SAFETY DATA SHEET



For

SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION, 30 - 50% UN1824



1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION

Chemical Product Name

Sodium Hydroxide Solution 30-50%

Company Details

Goulding Chemicals Limited,

Centre Park Road,

Marina, Cork

Tel: (021) 4911611 Fax: (021) 4911660

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Common Chemical Name

Sodium Hydroxide Solution 30,50%

Synonyms

Caustic Soda Liquor, Sodium Lye Solution.

Chemical Formula

NaOH

Chemical Family

Alkali.

CAS Name & Number

Sodium Hydroxide / 1310-73-2.

Ingredients contributing

to the hazard.

Sodium Hydroxide.

3. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Main Hazard - Corrosive.

Causes severe burns. Keep out of reach of children. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wear suitable gloves and eye, face protection. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show label where possible).

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact

Immediately flood with copious quantities of water for at least 30 minutes holding the eye open if necessary.

Obtain medical attention.



4. FIRST AID MEASURES cont...

Skin Contact

Immediately wash with water, preferably under a shower, removing contaminated clothing while washing proceeds.

Obtain medical attention if irritation persists or if blistering

occurs.

Contaminated clothing should be washed before re-use.

Inhalation

Remove from exposure. Keep warm and at rest. If there is respiratory distress, give oxygen. If respiration stops of shows signs of failing, apply artificial respiration.

Obtain medical attention urgently.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water, give plenty of water or other fluids

to drink.

Do not induce vomiting.

Obtain medical attention urgently.

Treatment may be needed for pain and shock.

Note for Doctors

Harmful by ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye contact.

Local corrosive effects predominate.

No known systemic effects.

No specific antidotal treatment, symptomatic support required.

No known delayed effects after single exposure apart from

consequence of local tissue damage.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Not applicable.

Sodium hydroxide solution is non flammable.



6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personnel Precautions

Wear full protective equipment. -

See Exposure Controls / Personal Protection (Section 8).

Environmental Precautions

If spillage or contaminated washings cause contamination of water courses, drains or vegetation inform relevant authorities.

Methods for Cleaning up

Small spillages - dilute carefully with water.

Large spillages - absorb in earth or sand. Place into containers

and dispose of using licensed waste disposal contractors.

Wash down contaminated area with water. Collect and treat all water used in the clean up, see Environmental Precautions.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Wear full protective clothing.

Provide safety showers and eyebaths in areas where accidental exposure is possible.

Certain sugars react with sodium hydroxide in solutions above 1% strength and above 55°C to form carbon monoxide gas. This can be a respiratory and/or a fire hazard, particularly when cleaning certain dairy equipment. The susceptible compounds include fructose, galactose, arabinose, levulose, lactose, maltose and dry whey powder.

Storage

Sodium hydroxide solution should be stored in a closed vessel to avoid moisture absorption and contamination.

Store sodium hydroxide away from reactive materials.

There is a danger of freezing in cold weather and if the product temperature falls below the given recommendation it may be necessary to heat the product.

Product temperature must not exceed 50°C unless mild steel in contact with it has been stress relieved.

Recommended MINIMUM Storage Temperatures

30% and 47%: 20°C

50%: 25°C

Materials

UNSUITABLE

Aluminium

Tin

Zinc and alloys

Lead and alloys

Brass

Copper alloys

SUITABLE

Mild steel (see storage)

Stainless steel

Cast iron or steel

Nickel

Rubber

Epoxy coatings Certain PVC

(subject to temp. limitations)

Polypropylene



8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal Protective

PVC suit.

Equipment

PVC gloves.

PVC or rubber footwear.

Chemical goggles.

Breathing apparatus where fumes are a problem.

Occupational

TWA:

Exposure Limits

STEL: 2 mg/m²

EH40 - 1993

Installation Control

See Handling and Storage (Section 7).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Colourless or grey syrupy liquid.

Density Liquid kg/m3

@ 20°C 30%: 1.328 47%: 1.480 50%: 1.525

Odour

Slight, characteristic.

Molecular Weight

40.01g as NaOH 100%

рH

>14 at 100 gA water at 20° C.

Solubility

Completely soluble in water.

Boiling Point ⁰C

30%: 18°C 47%: 140°C 50%: 145°C

Melting Point ⁶C

30%: +1°C 47%: +8°C 50%: +12°C

Vapour Pressure at ⁰C

at 15°C 30%: 6.6 47%: 2.0 50%: 1.45

Flash Point

Not applicable.

Flammability

Not applicable.

Auto Flammability

Not applicable.



STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Sodium hydroxide if stored correctly will not decompose over Stability

time.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid low temperature storage - see Handling and Storage

(Section 7).

Material to Avoid:

- Water Mixture will become warm during initial dilution (exothermic

reaction).

No dangerous reaction. - Air

Slow absorption of carbon dioxide to form sodium carbonate.

- Acids Violent reactions.

- Bases/Alkalis No dangerous reaction.

A violent reaction with chlorine, otherwise no dangerous - Oxidising Agents

reaction, with oxidising agents in aqueous solution.

- Hazardous Hydrogen gas may be liberated by contact with certain metals such as brass zinc, aluminium, forming an explosive hazard. Decomposition

Products

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Effects of Substance:

- On Eyes Liquid: severe burns, even on short duration contact.

Mist or spray: moderate to severe irritation, may cause

injury at concentrations.

- On Skin Liquid: severe irritations and burns.

Mist or spray: irritation.

No known systemic effects by any route of exposure. - By Skin Absorption

- By Ingestion Severe irritation and corrosion of the mouth, throat and

digestive tract.

- When Inhaled Exposure to the mist or spray in concentration much above (acute effect)

the hygiene standard causes irritation to the nose, throat and

respiratory tract.

Not known. - When Inhaled

(chronic effect)



ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxic to fish and algae. Concentrations greater than 4mg/l as 100% may be lethal to fish. Increasing pH to 10 or more is lethal to aquatic life.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Spillages Wear full protective clothing. See Exposure

> Controls/Personal Protection (Section 8). See Accidental Release Measures (Section 6).

Dispose of sodium hydroxide solutions or materials Waste

contaminated with sodium hydroxide using a waste disposal

firm.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

1824 Class 8 corrosive substance. **UN Number**

ADR/RID Classification 8 ADR. HIN.80

IMO Code/Classification 8, corrosive.

Classification Code C5

H Packaging Group

Normal Carriage Pressure Atmospheric

10°C - 48°C (See Handling and Storage) Normal Carriage Temperature

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

- Corrosive. Most Important Hazard C

Risk Phrases - Causes severe burns. R35

Safety Phrases **S2** - Keep out of reach of children.

> - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with **S26**

plenty of water and seek medical advice.

- Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. S27

S37/39 - Wear suitable gloves and eye, face protection.

- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek \$45 medical advice immediately (show label where possible).



15. REGULATORY INFORMATION cont....

Relevant Statutory Instruments

1998/43

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road Act, 1998

S.I. 2001/492

Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road Regulations 2001

S.I. 2001/619

Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents)

Regulation, 2001.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The information contained in this data sheet is given in good faith and to the best of our knowledge but no guarantee, implied or otherwise is made.

Issued md Oct '01

Revision History

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Changes	ion of rees	Responsible	Date		
pH, adr. stat inst. class code + Pack grp	ectavite	sod	sept 03		

Albion Chemical Distribution (Ireland) Ltd

Unit 2, Crossbeg Industrial Estate, Ballymount, Dublin 24

Telephone: 00 353 1 460 0360

Fax: 00 353 1 460 0339

email: dublin.sales@albionchemicals.co.uk

Website: www.albionchemicals.co.uk

To
cc
From
Date
Pages 1 of (Including this page)
Subject

☐ Urgent ☐ For Review ☐ Please Comment ☐ Please Reply

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION NO. NA60001

NITRIC ACID 60%

Appearance: Colourless to pale yellow solution

Specific Gravity @ 20 ° C: Solution

Nominally 1.37

Nitric Acid, % w / w : 60 +/- 1

Iron as Fe: 0.001 % maximum

Chloride as C1: 0.001 % maximum

Nitrous Acid as HNO₂: 0.05 % maximum

Sulphuric Acid as SO₃: 0.02 % maximum

Residue on Ignition: 0.01 % maximum







SAFETY DATA SHEET



NITRIC ACID 50% - 70%

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Product name

: NITRIC ACID 50% - 70%

Supplier

Albion Chemical Distribution

Rawdon House Green Lane Yeadon Leeds

LS19 7XX

Chemical product name

NITRIC ACID 50% - 70%

Synonymy

: NITRIC ACID 50% - 70%

EMERGENCY ONLY TELEPHONE NUMBER : (N.C.E.C. CULHAM) 01865 407333 Telephone No.

(0113) 2505811

Fax No.

(0113) 2508776

Formula

: HNO3

Malecular Mass

63.02

Composition/information on ingredients 2.

Substance/Preparation

Substance

hemical name

CAS No.

EC Number 50-70

Symbol С

R-Phrases

1) NITRIC ACID 50% - 70%

7697-37-2

231-714-2

R35

* Occupational Exposure Limit(s), if available, are listed in Section 8

AQUEOUS SOLUTION OF NITRIC ACID AT SPECIFIED MASS

CONCENTRATION. SPECIFICATION WILL BE GIVEN ON REQUEST

7697-37-2

CAS No. **EINECS Number**

231-714-2

Hazards identification 3.

Human health hazards

: Causes severe burns.

Cons

4. First-aid measures

First-Aid measures

Intralation

Remove from exposure. If breathing stops or shows signs of failing, give artificial respiration. Obtain medical attention urgently. Keep warm and at rest. If there is difficulty in breathing, give oxygen. Do not use mouth to mouth ventilation.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Have victim drink 1-3 glasses of water to dilute stomach contents. Obtain medical

Skin contact

Immediately flood the skin with large quantities of water, preferably under a shower. Remove contaminated clothing as washing proceeds. Contaminated clothing should be washed or dry-cleaned before re-use. Obtain medical attention if blistering occurs or redness persists.

Eve Confact

Immediately flood the eye with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eye open. Obtain medical attention urgently.

Effects and symptoms

Tabab tion

Exposure to decomposition products may have the following effects:- wheezing, tightness of the chest, pulmonary oedema. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Ingestion

Swallowing may have the following effects:- haematemisis, perforation of the oesophagus, gastric perforation. cyanosis. circulatory failure. coma and death.

Skin contact

Product will cause severe chemical burns. Repeated or prolonged contact may produce defatting of the skin leading to irritation and dermatitis.

Eye Contact

Liquid will cause severe conjunctival irritation and corneal damage.

Aggravating conditions

Repeated or prolonged contact with spray mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated

or prolonged exposure to spray mist may produce respiratory tract irritation, leading to frequent attacks of bronchial

Notes to physician

Keep under medical surveillance for 48 hours if exposure to fumes is suspected.

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: 8/22/2001.

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NITRIC ACID 50% - 70%

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing Media

Suitable : Select extinguishing agent appropriate to other materials involved. Keep containers and surroundings cool with water

spray.

Unusual fire/explosion Hazards : Hazardous Combustion Products : NITROGEN OXIDES , HYDROGEN NITRATE

This product may give rise to hazardous fumes in a fire.

Hazardous (bermal (de)composition

Special fire-fighting procedures

products.

Decomposes in heated air producing:- toxic and acidic fumes, oxides of nitrogen, toxic nitrogen compounds.

: Fire fighters should wear self-contained positive pressure breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

Protection of fire-fighters : Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions: : Ventilate the area to dispel airbourne concentrations. Wear appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental precautions and cleanup methods

Neutralise by careful addition of hydrated lime or soda ash. Drench spillage with water and wash to drain, diluting greatly with water

greatry with water

Advise Authorities if spillage has entered water course or sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.

7. Handling and storage

Handling : Use in well ventilated area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid inhaling vapour.

Storage : Stock tanks should be bunded separately, away from organic substances such as wood, paper and straw and other

reactive chemicals. Suitable storage materials are:- stainless steel. PTFE. Do not store in:- brass. bronze.

polyethylene. plasticised PVC. aluminium and its alloys

Packaging materials

Recommended use : Use original container.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering measures : Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapours below their

respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation

location

Hygiene measures : Wash hands after handling compounds and before eating, smoking, using lavatory, and at the end of day.

Occupational Exposure Limits : Not available.

Occupational Exposure Limits
<u>Personal protective equipment</u>

Respiratory system : Respiratory protection if there is a risk of uncontrolled exposure to vapour.

Skin and hady : Wear: rubber apron, rubber boots.

Hands : PVC or rubbergloves.

Eyes : Chemical goggles.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Colour : Colourless, to Pale, Yellow.
Odour : Characteristic, Choking.

Boiling point : 117 - 122

Melting point : -20to - 39

Density : Not available.

Vapour density : 2

Vapour pressure : 9mbar20°C (70%)
Solubility : Completely soluble.

pH : pH < 1

Flash point : Not available.

Viscosity : 2.1 cP AT 20°C

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NITRIC ACID 50% - 70%

Stability and reactivity **10.**

Stability

The product is stable.

Conditions to Avoid

Exposure to light. High temperatures.

Materials to avoid

Alkalis. Oxidising agents. Strong acids. Hydrocarbon solvents. Water. Alcohols. Glycols. Aldehydes. Ketones.

Materials that are attacked by nitric acid.

Hazardons decomposition products

Decomposes in heated air producing: toxic and acidic fumes, oxides of nitrogen, toxic nitrogen compounds.

Toxicological information

Local effects

Skin irritation

Extremely hazardous in case of skin contact (corrosive).

Exe irritation

Extremely hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant).

Vente texicity

LD50: Not available. LC50: Not available

Chronic toxicity

Repeated or prolonged contact with spray mist may produce chronic eye irritation and severe skin irritation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to spray mist may produce respiratory tract irritation, leading to frequent attacks of bronchial

infection.

Ecological information

Ecotoxichy

: High concentrations injure aquatic life by effect on pH. The product is rated as moderately toxic to aquatic species.

Disposal considerations 13.

Methods of disposal; Waste of residues : Contaminated packaging Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

Waste Classification

Not applicable.

Transport information 14.

<u>Laternational transport regulations</u>

UN: UN number 2031

UN : Proper shipping name Nitric acid 370%

UN: Class

UN: Packing group

ADR/RID : Class

ADR/RID : Item Number

2(b)

ADR/RID: Hazard identification number

TREMCARD TEC(R)

TEC(R)-9B

IMDG:

IMDG :

IATA :

11

8

IATA: Packing group

Class

П

15. Regulatory information

Packing group

EU Regulations

Hazard symbolis)



Classification

Risk Phrases

R35 Causes severe burns.

Safety Phrases

S23 Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S36 Wear suitable protective clothing.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

Contains

- NITRIC ACID 50% - 70%

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NITRIC ACID 50% - 70%

Product Use

Classification and labelling have been performed according to EU directives 67/548/EEC, 88/379/EEC, including amendments and the intended use.

- Consumer applications.

16. Other information

HISTORY

(Please note that dates are in American format Imenth day year).

Date of printing

: 3/12/2002.

Date of issue

: 8/22/2001.

Date of previous issue

: 7/18/2001.

Version

: 1.03

Prepared by

: Michael Hale / Alistair Hunter

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Version 1.03

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