

4. Environmental Monitoring

4.1 Proposed Environmental Monitoring

The following monitoring is proposed taking into consideration site specific details and waste licences granted for similar type waste facilities. Locations of monitoring points and frequency of monitoring are provided.

4.2 Proposed Monitoring Locations

Media	Location	Monitoring Frequency
Dust Deposition	D1 (S4715 1773)	Three times a year ^{Note 1}
	D2 (S4711 1791)	Three times a year ^{Note 1}
Noise	N1 (S4715 1773)	Annually
	N2 (S4711 1791)	Annually
Biofilter	Biofilter (S4724 1787)	See Section 4.2.1
Surface Water Discharge	EW2 (S4751 1836)	See Section 4.2.2
Meteorological Monitoring	Onsite (S4715 1773)	See Section 4.2.3
Treated Effluent	EW1 (S4751 1836)	See Sections 4.2.2 & 4.4 of EIS
Compost quality monitoring	Final Compost	Monthly - See Section 4.3 of EIS

Note 1 Twice during the period May to September.

Monitoring locations are shown on Figure 4.1.

4.2.1 Biofilter Monitoring ^{Note 1}

Parameter	Monitoring Frequency	Analysis - Method/Technique
Bed Media		
Odour assessment ^{Note 2}	Daily	Subjective Inspection
Condition and depth of biofilter ^{Note 3}	Daily	Visual Inspection
Moisture content	Bi-annually	Standard laboratory method
pH	Bi-annually	pH probe
Ammonia	Bi-annually	Standard laboratory method
Total viable counts	Bi-annually	Standard laboratory method
Inlet and Outlet Gas		
Ammonia	Bi-annually	Colourimetric Indicator Tubes
Hydrogen sulphide	Bi-annually	Colourimetric Indicator Tubes
Mercaptans	Bi-annually	Colourimetric Indicator Tubes

Note 1: A competent laboratory using standard and internationally acceptable techniques shall carry out the analyses.

Note 2: This subjective assessment to be carried out by a staff member immediately upon arriving on-site

Note 3: The biofilter shall be examined to ensure that no channelling is evident, and that moisture content is adequate.

4.2.2 Surface Water Discharge Monitoring

Monitoring control of the surface water discharges is similar to that specified in IPC licence No. 238.

Emission Point Reference No.: EW – 1 (Discharge of treated effluent)

Parameter	Monitoring Frequency ^{Note 1}	Analysis Method/Technique
Flow	Continuous	On-line flow meter with recorder
Temperature	Continuous	On-line temperature probe with recorder
pH	Continuous	pH electrode/meter and recorder
Chemical Oxygen Demand	Daily	Standard Method
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	Daily	Standard Method
Suspended Solids	Daily	Standard Method
Sulphides (as S)	Daily	Standard Method
Ammonia (as N)	Daily	Ion selective electrode
Total Nitrogen (as N)	Weekly	Standard Method
Total Nitrogen (Kjeldahl)	Weekly	Standard Method
Total Phosphorus (as P)	Weekly	Standard Method
Ortho-Phosphate (as P)	Weekly	Standard Method
Oils, fats & greases	Weekly	Standard Method
Chloride	Weekly	Standard Method
Phenols	Weekly	Standard Method
Toxicity ^{Note 2}	Annually (24 hour flow proportional composite)	To be agreed with the Agency

Note 1: Upon receipt of test results, the frequency of monitoring shall be reviewed by the Agency.

Note 2: The number of toxic units (Tu) = 100/x hour EC/LC50 in percentage vol/vol so that higher Tu values reflect greater levels of toxicity. For test regimes where species death is not easily detected, immobilisation is considered equivalent to death.

Emission Point Reference No.: EW - 2 (from surface water sump)

Visual Inspection	Weekly	Visual inspection
pH	Continuous	On-line pH meter ^{Note 1}
Conductivity	Continuous	On-line Conductivity meter ^{Note 2}
BOD	Annually	Standard Method
Total Suspended Solids	Annually	Standard Method

Note 1: Diversion of surface water shall occur if pH deviates outside pH 6-9 range

Note 2: Diversion of surface water shall occur if conductivity exceeds 2,000 \square S/cm.

4.2.3 Meteorological Monitoring

The following data is to be obtained from weather station.

Parameter	Monitoring Frequency
Precipitation Volume	Monthly
Wind Force and Direction	Daily

4.3 Compost quality monitoring

Compost quality shall be monitored for the parameters listed below. The trace element concentration limits shall apply to the compost quality. It is envisaged that the frequency of monitoring of compost quality will be monthly.

Parameter (mg/kg, dry mass)	Compost Quality Standards ^{Note 1}		Stabilised Biowaste ^{Note 1}
	Class 1	Class 2	
Cadmium (Cd)	0.7	1.5	5
Chromium (Cr)	100	150	600
Copper (Cu)	100	150	600
Mercury (Hg)	0.5	1	5
Nickel (Ni)	50	75	150
Lead (Pb)	100	150	500

Zinc (Zn)	200	400	1500
PolyChlorinated Biphenyls (PCB's)	-	-	0.4
Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH's)	-	-	3
Impurities >2mm Note 5	<0.5%	<0.5%	<3%
Gravel and Stones >5mm ^{Note 5}	<5%	<5%	-

Note 1: Normalised to 30% organic matter content.

4.4 Wastewater Treatment Plant Monitoring

Effluent Treatment Control

Item	Parameter	Monitoring Frequency	Analysis Method /Technique
Balancing Tank	pH		
Aeration Tanks	Dissolved Aeration	Continuous	DO probe
	Sludge Volume Index	Weekly	Standard Methods
	Mixed Liquor Suspended Solids	Twice Weekly	Standard Methods
	Sludge Flocc Microscopy	Daily	Standard Methods

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