with the International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005 2nd Edition "General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories" (This Certificate must be read in conjunction with the Annexed Schedule of Accreditation)

> Date of award of accreditation: 01:10:2002 Date of last renewal of accreditation: 20:09:2007 Expiry date of this certificate of accreditation: 01:10:2012

This Accreditation shall remain in force until further notice subject to continuing compliance with INAB accreditation criteria, ISO/IEC 17025 and any further requirements specified by the Irish National Accreditation Board.

Manager: Jom Demp

Chairperson: Man C Wall

Mr Tom Dempsey

Dr Máire Walsh

Issued on 23 June 2008

Organisations are subject to annual surveillance and are re-assessed every five years. The renewal date on this Certificate confirms the latest date of renewal of accreditation. To confirm the validity of this Certificate, please contact the Irish National Accreditation Board.

The INAB is a signatory of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA) Testing Multilateral Agreement (MLA) and the International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC) Mutual Recognition Arrangement.

Wilton Park House, Wilton Place, Dublin 2, Ireland. Tel +353 1 607 3003 Fax +353 1 607 3109 E-mail inab@inab.ie Web www.inab.ie

Edition 21, 30/09/2008

016T

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Schedule of Accreditation

DETAILED IN SCOPE REG NO.016T

(Annex to Accreditation Certificate)

Permanent Laboratory: Category A

CORK COUNTY COUNCIL

Chemistry Testing Laboratory

Initial Registration Date : Postal Address: (Address of other locations as they apply) Telephone: Fax: E-mail: Contact Name: Facilities: **25-April-1991** Waste Water Laboratory Inniscarra contrigue co. Cork of contrigue +353 (21) 4532777

Ms M Cherry Normally not available for Public testing

Irish W National Accreditation Board

Wilton Park House, Wilton Place, Dublin 2, Ireland Tel +353 1 607 3003 Fax +353 1 607 3109 E-mail inab@inab.ie Web www.inab.ie

Schedule of Accreditation

DETAILED IN SCOPE REG NO.016T

Permanent Laboratory: Category A

THE IRISH NATIONAL ACCREDITATION BOARD (INAB) is the Irish body for the accreditation of organisations including laboratories.

Laboratory accreditation is available to testing and calibration facilities operated by manufacturing organisations, government departments, educational institutions and commercial testing/calibration services. Indeed, any organisation involved in testing, measurement or calibration in any area of technology can seek accreditation for the work it is undertaking.

Each accredited laboratory has been assessed by skilled specialist assessors and found to meet criteria which are in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 or ISO/IEC 15189 (medical laboratories). Frequent audits, together with periodic inter-laboratory test programmes, ensure that these standards of operation are maintained.

Testing and Calibration Categories:

resting and cat	bracion	Jacegones				
Category A:	Perma locatio	Permanent laboratory calibration and testing where the laboratory is erected on a fixed location for a period expected to be greater than three years.				
Category B:	Site ca labora	alibration ar tory that is	nd testing that is performed by staff sent out on site by a permanent accredited by the Irish National Accreditation Board.			
Category C:	Site ca out by labora	Site calibration and testing that is performed in a site/mobile laboratory or by staff sent out by such a laboratory, the operation of which is the responsibility of a permanent laboratory accredited by the Irish National Accreditation Board.				
Category D: Site calibration and testing that is performed on site by individuals and organisations do not have a permanent calibration/testing laboratory. Testing may be performed us			nd testing that is performed on site by individuals and organisations that manent calibration/testing laboratory. Testing may be performed using			
	(a)	portable	test equipment			
	(b)	a site la	poratory			
	(c)	a mobile	laboratory or			
	(d)	equipme	nt from a mobile or site laboratory			
Standard Specif	ication o	or Test Pr	ocedure Used:			
The standard specif recent visit, unless	fication or otherwise	test proced stated.	lure that is accredited is the issue that is current on the date of the most			
Glossary of Tern Facilities:	ns					
Public calibration	/testing s	ervice:	Commercial operations which actively seek work from others.			
Conditionally available for public calibration/testing:			Established for another primary purpose but, more commonly than not, is available for outside work.			
Normally not avail calibration/testing	lable for g:	public	Unavailable for public calibration/testing more often than not.			
Laboratory users wis National Accreditation	shing to ol on Board o	itain assura criteria shou	nce that calibration or test results are reliable and carried out to the Irish IId Insist on receiving an accredited calibration certificate or test report.			

Users should contact the laboratory directly to ensure that this scope of accreditation is current. INAB will, on request, verify the status and scope.

Cork County Council

Permanent Laboratory: Category A

Chemical Testing Laboratory

INAB ((P9) Materi	Classification number	Type of test/properties measured Range of measurement	Standard specifications Equipment/techniques used
766	Waters	Chemical analysis:	Documented in-house methods based on
01	Watara for		Standard Methods for the Examination of Water
.01	waters for		& Wastewater 21 st Edition APHA (See Note 1)
	domestic purposes	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	No. 1 Membrane electrode
	Surface and ground	2 - 145,000 mg/l	2
	waters	pH p	CP No. 5 Electrometry
		Suspended Solids 0.5 - 17,500 mg/l	CP No. 3 Gravimetric
		Chemical Oxygen Demand 21 - 135 mg/l 120 - 670,000 mg/l	CP No. 6 Reflux - colourmetric method
		Total phosphorus	US ERA Approved method (HACH
		0.2 - 5 300 mg/l	Method CP No 20
		0.2 · 5,500 mg/t	Method CP N0.20
		Ammonia	Documented in hours mothed CP22 by Kenelah
		0.1 - 1.000 mg/LNH N	based on Method for the Examination of Waterr
			and
			Associated material HMSU: 1981

Cork County Council

Permanent Laboratory: Category A

Chemical Testing Laboratory

INAB Classification number (P9) Materials/products tested		Type of test/properties measured Range of measurement	Standard specifications Equipment/techniques used
766	Waters		
.01	Waters for	Orthophosphate as P (Konelab)	CP No. 23 Ascorbic Acid Method
	domestic purposes	Range: 0.005-1.00 mg 0-PO4 P/L	e.
	Surface and ground	High Range: 1000 mg O-PO4 P/L	Met US
	waters	Method Detection Limit: 0.02 mg 0-PO497/LS	5
		Chloride (Konelab)	CP No. 24 Ferricyanide Method
		Range: 25-250 mg/L Cl-	
		Method Detection Light: 25 mg/L Cl-	
		Sulphate (Konelab)	CP No. 25 Documented in-house method by
		Range: 30-250 mg/L SO4/L	Konelab based on method for the examination
		High Range Conc.: 35,000 mg/L SO4/L	of waters and waste waters and associated
		Method Detection Limit: 30 mg SO4/L	material HMSO: 1981
			1

Cork County Council

Chemical Testing Laboratory

Permanent Laboratory:

Category A

INAB Classification number (P9) Materials/products tested		Type of test/properties measured Range of measurement	Standard specifications Equipment/techniques used	
766	Waters	Chemical analysis	Documented in-house methods based on Standa	
			Methods for the Examination of Water&	
.05	Trade Wastes		Wastewater 21 st Edition APHA (See Note 1)	
	Industrial effluents	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	CPNo. 1 Membrane electrode	
	Urban Wastewater	2 - 145,000 mg/l 0114	BIN .	
	Municipal Wastewater	ost all and a second and a second a s		
		pH pH put requir	CP No. 5 Electrometry	
		2 - 12 Dectromet		
		Suspended Solids 0.5 - 17,300 mg/l	CP No. 3 Gravimetric	
		Chemical Oxygen Demand	CP No. 6 Reflux - colourmetric method	
		21 - 135 mg/l		
		120 - 670,000 mg/l		
		Total phosphorus	US-EPA Approved method/HACH	
		0.2 - 5,300 mg/l	Method CP No.20	
		Ammonia	Documented in-house method CP22 by Konelab	
		0.1 - 1,000 mg/l NH3-N	based on Method for the Examination of Waters	
			and Associated Material HMSO: 1981.	

DETAILED IN SCOPE REG NO.016T

Cork County Council

Chemical Testing Laboratory

Permanent Laboratory:

Category A

INAB C (P9) Materi	erials/products tested Range of measurement		Standard specifications Equipment/techniques used		
766	Waters	Chemical analysis	Documented in-house methods based on Standard Methods for the Examination of Water&		
.05	Trade Wastes Industrial effluents Urban Wastewater Municipal Wastewater	rest only.	Wastewater 21 st Edition APHA (See Note 1) CRNo. 1 Membrane electrode		
		Orthophosphate as P (Konetaby ^{CV} Range: 0.005 - 1.00 mg 0.904 P/L High Range: 1000 mg 0.904 P/L Method Detection Limit: 0.02 mg 0- PO4 P/L	CP No. 23 Ascorbic Acid Method		
		Chloride (Konelab) Range: 25-250 mg/L Cl- High Range Conc.: 86,600 mg /L Cl- Method Detection Limit: 25mg / L Cl-	CP No. 24 Ferricyanide Method		
		Sulphate (Konelab)) Range: 30-250 mg/L SO4 /L High Range Conc.: 35,000 mg/L SO4 /L Method Detection Limit: 30 mg SO4 /L	CP No. 25 Documented in-house method by Konelab based on method for the examination of waters and waste waters and associated material HMSO: 1981		

1. APHA American Public Health Association, USA, 21st Edition

	Attachment E4 Clondrohid Table E4						
Sample Date	29/10/2009	29/10/2009	29/10/2009				
Sample	septic tank south	septic tank north	river downstream				
Sample Code	GT1307	GT1308	GT1309				
Flow M ³ /Day							
рН	7.1	7.4	7.6				
Temperature °C							
Cond 20°C	121	229	90				
SS mg/L	84	19	3				
NH ₃ mg/L	2.2	62	<0.1				
BOD mg/L	46	25	<1				
COD mg/L	126	92	53				
TN mg/L							
Nitrite mg/L							
Nitrate mg/L							
TP mg/L							
O-PO4-P mg/L	0.57	0.62	<0.05				
SO4 mg/L	<30	<30	<30				
Phenols µg/L	<0.1	<0.1					
Atrazine µg/L	<0.01	<0.01					
Dichloromethane	<1	<1		at 150			
Simazine µg/L	<0.01	<0.01		othe			
Toluene µg/L	<0.28	<0.28		- Cally and			
I ributyltin μg/L	NOT REQUIRED	NOT REQUIRED					
Xylenes µg/L	<0./3	<0.73		Call Population			
Arsenic µg/L	0.7	0.4		iton to re			
	<20	<20	<20	St x OWIN			
Copper ug/L	26.0	<20	<20	Collie Collie			
	<5	15					
	-20	<20					
	<20	<20	~20 ¢0000				
	83.1	<20	<20				
Boron ug/l	<20	<20	<20				
	<20	<20	<20				
Mercury ug/l	<0.03	<0.03					
Selenjum ua/L	<2.12	<2.12					
Barium ug/L	<20	<20	<20				

EPA Export 13-05-2011:03:44:43

SITE SYNOPSIS

SITE NAME: MULLAGHANISH TO MUSHERAMORE MOUNTAINS SPA

SITE CODE: 004162

The Mullaghanish to Musheramore Mountains SPA comprises a substantial part of the Boggeragh/Derrynasaggart Mountains. It is divided roughly into two sectors by the R582 road between Macroom and Millstreet. Most of the site is over 200 m in altitude, rising to heights of 475 m in the eastern sector (Musherabeg) and 462 m in the western sector (Knockullane). Several important rivers rise within the site, notably the Foherish and Awboy. The site is underlain by Old Red Sandstone.

The site consists of a variety of upland habitats, though approximately one-third is afforested. The coniferous forests include first and second rotation plantations, with both pre-thicket and post-thicket stands present. The principal tree species present are Sitka Spruce (*Picea sitchensis*) and Lodgepole Pine (*Pinus contorta*). Almost one-third of the site is unplanted blanket bog and heath, with both wet and dry heaths present. The vegetation is characterised by such species as Ling Heather (*Calluna vulgaris*), Cross-leaved Heath (*Erica tetralix*), Bilberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*), Common Cottongrass (*Eriophorum angustifolium*), Deergrass (*Scirpus cespitosus*) and Purple Moor-grass (*Molinia caerulea*). The remainder of the site is mostly rough grassland that is used for hill farming. This varies in composition and includes some wet areas with rushes (*Juncus* spp.) and some areas subject to scrub encroachment.

The site is a Special Protection Area (SPA) and on the E.U. Birds Directive, of special conservation interest for Hen Harrier.

This SPA is a stronghold for Hen Hartier. A survey in 2005 resulted in 5 confirmed breeding pairs, which represents over 3% of the national total. A similar number had been recorded in the 1998-2000 period. The mix of forestry and open areas provides optimum habitat conditions for this rare bird, which is listed on Annex I of the Birds Directive. The early stages of new and second-rotation conifer plantations are the most frequently used nesting sites, though some pairs may still nest in tall heather of unplanted bogs and heath. Hen Harriers will forage up to *c*. 5 km from the nest site, utilising open bog and moorland, young conifer plantations and hill farmland that is not too rank. Birds will often forage in openings and gaps within forests. In Ireland, small birds and small mammals appear to be the most frequently taken prey.

The site also supports a breeding population of Merlin, a species that is also listed on Annex I of the E.U. Birds Directive. The population size is not well known but is likely to be one or two pairs.

The main threat to the long-term survival of Hen Harriers within the site is further afforestation, which would reduce and fragment the area of foraging habitat, resulting in possible reductions in breeding density and productivity.

Overall, the site provides excellent nesting and foraging habitat for breeding Hen Harrier and is an important stronghold for the species.

Full Report for Waterbody AnFhothrais, Trib of Lee

Consent of copyinght owner required for any other use.

water matters			Action	in the second se
	Status Report			
	WaterBody Category:	Subbasin Waterbo	ody	south 🍏
	WaterBody Name:	AnFhothrais, Trib	of Lee	river basin district
	WaterBody Code:	IE_SW_19_907		10
	Overall Status Result:	High		

	Status Element Description	Result
EX	Status from Monitored or Extrapolated Waterbody	
	Biological Elements	
Q	Macroinvertebrates (Q-Value)	High
F	Fish	n/a
DI	Phytobenthos (Diatoms)	n/a
FPM	Status value as determined by Margartifera	n/a
	Supporting Elements	
MOR	Hydromorphology	n/a
SP	Specific Pollutants	n/a
PC	General Physico-Chemical	n/a
	Chemical Status	
PAS	Chemical Status	n/a
	Overall Ecological States	
0	Overall Ecological Status	High

Risk Report

WaterBody Category:	Subbasin Waterbody		south 🍏	
WaterBody Name:	AnFhothrais, Trib of Lee		river basin district	
WaterBody Code:	IE_SW_19_907			
Overall Risk Result:	2b	Not At Risk		

Sec. and

Risk Te	est Description		Risk
Point R	isk Sources		
RP1 WWTPs	(2008)	2b	Not At Risk
RP2 CSOs		2b	Not At Risk
RP3 IPPCs (2	2008)	2b	Not At Risk
RP4 Section	4s (2008)	2b	Not At Risk
RPO Overall	Risk from Point Sources - Worst Case (2008)	2b	Not At Risk
Diffuse	Risk Sources	¥*	
RD1 EPA diff	use model (2008)	2a	Probably Not At Risk
RD2a Road W	ash - Soluble Copper	2b	Not At Risk
RD2b Road W	ash - Total Zinc	2b	Not At Risk
RD2c Road W	ash - Total Hydrocarbons	2b	Not At Risk
RD3 Railway	s For Viel	2b	Not At Risk
RD4a Forestry	· - Acidification (2008)	2b	Not At Risk
RD4b Forestry	 Suspended Solids (2008) 	2b	Not At Risk
RD4c Forestry	· - Eutrophication (2008)	2a	Probably Not At Risk
RD5a Unsewe	red Areas - Pathogens (2008)	2a	Probably Not At Risk
RD5b Unsewe	red Phosphorus (2008)	2b	Not At Risk
RD5 Overall	Unsewered (2008)	2b	Not At Risk
RD6a Arable		2b	Not At Risk
RD6b Sheep [Dip	2b	Not At Risk
RD6c Forestry	 Dangerous Substances 	2b	Not At Risk
RDO Diffuse	Overall -Worst Case (2008)	2a	Probably Not At Risk

wat	er matters		
	Morphological Risk Sources		
RM1	Channelisation (2008)	2b	Not At Risk
RM2	Embankments (2008)	2b	Not At Risk
RM3	Impoundments	2b	Not At Risk
RM4	Water Regulation	2b	Not At Risk
RMO	Morphology Overall - Worst Case (2008)	2b	Not At Risk
	Q/RDI or Point/Diffuse		
QPD	Q class/EPA Diffuse Model or worst case of Point and Diffuse (2008)	2b	Not At Risk
	Hydrology		
RHY1	Water balance - Abstraction	2b	Not At Risk
	Overall Risk		•
RA	Rivers Overall - Worst Case (2008)	2b	Not At Risk

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OBO

Date Reported to Europe: 22/12/2008 Date Report Created 21/08/2009

Protect

Basic Measures Report			
WaterBody Category:	Subbasin Waterbody	south	
WaterBody Name:	AnFhothrais, Trib of Lee	river basin district	
WaterBody Code:	IE_SW_19_907	-	

State and

	Basic Measures Description	Applicable
	Key Directives	
BA	Bathing Waters Directive	No
BI	Birds Directive	No
НА	Habitats Directive	No
DW	Drinking Waters Directive	Yes
SEV	Major Accidents and Emergencies (Seveso) Directive	Yes
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment Directive	Yes
SE	Sewage Sludge Directive	Yes
UW	Urban Waste Water Treatment Directive	No
PL	Plant Protection Products Directive	Yes
NI	Nitrates Directive	Yes
IP	Integrated Pollution Prevention Control Directive	Yes
	Other Stipulated Measures	
CR	Cost recovery for water use	Yes
SU	Promotion of efficient and sustainable water use	Yes
DWS	Protection of drinking water sources	Yes
AB	Control of abstraction and impoundments	Yes
PT	Control of point source discharges	Yes
DI	Control of diffuse source discharges	Yes
GWD	Authorisation of discharges to groundwater	No
PS	Control of priority substances	Yes
MOR	Control of physical modifications to surface waters	Yes
OA	Controls on other activities impacting on water status	Yes
AP	Prevention or reduction of the impact of accidental pollution incidents	Yes

	Point discharges to waters from municipal and industrial sources	Result
PINDDIS	Is there one or more industrial discharge (Section 4 licence issued by the local authority or IPPC licence issued by the EPA) contained within the water body?	No
PINDDISR	Are there industrial discharges (Section 4 licence issued by the local authority or IPPC licence issued by the EPA) that cause the receiving water to be 'At Risk' within the water body?	No
PB1	Basic Measure 1 - Measures for improved management.	No
PB2	Basic Measure 2 - Optimise the performance of the waste water treatment plant by the implementation of a performance management system.	No
PB3	Basic Measure 3 - Revise existing Section 4 license conditions and reduce allowable pollution load.	No
PB4	Basic Measure 4 - Review existing IPPC license conditions and reduce allowable pollution load.	No
PB5	Basic Measure 5 - Investigate contributions to the collection system from unlicensed discharges.	No
PB6	Basic Measure 6 - Investigate contributions to the collection system of specific substances known to impact ecological status.	No
PB7	Basic Measure 7 - Upgrade WWTP to increase capacity.	No
PB8	Basic Measure 8 - Upgrade WWTP to provide nutrient removal treatment.	No
PS1	Supplementary Measure $\widehat{\mathbf{M}}$ - Measures intended to reduce loading to the treatment plant.	No
PS2	Supplementary Measure 2 - Impose development controls where there is, or is likely to be in the future, insufficient capacity at treatment plants.	No
PS3	Supplementary Measure 3 - Initiate investigations into characteristics of treated wastewater for parameters not presently required to be monitored under the urban wastewater treatment directive.	No
PS4	Supplementary Measure 4 - Initiate research to verify risk assessment results and determine the impact of the discharge.	No
PS5	Supplementary Measure 5 - Use decision making tools in point source discharge management.	No
PS6	Supplementary Measure 6 - Install secondary treatment at plants where this level of treatment is not required under the urban wastewater treatment directive.	No
PS7	Supplementary Measure 7 - Apply a higher standard of treatment (stricter emission controls) where necessary.	No

wate	er matters	and the second s
PS8	Supplementary Measure 8 - Upgrade the plant to remove sp substances known to impact on water quality status.	pecific No
PS9	Supplementary Measure 9 - Install ultra-violet or similar type	e treatment. No
PS10	Supplementary Measure 10 - Relocate the point of discharge	e. No

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	Physical Modifications Supplementary Measures	Applicable
	Reduce	
SM1	Codes of Practice	Yes
SM2	Support for voluntary initiatives	Yes
	Remediate	
SM3	Channelisation impact remediation schemes	No
SM4	Channelisation investigation	No
SM5	Overgrazing remediation	No
SM6	Impassable barriers, impact confirmed, investigation interim feasibility of remediation required	No
SM7	Impassable barriers investigation	Yes
	Consent of construction purpose required t	

	Supplementary Measures for	Applicable
	Unsewered Properties	
SP1	Amend building regulations	Yes
SP2	Establish certified expert panels for site investigation and certification of installed systems	Yes
SP3	Assess applications for new unsewered systems by applying risk mapping/decision support systems and codes of practice	Yes
SP4	Carry out an inspection programme in prioritised locations for existing systems and record results in an action tracking system	No
SP5	Enforce requirements for percolation	No
SP6	Enforce requirements for de-sludging	Yes
SP7	Consider connection to municipal systems	No
	Consettol convisition	

	Forestry Measures for	Applicable
	Forestry	
SF1	Management Instruments - Ensure regulations and guidance are cross referenced and revised to incorporate proposed measures	No
SF2	Acidification - Avoid or limit afforestation on 1st and 2nd order stream catchments in acid sensitive areas	No
SF3	Acidification - Revise the Acidification Protocol to ensure actual minimum alkalinities are detected and revise boundary conditions for afforestation in acid sensitive areas	No
SF10	Pesticide Use - Pre-dip trees in nurseries prior to planting out	No
SF11	Pesticide Use - Maintain registers of pesticide use	No
SF12	Acidification - Restructure existing forests to include open space and structural diversity through age classes and species mix, including broadleaves	No
SF13	Acidification - Mitigate acid impacts symptomatically using basic material	No
SF14	Acidification - Manage catchment drainage to increase residence times and soil wetting	No
SF15	Acidification - Implement measures to increase stream production.	No
SF16	Eutrophication - Establish riparian zone management prior to clearfelling	No
SF17	Eutrophication and Sedimentation - Enhance sediment control	No
SF18	Eutrophication - Manage catchment drainage to increase residence times and soil wetting, including no drainage in some locations	No
SF19	Sedimentation - Establish riparian zone management prior to clearfelling	No
SF20	Sedimentation - Enhance sediment control	No
SF21	Sedimentation - Manage catchment drainage to increase residence times and soil wetting, including no drainage in some locations	No
SF22	Hydromorphology - Enhance drainage network management, minimise drainage in peat soils	No
SF23	Pesticide Use - Develop biological control methods	No

Date Reported to Europe: 22/12/2008

Date Report Created 21/08/2009

water matt	ers	
SF4	Eutrophication and Sedimentation - Avoid or limit forest cover on peat sites	No
SF5	Eutrophication and Sedimentation - Change the tree species mix on replanting	No
SF6	Eutrophication and Sedimentation - Limiting felling coup size	No
SF7	Eutrophication and Sedimentation - Establish new forest structures on older plantation sites	No
SF8	Hydromorphology - Audit existing drainage networks in forest catchments	No
SF9	Pesticide Use - Reduce pesticide usage	No

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Agglomeration details

Leading Local Authority	Cork County Council
Co-Applicants	
Agglomeration	Clondrohid
Population Equivalent	250
Level of Treatment	
Treatment plant address	Clondrohid ,Macroom, County Cork
Grid Ref (12 digits, 6E, 6N)	129444 / 075978 (Verifed using GPS)
EPA Reference No:	

Contact details

Contact Name:	Patricia Power	
Contact Address:	Water Services Section Cork County Council Southern Division Carrigrohane Roads of Cork	
Contact Number:	021-4276891 Not	
Contact Fax:	021-4276321	
Contact Email:	patricia power@corkcoco.ie	
	Consent of copyright	

Table D.1(i)(a): EMISSIONS TO SURFACE/GROUND WATERS (Primary Discharge Point)

Discharge Point Code: SW-1

Local Authority Ref No:	SW1CLON
Source of Emission:	PRIMARY DISCHARGE
Location:	CLONDROHID
Grid Ref (12 digits, 6E, 6N)	129560 / 074870 (Verifed using GPS)
Name of Receiving waters:	Foherish river
Water Body:	River Water Body
River Basin District	South Western RBD
Designation of Receiving Waters:	none
Flow Rate in Receiving Waters:	0.02 m ³ .sec ⁻¹ Dry Weather Flow
	0.12 m ³ .sec ⁻¹ 95% Weather Flow
Additional Comments (e.g. commentary on zero flow or other information deemed of value)	
Emission Details:	method

(i) Volume emitted		ses dfor			
Normal/day	34 m³	Maximum/day	102 m ³		
Maximum rate/hour	4.25 m ³	Period of emission (avg)	60 min/hr	24 hr/day	365 day/yr
Dry Weather Flow	0.0004 m ³ /sec	FOLVINE			

Table D.1(i)(b): EMISSIONS TO SURFACE/GROUND WATERS - Characteristics of The Emission (Primary Discharge Point)

Discharge Point Code: SW-1

Substance			As discharged	
	Unit of Measurement	Sampling Method	Max Daily Avg.	kg/day
pH	рН	Grab	= 9	
Temperature	°C	Grab	= 25	
Electrical Conductivity (@ 25°C)	μS/cm	Grab	= 1000	
Suspended Solids	mg/l	Grab	= 350	35.7
Ammonia (as N)	mg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	mg/l	Grab	= 300	30.6
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/l	Grab	= 800	81.6
Total Nitrogen (as N)	mg/l	Grab	= 85	8.67
Nitrite (as N)	mg/l	Grab	= 0	0
litrate (as N)	mg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Total Phosphorous (as P)	mg/l	Grab	= 12	1.224
OrthoPhosphate (as P)	mg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Sulphate (SO₄)	mg/l	Grab	.₹0	0
Phenols (Sum)	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0

For Orthophosphate: this monitoring should be undertaken on a sample filtered on 645µm filter paper For Phenols: USEPA Method 604, AWWA Standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard Method 6240, or equivalent in For the phenols of the second standard method for the second standard method standard method for the second standard method for the second standard method standard method

WWD Licence Application - Clondrohid - Page: 3

Table D.1(i)(c): DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE EMISSIONS TO SURFACE/GROUND WATERS -Characteristics of The Emission (Primary Discharge Point)

Discharge Point Code: SW-1

Substance		As discharged				
	Unit of Measurement	Sampling Method	Max Daily Avg.	kg/day		
Atrazine	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
Dichloromethane	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
Simazine	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
Toluene	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
Tributyltin	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
Xylenes	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
Arsenic	μg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
Chromium	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
Copper	μg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
'yanide	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
Flouride	μg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
Lead	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
Nickel	µg/l	Grab	.₹%0	0		
Zinc	µg/l	Grab 🔊	= 0	0		
Boron	µg/l	Grab wind	= 0	0		
Cadmium	µg/l	Grab Only and	= 0	0		
Mercury	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0		
Selenium	µg/l	Grabult	= 0	0		
Barium	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0		

For Orthophosphate: this monitoring should be undertaken on a sample filtered on 0.45µm filter paper For Phenols: USEPA Method 604, AWWA Standard Method 6240, or equivalent.

Table D.1(ii)(a): EMISSIONS TO SURFACE/GROUND WATERS (Secondary Discharge Point)

Discharge Point Code: SW-2

Local Authority Ref No:	SW2CLON		
Source of Emission:	SECONDARY		
Location:	Foherish river bank		
Grid Ref (12 digits, 6E, 6N)	129401 / 075987 (Verifed using GPS)		
Name of Receiving waters:	Foherish river		
Water Body:	River Water Body		
River Basin District	South Western RBD		
Designation of Receiving Waters:	none		
Flow Rate in Receiving Waters:	0.02 m ³ .sec ⁻¹ Dry Weather Flow		
Idditional Comments (e.g. commentary on zero flow or other information deemed of value)	This secondary discharge point was inaccessable, and location has been estimated.		
Emission Details:	W. DY OHER US		

(i) Volume emitted	1	Ses of U			0.02
Normal/day	22.5 m ³	Maximum/day	67.5 m³		
Maximum rate/hour	2.81 m³	Period of emission (avg)	60 min/hr	24 hr/day	365 day/yr
Dry Weather Flow	0.00078 m ³ /sec	FOINTIPE			
	çe	nsent of cor			

Table D.1(ii)(b): EMISSIONS TO SURFACE/GROUND WATERS - Characteristics of The Emission (Secondary Discharge Point)

Discharge Point Code: SW-2

Substance	Date:	As discharged			
	Unit of Measurement	Sampling Method	Max Daily Avg.	kg/day	
рН	рН	Grab	= 9		
Temperature	°C	Grab	= 25		
Electrical Conductivity (@ 25°C)	µS/cm	Grab	= 1000		
Suspended Solids	mg/l	Grab	= 350	23.6	
Ammonia (as N)	mg/l	Grab	= 0	0	
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	mg/l	Grab	= 300	20.25	
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/l	Grab	= 800	54	
Total Nitrogen (as N)	mg/l	Grab	= 85		
Nitrite (as N)	mg/l	Grab	= 0		
litrate (as N)	mg/l	Grab	= 0		
Total Phosphorous (as P)	mg/l	Grab	= 12		
OrthoPhosphate (as P)	mg/l	Grab	= 0		
Sulphate (SO4)	mg/l	Grab			
Phenols (Sum)	µg/l	Grab	e = 0		

For Orthophosphate: this monitoring should be undertaken on a sample filtered on 0.445µm filter paper For Phenols: USEPA Method 604, AWWA Standard Method 6240, or equivalent interesting For inspection Performed for the filtered of 0.450µm filter paper For Phenols: USEPA Method 604, AWWA Standard Method 6240, or equivalent interesting to inspection Performance of the filtered of 0.450µm filter paper For Phenols: USEPA Method 604, AWWA Standard Method 6240, or equivalent interesting to inspect on the filtered of 0.450µm filter paper

Table D.1(ii)(c): DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE EMISSIONS TO SURFACE/GROUND WATERS -Characteristics of The Emission (Secondary Discharge Point)

Discharge Point Code: SW-2

Substance			As discharged	
	Unit of Measurement	Sampling Method	Max Daily Avg.	kg/day
Atrazine	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Dichloromethane	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Simazine	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Toluene	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Tributyltin	µg/I	Grab	= 0	0
Xylenes	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Arsenic	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Chromium	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Copper	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Syanide	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Flouride	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Lead	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Nickel	µg/l	Grab		0
Zinc	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Boron	µg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Cadmium	µg/l	Grab On at	= 0	0
Mercury	μg/l	Grab	= 0	0
Selenium	μg/l	Grabult	= 0	0
Barium	µg/l	Autosampler	= 0	0

For Orthophosphate: this monitoring should be undertaken on a sample filtered on 0.45µm filter paper For Phenols: USEPA Method 604, AWWA Standard Method 6240, or equivalent.

TABLE E.1(i): WASTE WATER FREQUENCY AND QUANTITY OF DISCHARGE – Primary and Secondary Discharge Points

Identification Code for Discharge point	Frequency of discharge (days/annum)	Quantity of Waste Water Discharged (m³/annum)
SW-1	365	12410
SW-2	365	8212.5

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TABLE E.1(ii): WASTE WATER FREQUENCY AND QUANTITY OF DISCHARGE – Storm Water Overflows

Identification Code for Discharge point (days/annum)	Quantity of Waste Water Discharged (m ³ /annum)	Complies with Definition of Storm Water Overflow
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TABLE F.1(i)(a): SURFACE/GROUND WATER MONITORING

Primary Discharge Point

Discharge Point Code:	SW-1
MONITORING POINT CODE:	aSW-1d
Grid Ref (12 digits, 6E, 6N)	129449 / 075976

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TABLE F.1(i)(b): SURFACE/GROUND WATER MONITORING (Dangerous Substances)

Primary Discharge Point

Discharge Point Code:	SW-1
MONITORING POINT CODE:	aSW-1d
Grid Ref (12 digits, 6E, 6N)	129449 / 075976

Consent of copyright on the required for any other the.

Annex 2: Check List For Regulation 16 Compliance

Regulation 16 of the waste water discharge (Authorisation) Regulations 2007 (S.I. No. 684 of 2007) sets out the information which must, in all cases, accompany a discharge licence application. In order to ensure that the application fully complies with the legal requirements of regulation 16 of the 2007 Regulations, all applicants should complete the following.

In each case, refer to the attachment number(s), of your application which contains(s) the information requested in the appropriate sub-article.

Regula In the c	ation 16(1) case of an application for a waste water discharge licence, the application shall -	Attachment Number	Checked by Applicant
(a)	give the name, address, telefax number (if any) and telephone number of the applicant (and, if different, of the operator of any treatment plant concerned) and the address to which correspondence relating to the application should be sent and, if the operator is a body corporate, the address of its registered office or principal office,		
(b)	give the name of the water services authority in whose functional area the relevant waste water discharge takes place or is to take place, if different from that of the applicant,		
(c)	give the location or postal address (including where appropriate, the name of the townland or townlands) and the National Grid reference of the location of the waste water treatment plant and/or the waste water discharge point or points to which the application relates,		
1)	state the population equivalent of the agglomeration to which the application relates,		
(e)	specify the content and extent of the waste water discharge, the level of treatment provided, if any, and the flow and type of discharge,		
(f)	give details of the receiving water body, including its protected area status, if any, and details of any sensitive areas or protected areas or both in the vicinity of the discharge point or points likely to be affected by the discharge concerned, and for discharges to ground provide details of groundwater protection schemes in place for the receiving water body and all associated hydrogeological and geological of assessments related to the receiving water environment in the vicinity of the discharge.	USC.	
(g)	identify monitoring and sampling points and indicate proposed arrangements for the monitoring of discharges and, if Regulation 17 does not apply, provide details of the likely environmental consequences of any such discharges,		
(h)	in the case of an existing waste water treatment plant, specify the sampling data pertaining to the discharge based on the samples taken in the 12 months preceding the making of the application,		
(i)	describe the existing or proposed measures, including emergency procedures, to prevent unintended waste water discharges and to minimise the impact on the environment of any such discharges,		
(i)	give particulars of the nearest downstream dripking water abstraction point or points to the discharge point or points,		
(k)	give details, and an assessment of the effects, of any existing or proposed emissions on the environment, including any environmental medium other than those into which the emissions are, or are to be made, and of proposed measures to prevent or eliminate or, where that is not practicable, to limit any pollution caused in such discharges,		
(I)	give detail of compliance with relevant monitoring requirements and treatment standards contained in any applicable Council Directives of Regulations,		
(m)	give details of any work necessary to meet relevant effluent discharge standards and a timeframe and schedule for such work.		
(n)	Any other information as may be stipulated by the Agency.	20.00	-
Regula Without accomp	tion 16(3) t prejudice to Regulation 16 (1) and (2), an application for a licence shall be panied by -	Attachment Number	Checked by Applicant
(a)	a copy of the notice of intention to make an application given pursuant to Regulation 9,		
(b)	where appropriate, a copy of the notice given to a relevant water services authority under Regulation 13,		
(c)	Such other particulars, drawings, maps, reports and supporting documentation as are necessary to identify and describe, as appropriate -		
(c) (i)	the point or points, including storm water overflows, from which a discharge or discharges take place or are to take place, and		
(c) (ii)	the point or points at which monitoring and sampling are undertaken or are to be undertaken,		
(d)	such fee as is appropriate having regard to the provisions of Regulations 38 and 39.		

Regulation 16(4) An original application shall be accompanied by 2 copies of it and of all accompanying documents and particulars as required under Regulation 16(3) in hardcopy or in an electronic or other format as specified by the Agency.		Attachment Number	Checked by Applicant
1	An Original Application shall be accompanied by 2 copies of it and of all accompanying documents and particulars as required under regulation 16(3) in hardcopy or in electronic or other format as specified by the agancy.	6	
Regulation 16(5) For the purpose of paragraph (4), all or part of the 2 copies of the said application and associated documents and particulars may, with the agreement of the Agency, be submitted in an electronic or other format specified by the Agency.		Attachment Number	Checked by Applicant
1	Signed original.		
2	2 hardcopies of application provided or 2 CD versions of application (PDF files) provided.		
3	1 CD of geo-referenced digital files provided.		
Regula Where subjec to 200 respec statem and mage	tion 17 a treatment plant associated with the relevant waste water works is or has been t to the European Communities (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 1989 I, in addition to compliance with the requirements of Regulation 16, an application in t of the relevant discharge shall be accompanied by a copy of an environmental impact ent and approval in accordance with the Act of 2000 in respect of the said development ay be submitted in an electronic or other format specified by the Agency	Attachment Number	Checked by Applicant
3	2 CD versions of EIS, as PDF files, provided.		
1	EIA provided if applicable		
<u>י</u>	2 hardcopies of EIS provided if applicable.		
Regulation 24 In the case of an application for a waste water discharge certificate of authorisation, the application shall –		Attachment Number	Checked by Applicant
(a)	give the name, address, telefax number (if any) and telephone number of the applicant and the address to which correspondence relating to the application should, be sent and, if the operator of the waste water works is a body corporate, the address of its registered office or principal office	5 ^{50.}	
(b)	give the name of the water services authority in whose functional area the relevant waste water discharge takes place or is to take place, if different from that of the applicant,		
(c)	give the location or postal address (including where appropriate, the name of the townland or townlands) and the National Grid reference of the location of the discharge point or points to which the application relates,		
(d)	state the population equivalent of the agglomeration to which the application relates,		
(e)	in the case of an application for the review of a certificate, specify the reference number given to the relevant certificate in the register,		
(f)	specify the content and extent of the waste water discharge, the level of treatment provided and the flow and type of discharge,		
(g)	give details of the receiving water body, its protected area status, if any, and details of any sensitive areas or protected areas, or both, in the vicinity of the discharge point or points or likely to be affected by the discharge concerned,		
(h)	identify monitoring and sampling points and indicate proposed arrangements for the monitoring of discharges and of the likely environmental consequences of any such discharges,		
(i)	in the case of an existing discharge, specify the sampling data pertaining to the discharge based on the samples taken in the 12 months preceding the making of the application,		
(j)	describe the existing or proposed measures, including emergency procedures, to prevent unauthorised or unexpected waste water discharges and to minimise the impact on the environment of any such discharges,		
(k)	give particulars of the location of the nearest downstream drinking water abstraction point or points to the discharge point or points associated with the waste water works,		
(I)	give details of any designation under any Council Directive or Regulations that apply in relation to the receiving waters,		
(m)	give details of compliance with any applicable monitoring requirements and treatment standards,		
(n)	give details of any work necessary to meet relevant effluent discharge standards and a timeframe and schedule for such work,		
(0)	give any other information as may be stipulated by the Agency, and		
(p)	be accompanied by such fee as is appropriate having regard to the provisions of Regulations 38 and 39.		