

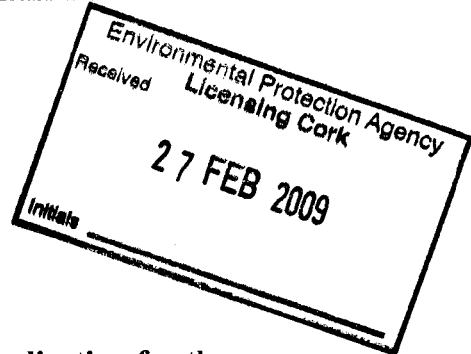
Comhairle Contae Chorcaí Cork County Council

Environmental Protection Agency,
Office of Climate change and resource Unit,
Licensing Unit,
P.O. Box 3000,
Johnstown Castle Estate,
Co. Wexford.

27th February 2009

Annabella,
Mallow,
Co. Cork.
Tel: (022) 21123 • Fax: (022)21983
Email: northcork@corkcoco.ie
Web: www.corkcoco.ie

Annabella,
Mala,
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Fón: (022) 21123 • Faics: (022) 21983
R-phost: northcork@corkcoco.ie
Suíomh Gréasáin: www.corkcoco.ie



Re: Waste Water Discharge Licence Application for the Agglomeration of Doneraile

Dear Sir / Madam,

Please find enclosed Cork County Council's Waste Water Discharge Licence Application for the agglomeration of Doneraile

The following documentation is enclosed:

- 1 Nr. signed original in hardcopy
- 1 Nr. copy in hardcopy
- 2 Nr. CD-ROM with all documentation in electronic searchable PDF
- 1 Nr. CD-ROM with AutoCAD, Excel Data, Table D.2, Table E.3 and F.2

The content of the electronic files is a true copy of the original hardcopy.

Payment of €15,000 Licence Fee is by Electronic means.

Signed:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Frank Cronin".

Frank Cronin
Senior Engineer – Water Services



This is a draft document and is subject to revision.



Waste Water Discharge Licence Application Form

EPA Ref. N^o:
(Office use only)

Environmental Protection Agency
PO Box 3000, Johnstown Castle Estate, Co. Wexford
Lo Call: 1890 335599 Telephone: 053-9160600 Fax: 053-9160699
Web: www.epa.ie Email: info@epa.ie

Tracking Amendments to Draft Application Form

Version No.	Date	Amendment since previous version	Reason
V. 1.	11/10/07	N/A	
V. 2.	18/10/07	Inclusion of a Note 1 superscript for Orthophosphate in Tables D.1(i)(b) & D.1(ii)(b).	To highlight the requirement for filtered samples in measurement of O-Phosphate for waste water discharges.
V.3.	13/11/07	Amend wording of Section F.2 to include 'abstraction'. Amend wording of Checklist in Annex to reflect wording of Regulation 16(5) of S.I. No. 684 of 2007. Inclusion of unique point code for each point of discharge and storm water overflow.	To accurately reflect the information required To accurately reflect the Regulations and to obtain the application documentation in appropriate format. To aid in cross-referencing of application documentation.
V.4	18/04/08	Inclusion of requirement to provide name of agglomeration to which the application relates. Amend wording of Section B.7. (iii) to reflect the title of Water Services Authority. Addition of new Section B.9 (ii) in order to obtain information on developments yet to contribute to the waste water works. Addition of sub-sections C.1.1 & C.1.2 in order to clarify information required for Storm water overflow and pumping stations within the works. Amend Section D.1 to include a requirement for monitoring data for influent	To accurately determine the agglomeration to be licensed. To accurately reflect the Water Services Act, 2007. To obtain accurate population equivalent figures for the agglomeration. To obtain accurate information on design and spill frequency from these structures. To acquire information on the population loading onto the plant and to provide information on performance rates within

		to waste water treatment plants, where available. Amend wording of Section E.1 to request information on composite sampling/flow monitoring provisions.	the plant. To acquire accurate information on the sampling and monitoring provisions for discharges from the works.
V.5	07/07/2008	Amend wording of B.7 (iii) to include reference to Water Services Authorities. Amend Section G.1 to include Shellfish Waters Directive.	To accurately reflect the Water Services Act, 2007 requirements.
V.6	26/08/2007	Amendments to Section D to reflect new web based reporting. Amended requirements for reporting on discharges under E.1 Waste Water Discharge Frequency and Quantities. Amendment to Section F.1 to specify the type of monitoring and reporting required for the background environment. Removal of Annexes to application form.	To clarify the reporting requirements. To streamline reporting requirements. To clarify the reporting requirements for ambient monitoring. To reflect the new web based reporting requirements.

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Environmental Protection Agency
Application for a Waste Water Discharge Licence
Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations 2007.

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ABOUT THIS APPLICATION FORM

This form is for the purpose of making an application for a Waste Water Discharge Licence under the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations, 2007 (S.I. No. 684 of 2007) or for the review of an existing Waste Water Discharge licence.

The Application Form **must** be completed in accordance with the instructions and guidance provided in the *Waste Water Discharge Licensing Application Guidance Note*. The Guidance Note gives an overview of Waste Water Licensing, outlines the licence application process (including the number of copies required) and specifies the information to be submitted as part of the application. The Guidance Note and application form are available to download from the Licensing page of the EPA's website at www.epa.ie.

A valid application for a Waste Water Discharge Licence must contain the information prescribed in the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations, 2007 (S.I. No. 684 of 2007). Regulation 16 of the Regulations sets out the statutory requirements for information to accompany a licence application. The application form is designed in such a way as to set out these questions in a structured manner and not necessarily in the order presented in the Regulations. In order to ensure a legally valid application in respect of Regulation 16 requirements, please complete the Regulation 16 Checklist provided in Annex 2.

This Application Form does not purport to be and should not be considered a legal interpretation of the provisions and requirements of the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations, 2007. While every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the material contained in the Application Form, the EPA assumes no responsibility and gives no guarantee, or warranty concerning the accuracy, completeness or up-to-date nature of the information provided herein and does not accept any liability whatsoever arising from any errors or omissions.

Should there be any contradiction between the information requirements set out in the Application Form and any clarifying explanation contained in the accompanying Guidance Note, then the requirements in this Application Form shall take precedence.

PROCEDURES

The procedure for making and processing of applications for waste water discharge licences, and for the processing of reviews of such licences, appear in the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations, 2007 (S.I. No. 684 of 2007) and is summarised below. The application fees that shall accompany an application are listed in the Third Schedule to the Regulations.

Prior to submitting an application the applicant must publish in a newspaper circulating in the area, and erect at the point nearest to the waste water treatment plant concerned or, if no such plant exists, at a location nearest the primary discharge point, a notice of intention to apply. An applicant, not being the local authority in whose functional area the relevant waste water discharge, or discharges, to which the relevant application relates, takes place or is to take place, must also notify the relevant Local Authority, in writing, of their intention to apply.

An application for a licence must be submitted on the appropriate form (available from the Agency) with the correct fee, and should contain relevant supporting documentation as attachments. The application should be based on responses to the form and include supporting written text and the appropriate use of tables and drawings. Where point source emissions occur, a system of unique reference numbers should be used to denote each discharge point. These should be simple, logical, and traceable throughout the application.

The application form is divided into a number of sections of related information. The purpose of these divisions is to facilitate both the applicant and the Agency in the provision of the information and its assessment. **Please adhere to the format as set out in the application form and clearly number each section and associated attachment, if applicable, accordingly.** Attachments should be clearly numbered, titled and paginated and must contain the required information as set out in the application form. Additional attachments may be included to supply any further information supporting the application. Any references made should be supported by a bibliography.

All questions should be answered. Where information is requested in the application form, which is not relevant to the particular application, the words "not applicable" should be clearly written on the form. The abbreviation "N/A" should not be used.

Additional information may need to be submitted beyond that which is explicitly requested on this form. Any references made should be supported by a bibliography. The Agency may request further information if it considers that its provision is material to the assessment of the application. Advice should be sought from the Agency where there is doubt about the type of information required or the level of detail.

Information supplied in this application, including supporting documentation will be put on public display and be open to inspection by any person.

Applicants should be aware that a contravention of the conditions of a waste water discharge licence is an offence under the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations, 2007.

The provision of information in an application for a waste water discharge licence which is false or misleading is an offence under Regulation 35 of the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations, 2007 (S.I. No. 684 of 2007).

Note: Drawings. The following guidelines are included to assist applicants:

- *All drawings submitted should be titled and dated.*
- *All drawings should have a unique reference number and should be signed by a clearly identifiable person.*
- *All drawings should indicate a scale and the direction of north.*
- *All drawings should, generally, be to a scale of between 1:20 to 1:500, depending upon the degree of detail needed to be shown and the size of the facility. Drawings delineating the boundary can be to a smaller scale of between 1:1000 to 1:10560, but must clearly and accurately present the required level of detail. Drawings showing the waste water treatment plant location, if such a plant exists, can be to a scale of between 1:50 000 to 1:126 720. All drawings should, however, be A3 or less and of an appropriate scale such that they are clearly legible. Provide legends on all drawings and maps as appropriate.*
- *In exceptional circumstances, where A3 is considered inadequate, a larger size may be requested by the Agency.*

It should be noted that it will not be possible to process or determine the application until the required documents have been provided in sufficient detail and to a satisfactory standard.

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SECTION A: NON-TECHNICAL SUMMARY

Advice on completing this section is provided in the accompanying Guidance Note.

A non-technical summary of the application is to be included here. The summary should identify all environmental impacts of significance associated with the discharge of waste water associated with the waste water works. This description should also indicate the hours during which the waste water works is supervised or manned and days per week of this supervision.

The following information must be included in the non-technical summary:

A description of:

- the waste water works and the activities carried out therein,
- the sources of emissions from the waste water works,
- the nature and quantities of foreseeable emissions from the waste water works into the receiving aqueous environment as well as identification of significant effects of the emissions on the environment,
- the proposed technology and other techniques for preventing or, where this is not possible, reducing emissions from the waste water works,
- further measures planned to comply with the general principle of the basic obligations of the operator, i.e., that no significant pollution is caused;
- measures planned to monitor emissions into the environment.

Supporting information should form **Attachment N° A.1**

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SECTION A: NON-TECHNICAL SUMMARY

Doneraile is situated in the Blackwater valley some forty kilometres north of Cork City, eleven kilometres northeast of Mallow and seven kilometres east of Buttevant. The village is located in an area, which is generally referred to as the 'Goldenvale', which comprise an extensive area of predominately flat or undulating topography along the Blackwater valley. The census of 1996 indicated a population of 761, while the census of 2002 showed a population of 800.

The Waste Water Works and the Activities Carried Out Therein

The wastewater in Doneraile is collected in a partially combined foul and separate foul sewerage drainage network. The wastewater from the village gravitates to the wastewater treatment plant.

Doneraile WWTP is designed for a Population Equivalent (PE) of 1,680 which was commissioned in early 2009. Activated Sludge is the process employed at the Doneraile waste water treatment plant. Influent initially is pumped from either of the Pumping Stations in operation to the inlet works at the plant. The inlet works consists of 2 nr automatic screen followed by a grit trap and grit classifier. From here the influent gravitates to the inlet sump, from which the influent is forwarded to one of the two Sequential Batch Reactors Tanks. The system is designed to allow fill and aeration for a preset time, once the preset time for fill and aeration is complete, the settlement stage commences. Following settlement, the treated effluent is discharged from the balance tank to the outfall works, which consists of an open channel flume and a composite sampler.

Flows in excess of 6DWF shall overflow a storm weir after the inlet screens and flow to the outlet chamber prior to discharge to the River Awbeg.

Sludge is wasted to the on site Picket Fence Thickener. The reduction in the phosphorous is carried out by the addition of Ferric Sulphate.

The new commissioned WWTP is treating effluent from a population equivalent of 1,663.

Doneraile WWTP is operated and maintained by Electrical and Pump Services Ltd (EPS) on behalf of Cork County Council. This Operation & Maintenance Contract consists of a bundle of three number WWTP's, which consist of the WWTP for the villages of Buttevant, Doneraile and Kilbrin. The Operation & Maintenance Contract for these plants is a 20 year contract.

The sources of emissions from the waste water works

The pollution load for the Doneraile agglomeration arises from the following areas:

- Domestic population
- Commercial premises
- School & crèches
- Infiltration

The sewerage from all commercial premises is collected via the public sewer and treated in conjunction with the domestic waste at the WWTP.

Currently the WWTP is receiving dry weather flows (DWF) in the order of 235m³/d, which equates to a PE of 941.

The nature and quantities of foreseeable emissions from the waste water works into the receiving aqueous environment as well as identification of significant effects of the emissions on the environment

The final effluent is discharged to the Awbeg River, which is adjacent to the wastewater treatment plant site. The maximum DWF existing WWTP is in the order of 235m³/d.

The proposed technology and other techniques for preventing or, where this is not possible, reducing emissions from the waste water works

Technology

The WWTP has a sufficient number of standby pumps, automatic sample facilities, etc is provided to ensure continuation of the wastewater treatment.

The treatment works consists of the following elements:

- Inlet Works
- Forward Feed Sump
- Aeration Tank
- Balance Tank
- Settling Tank
- Picket Fence Thickener
- Outfall to Awbeg River

Techniques

The new WWTP shall be operated and managed in accordance with the Performance Management System, developed by the Water Service National Training Group (WSMTG).

Further measures planned to comply with the general principle of the basic obligations of the operator, i.e., that no significant pollution is caused

A complete new WWTP was recently commissioned for the village, replaced an overloaded Percolating Filter system at the same site. In addition to the commissioning of the new WWTP, the collection system for the village was also upgraded, thereby reducing infiltration to the network and also the upgrading of the collection system resulted in the removal of emergency overflow points on the sewerage lines.

There are no further works envisaged to be undertaken on Doeraile WWTP in the near future.

Measures planned to monitor emissions into the environment

The Cork County Council Environmental Laboratory carries out sampling of the influent and effluent biannually. Sampling, Monitoring and analysis of the wastewater sludge is also undertaken by the Environmental Laboratory.

The Cork County Council Environmental Department located in Inniscarra takes samples from the River Bride upstream and downstream of the wastewater treatment plant approximately 6 times per year. Samples of the influent and effluent are also taken at these times.

The new wastewater treatment plant shall be equipped with automatic samplers on the inlet, overflow and outlet lines.

The EU Water Framework Directive Monitoring Programme is to be fully operational by the year 2012. This monitoring programme was prepared by the EPA to meet the requirements of the EU Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC) and National Regulations implementing the Water Framework Directive (S.I. No. 722 of 2003) and National Regulations implementing the Nitrates Directive (S.I. No. 788 of 2005).

List of Attachments include the following:

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| • Location Map Scale 1:50,000 | Attachment A1 Map 1 |
| • Site Location Map of WWTP | Attachment A1 Map 2 |
| • Site Layout | Attachment A1 Map 3 |

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SECTION B: GENERAL

Advice on completing this section is provided in the accompanying Guidance Note.

B.1 Agglomeration Details

Name of Agglomeration: Doneraile & Environs
--

Applicant's Details

Name and Address for Correspondence

Only application documentation submitted by the applicant and by the nominated person will be deemed to have come from the applicant.

Provide a drawing detailing the agglomeration to which the licence application relates. It should have the boundary of the agglomeration to which the licence application relates clearly marked in red ink.

Name*:	Cork County Council
Address:	Northern Division
	Annabella
	Mallow
	Co. Cork
Tel:	022 21123
Fax:	022 21983
e-mail:	Frank.cronin@corkcoco.ie

*This should be the name of the water services authority in whose ownership or control the waste water works is vested.

*Where an application is being submitted on behalf of more than one water services authority the details provided in Section B.1 shall be that of the lead water services authority.

Name*:	Frank Cronin
Address:	Northern Division
	Annabella
	Mallow
	Co. Cork
Tel:	022 21123
Fax:	022 21983
e-mail:	Frank.cronin@corkcoco.ie

*This should be the name of person nominated by the water services authority for the purposes of the application.

Co-Applicant's Details

Name*:	Not Applicable
Address:	Not Applicable
Tel:	Not Applicable
Fax:	Not Applicable
e-mail:	Not Applicable

*This should be the name of a water services authority, other than the lead authority, where multiple authorities are the subject of a waste water discharge (authorisation) licence application.

Design, Build & Operate Contractor Details

Name*:	Electrical & Pump Services (EPS) Ltd
Address:	Mallow Business Park
	Quartermtown
	Mallow
	Co. cork
Tel:	022-31200
Fax:	022-31250
e-mail:	sjefferies@epsireland.com

*Where a design,-build & operate contract is in place for the waste water works, or any part thereof, the details of the contractor should be provided.

Attachment B.1 should contain appropriately scaled drawings / maps ($\leq A3$) of the agglomeration served by the waste water works showing the boundary clearly marked in red ink. These drawings / maps should also be provided as geo-referenced digital drawing files (e.g., ESRI Shapefile, MapInfo Tab, AutoCAD or other upon agreement) in Irish National Grid Projection. These drawings should be provided to the Agency on a separate CD-Rom containing sections B.2, B.3, B.4, B.5, C.1, D.2, E.3 and F.2.

Attachment included	Yes	No
	√	

B.2 Location of Associated Waste Water Treatment Plant(s)

Give the location of the waste water treatment plant associated with the waste water works, if such a plant or plants exists.

Name*:	Sean Jefferies
Address:	Doneraile WWTP
	Demesne
	Doneraile
	Co. Cork
Grid ref (6E, 6N)	160189 E; 107464 N
Level of Treatment	Secondary
Primary Telephone:	086-1701887
Fax:	022-31250
e-mail:	sjefferies@epsireland.com

*This should be the name of the person responsible for the supervision of the waste water treatment plant.

Attachment B.2 should contain appropriately scaled drawings / maps ($\leq A3$) of the site boundary and overall site plan, including labelled discharge, monitoring and sampling points. These drawings / maps should also be provided as geo-referenced digital drawing files (e.g., ESRI Shapefile, MapInfo Tab, AutoCAD or other upon agreement) in Irish National Grid Projection. These drawings should be provided to the Agency on a separate CD-Rom containing sections B.1, B.3, B.4, B.5, C.1, D.2, E.3 and F.2.

Attachment included	Yes	No
	√	

B.3 Location of Primary Discharge Point

Give the location of the primary discharge point, as defined in the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulation, associated with the waste water works.

Type of Discharge	300 diameter outfall pipe from wastewater treatment plant. Open pipe
Unique Point Code	SW - 01 DONE
Location	WWTP site Doneraile
Grid ref (6E, 6N)	160254, 107485N

Attachment B.3 should contain appropriately scaled drawings / maps ($\leq A3$) of the discharge point, including labelled monitoring and sampling points associated with the discharge point. These drawings / maps should also be provided as geo-referenced digital drawing files (e.g. ESRI Shapefile, MapInfo Tab, AutoCAD or other upon agreement) in Irish National Grid Projection. This data should be provided to the Agency on a separate CD-Rom containing the drawings and tabular data requested in sections B.1, B.2, B.4, B.5, C.1, D.2, E.3 and F.2.

Attachment included	Yes	No
	√	

B.4 Location of Secondary Discharge Point(s)

Give the location of **all** secondary discharge point(s) associated with the waste water works. Please refer to Guidance Note for information on Secondary discharge points.

Type of Discharge	Not Applicable
Unique Point Code	Not Applicable
Location	Not Applicable
Grid ref (6E, 6N)	Not Applicable

Attachment B.4 should contain appropriately scaled drawings / maps ($\leq A3$) of the discharge point(s), including labelled monitoring and sampling points associated with the discharge point(s). These drawings / maps should also be provided as geo-referenced digital drawing files (e.g. ESRI Shapefile, MapInfo Tab, AutoCAD or other upon agreement) in Irish National Grid Projection. This data should be provided to the Agency on a separate CD-Rom containing sections B.1, B.2, B.3, B.5, C.1, D.2, E.3 and F.2.

Attachment included	Yes	No
		√

B.5 Location of Storm Water Overflow Point(s)

Give the location of **all** storm water overflow point(s) associated with the waste water works.

Type of Discharge	Not Applicable
Unique Point Code	Not Applicable
Location	Not Applicable
Grid ref (6E, 6N)	Not Applicable

Attachment B.5 should contain appropriately scaled drawings / maps ($\leq A3$) of storm water overflow point(s) associated with the waste water works, including labelled monitoring and sampling points associated with the discharge point(s). These drawings / maps should also be provided as geo-referenced digital drawing files (e.g. ESRI Shapefile, MapInfo Tab, AutoCAD or other upon agreement) in Irish National Grid Projection. This data should be provided to the Agency on a separate CD-Rom containing sections B.1, B.2, B.3, B.4, C.1, D.2, E.3 and F.2.

Attachment included	Yes	No
		√

B.6 Planning Authority

Give the name of the planning authority, or authorities, in whose functional area the discharge or discharges take place or are proposed to take place.

Name:	Cork County Council
Address:	Planning Department
	County Hall
	Carriagrohane Road
	Cork
Tel:	021 4276891
Fax:	021 4867007
e-mail:	Planninginfo@corkcoc.ie

Planning Permission relating to the waste water works which is the subject of this application:- (tick as appropriate)

has been obtained	√	is being processed	
is not yet applied for		is not required	

Local Authority Planning File Reference N^o:	Not Applicable
---	----------------

Attachment B.6 should contain **the most recent** planning permission, including a copy of **all** conditions, and where an EIS was required, copies of any such EIS and any certification associated with the EIS, should also be enclosed.

Where planning permission is not required for the development, provide reasons, relevant correspondence, etc.

Attachment included	Yes	No
	√	

B.7 Other Authorities

B.7 (i) Shannon Free Airport Development Company (SFADCo.) area

The applicant should tick the appropriate box below to identify whether the discharge or discharges are located within the Shannon Free Airport Development Company (SFADCo.) area.

Attachment B.7(i) should contain details of any or all discharges located within the SFADCo. area.

Within the SFADCo Area	Yes	No
		√

B.7 (ii) Health Services Executive Region

The applicant should indicate the **Health Services Executive Region** where the discharge or discharges are or will be located.

Name:	Health Service Executive
Address:	North Cork Area Headquarters Gouldhill Mallow, Co. Cork
Tel:	022 30200
Fax:	022 30211
e-mail:	Gerry.oconnell.ie

B.7 (iii) Other Relevant Water Services Authorities

Regulation 13 of the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations, 2007 requires all applicants, not being the water services authority in whose functional area the relevant waste water discharge or discharges, to which the relevant application relates, takes place or is to take place, to notify the relevant water services authority of the said application.

Name:	Not Applicable
Address:	Not Applicable
Tel:	Not Applicable
Fax:	Not Applicable
e-mail:	Not Applicable

Relevant Authority Notified	Yes	No
		√

Attachment B.7(iii) should contain a copy of the notice issued to the relevant local authority.

Attachment included	Yes	No
		√

B.8 Notices and Advertisements

Regulations 10 and 11 of the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations, 2007 require all applicants to advertise the application in a newspaper and by way of a site notice. See *Guidance Note*.

Attachment B.8 should contain a copy of the site notice and an appropriately scaled drawing (≤A3) showing its location. **The original application must include the original page of the newspaper in which the advertisement was placed.** The relevant page of the newspaper containing the advertisement should be included with the original and two copies of the application.

Attachment included	Yes	No
	√	

B.9 (i) Population Equivalent of Agglomeration

TABLE B.9.1 POPULATION EQUIVALENT OF AGGLOMERATION

The population equivalent (p.e.) of the agglomeration to be, or being, served by the waste water works should be provided and the period in which the population equivalent data was compiled should be indicated.

Population Equivalent	1300
Data Compiled (Year)	2007
Method	Hydraulic Flow

B.9 (ii) Pending Development

Where planning permission has been granted for development(s), but development has not been commenced or completed to date, within the boundary of the agglomeration and this development is being, or is to be, served by the waste water works provide the following information;

- information on the calculated population equivalent (p.e.) to be contributed to the waste water works as a result of those planning permissions granted,
- the percentage of the projected p.e. to be contributed by the non-domestic activities, and
- the ability of the waste water works to accommodate this extra hydraulic and organic loading without posing an environmental risk to the receiving water habitat.

The current population equivalent being treated at Doneraile WWTP is 941 based on hydraulic flow assessments.

All developments with granted planning permission and all developments under construction have been included in the agglomeration. The additional p.e due to

the granted planning permissions is estimated to be in the order of 350 p.e. There are currently no planning permissions in relation to non domestic activities.

With the completion of the recently commissioned 1,680 p.e WWTP the plant shall be capable of accommodating additional hydraulic and organic loading without posing an environmental risk to the receiving water.

B.9 (iii) FEES

State the relevant Class of waste water discharge as per Column 1 of the Second Schedule, and the appropriate fee as per Columns 2 or 3 of the Third Schedule of the Waste Water Discharges (Authorisation) Regulations 2007, S.I. No. 684 of 2007.

Class of waste water discharge	Fee (in €)
	€15,000

Appropriate Fee Included	Yes	No
	√	

B.10 Capital Investment Programme

State whether a programme of works has been prioritised for the development of infrastructure to appropriately collect, convey, treat and discharge waste water from the relevant agglomeration. If a programme of works has been prioritised provide details on funding, (local or national), allocated to the capital project. Provide details on the extent and type of work to be undertaken and the likely timeframes for this work to be completed.

Recently the WWTP was upgraded at a cost of €1.4 M and the collection system for the village of Doneraile was also upgraded at a cost of approximately €1.5 M. The collection system works included the laying of approximately 5km of sewers (foul, storm and rising mains), the construction of a new pumping station and upgrading of the two other pumping stations. These projects were upgraded under the Water Services Investment Programme 2002 -2006. No further works are listed to be carried out under the current Water Services Investment Programme 2007 -2009

Attachment B.10 should contain the most recent development programme, including a copy of any approved funding for the project and a timeframe for the completion of the necessary works to take place.

Attachment included	Yes	No
	√	

B.11 Significant Correspondence

Provide a summary of any correspondence resulting from a Section 63 notice issued by the Agency in relation to the waste water works under the Environmental Protection Agency Acts, 1992 and 2003, as amended by Section 13 of Protection of the Environment Act, 2003.

Attachment B.11 should contain a summary of any relevant correspondence issued in relation to a Section 63 notice.

Attachment included	Yes	No
		√

B.12 Foreshore Act Licences.

Provide a copy of the most recent Foreshore Act licence issued in relation to discharges from the waste water works issued under the Foreshore Act 1933.

Attachment B.12 should contain the most recent licence issued under the Foreshore Act 1933, including a copy of **all** conditions attached to the licence and any monitoring returns for the previous 12-month period, if applicable.

Attachment included	Yes	No
		√

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SECTION C: INFRASTRUCTURE & OPERATION

Advice on completing this section is provided in the accompanying Guidance Note.

C.1 Operational Information Requirements

Provide a description of the plant, process and design capacity for the areas of the waste water works where discharges occur, to include a copy of such plans, drawings or maps, (site plans and location maps, process flow diagrams), and such other particulars, reports and supporting documentation as are necessary to describe all aspects of the area of the waste water works discharging to the aquatic environment. Maps and drawings must be no larger than A3 size.

C.1.1 Storm Water Overflows

For each storm water overflow within the waste water works the following information shall be submitted:

- An assessment to determine compliance with the criteria for storm water overflows, as set out in the DoEHLG 'Procedures and Criteria in Relation to Storm Water Overflows', 1995 and any other guidance as may be specified by the Agency, and
- Identify whether any of the storm water overflows are to be decommissioned, and identify a date by which these overflows will cease, if applicable.

C.1.2 Pumping Stations

For each pump station operating within the waste water works, provide details of the following:

- Number of duty and standby pumps at each pump station;
- The measures taken in the event of power failure;
- Details of storage capacity at each pump station;
- Frequency and duration of activation of emergency overflow to receiving waters. Clarify the location where such discharges enter the receiving waters.

General Description of WWTP

Article I. Introduction

E.P.S. proposes to provide a Waste Water Treatment Plant designed at Doneraile in accordance with S.I.440 of 2004 Urban Waste Water treatment Regulation (Amendment), 2004. The treated effluent to comply with the standards shown in the following table:

Parameter	Effluent Limit
BOD	25 mg/L
Suspended Solids	35 mg/L
Total Phosphorous	2.0 mg/L

TABLE 1 – EFFLUENT LIMITS DISCHARGE

Article II. Plant Description

The Wastewater Treatment Works shall be designed for an ultimate design flow of 94.32 m³/h (26.2l/s - 6DWF) for Secondary treatment and for an ultimate design flow of 291.6 m³/h (81l/s - storm) for Preliminary treatment to serve a Population Equivalent of approx. 1,680 PE.

Design basis for upgrade is as per following table:

PE	1,680
gBOD/PE.d	60
Design BOD Load	$(1,680 \times 60)/1,000 = 100.8 \text{ kg BOD/day}$
l/PE.d	225
Design Hydraulic flow	$(1,680 \times 225)/1,000 = 378 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$
Full Flow to treatment (6DWF)	$(378 \text{ m}^3/\text{day} \times 6)/24 \text{ h/d} = 94.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{hr} = 81 \text{ l/s}$

TABLE 2 – DESIGN BASIS

The E.P.S. proposal is based on Sequential Batch Reactor (SBR) Treatment plant with equipment necessary for the efficient operation of the plant. The following provisions are incorporated in the design:

1. Automated (6mm) Inlet Fine Screen and Grit Removal for a max flow rate of 291.6 m³/h (81 l/s - storm) including screenings washing/dewatering and screenings disposal facility

2. Provision for inlet sump complete with 2 No. Pumps (Duty/Standby) each with a flow rate of 94.32 m³/h (6 DWF)
3. Grit Classifier handling a max flow rate of 291.6 m³/h (81 l/s - storm)
4. The Biological Treatment includes 2 No. Sequential Batch Reactor
5. Provision is made for Chemical dosing for Phosphorous removal
6. Provision is made for Chemical dosing for foaming control
7. Provision of a minimum of 5 days on site Sludge Picket Fence Thickener based on 3% DS
8. Final Effluent flow measurement and automatic sampler
9. Provision is made for future expansion including Tertiary Treatment such as Sand Filter.

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3. Functional Description

3.1 Inlet Works

The maximum incoming flow to the inlet works is 291.6 m³/h (81 l/s - storm). The inlet works comprises of 2 No. Mechanical Screens, 1 No. Grit Trap and 1 No. Grit Classifier.

The screens shall be supplied with a screening tray with a water supply to clean and convey screenings into a disposal bin. The water supply is controlled via a solenoid valve.

All screenings are washed, separated and deposited in skips for removal off site.

An ultrasonic sensor provides level measurement in the screen channel. The transmitter for the flow meter is mounted in the main control panel in the Control building, complete with local flow indicator.

Flows in excess of 6 DWF shall overflow a storm weir after inlet screens and flow to the outlet chamber and then to River Awbeg. The remainder will flow into Biological Treatment stream based on 2 No. Sequential Batch Reactor.

Storm overflow shall gravitate into outfall chamber and measured by an open flume.

3.2 Biological Treatment

The E.P.S. proposal is based on the Sequential Batch Reactors Process.

The system shall be based around two reaction vessels and a balance tank. SBR tanks act as a balance tank/aeration chamber/settlement tank. All foul sewage flows to the sump and is pumped forward by duty/standby pumps and delivered to one of the two SBR Tanks. The sewage is aerated by a diffused air system supplied by a duty air blower mounted within an acoustic enclosure external to the tank.

The system is designed to allow fill and aeration for a preset time. Once the preset time for fill and aeration is complete, the settlement stage commences. Once the preset settlement time expires supernatant is discharged by a floating arm draw-off assembly, which is connected to an actuated valve at the base of the tank, and the cycle is repeated. The treated effluent is discharged to a Balance tank and onto an effluent outfall chamber from there.

A SBRs standard operation consist of a series of processes:

1. Fill - incoming screened and de-gritted raw sewage with the biological mass in the SBR

2. Fill/Aeration – The aeration system supplies the oxygen by a series of blowers. The oxygen brings the biological mass from a latent state to a food-consuming active state
3. Aeration/React Cycle - during this phase the raw sewage flow ceases and is transferred to the second SBR. The biological mass now breaks down the remaining sewage and consumes it as food
4. Settle - the blower shut down and the biological mass begins to settle. The biological mass continues to use oxygen and goes to a latent state when all the oxygen is consumed
5. Draw/Decant - After settling occurs, a clear liquid is left to be discharged to the balance tank.
6. Sludge Wasting - At the end of the process cycle a percentage of the biological mass is pumped from the SBRs. This maintains the correct concentration of biomass within the SBR.

Air is supplied by blowers of sufficient size to provide free air to each tank at final design loading. Two duty and one common standby blowers are supplied. Blowers are roots type, rotary positive displacement type with guarded "V" belt connections to the motors.

The proposed surplus sludge system consists of 2 No. WAS pumps (duty/standby) at each SBR tank. Surplus sludge shall be pumped into the Picket Fence Thickener at 0.75% to 1%DS. The sludge shall be thickened within a PFT by gravity to 2-3%DS.

The supernatant from the Sludge Holding Tank overflows by gravity to the adjacent waste inlet pump sump and is pumped for recycle through the process.

3.3 Chemical Treatment

Phosphorous exists in three main forms in wastewater; ortho-phosphate, polyphosphate and organic phosphate. During aerobic treatment, the later two forms are converted to ortho-phosphate, which is the easiest form to precipitate using chemical addition.

E.P.S. proposes to remove phosphorous using chemical dosing of Ferric Sulphate. The Chemical Dosing location for the chemical precipitation of phosphorous shall be proposed at the SBR tank i.e. simultaneous precipitation, because polyphosphates and organic phosphorous are less easily removed than orthophosphorus.

3.4 Final Effluent

Final effluent prior to discharge from the balance tank to an outfall is subject to outflow measurement by an open flume and sampling by a composite flow proportional wastewater sampler.

3.5 Picket Fence Thickener

The sludge thickener is an efficient method to gravity concentrate and decants waste sludge's.

Wasted sludge's shall have a solids content of aprox 0.75% DS.

The rake, as it moves through the sludge's, provides avenues for the liquid supernatant to move upward as the solids settle downward.

4 Principle Process Units

4.4 Pump Sump

Pump Sump	2 No. Inlet Pumps (Duty/Standby)
	Flow = 94.32 m ³ /h
	2.1m dia x 4m deep

4.5 Inlet Screens and Grit Trap

Screen & Grit	2 No. Screens (Duty/Standby)
	1 No. Grit Removal (Duty)
	Max. Flow = 291.6 m ³ /h
	6mm screen
	Screenings Washer and Compaction
	Sealed Skip
	By-pass Manual raked 10mm Screen

4.6 Grit Classifier

Grit Classifier	1 No. Grit Classifier (Duty)
	Max. Flow = 291.6 m ³ /h
	Grit Washer

4.7 SBR

SBR (each) $V = 620 \text{ m}^3$

Working $V = 472.5 \text{ m}^3$

11.94m dia x 5.6m side wall

0.75m freeboard

20 d Retention Time @
3DWF

Decant depth = 1.46 m
(Adjustable to 1.6m)

Decant flow = $141.75 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$

MLSS = 3.5 g/l

1 No. Drain out ($77.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$)

4.8 Blowers

Blowers 3 No. Blowers (2Duty/1Standby)

479 Nm³/h

each 239.5 Nm³/h @ 600 mbar

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4.9 PFT

PFT Volume = 57 m³

3.5 d Storage @ 2-3% DS

4.27 m dia x 4.264 m side
wall

Feed Flow = 16 m³/h @
0.75%DS

4.10 WAS Pumps

WAS 2 No. WAS Pumps (Duty/Standby)
Flow = 16 m³/h @ 0.75%DS

4.11 Ferric Dosing

Ferric Dosing 1 m³ IBC
Bund
Storage Capacity = approx 30
d
2 No. Dosing Pump
Flow = 37.48 l/d = 1.5 l/h

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5 Supporting Design calculations

5.1 Inlet Pump Sump and Inlet Pumps

$$6 \text{ DWF} = 94.32 \text{ m}^3/\text{h} = 26.2 \text{ L/s}$$

No. Required: 2 No. (Duty/Standby)
Flow Rate: 26.2 L/s

5.2 Inlet Screen

$$\text{Storm} = 291.6 \text{ m}^3/\text{h} = 81 \text{ L/s}$$

No. Required: 2 No. Automatic (Duty/Standby)
 1 No. Manual
Flow Rate: 291.6 m³/h = 81 L/s
Screening Size: 6 mm
other Screenings washer and compaction
 10 mm by-Pass Screen
 Sealed Skip
 Level sensor

5.3 Grit Trap

$$\text{Storm} = 291.6 \text{ m}^3/\text{h} = 81 \text{ L/s}$$

No. Required: 1 No. (Duty)
Flow Rate: 291.6 m³/h = 81 L/s

5.4 Grit Classifier

$$\text{Storm} = 291.6 \text{ m}^3/\text{h} = 81 \text{ L/s}$$

No. Required: 1 No. (Duty)
Flow Rate: 291.6 m³/h = 81 L/s

5.5 Design Calculation - Sequential Batch Reactor

5.5.1 Typical Cycle Operational Sequence

Percentage (%) of		Operating Sequence	Description	Air
Max. Volume	Cycle Time			
25 to 100	25	Fill	Add Substrate	Off
100	35	Aeration	Reaction Time	On/Cycle
100	20	Settle	Clarify	Off
100 to 35	15	Draw	Remove Effluent	Off
35 to 25	5	Idle/waste	Waste Sludge	Off

5.5.2 During Normal Sequence – Dry Weather Flow

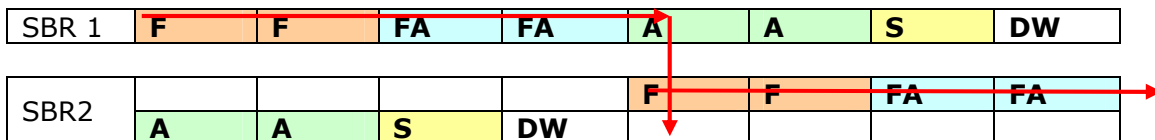
DWF = 16 m³/h
 BOD Load = 100.8 kg BOD/d
 MLSS = 3,500 mg/L
 SVI = 120 mg/l
 F/M Ratio = 0.07 kg BOD/kg MLSS

Cycle Times:

Fill = 4 h (which one or more hours can be combined with aeration i.e. Fill/Aerate phase)
 Aerate = 2 h
 Settle = 1 h
 Decant = 1h (including wasting)
 TOTAL = 8 h/Cycle

No. of Cycles /Tank = 3 Cycles/Tank.d
 Total No. Cycles = 3 Cycles/Tank.d x 2 no. SBR = 6 Cycles/d

5.5.2.1 Cycle sequence – 8 h Cycle/SBR.d



Legend:

- F** = Fill
- FA** = Fill and Aerate
- S** = Settle
- DW** = Decant and Waste

5.5.3 During Normal Sequence – Full Flow to Treatment

3DWF	= 47 m ³ /h
BOD Load	= 100.8 kg BOD/d
MLSS	= 3,500 mg/L
SVI	= 120 mg/l
F/M Ratio	= 0.10 kg BOD/kg MLSS

Cycle Times:

Fill	= 3 h (which one or more hours can be combined with aeration i.e. Fill/Aerate phase)
Aerate	= 1 h
Settle	= 1 h
Decant	= 1h (including wasting)
TOTAL	= 6 h/Cycle
No. of Cycles /Tank	= 4 Cycles/Tank.d
Total No. Cycles	= 4 Cycles/Tank.d x 2 no. SBR = 8 Cycles/d

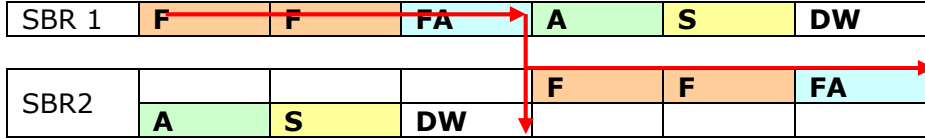
No. Required	2
SBR Volume	630 m ³ (each)
Dimensions	Ø 11.94 m x 5.6 m side wall
Each working Volume	472.5 m ³
Fill Volume/Cycle	47.25 m ³ /h
Decant Depth	1.46 m
Overall t	20 h
Sludge Age	15.4 d
Decant Time	1 h
Decant Rate	141.75 m ³ /h
Aeration/SBR.d	8 h/d
α	0.6
β	0.95
Aeration Required/d	$[(100.8 \text{ kg BOD/d}) \times 1.2]/(0.6 \times 0.95) = 212.2 \text{ kg O}_2/\text{d}$
Aeration Required/h	$(212.2 \text{ kg O}_2/\text{d})/ 8 \text{ h/d} = 26.5 \text{ kg O}_2/\text{h}$
Safety Factor	1.3
Aeration required/SBR	$26.5 \text{ kg O}_2/\text{h} \times 1.3 = 34.5 \text{ kg O}_2/\text{h}$
Water Depth	$(5.6\text{m} - 0.75\text{m Free Board}) = 4.85 \text{ m}$
Aeration Flow rate	$(34.5 \text{ kg O}_2/\text{h})/(0.015 \times 4.85 \text{ m}) = 479 \text{ Nm}^3/\text{h}$
No. of blowers	3 No. (2 No. Duty/1 No. Standby)
No. of Duty Blowers	2
Flow rate/Blower	$479 \text{ Nm}^3/\text{h} / 2 = 239.5 \text{ Nm}^3/\text{h}$

Each SBR tank will contain the following mechanical and electrical equipment

- 1 No. Ultrasonic level sensor
- 1 Floating arm draw off/winch assembly
- 2 No. uPVC lateral pipework grids c/w diffuser network
- 1 No. Dissolved oxygen monitor

2 No. Sludge wasting pump
1 No. Mixer

5.5.3.1 Cycle sequence – 6 h Cycle/SBR.d



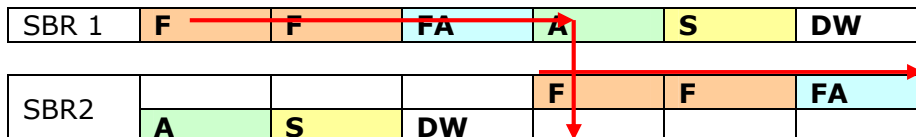
Legend:

- F** = Fill
- FA** = Fill and Aerate
- S** = Settle
- DW** = Decant and Waste

5.5.4 During Peak Sequence – Storm Conditions

6 DWF = 94.32 m³/h
 BOD Load = 189 kg BOD/d
 MLSS = 3,500 mg/L
 SVI = 120 mg/l
 F/M Ratio = 0.1 kg BOD/kg MLSS
 No. of Cycles /Tank = 8 Cycles/Tank.d
 Total No. Cycles = 8 Cycles/Tank.d x 2 no. SBR = 16 Cycles/d
 Cycle Times:
 Fill = 1.5 h (which 0.5 hours can be combined with aeration i.e Fill/Aerate phase)
 Aerate = 0.5 h
 Settle = 0.5 h
 Decant = 0.5 h (including wasting)

5.5.4.1 Cycle sequence - 3 h Cycle/SBR.d



Legend:

- F** = Fill
- FA** = Fill and Aerate
- S** = Settle
- DW** = Decant and Waste

Fill Volume/Cycle	94.5 m ³ /h
Decant Depth	1.44 m
Overall t	10 h
Sludge Age	15.4 d
Decant Time	0.5 h
Decant Flow Rate	283.5 m ³ /h
α	0.6
β	0.95
Aeration/d	8 h/d
Aeration Required/d	$[(100.8 \text{ kg BOD/d}) \times 1.2]/(0.6 \times 0.95) = 397.9 \text{ kg O}_2/\text{d}$
Aeration Required/h	$(212.2 \text{ kg O}_2/\text{d})/ 8 \text{ h/d} = 26.5 \text{ kg O}_2/\text{h}$
Safety Factor	1.3
Aeration required/SBR	$26.5 \text{ kg O}_2/\text{h} \times 1.3 = 34.45 \text{ kg O}_2/\text{h}$
Water Depth	$(5.6\text{m} - 0.75\text{m Free Board}) = 4.85 \text{ m}$
Aeration Flow rate	$(34.45 \text{ kg O}_2/\text{h})/(0.015 \times 4.85 \text{ m}) = 479 \text{ Nm}^3/\text{h}$
No. of blowers	3 No. (2 No. Duty/1 No. Standby)
No. of Duty Blowers	2
Flow rate/Blower	$479 \text{ Nm}^3/\text{h} / 2 = 239 \text{ Nm}^3/\text{h}$

5.5.5 Blowers

No. required	3 No. (Duty/Standby)
Flow Rate	239.5 Nm ³ /h
Pressure	600 mBar

5.5.6 Sludge Production - WAS

BOD load	100.8 kg BOD/d
Kg D.S./kg BOD	1.2
Sludge yield	$(100.8 \text{ kg BOD/d}) \times 1.2 = 121 \text{ kg/d}$
WAS @ 0.75%DS	$(121 \text{ kg/d}) / 7.5 = 16 \text{ m}^3/\text{d}$

5.5.6.1 WAS Pumps

No. required	2 No. (Duty/Standby)
Flow Rate	$(16 \text{ m}^3/\text{d}) / 1 \text{ h/d} = 16 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$
% DS	0.75 %DS

5.6 Phosphorous Removal

Phosphorous Influent	3.02 kg P/d (8 mg/l)
Phosphorous Effluent Limit	0.8 kg P/d (2 mg/l)
Fe required for P removal	1 mol Fe/ 1 mol P
Chemical Treatment	26.05 L Ferric Solution/d
40% pump stroke	$(26.05 \text{ L/d} \times 1.4)/24\text{h/d} = 36.5 \text{ l/h}$
Storage Volume	1 m ³
Storage Type	IBC
Aprox Storage Capacity	30 day

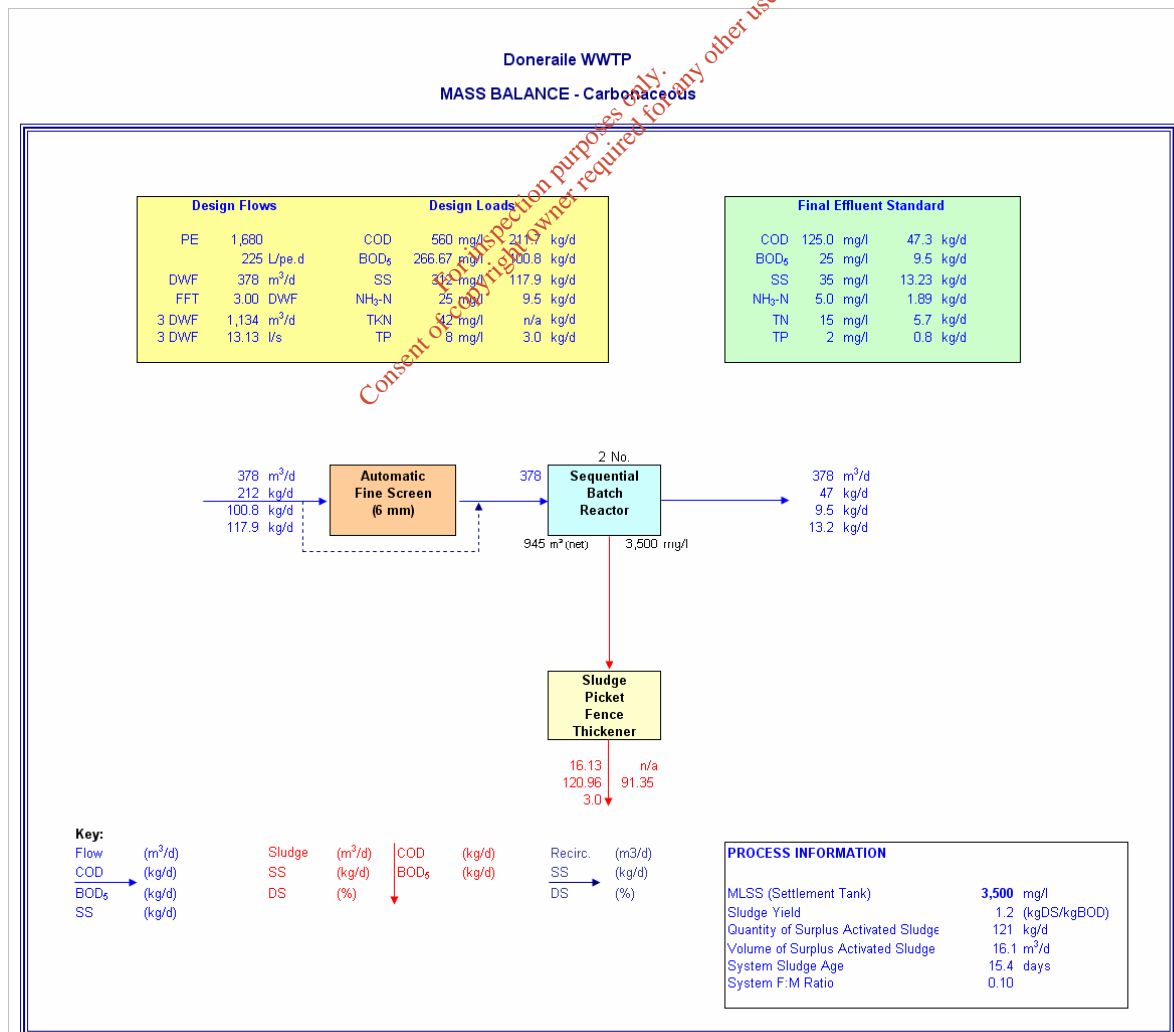
5.7 Picket Fence Thickener

5.7.1 Indigenous Sludge

BOD load	100.8 kg BOD/d
Kg D.S./kg BOD	1.2
Sludge yield	(100.8 kg BOD/d) x 1.2 = 121 kg/d
PFT Feed @ 0.75%DS	(121 kg/d) / 7.5 = 16.1 m ³ /d
PFT outlet @ 3%	(121 kg/d) / 30 = 4 m ³ /d
Surface Area	14.32 m ²
Volume of PFT Storage Tank	57 m ³
Dimensions	Ø 4.27 m x 4.264 m side wall
Retention time	(57 m ³) / (16.1 m ³ /d) = 3.5 days

Note: ρ is assumed at 1,000kg/m³

6 Mass Balance



Description of Pumping Stations located within the Agglomeration

There are 3 Nr Pumping Stations located within the Agglomeration of Doneraile, which are situated at the following locations:

1. Charleville Rd Pumping Station
2. Mallow Rd Pumping Station – Old
3. Mallow Rd Pumping Station – New

Charleville Rd Pumping Station

Grid Reference:

This pumping station caters for influent arising from the northeastern section of the agglomeration. The pumping station was recently upgraded as part of the collection system works. The pumping station consists of the following:

- Underground sump with dimensions of 1.5m x 1.5m x 3m deep
- Duty & Standby pumps, which are operated by ultrasonic level controls

There is no emergency overflow from this pumping station.

Mallow Rd Pumping Station – Old

Grid Reference:

This pumping station caters for influent arising from the Rockview Terrrace Estate of the agglomeration. The pumping station consists of the following:

- Underground sump with dimensions of 2.5m x 2.5m x 3m deep
- Duty & Standby pumps, which are operated by ultrasonic level controls, with high level alarm

There is no emergency overflow from this pumping station.

Mallow Rd Pumping Station – New

Grid Reference:

This pumping station caters for influent arising from the Cornahinch Cross area of the agglomeration. The pumping station consists of the following:

- Underground sump with a capacity of 7.95m³
- Duty & Standby pumps, which are operated by ultrasonic level controls, with high level alarm

There is no emergency overflow from this pumping station.

Attachment C.1 should contain supporting documentation with regard to the plant and process capacity, systems, storm water overflows, emergency overflows, etc., including flow diagrams of each with any relevant additional information. These drawings / maps should also be provided as geo-referenced digital drawing files (e.g. ESRI Shapefile, MapInfo Tab, AutoCAD or other upon agreement) in Irish National Grid Projection. This data should be provided to the Agency on a separate CD-Rom containing sections B.1, B.2, B.3, B.4, B.5, D.2, E.3 and F.2.

Attachment included	Yes	No
	√	

C.2 Outfall Design and Construction

Provide details on the primary discharge point & secondary discharge points and storm overflows to include reference, location, design criteria and construction detail.

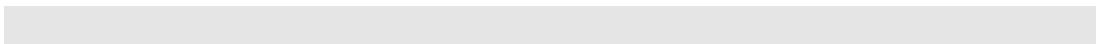
Primary Discharge Point SW – 01 Doneraile

Type of Discharge	300 diameter outfall pipe from wastewater treatment plant. Open pipe
Unique Point Code	SW – 01 DONE
Location	WWTP site Doneraile
Grid ref (6E, 6N)	160254E, 107485N

The primary discharge point, SW 01 DONE, is the only outfall for the agglomeration of Doneraile. The outfall pipe is a 300mm diameter PVC, which runs in a north easterly direction for a distance of 70m from the WWTP to the adjacent Awbeg River.

Attachment C.2 should contain any supporting documentation on the design and construction of any and all discharge outfalls, including stormwater overflows, from the waste water works.

Attachment included	Yes	No
		√



SECTION D: DISCHARGES TO THE AQUATIC ENVIRONMENT

Advice on completing this section is provided in the accompanying Guidance Note.

Give particulars of the source, location, nature, composition, quantity, level and rate of discharges arising from the agglomeration and, where relevant, the period or periods during which such emissions are made or are to be made.

Details of all discharges of waste water from the agglomeration should be submitted via the following web based link: http://78.137.160.73/epa_wwd_licensing/. The applicant should address in particular all discharge points where the substances outlined in Tables D.1(i), (b) & (c) and D.1(ii), (b) & (c) of Annex 1 are emitted.

Where it is considered that any of the substances listed in Annex X of the Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC) or any of the Relevant Pollutants listed in Annex VIII of the Water Framework Directive (2000/60/EC) are being discharged from the waste water works or are seen to be present in the receiving water environment downstream of a discharge from the works (as a result of any monitoring programme, e.g., under the Water Framework Directive Programme of Measures) the applicant shall screen the discharge for the relevant substance.

D.1 Discharges to Surface Waters

Details of all discharges of waste water from the agglomeration should be supplied via the following web based link: http://78.137.160.73/epa_wwd_licensing/. Tables D.1(i)(a), (b) & (c), should be completed for the primary discharge point from the agglomeration and Tables D.1(ii)(a), (b) & (c) should be completed for **each** secondary discharge point, where relevant. Table D.1(iii)(a) should be completed for **each** storm water overflow. Individual Tables must be completed for each discharge point.

Where monitoring information is available for the influent to the plant this data should also be provided in response to Section D.1.

Supporting information should form **Attachment D.1**

Attachment included	Yes	No

D.2 Tabular Data on Discharge Points

Applicants should submit the following information for each discharge point:

Table D.2:

PT_CD	PT_TYPE	LA_NAME	RWB_TYPE	RWB_NAME	DESIGNATION	EASTING	NORTHING
SW 01-DONE	Primary	Cork County Council	River	Awbeg River		160254	107485

An individual record (i.e. row) is required for each discharge point. Acceptable file formats include Excel, Access or other upon agreement with the Agency. A standard Excel template can be downloaded from the EPA website at www.epa.ie. This data should be submitted to the Agency on a separate CD-Rom containing sections B.1, B.2, B.3, B.4, B.5, C.1, E.3 and F.2.

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SECTION E: MONITORING

Advice on completing this section is provided in the accompanying Guidance Note.

E.1 Waste Water Discharge Frequency and Quantities – Existing & Proposed

Provide an estimation of the quantity of waste water likely to be emitted in relation to all primary and secondary discharge points applied for. This information should be included in Table E.1(i) via the following web based link: http://78.137.160.73/epa_wwd_licensing/.

Provide an estimation of the quantity of waste water likely to be emitted in relation to all storm water overflows within the agglomeration applied for. This information should be included in Table E.1(ii) via the following web based link: http://78.137.160.73/epa_wwd_licensing/.

Indicate if composite sampling or continuous flow monitoring is in place on the primary or any other discharge points. Detail any plans and timescales for the provision of composite sampling and continuous flow meters.

E.2. Monitoring and Sampling Points

Programmes for environmental monitoring should be submitted as part of the application. These programmes should be provided as Attachment E.2.

Reference should be made to, provision of sampling points and safe means of access, sampling methods, analytical and quality control procedures, including equipment calibration, equipment maintenance and data recording/reporting procedures to be carried out in order to ensure accurate and reliable monitoring.

In determining the sampling programme to be carried out, the variability of the emission and its effect on the receiving environment should be considered.

Details of any accreditation or certification of analysis should be included.

Attachment E.2 should contain any supporting information.

Attachment included	Yes	No

E.3. Tabular data on Monitoring and Sampling Points

Applicants should submit the following information for each monitoring and sampling point:

PT_CD	PT_TYPE	MON_TYPE	EASTING	NORTHING	VERIFIED
SW01	Primary	Sampling	160189	107464	NO
aSW01u	u/s	Sampling	160157	107550	No
aSW01d	d/s	Sampling	160604	107399	No

An individual record (i.e., row) is required for each monitoring and sampling point. Acceptable file formats include Excel, Access or other upon agreement with the Agency. A standard Excel template can be downloaded from the EPA website at www.epa.ie. This data should be submitted to the Agency on a separate CD-Rom containing sections B.1, B.2, B.3, B.4, B.5, C.1, D.2 and F.2.

E.4 Sampling Data

Regulation 16(1)(h) of the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations 2007 requires all applicants in the case of an existing waste water treatment plant to specify the sampling data pertaining to the discharge based on the samples taken in the 12 months preceding the making of the application.

Regulation 16(1)(l) of the regulations requires applicants to give details of compliance with any applicable monitoring requirements and treatment standards.

Attachment E.4 should contain any supporting information.

Attachment included	Yes	No

SECTION F: EXISTING ENVIRONMENT & IMPACT OF THE DISCHARGE(S)

Advice on completing this section is provided in the accompanying Guidance Note.

Detailed information is required to enable the Agency to assess the existing receiving environment. This section requires the provision of information on the ambient environmental conditions within the receiving water(s) upstream and downstream of any discharge(s).

Where development is proposed to be carried out, being development which is of a class for the time being specified under Article 24 (First Schedule) of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, the information on the state of the existing environment should be addressed in the EIS. **In such cases, it will suffice for the purposes of this section to provide adequate cross-references to the relevant sections in the EIS.**

F.1. Assessment of Impact on Receiving Surface or Ground Water

- Give summary details and an assessment of the impacts of any existing or proposed emissions on the environment, including environmental media other than those into which the emissions are to be made.
- Details of all monitoring of the receiving water should be supplied via the following web based link: http://78.137.160.73/epa_wwd_licensing/. Tables F.1(i)(a) & (b) should be completed for the primary discharge point. Surface water monitoring locations upstream and downstream of the discharge point shall be screened for those substances listed in Tables F.1(i)(a) & (b). Monitoring of surface water shall be carried out at not less than two points, one upstream from the discharge location and one downstream.
- For discharges from secondary discharge points Tables F.1(ii)(a) & (b) should be completed. Furthermore, provide summary details and an assessment of the impacts of any existing or proposed emissions on the surface water or ground (aquifers, soils, sub-soils and rock environment), including any impact on environmental media other than those into which the emissions are to be made.
- Provide details of the extent and type of ground emissions at the works. For larger discharges to groundwaters, e.g., from Integrated Constructed Wetlands, large scale percolation areas, etc., a comprehensive report must be completed which should include, inter alia, topography, meteorological data, water quality, geology, hydrology, and hydrogeology. The latter must in particular present the aquifer classification and vulnerability. The Geological Survey of Ireland Groundwater Protection Scheme Dept of the Environment and Local Government, Geological Survey of Ireland, EPA (1999) methodology should be used for any such classification. This report should also identify all surface water bodies and water wells that may be at risk as a result of the ground discharge.
- Describe the existing environment in terms of water quality with particular reference to environmental quality standards or other

legislative standards. Submit a copy of the most recent water quality management plan or catchment management plan in place for the receiving water body. Give details of any designation under any Council Directive or Regulations that apply in relation to the receiving water.

- Provide a statement as to whether or not emissions of main polluting substances (as defined in the *Dangerous Substances Regulations S.I. No. 12 of 2001*) to water are likely to impair the environment.
- In circumstances where water abstraction points exist downstream of any discharge describe measures to be undertaken to ensure that discharges from the waste water works will not have a significant effect on faecal coliform, salmonella and protozoan pathogen numbers, e.g., Cryptosporidium and Giardia, in the receiving water environment.
- Indicate whether or not emissions from the agglomeration or any plant, methods, processes, operating procedures or other factors which affect such emissions are likely to have a significant effect on –
 - (a) a site (until the adoption, in respect of the site, of a decision by the European Commission under Article 21 of Council Directive 92/43/EEC for the purposes of the third paragraph of Article 4(2) of that Directive) –
 - (i) notified for the purposes of Regulation 4 of the Natural Habitats Regulations, subject to any amendments made to it by virtue of Regulation 5 of those Regulations,
 - (ii) details of which have been transmitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation 5(4) of the Natural Habitats Regulations, or
 - (iii) added by virtue of Regulation 6 of the Natural Habitats Regulations to the list transmitted to the Commission in accordance with Regulation 5(4) of those Regulations,
 - (b) a site adopted by the European Commission as a site of Community importance for the purposes of Article 4(2) of Council Directive 92/43/EEC¹ in accordance with the procedures laid down in Article 21 of that Directive,
 - (c) a special area of conservation within the meaning of the Natural Habitats Regulations, or
 - (d) an area classified pursuant to Article 4(1) or 4(2) of Council Directive 79/409/EEC²;

¹Council Directive 92/43/EEC of 21 May 1992 on the conservation of natural habitats and of wild fauna and flora (OJ No. L 206, 22.07.1992)

²Council Directive 79/409/EEC of 2 April 1979 on the conservation of wild birds (OJ No. L 103, 25.4.1979)

- Describe, where appropriate, measures for minimising pollution over long distances or in the territory of other states.
- This section should also contain full details of any modelling of discharges from the agglomeration. Full details of the assessment and any other relevant information on the receiving environment should be submitted as **Attachment F.1.**

The plant is performing satisfactorily at present and operating within the requirements of the following legislation. As the plant and the collection system has been recently upgraded there are no improvements planned at present for the Doneraile Wastewater Treatment Plant.

Water Quality Standards

The Water Framework Directive (WFD) aims to establish an integrated approach to water protection, improvement and sustainable use. In order to achieve the requirements of the WFD, Ireland has been divided into a number of River Basin Districts or management units. The South Western River Basin District (SWRBD) comprises substantially the counties of Cork and Kerry, all of Cork City, and also parts of counties Limerick, South Tipperary and Waterford.

The Awbeg River is included in the SWRBD. The overall objectives of the SWRBD project include the following:

- Strengthen compliance with EU Directives and national legislation
- Collect and analyse information to determine water quality and identify possible threats to water status
- Prevent further deterioration and protect/enhance water quality
- Develop a programme of measures to address all significant pressures and sources of impact on aquatic ecosystems and groundwater
- Encourage and facilitate public participation including the maintenance of a project website
- Promote sustainable water use

In order to achieve these objectives the following project tasks have been identified:

- Identify pressures on water bodies and assess risk of not achieving compliance with the Water Framework Directive
- Prepare a Characterisation Report
- Identify Heavily Modified (HMWB) and Artificial Water Bodies (AWB)
- Establish risk to waters from Hazardous Substances
- Establish data management system and GIS
- Prepare programme of measures
- Review of monitoring needs
- Design monitoring programme
- Prepare River Basin Management Strategy
- Assist public participation in the project
- Prepare printed reports
- Assist capacity building

The SWRBD has proposed water quality standards for the Awbeg River under a water quality / catchments management plan. The Awbeg is classified as Poor ecological quality status on the ground of biological quality data. Note also this is located in a *Margaritifera margaritifera* (freshwater pearl mussel) which is a protected area and for such sites the water quality standards that need to be

achieved will be higher than for other areas as these are a species of high conservation importance.

The River Basin Management System currently being developed will include a programme of measures and a River Basin Management Strategy, designed to achieve at least good status for all waters by 2015, and to maintain high status where it exists. Therefore discharges from Doneraile Wastewater Treatment Plant cannot cause deterioration in good water quality under the Water Framework Directive at present.

The Awbeg River is not a designated Shellfish area under the Shellfish Waters Regulations, S.I.200 of 1994. The River Blackwater, into which the Awbeg River flows, is also not designated under these regulations.

The Awbeg River is not designated a Salmonid Water under Salmonid Water Regulations, S.I. 293 of 1988, however the River Blackwater which the Awbeg River joins, is designated Salmonid Water under Salmonid Water Regulations, S.I. 293 of 1988.

The Awbeg River is not designated a Bathing Water under the Bathing Water Regulations, S.I. 178 of 1998 as amended.

The Awbeg River is not a designated Sensitive Area under the Urban Wastewater Treatment Regulations 2001 (S.I. 254 of 2001). The River Blackwater downstream of Mallow Railway to Ballyduff Bridge is a designated Sensitive Area. This is not within 2km of any discharge point from Doneraile Wastewater Treatment wastewater works.

Downstream of the discharge points the Awbeg River traverses through Castletownroche village before joining the River Blackwater. Water is not abstracted from the Awbeg River for any of these villages. However three Public Water Supplies are located adjacent to the Awbeg River. The nature of the source of these three supplies is a Spring Supply.

The Three Spring Supplies are shown in the table below:

Name	Volume	Source Type	Easting	Northing
Doneraile Clogher	2000m ³ /d	Spring	166488	107193
Castletownroche Nr 1	650m ³ /d	Spring	168350	103520
Castletownroche Nr 1	600m ³ /d	Spring	168450	103590

Areas of Conservation

The Department of the Environment, Heritage and Local Government is responsible for the designation of conservation sites in Ireland. It is required under European law and national laws to conserve habitats and species, through designation of conservation areas under Special Areas of Conservation, Natural Heritage Areas and Special Protected Areas.

Special Areas of Conservation

Candidate Special Areas of Conservation (cSACs) are protected under the European Union (EU) Habitats Directive (92/43/EEC), as implemented in Ireland by the European Communities (Natural Habitats) Regulations, 1997.

The Blackwater River cSAC (Site Code: 002170) is very large, extending from the tidal estuary of the river at Youghal Co. Cork to the upper tributaries and their flood plains, in Cos. Cork Kerry, Limerick, Tipperary and Waterford, including the Awbeg River is a designated Special Area of Conservation.

The cSAC is designated on the basis of the presence of a large number of EU Habitats Directive Annex 1 habitats and Annex 2 species. Many of these are estuarine habitats and species found only in the lower reaches of the River Blackwater, however a number may be present in the Awbeg River section of the cSAC including, for example the Annex 1 habitats, 'alluvial wet woodlands', 'floating river vegetation', and 'old oak woodlands'; and the Annex 2 species sea lamprey, river lamprey, brook lamprey, Atlantic salmon, freshwater pearl-mussel and otter.

The Blackwater River Site Synopsis is included in this attachment.

Natural Heritage Areas

The Awbeg River does flow through a Proposed Natural Heritage Areas (NHA). Natural Heritage Areas are the basic designation for wildlife. An NHA is an area considered important for the habitats present or which holds species of plants and animals whose habitat needs protection.

Under the Wildlife Amendment Act 2000, NHAs are legally protected from damage from the date they are formally proposed for designation.

Special Protected Areas

Special Protection Areas (SPAs) are designated in order to safeguard certain habitats pursuant to EU Directive requirements. The EU Birds Directive (79/409/EEC) requires designation of SPAs for listed rare and vulnerable species, migratory species and wetlands.

No designated special protected areas are located along the Awbeg River. There are areas of the River Blackwater that are designated SPAs, however these are located downstream of Fermoy and therefore greater than 2km from all discharge points.

Receiving Water Quality Requirement

Water Quality analysis data for the Awbeg River was obtained from Cork County Council. The EPA also takes samples from a number locations along the Awbeg River. In the vicinity of the treatment plant, two nr monitoring stations are relevant to Doneraile WWTP. These stations are the flowing:

- Doneraile Bridge – upstream of Doneraile WWTP discharge point by approximately 400m
- Br W of Shanballymore – downstream of Doneraile WWTP discharge point by approximately 6.3km.

Table F1-1: Biological Quality Rating for Awbeg River – Upstream & Downstream of Discharge

Sampling Location	EPA Biological Quality Rating (Q values)			
	1995 -1997	2001 – 2003	2006	Target
Doneraile Bridge	3	3	4	3-4
Br W of Shanballymore	4	3-4	N/D	3-4

The Royal Commission in its report on Water Quality Guidelines recommends that "in all circumstances effluent discharges which are calculated to raise the BOD of the receiving water, outside the mixing zone, by more than 1 mg/l should be discouraged". The average existing background level for BOD is estimated at 1mg/l. Therefore the receiving water limiting value for BOD for this river is 2mg/l.

The standard water quality requirements for dangerous substances are based on the Water Quality (Dangerous Substances) Regulations 2001.

Hence, the principal receiving water quality requirements are given in Table 3 below: -

Table F1-2: Receiving Water Quality Limiting Values

Parameter	Water Quality Standard (mg/l)
Chromium	30
Copper	30
Lead	10
Nickel	50
Zinc	100

Based on Hardness of receiving waters >100mg/l CaCO₃

Effluent Standards

The treated effluent quality requirements shown in the table below are determined with respect to the EC Urban Wastewater Directive, given effect in Irish Law by S.I.254 of 2001.

Table F1-3: Minimum Effluent Standards based on S.I.254 of 2001 and Recorded Effluent Concentrations

Parameter	Effluent Standards (mg/l)	Actual Concentrations* (mg/l)
Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD)	25	84
Suspended Solids (SS)	35	252

*Actual Concentration is the average effluent concentrations recorded at the outlet of the WWTP by Cork County Council Wastewater Laboratory during the period Feb '08 to July '08.

From Table 4 above, it is evident that treated effluent from the old Doneraile wastewater treatment plant was not compliant with the quality of effluent standards set out in the above legislation. The New Wastewater Treatment Plant is being commissioned in early 2009 and as a result the effluent standards will be in compliance with the regulations.

Assimilative Capacity of the Receiving Water – Data relates to the old WWTP (new WWTP commissioned in early 2009, as such data could not be included due requirement to submit data by deadline required.)

a) **Mass Balance Equation for Orthophosphate:**

Median flow of River = 3.43 m³/sec
 Median oPO₄-P in River (upstream) = 0.05 mg/L

Average volume of discharge = 0.004 m³/sec
 Median value for oPO₄-P in discharge = 4.715 mg/L

$$C_{\text{final}} = \frac{(3.43 \times 0.05) + (0.004 \times 4.715)}{3.43 + 0.004}$$

$$C_{\text{final}} = 0.055 \text{ mg/L oPO}_4\text{-P}$$

The increase in Orthophosphate due to the discharge of the **old Doneraile WWTP** is 5 µg/L.

b) **Mass Balance Equation for BOD:**

Flow of River (95%) = 0.6 m³/sec
 Average BOD in River (upstream) = 2 mg/L

Average volume of discharge = 0.004 m³/sec
 Average BOD in discharge = 84 mg/L

$$C_{\text{final}} = \frac{(0.6 \times 2) + (0.004 \times 84)}{0.6 + 0.004}$$

$$C_{\text{final}} = 2.54 \text{ mg/L BOD}$$

The increase in BOD due to the discharge of the **old Doneraile WWTP** is 0.54 mg/L.

c) **Mass Balance Equation for Suspended Solids:**

Flow of River (95%) = 0.6m³/sec
 Average Suspended Solids in River (upstream) = 8.5mg/L

Average volume of discharge = 0.004 m³/sec
 Average Suspended Solids in discharge = 252mg/L

$$C_{\text{final}} = \frac{(0.6 \times 8.5) + (0.004 \times 252)}{0.6 + 0.004}$$

$C_{\text{final}} = 10.11 \text{ mg/L}$ Suspended Solids

The increase in Suspended Solids due to the discharge of the **old Doneraile WWTP** is 1.61 mg/L.

d) **Mass Balance Equation for Total Phosphate:**

50% Median flow of River = $3.43 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$
 Median $\text{TPO}_4\text{-P}$ in River (upstream) = 0.105 mg/L

Average volume of discharge = $0.004 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$
 Median $\text{TPO}_4\text{-P}$ in discharge = 5.875 mg/L

$$C_{\text{final}} = \frac{(3.43 \times 0.105) + (0.004 \times 5.875)}{3.43 + 0.004}$$

$C_{\text{final}} = 0.11 \text{ mg/L}$ $\text{TPO}_4\text{-P}$

The increase in Total Phosphate due to the discharge of the **old Doneraile WWTP** is $5 \mu\text{g/L}$.

e) **Mass Balance Equation for Total Nitrogen:**

Flow of River (95%) = $0.6 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$
 Average Total Nitrogen in River (upstream) = 3.25 mg/L

Average volume of discharge = $0.004 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$
 Average Total Nitrogen in discharge = 18.3 mg/L

$$C_{\text{final}} = \frac{(0.6 \times 3.25) + (0.004 \times 18.3)}{0.6 + 0.004}$$

$C_{\text{final}} = 3.35 \text{ mg/L}$ Total Nitrogen

The increase in Total Nitrogen due to the discharge of the **old Doneraile WWTP** is 0.1 mg/L .

g) **Mass Balance Equation for Ammonia-N:**

Flow of River (95%) = 0.6m³/sec
 Average Ammonia-N in River (upstream) = 0.075 mg/L

Average volume of discharge = 0.004 m³/sec
 Average Ammonia-N in discharge = 21.22 mg/L

Average Ammonia-N in River (downstream) = 0.42 mg/L

$$C_{\text{final}} = \frac{(0.6 \times 0.075) + (0.004 \times 21.22)}{0.6 + 0.004}$$

C_{final} = 0.215 mg/L Ammonia

The increase in Ammonia due to the discharge of the **old Doneraile WWTP** is 0.14 mg/L.

Assimilative Capacity Calculations were not performed for the following parameters, as the substances were below the limit of detection in the upstream samples, in the discharge samples and in the downstream samples:

- (a) Chromium
- (b) Copper
- (c) Lead
- (d) Nickel
- (e) Cadmium
- (f) Barium
- (g) Boron
- (h) Zinc
- (i) Fluoride
- (j) Sulphate

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Discharges in proximity of Wastewater Works

Attachment included	Yes	No
	√	

F.2 Tabular Data on Drinking Water Abstraction Point(s)

Applicants should submit the following information for each downstream or downgradient drinking water abstraction point. The zone of contribution for the abstraction point should be delineated and any potential risks from the waste water discharge to the water quality at that abstraction point identified.

ABS_CD	AGG_SERVED	ABS_VOL	PT_CD	DIS_DS	EASTING	NORTHING	VERIFIED
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Note: Attach any risk assessment that may have been carried out in relation to the abstraction point(s) listed.

An individual record (i.e. row) is required for each abstraction point. Acceptable file formats include Excel, Access or other upon agreement with the Agency. A standard Excel template can be downloaded from the EPA website at www.epa.ie. This data should be submitted to the Agency on a separate CD-Rom containing sections B.1, B.2, B.3, B.4, B.5, C.1, D.2 and E.3.

There are no drinking water abstraction points downstream or downgradient of the discharge point.

Attachment F.2 should contain any supporting information.

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SECTION G: PROGRAMMES OF IMPROVEMENTS

Advice on completing this section is provided in the accompanying Guidance Note.

G.1 Compliance with Council Directives

Provide details on a programme of improvements to ensure that emissions from the agglomeration or any premises, plant, methods, processes, operating procedures or other factors which affect such emissions will comply with, or will not result in the contravention of the;

- Dangerous Substances Directive 2006/11/EC,
- Water Framework Directive 2000/60/EC,
- Birds Directive 79/409/EEC,
- Groundwater Directives 80/68/EEC & 2006/118/EC,
- Drinking Water Directives 80/778/EEC,
- Urban Waste Water Treatment Directive 91/271/EEC,
- Habitats Directive 92/43/EEC,
- Environmental Liabilities Directive 2004/35/EC,
- Bathing Water Directive 76/160/EEC, and
- Shellfish Waters Directive (79/923/EEC).

The plant is operating satisfactory at present and is operating within the requirements of the relevant legislation, outlined above. Recent improvements include the construction and commissioning of the new 3,150 PE WWTP and laying of new sewer collection system.

Water Framework Directive 2000/60/EC

The Water Framework Directive (WFD) aims to establish an integrated approach to water protection, improvement and sustainable use. In order to achieve the requirements of the WFD, Ireland has been divided into a number of River Basin Districts or management units. The South Western River Basin District (SWRBD) comprises substantially the counties of Cork and Kerry, all of Cork City, and also parts of counties Limerick, South Tipperary and Waterford.

The overall objectives of the South Western River Basin District project include the following:

- Strengthen compliance with EU Directives and national legislation
- Collect and analyse information to determine water quality and identify possible threats to water status
- Prevent further deterioration and protect/enhance water quality
- Develop a programme of measures to address all significant pressures and sources of impact on aquatic ecosystems and groundwater
- Encourage and facilitate public participation including the maintenance of a project website
- Promote sustainable water use

In order to achieve these objectives the following project tasks have been identified:

- Identify pressures on water bodies and assess risk of not achieving compliance with the Water Framework Directive
- Prepare a Characterisation Report
- Identify Heavily Modified (HMWB) and Artificial Water Bodies (AWB)
- Establish risk to waters from Hazardous Substances
- Establish data management system and GIS
- Prepare programme of measures
- Review of monitoring needs
- Design monitoring programme
- Prepare River Basin Management Strategy
- Assist public participation in the project
- Prepare printed reports
- Assist capacity building

The EPA also takes samples from two location along the Awbeg River downstream (d/s) of the WWTP (prior to discharge of Castletownroche agglomeration). These are located at the following:

- Br W of Shanballymore 6.3km d/s of discharge
- Br NW of Ballywalter House 9.9km d/s of discharge

Table G1-1: Upstream Water Quality

Parameter	Upstream Monitoring Station	
	06/01/09	20/01/09
Ph	7.9	7.7
BOD	<2	<2
SS	<1	17
Ammonia	0.05	0.1
Ortho-Phosphate	0.05	0.1

Table G1-2: Downstream Water Quality

Parameter	Upstream Monitoring Station	
	06/01/09	20/01/09
Ph	7.9	7.7
BOD	<2	<2
SS	3	14
Ammonia	0.05	0.1
Ortho-Phosphate	0.05	0.1

The data in the above tables confirms the wastewater discharge has little effect on the overall river quality given adequate flow in the river and dispersion time.

Birds Directive 79/409/EEC

Special Protection Areas (SPAs) are designated in order to safeguard certain habitats pursuant to EU Directive requirements. The EU Birds Directive (79/409/EEC) requires designation of SPAs for listed rare and vulnerable species, migratory species and wetlands.

No designated special protected areas are located along the Awbeg River. There are areas of the River Blackwater which are designated SPAs however these are

located downstream of Fermoy and therefore, greater than 2km from all discharge points.

Groundwater Directives 2006/118/EC

The Groundwater Directive 2006/118/EC has been developed in response to the requirements of Article 17 of the Water Framework Directive: Strategies to prevent and control pollution to groundwater. Groundwater Quality standards are to be established by the end of 2008.

Doneraile – Clogher Public Water Supply (PWS), Castletownroche Nr 1 PWS and Castletownroche Nr 2 PWS are the closest PWS’s that utilise ground water for medium sized water supplies.

With the proper mitigation measures in place the operation of the wastewater treatment plant does not have any significant negative impacts on the existing groundwater.

Drinking Water Directives 80/778/EEC

There are no areas along the Awbeg River or River Blackwater downstream of Doneraile WWTP designated for the abstraction of water intended for human consumption.

Urban Waste Water Treatment Directive 91/271/EEC

The Urban Wastewater Treatment Regulations (S.I. 254 of 2001) gives effect to provisions of the Urban Wastewater Treatment Directive (91/271/EEC). The 2001 Irish Regulations cover the various requirements in relation to the collection and treatment of urban wastewater.

Article 4(1)(c) states that “In the case of urban wastewater entering collecting systems, a sanitary authority shall provide treatment plants, which provide for secondary treatment or an equivalent treatment by 31 December 2005 in respect of all discharges to freshwaters and estuaries from agglomerations with a population equivalent of between 2,000 and 10,000.”

The Doneraile Wastewater Treatment Plant was commissioned in 2009 and was designed to treat effluent to a 25/35ppm standard.

The Second Schedule (Part 1) of the 2001 Regulations states that effluent should be treated to the following standards.

Table G1-3: Minimum Effluent Standards based on SI 254 of 2001

Parameter	Conc. (mg/l)	Minimum Percentage of Reduction
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	25	70 - 90
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	125	75
Suspended Solids	35	90

The aeration and clarifying plant at the Doneraile wastewater treatment plant is treating effluent to a high standard. Efficiencies of BOD, COD and SS removal for the plant is typically in excess of 85%. The effect of the discharges on the quality of the receiving waters is assessed in Attachment F1.

The Third Schedule of the 2001 Regulations gives a list of Sensitive areas.

Article 4(2)(a) states that all discharges into Sensitive Areas require more stringent treatment than secondary treatment. The Awbeg River is not a designated Sensitive Area. The River Blackwater downstream of Mallow Railway Bridge to Ballyduff Bridge is designated a Sensitive Area. This is not within 2km of any discharge point from the Doneraile wastewater treatment works.

The Fifth Schedule of the 2001 Regulations gives a methodology for monitoring the final effluent from the wastewater treatment plant. Item 3 states "The minimum annual number of samples shall be determined according to the size of the treatment plant and be collected at regular intervals during the year." For a PE of between 2000-9999 4 samples should be taken each year. Cork County Council wastewater laboratory carries out regular testing at the outlet of the treatment plant.

Shellfish Directive 79/923/EEC

The Awbeg River is not a designated Shellfish Area under the Shellfish Waters Regulations, S.I. 200 of 1994. The River Blackwater, into which the River Awbeg flows is also not designated under these regulations.

Habitats Directive 92/43/EEC

Candidate Special Areas of Conservation (cSACs) are protected under the European Union (EU) Habitats Directive (92/43/EEC), as implemented in Ireland by the European Communities (Natural Habitats) Regulations, 1997.

The Blackwater River cSAC (Site Code: 002170) is very large, extending from the tidal estuary of the river at Youghal Co. Cork to the upper tributaries and their flood plains, in Cos. Cork Kerry, Limerick, Tipperary and Waterford.

The cSAC is designated on the basis of the presence of a large number of EU Habitats Directive Annex 1 habitats and Annex 2 species.

The Blackwater River Site Synopsis is included in this attachment.

Environmental Liabilities Directive 2004/35/EC

The Environmental Liability Directive is about preventing and remedying environmental damage. It aims to hold operators whose activities have caused environmental damage financially liable for remedying this damage, and it aims to hold those whose activities have caused an imminent threat of environmental damage liable for taking preventive actions.

Cork County Council Wastewater Laboratory carries out monitoring of the effluent from the wastewater treatment plant on a regular basis.

Failure to meet the specified treated effluent standards may result in final penalties to Cork County Council. As a result, the risk of environmental pollution from the treatment plant may be reduced.

Bathing Water Directive 76/160/EEC

The Awbeg River is not designated a Bathing Water under the Bathing Water Regulations, S.I. 178 of 1998 as amended.

Dangerous Substances Directive 2006/11/EC

The level of dangerous substances in both the effluent discharged from Buttevant wastewater treatment plant and the river itself is significantly lower than the concentration limits set in the directive.

Attachment G.1 should contain the most recent programme of improvements, including a copy of any approved funding for the project and a timeframe for the completion of the necessary works to take place.

Attachment included	Yes	No
	√	

G.2 Compliance with Water Quality Standards for Phosphorus Regulations (S.I. No. 258 of 1998).

Provide details on a programme of improvements, including any water quality management plans or catchment management plans in place, to ensure that improvements of water quality required under the Water Quality Standards for Phosphorous Regulations (S.I. No. 258 of 1998) are being achieved. Provide details of any specific measures adopted for waste water works specified in Phosphorus Measures Implementation reports and the progress to date of those measures. Provide details highlighting any waste water works that have been identified as the principal sources of pollution under the P regulations.

Receiving Water Quality Requirement based on Phosphorus Regulations 2008

The effluent arising from the WWTP is discharge to the Awbeg River, which flows adjacent to the WWTP site boundary. The Awbeg River is a tributary of the Blackwater River (Munster).

The EPA have three number stations on the Awbeg River, upstream along the Awbeg the Q value of the river is 4 at the two locations. , while downstream of the River the Q value is 3-4. Castletownroche agglomerations discharge downstream of Doneraile Agglomeration, while the agglomeration of Buttevant discharges to the Awbeg upstream of Doneraile Agglomeration.

Effluent Standards

The treated effluent quality requirements are determined with respect to the EC Urban Wastewater Directive, given effect in Irish Law by S.I.254 of 2001. The wastewater treatment processes should reduce nutrients in the final effluent. The minimum effluent standard based on S.I.254 of 2001 for Phosphorus in wastewater effluent is 2mg/l.

As a natural consequence of secondary treatment, there will be an uptake of phosphorous for biomass synthesis at the wastewater treatment plant in Buttevant This is evident from Tables 3 &4 below showing the uptake of phosphorus through the wastewater treatment plant.

Table G2-3: Phosphorus Levels in Influent to WWTP

Parameter	Inlet Monitoring Station	
	06/01/09	20/01/09
Ortho-Phosphate	4.4	3.6

Table G2-4: Phosphorus Levels in Effluent from WWTP

Parameter	Outlet Monitoring Station	
	06/01/09	20/01/09
Ortho-Phosphate	1	0.26

From above, it is evident that treated effluent from the Doneraile wastewater treatment plant is compliant with the quality of effluent standards set out in the Urban Waste Water Directive criteria for discharges to sensitive water even though this designation does not apply for this area.

Attachment G.2 should contain the most recent programme of improvements and any associated documentation requested under Section G.3 of the application.

Attachment included	Yes	No
		✓

G.3 Impact Mitigation

Provide details on a programme of improvements to ensure that discharges from the agglomeration will not result in significant environmental pollution.

Recently the WWTP was upgraded at a cost of €2 M and the collection system for the village of Buttevant was also upgraded at a cost of €2.25 M. The collection system works involved the laying of 5.5 km of sewer pipes (foul, storm and foul rising mains), in addition two nr Pumping Stations were constructed and with the upgrade of the main village pumping station. These projects were upgraded under the Water Services Investment Programme 2002 -2006. No further works are listed to be carried out under the current Water Services Investment Programme 2007 -2009

With these recent improvements to the collection system and WWTP it will ensure that discharges from the agglomeration will not result in significant environmental pollution.

Attachment G.3 should contain the most recent programme of improvements, including a copy of any approved funding for the project and a timeframe for the completion of the necessary works to take place.

Attachment included	Yes	No
		✓

G.4 Storm Water Overflow

Provide details on a programme of improvements to ensure that discharges other than the primary and secondary discharges comply with the definition of 'storm water overflow' as per Regulation 3 of the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations, 2007.

There are no overflows within the agglomeration other than those from the primary and secondary overflows.

Attachment G.4 should contain the most recent programme of improvements, including a copy of any approved funding for the project and a timeframe for the completion of the necessary works to take place.

Attachment included	Yes	No
		√

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SECTION H: DECLARATION

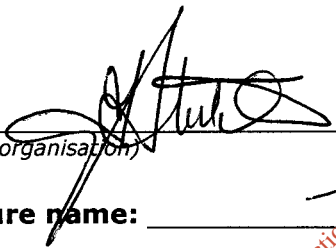
Declaration

I hereby make application for a waste water discharge licence/revised licence, pursuant to the provisions of the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations, 2007 (S.I. No. 684 of 2007).

I certify that the information given in this application is truthful, accurate and complete.

I give consent to the EPA to copy this application for its own use and to make it available for inspection and copying by the public, both in the form of paper files available for inspection at EPA and local authority offices, and via the EPA's website.

This consent relates to this application itself and to any further information or submission, whether provided by me as Applicant, any person acting on the Applicant's behalf, or any other person.

Signed by : 
(on behalf of the organisation)

Date : 12 February 2009

Print signature name: TOM STRITCH

Position in organisation: DIRECTOR OF SERVICES

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SECTION I: JOINT DECLARATION

Joint Declaration ^{Note1}

I hereby make application for a waste water discharge licence/revised licence, pursuant to the provisions of the Waste Water Discharge (Authorisation) Regulations, 2007 (S.I. No. 684 of 2007).

I certify that the information given in this application is truthful, accurate and complete.

I give consent to the EPA to copy this application for its own use and to make it available for inspection and copying by the public, both in the form of paper files available for inspection at EPA and local authority offices, and via the EPA's website.

This consent relates to this application itself and to any further information or submission whether provided by me as Applicant, any person acting on the Applicant's behalf, or any other person.

Lead Authority

Signed by : _____ **Date :** _____
(on behalf of the organisation)

Print signature name: _____

Position in organisation: _____

Co-Applicants

Signed by : _____ **Date :** _____
(on behalf of the organisation)

Print signature name: _____

Position in organisation: _____

Signed by : _____ **Date :** _____
(on behalf of the organisation)

Print signature name: _____

Position in organisation: _____

Note 1: In the case of an application being lodged on behalf of more than a single water services authority the following declaration must be signed by all applicants.

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ANNEX 1: TABLES / ATTACHMENT

Attachment	Description
A1 Map 1	1:50,000 Location Map
A1 Map 2	Site Location of WWTP & Pumping Stations
A1 Map 3	Wastewater Treatment Plant – Site Layout
B1 Map 4	Agglomeration
B2 Map 5	Layout of Waste Water Treatment Plant
B3 Map 6	Location of Primary Discharge Point SW01 DONE
B3 Map 7	Location of Sampling Points
B4	Not Applicable
B5	Not Applicable
B6	Part VIII Planning
B7	Not Applicable
B8 Map 8	Location of Site Notice
B8	Notice & Advertisement
B10	WSIP Programme
B 11	Not Applicable
B 12	Not Applicable
C1 Map 9	Layout Wastewater Treatment Plant
C1 Drg 1	Schematic of Wastewater Treatment Plant
C2	Not Applicable
D1	Influent Results
Section D2	Discharge Points
E2	
Section E3	Monitoring & Sampling Points
E4	
F1	Laboratory Test Results SAC Blackwater River Site Synopsis
F2	Not Applicable
G1	SAC Blackwater River Site Synopsis WSIP Programme
G2	WSIP Programme Laboratory Test Results
G3	WSIP Programme
G4	Not Applicable

Agglomeration details

Leading Local Authority	Cork County Council
Co-Applicants	
Agglomeration	Doneraile
Population Equivalent	1300
Level of Treatment	Tertiary
Treatment plant address	Demesne, Doneraile, Co. Cork
Grid Ref (12 digits, 6E, 6N)	160185 / 107482
EPA Reference No:	

Contact details

Contact Name:	Frank Cronin
Contact Address:	Water Services North, Cork County Council, Anabella, Mallow, Co. Cork
Contact Number:	022-21123
Contact Fax:	022-21983
Contact Email:	Finbarri.jones@corkcoco.ie

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Table D.1(i)(a): EMISSIONS TO SURFACE/GROUND WATERS (Primary Discharge Point)

Discharge Point Code: SW-1

Local Authority Ref No:	SW01-DONE	
Source of Emission:	Doneraile Wasterwater Treatment Plant	
Location:	Demesne, Doneraile, Co. Cork	
Grid Ref (12 digits, 6E, 6N)	160254 / 107485	
Name of Receiving waters:	Awbeg	
Water Body:	River Water Body	
River Basin District	South Western RBD	
Designation of Receiving Waters:	U/S of Salmoid Water	
Flow Rate in Receiving Waters:	0.43	m ³ .sec ⁻¹ Dry Weather Flow
	0.6	m ³ .sec ⁻¹ 95% Weather Flow
Additional Comments (e.g. commentary on zero flow or other information deemed of value)		

Emission Details:

(i) Volume emitted			
Normal/day	286 m ³	Maximum/day	1716 m ³
Maximum rate/hour	71.5 m ³	Period of emission (avg)	60 min/hr 24 hr/day 365 day/yr
Dry Weather Flow	0.0033 m ³ /sec		

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Table D.1(i)(b): EMISSIONS TO SURFACE/GROUND WATERS - Characteristics of The Emission (Primary Discharge Point)

Discharge Point Code: SW-1

Substance	As discharged			
	Unit of Measurement	Sampling Method	Max Daily Avg.	kg/day
pH	pH	24 hr composite	= 9	
Temperature	°C	24 hr composite	< 30	
Electrical Conductivity (@ 25°C)	µS/cm	24 hr composite	= 1000	
Suspended Solids	mg/l	24 hr composite	= 35	60.06
Ammonia (as N)	mg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	mg/l	24 hr composite	= 25	42.9
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/l	24 hr composite	= 125	214.5
Total Nitrogen (as N)	mg/l	24 hr composite	= 50	85.8
Nitrite (as N)	mg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Nitrate (as N)	mg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Total Phosphorous (as P)	mg/l	24 hr composite	= 2	3.42
OrthoPhosphate (as P)	mg/l	24 hr composite	= 1.7	2.92
Sulphate (SO ₄)	mg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Phenols (Sum)	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0

For Orthophosphate: this monitoring should be undertaken on a sample filtered on 0.45µm filter paper

For Phenols: USEPA Method 604, AWWA Standard Method 6240, or equivalent.

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Table D.1(i)(c): DANGEROUS SUBSTANCE EMISSIONS TO SURFACE/GROUND WATERS - Characteristics of The Emission (Primary Discharge Point)

Discharge Point Code: SW-1

Substance	As discharged			
	Unit of Measurement	Sampling Method	Max Daily Avg.	kg/day
Atrazine	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Dichloromethane	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Simazine	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Toluene	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Tributyltin	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Xylenes	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Arsenic	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Chromium	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Copper	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Cyanide	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Flouride	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Lead	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Nickel	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Zinc	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Boron	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Cadmium	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Mercury	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Selenium	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0
Barium	µg/l	24 hr composite	= 0	0

For Orthophosphate: this monitoring should be undertaken on a sample filtered on 0.45µm filter paper
 For Phenols: USEPA Method 604, AWWA Standard Method 6246, or equivalent.

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TABLE E.1(i): WASTE WATER FREQUENCY AND QUANTITY OF DISCHARGE – Primary and Secondary Discharge Points

Identification Code for Discharge point	Frequency of discharge (days/annum)	Quantity of Waste Water Discharged (m ³ /annum)
SW-1	365	104390

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TABLE E.1(ii): WASTE WATER FREQUENCY AND QUANTITY OF DISCHARGE – Storm Water Overflows

Identification Code for Discharge point	Frequency of discharge (days/annum)	Quantity of Waste Water Discharged (m ³ /annum)	Complies with Definition of Storm Water Overflow
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TABLE F.1(i)(a): SURFACE/GROUND WATER MONITORING

Primary Discharge Point

Discharge Point Code:	SW-1
MONITORING POINT CODE:	aSW-1d
Grid Ref (12 digits, 6E, 6N)	160604 / 107399

Parameter	Results (mg/l)				Sampling method	Limit of Quantitation	Analysis method / technique
	10/04/08	24/09/08	09/10/08	10/12/08			
pH					Grab	2	Electrochemical
Temperature					Grab	0	Electrochemical
Electrical Conductivity (@ 25°C)				= 457	Grab	0.5	Electrochemical
Suspended Solids					Grab	0.5	Gravimetric
Ammonia (as N)					Grab	0.02	Colorimetric
Biochemical Oxygen Demand					Grab	0.06	Electrochemical
Chemical Oxygen Demand					Grab	8	Digestion & Colorimetric
Dissolved Oxygen					Grab	0	ISE
Hardness (as CaCO ₃)					Grab	0	Titrimetric
Total Nitrogen (as N)					Grab	0.5	Digestion & Colorimetric
Nitrite (as N)					Grab	0	Colorimetric
Nitrate (as N)					Grab	0.5	Colorimetric
Total Phosphorous (as P)					Grab	0.2	Digestion & Colorimetric
OrthoPhosphate (as P)	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	Grab	0.02	Colorimetric
Sulphate (SO ₄)					Grab	30	Turbidimetric
Phenols (Sum)					Grab	0.1	GC-MS 2

For Orthophosphate: this monitoring should be undertaken on a sample filtered on 0.45µm filter paper

For Phenols: USEPA Method 604, AWWA Standard Method 6240, or equivalent.

Additional Comments:	
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WWD Licence Application Annex I

Parameter	Results (mg/l)				Sampling method	Limit of Quantitation	Analysis method / technique
	01/01/09	06/01/09	08/01/09	20/01/09			
pH		= 7.9	= 7.9	= 7.7	Grab	2	Electrochemical
Temperature	= 0				Grab	0	Electrochemical
Electrical Conductivity (@ 25°C)		= 554	= 508	= 365	Grab	0.5	Electrochemical
Suspended Solids		< 1	< 2.5	= 17	Grab	0.5	Gravimetric
Ammonia (as N)		= 0.05		= 0.1	Grab	0.02	Colorimetric
Biochemical Oxygen Demand		< 2	< 1	< 2	Grab	0.06	Electrochemical
Chemical Oxygen Demand		= 4	< 21	= 37	Grab	8	Digestion & Colorimetric
Dissolved Oxygen	= 0				Grab	0	ISE
Hardness (as CaCO ₃)	= 0				Grab	0	Titrimetric
Total Nitrogen (as N)		= 3.9	= 3.8	= 2.5	Grab	0.5	Digestion & Colorimetric
Nitrite (as N)			= 3.08		Grab	0	Colorimetric
Nitrate (as N)			= 0.034		Grab	0.5	Colorimetric
Total Phosphorous (as P)		= 0.07	< 0.2	= 0.16	Grab	0.2	Digestion & Colorimetric
OrthoPhosphate (as P)		< 0.05	< 0.05	= 0.1	Grab	0.02	Colorimetric
Sulphate (SO ₄)			< 30		Grab	30	Turbidimetric
Phenols (Sum)			= 3.881		Grab	0.1	GC-MS 2

For Orthophosphate: this monitoring should be undertaken on a sample filtered on 0.45µm filter paper
 For Phenols: USEPA Method 604, AWWA Standard Method 6240, or equivalent.

Additional Comments:	
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TABLE F.1(i)(b): SURFACE/GROUND WATER MONITORING (Dangerous Substances)

Primary Discharge Point

Discharge Point Code:	SW-1
MONITORING POINT CODE:	aSW-1d
Grid Ref (12 digits, 6E, 6N)	160604 / 107399

Parameter	Results (µg/l)				Sampling method	Limit of Quantitation	Analysis method / technique
	01/01/09	06/01/09	08/01/09	20/01/09			
Atrazine			< 0.01		Grab	0.96	HPLC
Dichloromethane			< 1		Grab	1	GS-MS1
Simazine			< 0.01		Grab	0.01	HPLC
Toluene			< 1		Grab	0.02	GS-MS1
Tributyltin	= 0				Grab	0.02	GS-MS1
Xylenes			< 1		Grab	1	GS-MS1
Arsenic			< 0.96		Grab	0.96	ICP-MS
Chromium		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Copper		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Cyanide			< 5		Grab	5	Colorimetric
Flouride			= 86		Grab	100	ISE
Lead		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Nickel		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Zinc		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Boron		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Cadmium		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Mercury			< 0.2		Grab	0.2	ICP-MS
Selenium			= 7.1		Grab	0.74	ICP-MS
Barium		< 20	= 34	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES

Additional Comments:	TBT value is 0.02ug/l as Sn
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TABLE F.1(i)(a): SURFACE/GROUND WATER MONITORING

Primary Discharge Point

Discharge Point Code:	SW-1
MONITORING POINT CODE:	aSW-1u
Grid Ref (12 digits, 6E, 6N)	160157 / 107550

Parameter	Results (mg/l)				Sampling method	Limit of Quantitation	Analysis method / technique
	10/04/08	24/09/08	09/10/08	10/12/08			
pH					Grab	2	Electrochemical
Temperature					Grab	0	Electrochemical
Electrical Conductivity (@ 25°C)				= 462	Grab	0.5	Electrochemical
Suspended Solids					Grab	0.5	Gravimetric
Ammonia (as N)					Grab	0.02	Colorimetric
Biochemical Oxygen Demand					Grab	0.06	Electrochemical
Chemical Oxygen Demand					Grab	8	Digestion & Colorimetric
Dissolved Oxygen					Grab	0	ISE
Hardness (as CaCO ₃)					Grab	0	Titrimetric
Total Nitrogen (as N)					Grab	0.5	Digestion & Colorimetric
Nitrite (as N)					Grab	0	Colorimetric
Nitrate (as N)					Grab	0.5	Colorimetric
Total Phosphorous (as P)					Grab	0.2	Digestion & Colorimetric
OrthoPhosphate (as P)	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	< 0.05	Grab	0.02	Colorimetric
Sulphate (SO ₄)					Grab	30	Turbidimetric
Phenols (Sum)					Grab	0.1	GC-MS 2

For Orthophosphate: this monitoring should be undertaken on a sample filtered on 0.45µm filter paper

For Phenols: USEPA Method 604, AWWA Standard Method 6240, or equivalent.

Additional Comments:	
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WWD Licence Application Annex I

Parameter	Results (mg/l)				Sampling method	Limit of Quantitation	Analysis method / technique
	01/01/09	06/01/09	08/01/09	20/01/09			
pH		= 7.9	= 7.9	= 7.7	Grab	2	Electrochemical
Temperature	= 0				Grab	0	Electrochemical
Electrical Conductivity (@ 25°C)		= 551	= 509	= 366	Grab	0.5	Electrochemical
Suspended Solids		= 3	< 2.5	= 14	Grab	0.5	Gravimetric
Ammonia (as N)		= 0.05	< 0.1	= 0.1	Grab	0.02	Colorimetric
Biochemical Oxygen Demand		< 2	< 1	< 2	Grab	0.06	Electrochemical
Chemical Oxygen Demand		= 5	< 21	= 28	Grab	8	Digestion & Colorimetric
Dissolved Oxygen	= 0				Grab	0	ISE
Hardness (as CaCO ₃)	= 0				Grab	0	Titrimetric
Total Nitrogen (as N)		= 4	= 3.9	= 2.5	Grab	0.5	Digestion & Colorimetric
Nitrite (as N)			= 0.009		Grab	0	Colorimetric
Nitrate (as N)			= 3.29		Grab	0.5	Colorimetric
Total Phosphorous (as P)		= 0.06	< 0.2	= 0.15	Grab	0.2	Digestion & Colorimetric
OrthoPhosphate (as P)		< 0.05	< 0.05	= 0.1	Grab	0.02	Colorimetric
Sulphate (SO ₄)			< 30		Grab	30	Turbidimetric
Phenols (Sum)			< 0.1		Grab	0.1	GC-MS 2

For Orthophosphate: this monitoring should be undertaken on a sample filtered on 0.45µm filter paper
 For Phenols: USEPA Method 604, AWWA Standard Method 6240, or equivalent.

Additional Comments:	
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TABLE F.1(i)(b): SURFACE/GROUND WATER MONITORING (Dangerous Substances)

Primary Discharge Point

Discharge Point Code:	SW-1
MONITORING POINT CODE:	aSW-1u
Grid Ref (12 digits, 6E, 6N)	160157 / 107550

Parameter	Results (µg/l)				Sampling method	Limit of Quantitation	Analysis method / technique
	01/01/09	06/01/09	08/01/09	20/01/09			
Atrazine			< 0.01		Grab	0.96	HPLC
Dichloromethane			< 1		Grab	1	GC-MS1
Simazine			< 0.01		Grab	0.01	HPLC
Toluene			< 1		Grab	0.02	GC-MS1
Tributyltin	= 0				Grab	0.02	GC-MS1
Xylenes			< 1		Grab	1	GC-MS1
Arsenic			< 0.96		Grab	0.96	ICP-MS
Chromium		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Copper		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Cyanide			< 5		Grab	5	Colorimetric
Flouride			= 72		Grab	10	ISE
Lead		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Nickel		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Zinc		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Boron		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Cadmium		< 20	< 20	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES
Mercury			0.2		Grab	0.2	ICP-MS
Selenium			= 7.4		Grab	0.74	ICP-MS
Barium		< 20	= 33	< 20	Grab	20	ICP-OES

Additional Comments:	TBT value is 0.02ug/l as Sn
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Annex 2: Check List For Regulation 16 Compliance

Regulation 16 of the waste water discharge (Authorisation) Regulations 2007 (S.I. No. 684 of 2007) sets out the information which must, in all cases, accompany a discharge licence application. In order to ensure that the application fully complies with the legal requirements of regulation 16 of the 2007 Regulations, all applicants should complete the following.

In each case, refer to the attachment number(s), of your application which contains(s) the information requested in the appropriate sub-article.

Regulation 16(1) In the case of an application for a waste water discharge licence, the application shall -		Attachment Number	Checked by Applicant
(a)	give the name, address, telefax number (if any) and telephone number of the applicant (and, if different, of the operator of any treatment plant concerned) and the address to which correspondence relating to the application should be sent and, if the operator is a body corporate, the address of its registered office or principal office,	B.1	Yes
(b)	give the name of the water services authority in whose functional area the relevant waste water discharge takes place or is to take place, if different from that of the applicant,	Not Applicable	Yes
(c)	give the location or postal address (including where appropriate, the name of the townland or townlands) and the National Grid reference of the location of the waste water treatment plant and/or the waste water discharge point or points to which the application relates,	B.2	Yes
(d)	state the population equivalent of the agglomeration to which the application relates,	B.9	Yes
(e)	specify the content and extent of the waste water discharge, the level of treatment provided, if any, and the flow and type of discharge,	C,d	Yes
(f)	give details of the receiving water body, including its protected area status, if any, and details of any sensitive areas or protected areas or both in the vicinity of the discharge point or points likely to be affected by the discharge concerned, and for discharges to ground provide details of groundwater protection schemes in place for the receiving water body and all associated hydrogeological and geological assessments related to the receiving water environment in the vicinity of the discharge.	F.1	Yes
(g)	identify monitoring and sampling points and indicate proposed arrangements for the monitoring of discharges and, if Regulation 17 does not apply, provide details of the likely environmental consequences of any such discharges,	E.3	Yes
(h)	in the case of an existing waste water treatment plant, specify the sampling data pertaining to the discharge based on the samples taken in the 12 months preceding the making of the application,	E.4	Yes
(i)	describe the existing or proposed measures, including emergency procedures, to prevent unintended waste water discharges and to minimise the impact on the environment of any such discharges,	G.3	Yes
(j)	give particulars of the nearest downstream drinking water abstraction point or points to the discharge point or points,	Not Applicable	Yes
(k)	give details, and an assessment of the effects, of any existing or proposed emissions on the environment, including any environmental medium other than those into which the emissions are, or are to be made, and of proposed measures to prevent or eliminate or, where that is not practicable, to limit any pollution caused in such discharges,	F.1	Yes
(l)	give detail of compliance with relevant monitoring requirements and treatment standards contained in any applicable Council Directives of Regulations,	E.1, E.4	Yes
(m)	give details of any work necessary to meet relevant effluent discharge standards and a timeframe and schedule for such work.	G.1	Yes
(n)	Any other information as may be stipulated by the Agency.	Not Applicable	Yes
Regulation 16(3) Without prejudice to Regulation 16 (1) and (2), an application for a licence shall be accompanied by -		Attachment Number	Checked by Applicant
(a)	a copy of the notice of intention to make an application given pursuant to Regulation 9,	B8	Yes
(b)	where appropriate, a copy of the notice given to a relevant water services authority under Regulation 13,	Not Applicable	Yes
(c)	Such other particulars, drawings, maps, reports and supporting documentation as are necessary to identify and describe, as appropriate -	B	Yes
(c) (i)	the point or points, including storm water overflows, from which a discharge or discharges take place or are to take place, and	B.3,	Yes
(c) (ii)	the point or points at which monitoring and sampling are undertaken or are to be undertaken,	E.3	Yes
(d)	such fee as is appropriate having regard to the provisions of Regulations 38 and 39.	B.9 (iii)	Yes

Regulation 16(4) An original application shall be accompanied by 2 copies of it and of all accompanying documents and particulars as required under Regulation 16(3) in hardcopy or in an electronic or other format as specified by the Agency.		Attachment Number	Checked by Applicant
1	An Original Application shall be accompanied by 2 copies of it and of all accompanying documents and particulars as required under regulation 16(3) in hardcopy or in electronic or other format as specified by the agency.		Yes
Regulation 16(5) For the purpose of paragraph (4), all or part of the 2 copies of the said application and associated documents and particulars may, with the agreement of the Agency, be submitted in an electronic or other format specified by the Agency.		Attachment Number	Checked by Applicant
1	Signed original.		Yes
2	2 hardcopies of application provided or 2 CD versions of application (PDF files) provided.		Yes
3	1 CD of geo-referenced digital files provided.		Yes
Regulation 17 Where a treatment plant associated with the relevant waste water works is or has been subject to the European Communities (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 1989 to 2001, in addition to compliance with the requirements of Regulation 16, an application in respect of the relevant discharge shall be accompanied by a copy of an environmental impact statement and approval in accordance with the Act of 2000 in respect of the said development and may be submitted in an electronic or other format specified by the Agency		Attachment Number	Checked by Applicant
1	EIA provided if applicable	Not Applicable	Yes
2	2 hardcopies of EIS provided if applicable.	Not Applicable	Yes
3	2 CD versions of EIS, as PDF files, provided.	Not Applicable	Yes

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