Appendix 16 Material Safety Data Sheets



Safety Data Sheet

Issued: February 22nd 2001

SDS No. DMC04009

Industrial Gas Oil

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY

Product name:

Industrial Gas Oil

Product code:

MGO

Product type:

Fuel for use in off-road diesel engines, boilers, gas turbines and

other combustion equipment.

Supplier:

Irish Shell Limited

Address:

Shell House, Beech Hill Clonskeagh, Dublin 4

Contact numbers:

Telephone:

+353 1 202 8888

Telex:

93634

Fax:

+ 353 1 283 8320

Emergency telephone number:

Emergency Cover

+353 1 808 8232

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms:

Diesel, IGO, Gas Oil, Heating Oil.

Preparation description:

Complex mixture of hydrocarbons consisting of paraffins, cycloparaffins, aromatic and olefinic hydrocarbons with carbon numbers predominantly in the C10 to C22 range. May contain catalytically cracked oils in which polycyclic aromatic compounds, mainly 3-ring but some 4- to 6-ring species, are present. It may also contain one or more of the following additives: anti-oxidants, corrosion inhibitors, flow improvers, biocides, dyes, markers, deodorants, reodorants, static dissipators, anti-foams, de-hazers, metal de-activators, icing inhibitors proprietary performance improving additives.

Dangerous components/constituents:

Component nameCAS numberContent rangeEC hazardR phrasesFuel oil No.2 or Fuel
oil No 468476-30-2 or
68476-31-3>99 %(m/m)Carc Cat 3R40-65-66

Note: EU Dangerous Substances Directive, 67/548/EEC, Annex I number for the above substance is 649-224-00-6.

Contains the following substances for which exposure limits apply: No ACGIH limits established.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Human health hazards: Possible risks of irreversible effects. Product classified as a

> Category 3 carcinogen. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Under conditions of poor personal hygiene, excessive exposure may

> lead to irritation, oil acne and folliculitis and development of warty growths which may subsequently become malignant. Prolonged

exposure to vapour concentrations may affect the central

nervous system.

Safety hazards: Not classified as flammable, but will burn.

Environmental hazards: Harmful to aquatic organisms. May cause long term adverse

> effects in the environment. Large volumes may penetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater. Not readily biodegradable. Has the potential to bioaccumulate. Persists under anaerobic

conditions.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Symptoms and effects: Splashes into the eye may cause irritation. If ingested can lead to

irritation of the mouth, irritation of the throat, irritation of the digestive tract, vomiting. Aspiration into the lungs may occur directly or following ingestion. This can cause chemical pneumonitis which may be fatal. Prolonged exposure to vapour/mist concentrations above the recommended occupational exposure standard may cause: headache, dizziness, nausea, irritation of the eyes, upper respiratory tract. mouth, and digestive tract, cardiac irregularities, asphyxiation,

unconsciousness and even death.

First Aid - Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If breathing but unconscious, place in the recovery position. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial

respiration. If heartbeat absent give external cardiac

compression. Monitor breathing and pulse. OBTAIN MEDICAL

ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

First Aid - Skin: Wash skin with water using soap if available. Contaminated

clothing must be removed as soon as possible. It must be

laundered before reuse.

First Aid - Eye: Flush eye with water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain

medical attention.

First Aid - Ingestion: DO NOT DELAY. Do not induce vomiting. Protect the airway if

> vomiting begins. Give nothing by mouth. If breathing but unconscious, place in the recovery position. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration. OBTAIN MEDICAL

ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Advice to physicians: Treat symptomatically. Diagnosis of ingestion of this product is

> by the characteristic odour on the victim's breath and from the history of events. In cases of ingestion, consider gastric lavage.

Gastric lavage must only be undertaken after cuffed

endotracheal intubation in view of the risk of aspiration. In cases of chemical pneumonitis, antibiotic and corticosteroid therapy should be considered. Administration of medicinal liquid paraffin or carbon for medicinal use (carbo medicalis) may reduce

absorption from the digestive tract.

IND GAS OIL SDS.DOC Issued: February 22nd 2001

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Specific hazards: Hazardous combustion products may include: carbon monoxide,

oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulphur, unburnt hydrocarbons.

Extinguishing media: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide,

sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

Water in a jet. Use of Halon extinguishers should be avoided for

environmental reasons.

Other information: Keep adjacent drums and tanks cool by spraying with water.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area

and evacuate all personnel. Do not breathe: vapour, mists. Avoid contact with:skin, eyes and clothing. Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing.

Personal protection: Wear: impervious overalls, PVC or nitrile rubber gloves, safety

shoes or boots - chemical resistant, monogoggles.

Environmental Prevent from entering into drains, ditches or rivers. Use

precautions: appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Clean-up methods - small Absorb or contain tiquid with sand, earth or spill control material. Shovel up and place in a labelled sealable container for

subsequent safe disposal. Do not disperse using water.

Clean-up methods - large Transfer to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or

spillage: safe disposal. Otherwise treat as for small spillage.

Other information: Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot

be contained. Observe all relevant local regulations. See Section

13 for information on disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Only use in well-

ventilated areas. Take precautionary measures against static

discharges. Earth or bond all equipment.

Handling temperature: Ambient.

Storage: Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. Do

not store in unsuitable, unlabelled or incorrectly labelled containers. Keep container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated

place away from direct sunlight and other sources of heat or ignition. Drums should be correctly stacked to a maximum of 3 high. Prevent ingress of water. Keep in a bunded area. Keep out

of reach of children.

Storage temperature: Ambient.

Product transfer: Electrostatic charges may be generated during pumping. Ensure

electrical continuity by bonding all equipment. Avoid splash filling. Particular care must be taken when 'switch loading' road/rail tankers which have previously contained gasoline. Wait 10 minutes after tank filling before opening hatches or manholes.

IND GAS OIL SDS.DOC Issued: February 22nd 2001 Tank cleaning:

Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation which requires the implementation of strict procedures and precautions. These include issuing of work permits, gas-freeing of tanks, using a manned harness and lifelines and wearing air-supplied breathing apparatus. Prior to entry and whilst cleaning is underway, the atmosphere within the tank must be monitored using an oxygen meter and/or explosimeter. Additional precautions are required where the tank may in the past have contained leaded gasoline. Consult the Associated Octel Company publication 'Leaded Gasoline Tanks - Cleaning and Disposal of Sludge'.

Recommended materials:

For containers, use: mild steel, stainless steel. Aluminium may also be used for applications where it does not present an unnecessary fire hazard. For container linings, use: amine-adduct cured epoxy paint. For seals and gaskets, use: compressed asbestos fibre, PTFE, Viton A, Viton B.

Unsuitable materials:

Examples of materials to avoid in the construction of facilities for the storage, handling and distribution of this product are: copper, copper alloys (ferrous and non-ferrous), zinc, zinc alloys. Synthetic materials such as plastics and fibreglass may also be unsuitable, depending on the material specification and intended use. Materials for packages, containers (including containers for the retention or despatch of samples) and container linings must not adversely affect the quality of the product. They must be impermeable and must not be weakened or otherwise affected by the product. Examples of materials to avoid are: natural rubber, polymethyl methacrylate, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyisobutylene. Polyethylene and polypropylene are also unsuitable unless they are high density types which have been specifically tested for compatibility with this product.

Other information:

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed. Never siphon by mouth.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure

standards:

None established.

Respiratory protection:

Not normally required. In a confined space self-contained

breathing apparatus may be required.

Hand protection:

PVC or nitrile rubber gloves if splashes are likely to occur.

Eye protection:

Monogoggles if splashes are likely to occur.

Body protection:

Wear overalls to minimise contamination of personal clothing.

Launder overalls and undergarments regularly. Safety shoes or

boots - chemical resistant.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state:

Liquid at ambient temperature

Colour:

Green

Odour:

Characteristic

Initial boiling point:

circa 170°C

IND GAS OIL SDS.DOC Issued: February 22nd 2001 Final boiling point:

circa 390°C

Vapour pressure:

<0.1 kPa at 40°C

Density:

820-900 kg/m³ at 15°C

Kinematic viscosity:

2-7 mm²/s at 40°C

Vapour density (air=1):

> 5

Pour point:

<-15oC

Flash point:

> 56°C (PMCC)

Flammability limit - lower:

circa 1 %(V/V)

Flammability limit - upper:

circa 6 %(V/V)

Auto-ignition temperature:

> 220 °C

Explosive properties:

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture

Oxidizing properties:

Solubility in water:

Data not available

n-octanol/water partition

coefficient:

 $log P_{OW} = 3-7$

Evaporation rate:

Data not available

10. STABILITY/REACTIVITY

Stability:

Stable.

F COP

Conditions to avoid:

Heat, flames and sparks.

Materials to avoid:

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products:

None known.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment:

Toxicological data have not been determined specifically for this

product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the

toxicology of similar products.

Acute toxicity - oral:

LD₅₀ >5000 mg/kg.

Acute toxicity - dermal:

LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg.

Acute toxicity - inhalation:

LC50 >5 mg/l.

Eye irritation:

Expected to be slightly irritant.

Skin irritation:

Expected to be slightly irritant.

Respiratory irritation:

Data not available from animal studies.

Skin sensitization:

Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

(Sub) chronic toxicity:

Repeated skin exposure expected to cause moderate to severe

irritation. Repeated inhalation of mists expected to cause

irritation of the respiratory tract.

Carcinogenicity:

Dermal application to mice causes skin tumours.

Mutagenicity:

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Reproductive toxicity:

Does not impair fertility. Not a developmental toxicant.

Human effects:

Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Under conditions of poor personal hygiene, excessive exposure may lead to irritation, oil acne and folliculitis and development of warty growths which may subsequently become malignant. See Section 4 for information regarding acute effects to humans.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment: Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for

this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the

ecotoxicology of similar products.

Mobility: Floats on water. Partly evaporates from water or soil surfaces,

but a significant proportion will remain after one day. Large volumes may penetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater.

Persistence/degradability: Not readily biodegradable. Persists under anaerobic conditions.

Oxidizes rapidly by photochemical reactions in air.

Bioaccumulation: Has the potential to bioaccumulate. May cause tainting of fish

and shellfish.

Ecotoxicity: Poorly soluble mixture. Harmful, 10 < LC/EC50 ≤ 100 mg/l, to

aquatic organisms. (LC/EC₅₀ expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract). Low acute toxicity to mammals. May cause physical fouling of aquatic

organisms.

Sewage treatment: Product is expected to be harmful, EC₅₀ >10-100 mg/l, to

organisms in sewage treatment plants. (EC₅₀ expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test

extract).

Other information: This product is a preparation. The EC has not yet defined

criteria for classifying preparations as dangerous for the environment. However, the refinery streams which constitute > 99 %(m/m) of this product meet the criteria for classification as dangerous for the environment, with the following Risk phrases: R52/53 - Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term

adverse effects in the aquatic environment

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Precautions:

See Section 8.

Waste disposal:

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.

Product disposal:

Container disposal:

200 litre drums should be emptied and returned to the supplier or sent to a drum conditioner without removing or defacing markings or labels. Drums should not be reused without first

obliterating all markings.

ocal legislation:

Dangerous Substances (Convevance of Petroleum by Road)

Regulations 1979 - SI No 314 of 1979.

The European Communities (Waste Oils) Regulations 1992 - SI

399 of 1992.

Local Government (Water Pollution) (Amendment) Act 1990.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number:

1202

UN Class/Packing Group:

3,4

UN Proper Shipping Name:

IMO Class/Packing Group:

Gas oil

UN Number (sea transport, IMO

1202

3.3. 111

IMO Symbol:

Flammable Liquid

IMO Marine Pollutant:

No

IMO Proper Shipping Name:

Gas oil

ADR/RID Class/Item:

3. 31° (c)

ADR/RID Symbol:

Flammable Liquid

ADR/RID Kemler Number:

30-1202

ADR/RID Proper Shipping Name:

Gas oil

ADNR Class/Item:

UN Number (air transport, ICAO):

1202

IATA/ICAO Class/Packing Group:

3, 111

IATA/ICAO Symbol:

Flammable Liquid

IATA/ICAO Proper Shipping Name:

Gas oil

Local regulations:

Dangerous Substances (Conveyance of Petroleum by Road) Regulations 1979 - SI No 314 of 1979.

European Communities (Classification, Packaging, Labelling and Notification of Dangerous Substances) Regulations 1994 - SI No 77 of 1994.

Local Government (Water Pollution) (Amendment) Act 1990.

EC Directive 94/63/EC on VOC.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EC Label name:

Contains: gas oil - unspecified

EC Classification:

Carcinogenic, category 3

Harmful

EC Symbols:

Xn

EC Risk Phrases:

R40

Possible risks of irreversible effects

R65

Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

EC Safety Phrases:

S2

Keep out of reach of children.

S24

Avoid contact with skin.

S36/37

Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

S43

In case of fire use foam/dry powder/CO2 - Never use

S62

lf'swallowed, do not induce vomiting∷seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

EINECS (EC):

All components listed.

National legislation:

Dangerous Substances (Retail and Private Petroleum Stores)

Regulations 1979 - SI No 311 of 1979.

Dangerous Substances (Conveyance of Petroleum by Road)

Regulations 1979 - SI No 314 of 1979.

Safety, Health and Welfare at Work Act, 1993.

Local Government (Water Pollution) (Amendment) Act 1990.

The European Communities (Waste Oils) Regulations 1992 - SI

399 of 1992.

EC Directive 94/63/EC on VOC.

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European Communities (Classification, Packaging, Labelling and Notification of Dangerous Substances) Regulations 1994 - SI No

European Communities (Dangerous Substances & Preparations Marketing and Use) Regulations 1994 -

SI No 79 of 1994.

Other information:

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Uses and restrictions: Fuel for use in off-road diesel engines, boilers, gas turbines and

other combustion equipment. This product must not be used in applications other than the above without first seeking the advice of the supplier. This product is not to be used: as a solvent or cleaning agent; for lighting or brightening fires; as a skin

cleanser.

Technical contact point: PQE

Technical contact number:

Telephone:

+353 1 202 8827

Telex:

93634

Fax:

+ 353 1 283 8318

SDS history:

Edition number:

3

First issued:

June 1, 1993

Previous revisions:

April 16, 1996 February 22nd 2001

Revised:

Tobladly ZZ Zool

Revisions highlighted:

Sections 2, 3 and 15: classification and labelling for the

aspiration hazard revised in line with the 22nd ATP to the EU

Dangerous Substances Directive.

Section 2, 3 and 12: recommended CONCAWE environmental

classification for gas oil added.

Sections 3 and 5: Comment on distant ignition of vapour deleted.

Section 3, 4, 6, 73nd 11: Editorial changes.

Section 8: OEL for oil mist deleted.

Section 15 error in EC Classification corrected.

Changes indicated by vertical line to left of text.

SDS distribution:

This document contains important information to ensure the safe storage, handling and use of this product. The information in this document should be brought to the attention of the person in your organisation responsible for advising on safety matters.

Other information:

References:

Useful references include the following:

The Institute of Petroleum, London, 'Marketing Safety Code',

Heyden and Son Limited, 1978

Applied Science, London, 'European Model Code of Safe Practice in the Storage and Handling of Petroleum Products

Part 1: Operations'. (1973)

CONCAWE, Brussels. 'Gas Oils (diesel fuels/heating oils)'

Product Dossier No 96/107.

Associated Octel Company, 'Leaded gasoline tanks - cleaning

and disposal of sludge' ...

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

Industrial Gas Oil

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Safety Data Sheet

Issued: March 01st 2002

SDS No. DMC04005

Shell Ultra Low Sulphur Diesel

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY

Product name:

ULSD.

Product code:

"DERV"

Product type:

Fuel for on-road diesel-powered engines.

Supplier:

Irish Shell Limited

Address:

Shell House, Beech Hill Clonskeagh, Dublin 4

Cities

Contact numbers:

Telephone:

+353 1 202 8888

Telex:

93634

Fax:

+ 353 1 283 8320

Emergency telephone number:

Emergency Cover:

+353 1 808 6232

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Synonyms:

Diesel, AGO.

Preparation description:

Complex mixture of hydrocarbons consisting of paraffins, cycloparaffins, aromatic and olefinic hydrocarbons with carbon numbers predominantly in the C10 to C22 range. May contain catalytically cracked oils in which polycyclic aromatic compounds, mainly 3-ring but some 4- to 6-ring species, are present. It may also contain one or more of the following additives: anti-oxidants, corrosion inhibitors, biocides, dyes, markers, proprietary performance improving additives.

Dangerous components/constituents:

Component name

CAS number Content range

EC hazard

R phrases

Fuels, diesel

68334-30-5

>99 %(m/m)

Carc Cat 3

R40-65

Note: EU Dangerous Substances Directive, 67/548/EEC, Annex I number for the above substance is 649-224-00-6.

Contains the following substances for which exposure limits apply: No ACGIH limits established.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Human health hazards:

Possible risks of irreversible effects. Product classified as a Category 3 carcinogen. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal. Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Under conditions of poor personal hygiene, excessive exposure may lead to irritation, oil acne and folliculitis and development of warty growths which may subsequently become malignant. Prolonged exposure to vapour concentrations may affect the central nervous system.

Safety hazards:

Not classified as flammable, but will burn.

Environmental hazards:

Harmful to aquatic organisms. May cause long term adverse effects in the environment. Large volumes may penetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater. Not readily biodegradable. Has the potential to bioaccumulate. Persists under anaerobic conditions.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Symptoms and effects:

Splashes into the eye may cause irritation. If ingested can lead to irritation of the mouth, irritation of the throat, irritation of the digestive tract, voniting. Aspiration into the lungs may occur directly or following ingestion. This can cause chemical pneumonitis which may be fatal. Prolonged exposure to vapour/mist concentrations above the recommended occupational exposure standard may cause: headache, dizziness, nausea, irritation of the eyes, upper respiratory tract, mouth, and digestive tract, cardiac irregularities, asphyxiation, unconsciousness and even death.

First Aid - Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If breathing but unconscious, place in the recovery position. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration. If heartbeat absent give external cardiac compression. Monitor breathing and pulse. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

First Aid - Skin:

Wash skin with water using soap if available. Contaminated clothing must be removed as soon as possible. It must be laundered before reuse.

First Aid - Eye:

Flush eye with water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

First Aid - Ingestion:

DO NOT DELAY. Do not induce vomiting. Protect the airway if vomiting begins. Give nothing by mouth. If breathing but unconscious, place in the recovery position. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Advice to physicians:

Treat symptomatically. Diagnosis of ingestion of this product is by the characteristic odour on the victim's breath and from the history of events. In cases of ingestion, consider gastric lavage. Gastric lavage must only be undertaken after cuffed endotracheal intubation in view of the risk of aspiration. In cases of chemical pneumonitis, antibiotic and corticosteroid therapy should be considered. Administration of medicinal liquid paraffin or carbon for medicinal use (carbo medicalis) may reduce absorption from the digestive tract.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Specific hazards: Hazardous combustion products may include: carbon monoxide,

oxides of nitrogen, oxides of sulphur, unburnt hydrocarbons.

Extinguishing media: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide,

sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

Water in a jet. Use of Halon extinguishers should be avoided for

environmental reasons.

Other information: Keep adjacent drums and tanks cool by spraying with water.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area

and evacuate all personnel. Do not breathe: vapour, mists. Avoid contact with: skin, eyes and clothing. Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing.

Personal protection: Wear: impervious overalls, PVC or nitrile rubber gloves, safety

shoes or boots - chemical resistant, monogoggles.

Environmental

precautions:

Clean-up methods - small

spillage:

Clean-up methods - large spillage:

Other information:

Absorb or contain liquid with sand, earth or spill control material.

appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Shovel up and place in a labelled sealable container for subsequent safe disposal. Do not disperse using water.

Prevent from entering into drains, ditches or rivers. Use

Transfer to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or

safe disposal. Otherwise treat as for small spillage.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Observe all relevant local regulations. See Section

13 for information on disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Only use in well-

ventilated areas. Take precautionary measures against static

discharges. Earth or bond all equipment.

Handling temperature: Ambient.

Storage: Locate tanks away from heat and other sources of ignition. This

product must never be stored in buildings occupied by people. Small volumes may be stored in a suitably designed portable container. Such containers should be stored in well-ventilated areas, flameproof cabinets or stores. Do not store in unsuitable, unlabelled or incorrectly labelled containers. Keep container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place away from direct sunlight and other sources of heat or ignition. Keep in a bunded

area. Prevent ingress of water. Drums should be correctly stacked to a maximum of 3 high. Keep out of reach of children.

Storage temperature: Ambient.

Product transfer:

Electrostatic charges may be generated during pumping. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding all equipment. Avoid splash filling. Particular care must be taken when 'switch loading' road/rail tankers which have previously contained gasoline. Wait 10 minutes after tank filling before opening hatches or manholes.

Tank cleaning:

Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of storage tanks is a specialist operation which requires the implementation of strict procedures and precautions. These include issuing of work permits, gas-freeing of tanks, using a manned harness and lifelines and wearing air-supplied breathing apparatus. Prior to entry and whilst cleaning is underway, the atmosphere within the tank must be monitored using an oxygen meter and/or explosimeter. Additional precautions are required where the tank may in the past have contained leaded gasoline. Consult the Associated Octel Company publication 'Leaded Gasoline Tanks - Cleaning and Disposal of Sludge'.

Recommended materials:

For containers, use: mild steel, stainless steel. Aluminium may also be used for applications where it does not present an unnecessary fire hazard. For container linings, use: amineadduct cured epoxy paint. For seals and gaskets, use: compressed asbestos fibre, PTFE, Viton A, Viton B

Unsuitable materials:

Examples of materials to avoid in the construction of facilities for the storage, handling and distribution of this product are: copper, copper alloys (ferrous and non-ferrous), zinc, zinc alloys. Synthetic materials such as plastics and fibreglass may also be unsuitable, depending on the material specification and intended use. Materials for packages, containers (including containers for the retention of despatch of samples) and container linings must not adversely affect the quality of the product. They must be impermeable and must not be weakened or otherwise affected by the product. Examples of materials to avoid are: natural rubber, polymethyl methacrylate, polystyrene, polyvinyl chloride, polyisobutylene. Polyethylene and polypropylene are also unsuitable unless they are high density types which have been specifically tested for compatibility with this product.

Other information:

Ensure that all local regulations regarding handling and storage facilities are followed. Never siphon by mouth.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure

standards:

None established.

Respiratory protection:

Not normally required. In a confined space self-contained

breathing apparatus may be required.

Hand protection:

PVC or nitrile rubber gloves if splashes are likely to occur.

Eye protection:

Monogogales if splashes are likely to occur.

Body protection:

Wear overalls to minimise contamination of personal clothing. Launder overalls and undergarments regularly. Safety shoes or

#325 #115455 FWY

boots - chemical resistant.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state: Liquid at ambient temperature

Colour: Clear

Odour: Characteristic
Initial boiling point: circa 150°C
Final boiling point: circa 390°C
Vapour pressure: <0.5 kPa at 40°C

Density: 820-845 kg/m³ at 15°C

Kinematic viscosity: 2-7 mm²/s at 40°C

Vapour density (air=1): > 5

Pour point: < -15°C

Flash point: > 56°C (PMCC)
Flammability limit - lower: circa 1 %(V/V)
Flammability limit - upper: circa 6 %(V/V)

Auto-ignition temperature: > 250 °C

Explosive properties: In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture

 $log P_{OW} = 3-7$

Oxidizing properties: None

Solubility in water: Data not available

n-octanol/water partition

coefficient:

Evaporation rate: Data not available

Sulphur content < 50 ppm

10. STABILITY/REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Conditions to avoid: Heat, flames and sparks.

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition None known.

products:

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment: Toxicological data have not been determined specifically for this

product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the

toxicology of similar products.

Acute toxicity - oral: LD₅₀ >5000 mg/kg.

Acute toxicity - dermal: LD₅₀ >2000 mg/kg.

Acute toxicity - inhalation: LC₅₀ >5 mg/l.

Expected to be slightly irritant.

Skin irritation: Expected to be slightly irritant.

Respiratory irritation: Data not available from animal studies.

Dery sds.doc Issued: February 22nd 2001 Skin sensitization:

Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

(Sub) chronic toxicity:

Repeated skin exposure expected to cause moderate to severe

irritation. Repeated inhalation of mists expected to cause

irritation of the respiratory tract.

Carcinogenicity:

Dermal application to mice causes skin tumours.

Mutagenicity:

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Reproductive toxicity:

Does not impair fertilityNot a developmental toxicant.

Human effects:

Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Under conditions of poor personal hygiene, excessive exposure may lead to irritation, oil acne and followible and development of worth growths which may

folliculitis and development of warty growths which may

subsequently become malignant.

See Section 4 for information regarding acute effects to humans.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment:

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Mobility:

Floats on water. Partly evaporates from water or soil surfaces, but a significant proportion will remain after one day. Large volumes may pegetrate soil and could contaminate groundwater.

Persistence/degradability:

Not readily biodegradable. Persists under anaerobic conditions Oxidizes rapidly by photochemical reactions in air.

Bioaccumulation:

Has the potential to bioaccumulate. May cause tainting of fish

and shellfish.

Ecotoxicity:

Roorly soluble mixture. Harmful, 10 < LC/EC50 < 100 mg/l, to aduatic organisms. (LC/EC50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract). Low acute toxicity to mammals. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

Sewage treatment:

Product is expected to be harmful, EC₅₀ >10-100 mg/l, to organisms in sewage treatment plants. (EC₅₀ expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).

Other information:

This product is a preparation. The EC has not yet defined criteria for classifying preparations as dangerous for the environment. However, the refinery streams which constitute > 99 %(m/m) of this product meet the criteria for classification as dangerous for the environment, with the following Risk phrases: R52/53 - Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term

adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Precautions:

See Section 8.

Waste disposal:

Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses.

Derv sds.doc Issued: February 22nd 2001 Product disposal:

Container disposal: 200 litre drums should be emptied and returned to the supplier or

sent to a drum conditioner without removing or defacing markings or labels. Drums should not be reused without first

obliterating all markings.

Local legislation: Dangerous Substances (Conveyance of Petroleum by Road)

Regulations 1979 - SI No 314 of 1979.

The European Communities (Waste Oils) Regulations 1992 - SI

399 of 1992.

Local Government (Water Pollution) (Amendment) Act 1990.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number: 1202

UN Class/Packing Group: 3, III

UN Proper Shipping Name: Gas oil or Diesel fuel

UN Number (sea transport, IMO): 1202

IMO Class/Packing Group: 3.3, iii

IMO Symbol: Flammable Liquid

IMO Marine Pollutant: No

IMO Proper Shipping Name: Gas off or Diesel fuel

ADR/RID Class/Item: 3,31° (c)

ADR/RID Symbol: Flammable Liquid

ADR/RID Kemler Number: 30-1202

ADR/RID Proper Shipping Name: Gas oil or Diesel fuel

ADNR Class/Item:

UN Number (air transport, ICAO): 1202

IATA/ICAO Class/Packing Group: 3, III

IATA/ICAO Symbol: Flammable Liquid

IATA/ICAO Proper Shipping Name: Gas oil or Diesel Fuel

Local regulations: Dangerous Substances (Conveyance of Petroleum by

Road) Regulations 1979 - SI No 314 of 1979.

European Communities (Classification, Packaging, Labelling and Notification of Dangerous Substances)

Regulations 1994 - SI No 77 of 1994.

Local Government (Water Pollution) (Amendment) Act

1990.

EC Directive 94/63/EC on VOC.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EC Label name: Contains: gas oil - unspecified

Derv sds.doc Issued: February 22nd 2001 **EC Classification:**

Carcinogenic, category 3

Harmful

EC Symbols:

Χn

EC Risk Phrases:

R40 Possible risks of irreversible effects

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed

EC Safety Phrases:

S2

Keep out of reach of children.

S24

Avoid contact with skin.

S36/37

Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

S43

In case of fire use foam/dry powder/CO2 - Never use

water.

S62

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

EINECS (EC):

All components listed.

National legislation:

Dangerous Substances (Retail and Private Petroleum Stores)

Regulations 1979 - SI No 311 of 1979.

Dangerous Substances (Conveyance of Petroleum by Road)

Regulations 1979 - SI No 314 of 1979.

Safety, Health and Welfare at Work Act, 1993.

Local Government (Water Pollution) (Amendment) Act 1990.

The European Communities (Waste Oils) Regulations 1992 - SI

399 of 1992.

EC Directive 94/63/EC on VOC.

European Communities (Classification, Packaging, Labelling and Notification of Dangerous Substances) Regulations 1994 - SI No.

77 of 1994

European Communities (Dangerous Substances & Preparations Marketing and Use) Regulations 1994 -

SINo 79 of 1994.

Other information:

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Uses and restrictions:

Fuel for on-road diesel-powered engines. This product must not be used in applications other than the above without first seeking the advice of the supplier. This product is not to be used: as a solvent or cleaning agent; for lighting or brightening fires; as a

skin cleanser.

Technical contact point:

PQE

Technical contact number:

Telephone:

+353 1 202 8827

Telex: Fax:

93634 + 353 1 283 8318

SDS history:

Edition number:

First issued:

June 1, 1993

Previous revisions: April 10, 1996

Revised: February22nd 2001

Issued: February 22nd 2001

Revisions highlighted:

Sections 2, 3 and 15: classification and labelling for the aspiration hazard revised in line with the 22nd ATP to the EU

Dangerous Substances Directive.

Sections 2, 3 and 12: recommended CONCAWE environmental

classification for gas oil added.

Sections 3 and 5: Comment on distant ignition of vapour deleted.

Section 3, 4, 6, 7 and 11: Editorial changes.

Section 8: OEL for oil mist deleted.

Section 15: error in EC Classification corrected. Changes indicated by vertical line to left of text.

SDS distribution:

This document contains important information to ensure the safe storage, handling and use of this product. The information in this document should be brought to the attention of the person in your organisation responsible for advising on safety matters.

Other information:

References:

Useful references include the following:

The Institute of Petroleum, London, 'Marketing Safety Code',

Heyden and Son Limited, 1978

Applied Science, London, 'European Model Code of Safe Practice in the Storage and Handling of Petroleum Products

Part 1: Operations', 1973.

CONCAWE, Brussels. 'Gas Oils (diesel fuels/heating oils)'

Product Dossier No 96/107.

Associated Octel Company, 'Leaded gasoline tanks - cleaning

Didden Hom son

The state of the s

Providentalist (2011), Condition of

and disposal of sludge'.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

Derv sds.doc Issued: February 22nd 2001

Automotive Gas Oil

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Derv sds.doc Issued: February 22nd, 2001.

MAXOL LUBRICANTS LIMITED MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

HYDRAULIC OILS

Supplier	Maxol Lubricants Ltd,	Phone: (353) 1 806 0300
	Unit D,	Fax : (353) 1 862 3200
	Airport Industrial Estate,	
	Santry,	
	Dublin 9.	

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

		 	 	-
Hazardous Ingredient	None			i
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HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product consists of highly refined base oils with additives. It is of low oral and dermal toxicity and under normal conditions of use should present no significant health hazards. However, in common with most mineral oils prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis.

FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:-	At ambient/normal handling temperatures, inhalation f vapours is normally not a problem. If overexposed to oil mist, remove from
	further exposure. Administer artificial respiration if breathing is
	irregular or has stopped. Get prompt medical attention.
Skin Contact:-	Wash thoroughly with plenty of water using soap if available.
	Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation persists, get medical attention.
Eye Contact:-	Rinse immediately with plenty of water until irritation subsides.
	If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
Ingestion:-	If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING, keep at rest and call a physician.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media:-	Foam, Dry Chemical powder, carbon dioxide.
Explosion Hazards:-	Combustible material, low hazard. The product can form flammable mixtures or can burn only on heating above the flash point. However, minor contamination by hydrocarbons of higher volatility may increase the hazard.
Hazardous Combustion Products	Smoke, oxides of sulphur an phosphorous and carbon monoxide in the event of incomplete combustion. Possible release of hydrogen sulphide during hearing or hot storage.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal	In open systems where contact is likely wear safety goggles,
Precautions:-	chemical-resistant overalls and chemically impervious gloves.
	Where only incidental contact is likely, wear safety glasses with
	side shields. No other special protection precautions are
	necessary provided skin/eye contact is avoided.
	aty any
Land Spill	Shut off source taking normal safety precautions. Prevent liquid
	from entering sewers water courses or low lying areas, advise the
	relevant authorities if it has or if it contaminates soil/vegetation.
	Take measure to minimise the effects on ground water.
Accidental Release	Recover by skimming or pumping using explosion-proof equipment,
Measures:	or contain spilled liquid with booms, sand or other suitable
	absorbent material and remove mechanically into containers. If
	necessary, dispose of absorbed residues.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store the product in cool, well ventilated surroundings well away from sources of ignition. Provide suitable mechanical equipment for the safe handling of drums and heavy packages. Electrical equipment and fittings must comply with local regulations regarding fire prevention with this class of product.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Controls:-	5 mg/m3 for oil mists (TWA, 8h - workday0 recommended based upon the ACGIH TLV (Analysis according to US NIOSH Method 5026, NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methoda, 3 rd Ed)
Personal	When concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure
Protection:-	limit and where engineering work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate approved respirators may be required

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Stable

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from heat sources open flames and other sources of

ignition.

Incompatible

Materials Avoid contact with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine and

concentration oxygen.

Hazardous

Decomposition

Products:-

Product does not decompose at ambient temperature

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation: Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures.

Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours, mists or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose throat

and lungs. Avoid breathing vapours, mists or fumes.

Skin Contact: Low order of acute toxicity. Prolonged or repeated contact may

lead to mild skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Slightly irritating but does not injure eye tissue.

Ingestion: Low order of acute/systematic toxicity.

Chronic: Base oil components of this product have shown no evidence of

carcinogenic activity in experimental animals.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

In the absence of specific environmental data for this product this assessment is based on information for general hydrocarbon components found in lubricant mineral oils. Lubricant mineral oil immediately following a release into the environment will remain largely on the soil surface and in water, will remain on the water surface. Based on chemical/physical information from the literature for this product category, no harmful effects to terrestrial or aquatic habitats would be expected. This product is expected to be resistant to biodegradation and to persist in the environment. This product may contain additives for which no environmental data is available. Hence, the above assessment concern the base oil(s) only.

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Collect and dispose of waste product at an authorised disposal facility, in conformance with national and local regulations and in accordance with EEC Directives on the disposal of waste.

REGULATORY INFORMATION

EC Dangerous Substances/Preparation	Not Regulated.
Classifications	
	Refer to your local national legislation
	implementing the EC Directive 91/55/EC.

OTHER INFORMATION

Legal disclaimer

The information contained herein is based on the present knowledge and experience of Maxol Lubricants Ltd. It in no way constitutes the users own assessment of work place risk as required by other health and safety legislation.

Maxol Lubricants Ltd. does not, by supplying this information, guarantee or warrant any specific properties or qualities of goods supplied. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to determine whether the goods ordered are fit for any purpose for which they may be required.

MAXOL LUBRICANTS SAFETY DATA SHEET ANTIFREEZE / SUMMER COOLANT

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY:

PRODUCT NAME:

ANTIFREEZE / SUMMER COOLANT C200

APPLI CATIONS:

Automotive Industry

SUPPLIER:

Maxol Lubricants Ltd

Unit D

Airport Business Campus

Santry Dublin 9 Ireland

EMERGENCY TELEPHONES: Please contact Head Office On +353(0) 1 806 0300

2. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS:

NAME

EINECS Nr.:

CAS No.:

CLASSIFICATION

CONTENT

ETHANEDIOL

203-473-3

Xn R-22 107-21-1

60-100 %

The Full Text for all R-Phrases are Displayed in Section 16

CAS No.: Preparation

COMPOSITI ON COMMENTS:

Bitrex [Denatonium benzoate CAS 3734-33-6] may have been

added in small quantities by customer request.

Contains:

Inhibitors

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Harmful if swallowed.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES:

INHALATION:

Remove victim immediately from source of exposure. Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing Get medical attention.

INGESTION:

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! When risk of unconsciousness, place and transport the victim in secured side position. Drink plenty of water. Do not give victim anything to drink if he is unconscious. Get medical attention immediately!

SKIN:

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash the skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

EYFS:

Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids. Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing. Continue to rinse for at least 15minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES:

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Stop flow of material to fire. Fire can be extinguished using: Water fog or mist. Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Avoid breathing fire vapours. Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources. Dike for water control.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PRECAUTIONS TO PROTECT ENVIRONMENT:

Protect drains by covering to avoid any spillage entering the drainage system.

SPILL CLEANUP METHODS

Stop leak if possible without risk. Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate. Wear necessary protective equipment. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Disposal should be carried out in accordance with the Special Waste Regulations. If any liquid enters the drainage system or watercourse inform the local authorities, Fire Brigade and Environment Agency

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE:

USAGE PRECAUTIONS:

Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Avoid acids, moisture, and combustible materials.

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS:

Keep in cool, dry, ventilated storage and closed containers. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION:

INGREDIENT NAME: CAS No.: STD LT EXP 8 Hrs ST EXP 15 Min

ETHANEDIOL 107-21-1 OES 52 mg/m3(Sk) 104 mg/m3(Sk)

ANTIFREEZE AF-1 Preparation OES 60 mg/m3 125 mg/m3

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

VENTILATION:

Must not be handled in confined space without sufficient ventilation.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Chemical resistant gloves required for prolonged or repeated contact. Use protective gloves made of: Impermeable material.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear approved safety goggles.

HYGIENIC WORK PRACTICES:

Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Wash promptly with soap & water if skin becomes contaminated. **DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA!**

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

APPEARANCE:

Liquid. Hygroscopic. Viscous.

COLOUR:

Colourless.

ODOUR/TASTE:

Odourless or no characteristic odour.

BOILING POINT (°C, interval):

197

Pressure: 760mmHg

MELT./FREEZ. POINT (°C, interval): -12

DENSITY/SPECI FIC GRAVI TY (g/ ml): 1.10

Temperature (°C): 20

VAPOUR PRESSURE: 0.05 kPa

Temperature (°C): 20

SOLUBI LITY DESCRIPTION: Miscible with water. Miscible with: Acetone. Alcohol.

FLASH POINT (°C): 111

Method: CC (Closed cup).

AUTO IGNITION TEMP. (°C):

400

FLAMMABILI TY LIMI T - LOWER(%): ---

3.2

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY:

STABILITY:

No particular stability concerns. Avoid: Heat, sparks, flames. Moisture.

MATERIALS TO AVOID:

Acids, oxidizing. Strong oxidizing agents. Sulphuric Acid, Oleum, Phosphorous Pentasulphide, Chlorosulphonic acid

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Toxicological data

Acute toxicity. TCLo Inhalation. Human, 10000 mg/m3 (SAX)

Acute toxicity. LDLo. Oral. Human. 398 mg/kg (SAX)

Acute toxicity. LD50. Oral. Rat. 4700 mg/kg (SAX)

Acute toxicity. LD50. Intraperitoneal. Rat. 5010 mg/kg (SAX) Acute toxicity. LD50. Subcutaneous Rat. 2800 mg/kg (SAX)

TOXI COLOGI CAL INFORMATI ON:

Toxicological information on major component only. As Ethanediol

INGESTION:

Harmful is swallowed.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATI ON:

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:

DISPOSAL METHODS:

This material must be disposed of via an Authorised Waste/Disposal Company inaccordance with Local and or National Waste Disposal Regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION:

UN No. ROAD:

None

UK ROAD PACK GR.:

None

ADR CLASS:

Not classified for transportation.

ADR ITEM No.:

None

HAZARD No. (ADR):

Not relevant

CEFIC TEC(R) No.:

None

IMDG CLASS:

None

EmS No. :

None

MARINE POLLUTANT:

N/A.

ICAO CLASS:

None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION:

LABEL FOR SUPPLY:

HARMFUL

RISK PHRASES:

R-22 Harmful if swallowed.

SAFETY PHRASES:

Salkeep out of reach of children.

\$-13 Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

S-24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S-43,16 In case of fire use sand, earth, alcohol resistant foam

or water fog.

S-46 If swallowed seek medical advice immediately and show

this container label.

S-56 Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or

special waste collectionpoint.

UK REGULATORY REFERENCES:

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 1988. Health and Safety at Work Act 1974. The Chemical

(Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply

Regulations) 1993 amended & 2002. Health and Safety (First

Aid) Regulations 1981.

CDG Road, The Classification , Packaging and Labelling

Regulations 1996.

EU DIRECTIVES:

Dangerous Substance Directive 67\548. Dangerous

Preparations Directive 88\379.

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS:

Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging) Regulations.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health.

APPROVED CODE OF PRACTI CE:

Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations

Dangerous for Supply.

GUIDANCE NOTES:

Occupational Exposure Limits EH40.

16. OTHER INFORMATION:

INFORMATI ON SOURCES:

Dangerous Properties of Industrial Chemicals, 7. ed., Sax &

Lewis, 1988. Fire and Related Properties of Industrial

Chemicals, Fire Protection Association.

REVISI ON COMMENTS:

New issue. CHIP 3 update Compliant with ADR 2003

ISSUED BY:

PCL Technical Team

MAXOL LUBRICANTS LIMITED MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Maxol Multipurpose Grease (Brown/Black) EP 2

Application Product supplied for use in lubricating systems only

Supplier Maxol Lubricants Ltd, Phone: (353) 1 806 0300

Unit D, Fax: (353) 1 862 3200

Airport Industrial Estate,

Santry,
Dublin 9.

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

General Mineral oil thickened with lithium soap, containing EP, anti-wear, anti-oxidant, corrosion inhibitor and water resistant additives

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Ingredient Bitumen Exclusive Red Consent of Consent of

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Prolonged or extensive contact with this product may cause irreversible skin disorders.

Pressure injection

Injection of all products will cause severe internal damage if not promptly treated.

Special Hazards of product after use

FIRST AID MEASURES

Flush eyes thoroughly with copious amounts of water, until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

Skin Wash with large amounts of water, using soap if available.

Inhalation Vapour pressure of this material is low. Inhalation under normal conditions is not usually a problem.

Ingestion Not expected to be a problem. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. If uncomfortable, seek medical advice.

Pressure injection ALWAYS OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION EVEN THOUGH THE INJURY MY APPEAR MINOR!

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability

Non-flammable

Flash point

> 150C PMCC

Extinguishing

Foam, dry powder and CO2

Media

Products of

Carbon, exides of carbon and ZINC

combustion

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Spilt product presents a significant slip hazard
Precautions Avoid exposure of the product to sources of ignition

Environmental Prevent entry into drains, sewers and water courses
Precautions

Decontaminating Soak up with inert absorbent, or contain and remove by best available means

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Prevent slip hazards

Storage Keep containers closed when not in use

Storage temp. > 40C

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection	Wear safety glasses if there is a risk of possible eye contact
Skin Protection	Use barrier cream, wear gloves, and overalls if there is a possibility of prolonged skin contact
Inhalation	No special respiratory protection is required under normal conditions of use.
Industrial hygiene	Good personal hygiene practices should be followed

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Thermal – stable
Light – Stable
Avoid extreme heat
Incompatible with strong oxidising agents we

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	Estimated oral LD50 Reference
Health effects	Rat > 2g/Kg
On eyes	May cause transient irritation
On skin	Unlikely to cause harm on brief or occasional contact
By inhalation	Low volatility makes inhalation unlikely at ambient temperatures
By ingestion	May cause nausea, vomiting, and diarrhoea
Chronic	Repeated and prolonged skin contact may lead to skin disorders.
Other	Products which have become contaminated in use or from external sources may present more serious health effects

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Biodegradability	N/E
Chemical oxygen	'N/E
demand	
	Lubricating greases are inherently, but not readily, biodegradable

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Place used and contaminated materials/packaging in suitable containers. Dispose of the controlled waste in accordance with the Duty of Care (Environmental Protection Act 1990) using a licensed waste disposal company.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classification for	Not classified as hazardous for transport
transport	
UN No.	None
Packaging group	N/A
Shipping name	N/A
IMO class	N/A
Marine pollutant	No
ADR/RID	N/A
ICAO/IATA	N/A diffe

REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard label data	Classified as harmful
Risk phrase	R 40 = Possible risk of irreversible effects
Safety phrase	S24 = Avoid contact with skin
EC Directives	Framework Waste Directive, 91/156/EEC
	Waste Oil Directive, 87/101/EEC
Statutory	The Health & Safety at Work etc. Act 1974
Instruments	Consumer Protection Act 1987
,	Environmental Protection Act 1990
	Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regs. 1988
	The Chemicals (Hazard, Information and Packaging for Supply)
	Regs. 1996

OTHER INFORMATION

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. The product is not sold as suitable for any other application. Use of the product for applications other than as stated in this sheet may give rise to risks not mentioned in this sheet. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from us.

If you have purchased the product for supply to a third party for use at work, it is your duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet.

Legal disclaimer

If you are an employer, it is your duty to tell your employees and other who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precaution which should be taken.

The information supplied above is based upon the present state of our knowledge of the product at the time of publication. It is given in good faith and no warranty is implied with respect to the specification or quality of the product. The user must satisfy himself that the product is entirely suitable for his purpose.

EPA Export 25-07-2013:13:36:52

MAXOL LUBRICANTS LIMITED MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

IDENTIFICATION

Product Name

MAXOL Gear Oils 85W/140, 80W/90, 75W/90, EP80
EP90, EP140, LS90

Supplier

Maxol Lubricants Ltd Phone : (353) 1 806 0300
Unit D, Fax: : (353) 1 862 3200
Airport Industrial Estate
Santry
Dublin 9

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

General Ingredients present at or above 0.1 wt% (classified as toxic or very toxic) or 1 wt% (classified as harmful, irritant or corrosive).

Hazardous ingredients

None.

HAZARDOUS IDENTIFICATION

This product consists of highly refined base oils with additives. It is of low oral and dermal toxicity and under normal conditions of use should present no significant health hazards. However, in common with most mineral oils, prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. Handling precautions should be strictly observed.

FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalatìon:-	At ambient/normal handling temperatures, inhalation of vapours is normally not a problem. If overexposed to oil mist, remove from further exposure. Administer artificial respiration if breathing is irregular or has stopped. Get prompt medical attention.
Skin Contact:-	Wash thoroughly with plenty of water, using soap if available. Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation persists, get medical attention,
Eye Contact:-	Rinse immediately with plenty of water until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice.
Ingestion:-	If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting; keep at rest and call a physician.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable	Foam, Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide.
Extinguishing	it Postite o
Media:-	Decilot Purelled
Hazardous	Smoke, sulphur oxides and carbon monoxide in the event of
Combustion	incomplete combustion. Possible release of hydrogen sulphide
Products:	during overtheating or hot storage.
Special fire	Water fog or spray, to cool fire-exposed surfaces (eg. containers)
fighting	and to protect personnel, should only be used by personnel trained
procedures:-	in fire fighting.
	Cut off "fuel"; depending on circumstances, either allow the fire to burn out under controlled conditions or use foam or dry chemical powder to extinguish the fire.
	Respiratory and eye protection required for fire fighting personnel exposed to fumes or smoke.
Special	Combustible material, low hazard. The product can form
Fire/Explosion	flammable mixtures or can burn only on heating above the flash
Hazards:	point. However, minor contamination by hydrocarbons of higher volatility may increase the hazard.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Land spill	Shut off source taking normal safety precautions. Prevent liquid from entering sewers, water courses or low lying areas; advise the relevant authorities if it has, or if it contaminates soil/vegetation. Take measures to minimise the effects on ground water.
Accidental Release Measures	Recover by skimming or pumping using explosion-proof equipment, or contain spilled liquid with booms, sand, or other suitable absorbent and remove mechanically into containers. If necessary, dispose of absorbed residues as directed below ('Disposal Considerations').
Water spill	Confine the spill immediately with booms. Warn other shipping. Notify port and other relevant authorities.
	Remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents. Disperse the residue in unconfined waters, if permitted by local authorities and environmental agencies.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store the product in cool, well ventilated surroundings, well away from sources of ignition. Provide suitable mechanical equipment for the safe handling of drums and heavy packages. Electrical equipment and fittings must comply with local regulations regarding fire prevention with this class of product.

Load/Unload

Temperature °C

Ambient to 40

Storage

Temperature °C

Ambient to 40

Special Instructions

Keep containers closed when not in use.

Prevent small spills and leakages to avoid slip hazard.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limits 5 mg/m³ for oil mists (TWA, 8h - workday) recommended based

upon the ACGIH TLV (Analysis according to US NIOSH Method

5026, NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods, 3rd Ed.)

Personal protection In open systems where contact is likely, wear safety goggles,

chemical-resistant overalls, and chemically impervious gloves

Where only incidental contact is likely, wear safety glasses with side shields. No other special protection precautions are

necessary provided skin/eye contact is avoided.

When concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limit, and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, approved respirators may

be required.

Inhalation: Negligible hazard at ambient/normal handling temperatures

Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours, mists, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat

and lungs. Avoid breathing vapours, mists or fumes.

Skin Contact: Low order of acute toxicity.

Prolonged or repeated contact may lead to mild skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Slight Crritating, but does not injure eye tissue.

Ingestion: Low order of acute/systemic toxicity.

Chronic: Although there is no specific test data on all the base oil

components, by comparison with base oils of similar composition and refining history the base oil components would not be expected to demonstrate carcinogenic potential. The base oil component which has been tested has exhibited no evidence of

carcinogenicity.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Please see our Technical Data Specification Sheet

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability (Thermal,

Stable.

Light, etc)

Conditions to Avoid:

Keep away from heat sources, open flames and other sources of

ignition.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine and

concentrated oxygen.

Hazardous

Decomposition

products:

Product does not decompose at ambient temperature.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity Data:

Acute No tests are available for the complete formulated product. The

potential health hazards described were therefore derived from what is generally known of the toxicity of the base oils and the additives, taking into account the concentrations at which they are present. The general effects of mineral oils of this type are well known and are described in numerous publications including

CONCAWE Report 5/87" Health Aspects of Lubricants.

Chronic: Although there is no specific data on all the base oil components,

by comparison with base oils of similar composition and refining history the base oils would not be expected to demonstrate carcinogenic potential. The base oil component which has been tested has been subjected to a skin painting bioassay using a standard Exxon protocol. This base oil component exhibited no

evidence of carcinogenicity.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

In the absence of specific environmental data for this product, this assessment is based on information for general hydrocarbon components found in lubricant mineral oils. Lubricant mineral oil, immediately following a release into the environment, will remain largely on the soil surface, and in water, will remain largely on the water surface. Based on chemical/physical information from the literature for this product category, no harmful effects to terrestrial or aquatic habitats would be expected. This product is expected to be resistant to biodegradation and to persist in the environment. This product may contain additives for which no environmental data is available. Hence, the above assessment concern the base oil(s) only.

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Collect and dispose of waste product at an authorised disposal facility, in conformance with national and local regulations, and in accordance with EEC Directives on the disposal of waste oil.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Usual shipping

Tank Trucks, Drums, Cans.

containers:

Ambient to 40

Transport

Temperature °C

REGULATORY INFORMATION

EC Dangerous Substances/Preparations Classifications:

Not regulated

Refer to your local national legislation implementing the EC Directive 91/155/EC

OTHER INFORMATION

Product Type/Uses: Automotive extreme pressure gear oil for hypoid and other highly

loaded gears including top-up of limited slip axles.

Source of key data: The recommendations presented in this Material Safety Data

The second second

Sheet were compiled from actual test data (when available), comparison with similar products, component information from

suppliers and from recognised codes of good practice.

Legal Disclaimer

The information supplied above is based upon the present state of our knowledge of the product at the time of publication. It is given in good faith and no warranty is implied with respect to the specification or quality of the product. The user must satisfy himself that the product is entirely suitable for his purpose.

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BROMADIOLONE SAFETY DATA

Description

Grains (Pink)

Odour

None

Active Ingredient

Bromadiolone 0.005%

Group

Anticoagulent

Transport

ADR - Free

TREM - Free

HAZARDS

Flammability

Non-Flammable

Low

Toxicity

Low toxicity. Major effect is achieved by successive doses over a number of day's rather then single doses. Large quantities would have to be ingested by humans to cause toxic effects.

Low

Reactivity

Non-reactive

Low

PRECAUTIONS

Fire

Store away from heat and naked flames

Avoid ignition sources

Toxicity

Wear protective gloves

Avoid all contact

Reactivity

No Special precautions

BROMADIOLONE SAFETY DATA

EMERGENCY ACTIONS

Fire

Protective clothing and respirator must be worn. Toxic fumes may be emitted as a result as a result of fire.

Avoid Fumes

First Aid

Skin - Wash affective parts with water

Eyes - Irrigate for at least 10 minutes with water.

Medical aid essential

Spillage's

Collect sweeping and dispose of safely.

Avoid effluent problems

Avoid Effluent

MEDICAL ADVICE IN THE CASE OF ACCIDENTS CAN BE OBTAINED FROM-POISON CENTRE, BEAUMONT HOSPITAL. PHONE (01) 8379964



SAFETY DATA SHEET

FARGLO FLUORESCENT PAINT

Page 1

Issued: 03/09/2003

Revision No: 3

Spencer Coatings Ltd

Froghall Terrace

Aberdeen

AB24 3JN

Tel: 01224 788400

Fax: 01224 648116

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product name: FARGLO FLUORESCENT PAINT

Product code: 06FFP

Use / description of product: Flammable. Irritant. Liquid.

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient 1: LOW BOILING POINT NAPHTHA - UNSPECIFIED - SOLVENT NAPHTHA

(PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM. 30-60%

CAS: 64742-95-6

EINECS: 265-199-0

[T] R45; [F+] R12; [Xi] R38; [N] R51/53; [Xii] R65;

Ingredient 2: 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 10-30%

CAS: 95-63-6

EINECS: 202-436-9

[-] R10; [Xn] R20; [Xi] R36(37/38; [N] R51/53;

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Main hazards: Flammable. Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. Toxic to aquatic organisms,

may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES (SYMPTOMS)

Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact.

Eye contact: There may be irritation and redness. Corneal burns may occur.

Ingestion: Nausea and stomach pain may occur. There may be vomiting. There may be loss of

consciousness. Convulsions may occur.

Inhalation: Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing. There may be congestion of the lungs

causing severe shortness of breath. There may be loss of consciousness. Convulsions

may occur.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES (ACTION)

Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin. Skin contact:

Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still

on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.

Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist Eye contact:

examination.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give 1 pint of water to drink immediately. If

SAFETY DATA SHEET FARGLO FLUORESCENT PAINT

PARGLO PLUORESCENT PAINT

unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If

unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If conscious, ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and

provide oxygen if available. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide. Alcohol or polymer foam. Dry chemical powder.

Exposure hazards: In combustion emits toxic fumes.

Protection of fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear protective clothing to prevent contact

with skin and eyes.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised

personnel. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to prevent the escape of liquid.

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding.

Clean-up procedures: Absorb into dry earth or sand. If inside transfer outside of building in suitable containers.

For small spills, absorb on to paper and allow to evaporate in a fume cupboard. Wash

the spillage site with large amounts of water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling requirements: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. Smoking is forbidden. Avoid direct

contact with the substance.

Storage conditions: Store in cool, well ventilated area. Keep away from sources of ignition, Keep container

tightly closed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering measures: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

Respiratory protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency.

Hand protection: Protective gloves.

Eye protection: Safety goggles.

Skin protection: Protective clothing with elasticated cuffs and closed neck. Boots made of PVC. Ensure

I for speed the parties on which is to each an time of the electrical

safety shower is to hand.

TWA (8 hr exposure limit): See section 16.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

State: Liquid

Viscosity: Viscous

Oxidising: Non-oxidising (by EC criteria)

Solubility in water: Not miscible

Flammability limits %: lower: 0.8

Issued: 03/09/2003

SAFETY DATA SHEET FARGLO FLUORESCENT PAINT

upper: 8

Flash point°C: 39

Relative density: 1.05

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid: Sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid: Oxidising agents.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Effects of exposure There is no information on the product itself.

Ingredient 1: LOW BOILING POINT NAPHTHA - UNSPECIFIED - SOLVENT NAPHTHA

(PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROM.

Ingredient 2: 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

IPR RAT LDLO 1752mg/kg

ORL RAT LD50 5gm/kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Other adverse effects: There is no information on the product itself.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations

regarding disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID

UN no: 1263

ADR Class: 3

Hazard ID no: 30

Labelling: 3

Shipping name: PAINT

MDG/IMO

UN no: 1263

Class: 3.3

Packing group: III

EmS: 3-05

Marine pollutant: YES

Labelling: 3

LATA/ICAO

UN no: 1263

Class: 3

Packing group: III

Packing instructions: 310

Quantity 220 L

SAFETY DATA SHEET

FARGLO FLUORESCENT PAINT

Labelling: 3

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard symbols: Irritant.

Dangerous for the environment.

Flammable.

Risk phrases: R10: Flammable.

R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Safety phrases: S29: Do not empty into drains.

\$16: Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S23: Do not breathe spray/fumes.

S36/37/39: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye / face protection.

Note: The regulatory information given above only indicates the principal regulations

specifically applicable to the product described in the safety data sheet. The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of additional provisions which complete these regulations. Refer to all applicable national, international and local regulations or

provisions.

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information: THE OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LEVELS:- 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene - 8TWA 25ppm

/ 125mg/m3 - 15mins ----

Risk phrases used in s.2: R45: May cause cancer

R12: Extremely flammable.

R38: Irritating to skin.

R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R10: Flammable.

R20: Harmful by inhalation.

R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

Legal disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive

and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage

resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET ACRYLIC CLEAR LACQUER

Page 1

Issued: 10/11/2003

Revision No: 3

Spencer Coatings Ltd

Froghall Terrace

Aberdeen

AB24 3JN

Tel: 01224 788400

Fax: 01224 648116

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product name:

ACRYLIC CLEAR LACQUER

Product code: 05ACL

Use / description of product: Liquid. Flammable, harmful. The regulatory information is dependent upon the

concentration limit of the specific substance.

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient 1: LOW BOILING POINT HYDROGEN TREATED NAPHTHA - NAPHTHA

(PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULPHURIZED HEAV 10-30%

CAS: 64742-82-1

EINECS: 265-185-4

[T] R45; [-] R10; [N] R51/53; [Xn] R65;

Ingredient 2: 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE 10-30%

CAS: 95-63-6

EINECS: 202-436-9

[-] R10; [Xn] R20; [Xi] R36/37/38; [N] R51/53;

Ingredient 3: NAPHTHA SOLVENT 30-60%

CAS: 8052-41-3

EINECS: 232-489-3

[T] R45; [Xn] R65;

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Flammable. Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the Main hazards:

aquatic environment.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES (SYMPTOMS)

Skin contact: There may be irritation and redness at the site of contact.

There may be irritation and redness. Corneal burns may occur. Eye contact:

Nausea and stomach pain may occur. There may be vomiting. There may be loss of Ingestion:

consciousness. Convulsions may occur.

Inhalation: Exposure may cause coughing or wheezing. There may be congestion of the lungs

causing severe shortness of breath. There may be loss of consciousness. Convulsions

may occur.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES (ACTION)

Skin contact: Remove all contaminated clothes and footwear immediately unless stuck to skin.

Issued: 10/11/2003

SAFETY DATA SHEET ACRYLIC CLEAR LACQUER

Drench the affected skin with running water for 10 minutes or longer if substance is still

on skin. Transfer to hospital if there are burns or symptoms of poisoning.

Eye contact: Bathe the eye with running water for 15 minutes. Transfer to hospital for specialist

examination.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If conscious, give 1 pint of water to drink immediately. If

unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. Transfer to hospital

as soon as possible.

Inhalation: Remove casualty from exposure ensuring one's own safety whilst doing so. If

unconscious, check for breathing and apply artificial respiration if necessary. If

unconscious and breathing is OK, place in the recovery position. If conscious, ensure the casualty sits or lies down. If breathing becomes bubbly, have the casualty sit and

provide oxygen if available. Transfer to hospital as soon as possible.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide. Alcohol or polymer foam. Dry chemical powder.

Exposure hazards: In combustion emits toxic fumes.

Protection of fire-fighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus Wear protective clothing to prevent contact

with skin and eyes.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions: Mark out the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorised

personnel. Turn leaking containers leak-side up to prevent the escape of liquid.

Environmental precautions: Do not discharge into drains or rivers. Contain the spillage using bunding.

Clean-up procedures: Absorb into dry earth or sand. If inside, transfer outside of building in suitable containers.

For small spills, absorb on to paper and allow to evaporate in a fume cupboard. Wash

the spillage site with large amounts of water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling requirements: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area. Smoking is forbidden. Avoid direct

contact with the substance.

Storage conditions: Store in cool, well ventilated area. Keep away from sources of ignition. Keep container

tightly closed.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering measures: Ensure there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

Respiratory protection: Self-contained breathing apparatus must be available in case of emergency.

Hand protection: Protective gloves.Eye protection: Safety goggles.

Skin protection: Protective clothing with elasticated cuffs and closed neck, Boots made of PVC. Ensure

safety shower is to hand.

TWA (8 hr exposure limit): See section 16.

Issued: 10/11/2003

SAFETY DATA SHEET ACRYLIC CLEAR LACQUER

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

State: Liquid

Viscosity: Viscous

Oxidising: Non-oxidising (by EC criteria)

Solubility in water: Not miscible

Flammability limits %: lower: 0.8

upper: 8

Flash point °C: 25

Relative density: 0.88

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid: Sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid: Oxidising agents.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Effects of exposure There is no information on the product itself.

Ingredient 1: LOW BOILING POINT HYDROGEN TREATED NAPHTHA - NAPHTHA

(PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULPHURIZED HEAVY

Ingredient 2: 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE

IPR RAT LDLO 1752mg/kg

ORL RAT LD50 5gm/kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Other adverse effects: There is no information on the product itself.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal: Dispose of as normal industrial waste.

Disposal of packaging Dispose of as normal industrial waste.

NB: The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of regional or national regulations

regarding disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID

UN no: 1263

ADR Class: 3

Hazard ID no: 33

Labelling: 3

Shipping name: PAINT

IMDG/IMO

UN no: 1263

Class: 3

Packing group: III

EmS: 3-05

SAFETY DATA SHEET ACRYLIC CLEAR LACOUER

Marine pollutant: YES

Labelling: 3

IATA/ICAO

UN no: 1263

Class: 3

Packing group: III

Packing instructions: 310

Quantity 220 L

Labelling: 3

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard symbols: Dangerous for the environment.

Flammable.

Risk phrases: R10: Flammable.

R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Safety phrases: S29: Do not empty into drains.

S16: Keep away from sources of ignition Nosmoking.

S23: Do not breathe spray/fumes.

S51: Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Note: The regulatory information given above only indicates the principal regulations

specifically applicable to the product described in the safety data sheet. The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of additional provisions which complete these regulations. Refer to all applicable national, international and local regulations or

provisions.

16. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information: THE OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LEVELS: White Sprirt - 8TWA 108ppm/

600mg/m3 - 15mins -- - . 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene - 8TWA 25ppm / 125mg/m3 -

15mins -- --

Risk phrases used in s.2: R45: May cause cancer.

R10: Flammable.

R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R20: Harmful by inhalation.

R36/37/38: Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

Legal disclaimer: The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive

and shall be used only as a guide. This company shall not be held liable for any damage

resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.

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IRISH DXYGEN CORK

PAGE

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Directive 93/112/EC

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:

ACETYLENE (dissolved)

Chemical Composition;

C₂H₂

Cas No: EINECS No: 00074-86-2 008169

Company Name:

irish Oxygen Co Ltd

Waterfall Road, Cork

Phone:

021-541821

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Dissolved Gas Extremely flammable

3. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness.

Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation.

In low concentrations may cause narcotic effects. Symptoms may include dizziness, headache, nausea and loss of co-ordination.

Keep viotim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

4. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

SPECIFIC HAZARD:

Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Anisomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

All known extinguishers can be used.

SPECIFIC METHODS:

If possible, stop flow of product.

Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool. Move container away or cool with water from protected position. Do not extinguish a leaking gas flame unless absolutely necessary. Spontaneous/explosive re-ignition may occur.

Extinguish any other fire

Extinguish any other tire.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTERS:

in confined space use self-contained breathing apparatus.

5. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Evacuate area.

Ensure adequate air ventilation. Eliminate ignifion sources.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Try to stop release.

CLEAN UP METHODS:

Ventilate area.

6. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Ensure equipment is adequately earthed.

Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.

Avoid contact with pure copper, mercury, silver and brass with a copper content greater than 70%.

Purge air from system before introducing gas.

Suck back of water into the cylinder must be prevented.

Do not allow back feed into cylinder.

Use only properly specified equipment that is suitable for Acetylene, its supply pressure and temperature.

Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges).

Segregate from exident gases and other exidents.

Keep cylinder below 50.o.C in a well ventilated place.

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IRISH OXYGEN CORK

7. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Acetylene

Do not smoke while handling product.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Wear suitable hand, body and head protection.

Wear goggles with sullable filter lenses when used for welding/cutting

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance/Colour/Odour: Colourless gas with a garlic like odour.

Molecular Weight: 26. Melting Point -80.8°C Boiling Point: -84(s)°C Critical Temperature: 35°C

Relative Density, Gas: 0.9 (A)r=1) Relative Density, Uquid: Not applicable Vapour Pressure 20°C: 44 bar Solubility mg/l water: 1185 mg/l

Auto ignition temperature: 325°C Flammability Plange: 2.4-86 vol% in air

Other Data: Poor adour warning properties at low concentrations

9. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Can form explosive mixture with air.

May decompose violently at high temperature and/or high pressure or in the presence of a catalyst.

Forms explosive acetylides with copper, silver and mercury.

Do not use alloys containing more than 70% copper.

Dissolved in solvent contained in a porous mass.

May react violently with exidents.

10. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No toxicological effects from this product.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No ecological damage caused by this product,

12. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Do not discharge into areas where there is a sisk of forming an explosive mixture with air. Waste gas should be flared through a suitable burner with flash back arrester. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number: 1001 Class/Div: ADR/RID Item number: 2,90

Tremcard Number: 813 Groupcard Number; 20g25

Labelling ADR: Flammable gas.

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or emergency. Before transporting product cylinders, ensure that they are firmly secured, that cylinder valve is closed and not leaking, that there is adequate ventilation and that applicable regulations are complled with,

REGULATORY INFORMATION.

According to EC Directive 67/548, as amended, the product is labelled as follows:

Number in Annex 1 of Dig 67/548: 601-015-00-0

F+ - Extremely flammable R5/6/12 - Extremely flammable

S9 - Keep cylinder in a well vertilated place 316 - Keep cylinder away from ignition sources

- Keep cylinder away from possible static discharge **533A**

OTHER INFORMATION

The information given here is based on the present state of knowledge and describes the product under the aspects of salety. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing specific properties.

Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

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353-21-4343086

IRISH DXYGEN CORK

PAGE

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Directive 93/112/EC

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:

OXYGEN

Chemical Composition:

O₂

Cas No:

07782-44-7

EINECS No:

2319569

Company Name:

Irish Oxygen Co Ltd

Waterfall Road, Cork

Phone:

021-541821

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Compressed Gas

Oxidant, Strongly supports combustion. May read violently with combustible materials.

3. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Continuous inhalation of concentrations higher than 75% may cause nausea, dizziness, respiratory difficulty and convulsion.

4. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

SPECIFIC HAZARD:

Non flammable but supports combustion.

Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Money.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

All known exlinguishers can be used.

SPECIFIC METHODS: If possible stop flow of product.

Move container away or cool with water from protected position.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTERS: None.

5. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

Evacuate area.

Ensure adequate air ventilation, Eliminate Ignition sources.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Try to stop release.

Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or

any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.

CLEAN UP METHODS:

Ventilate area

6. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Use no oil or grease.

Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.

Segregate from other flammable gases and other flammable materials.

Suck back of water into the cylinder must be prevented.

Do not allow back feed into cylinder.

Use only properly specified equipment that is suitable for Oxygen, its supply pressure and temperature.

Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges).

Keep cylinder below 50°C in a well ventilated place.

7. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Do not smoke while handling products to be

Wear suitable hand, body and head proteotion.

Wear goggles, with suitable filter lenses when used for welding/cutting.

Avoid oxygen rich (>21%) atmospheres.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES A.

Appearance/Colour/Odour:

Colourless, odourless gas.

Molecular Weight:

32

Melting Point:

-219°C

Boiling Point:

-183°C

Critical Temperature:

-118°C

Relative Density, Gas:

1.1 (Air=1)

Relative Density, Liquid:

1.1 (Water=1)

Vapour Pressure 20°C:

Not applicable

Solubility mg/l water:

39 mg/l

Auto ignition temperature: Flammability Range:

Not applicable

Oxidiser

Other Data:

Gas/Vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces,

particularly at or below ground level.

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY 9.

May react violently with combustible materials. May react violently with reducing agents. Violently oxidises organic material.

10. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No toxicological effects from this product.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No ecological damage caused by this product.

12. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Vent to atmosphere in a well ventilated place. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number: a078 Class/Div: <u>Ź</u> Subsidiary Risk: 35.1

ADR/RID Item number: ADR/RID Hazard number: Tremoard Number:

2.1a 25

Labelling ADR:

Non flammable, non toxic pas, Fire intensitying risk.

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or emergency. Before transporting product cylinders, ensure that they are firmly secured, that cylinder valve is closed and not leaking, that there is adequate ventilation and that applicable regulations are complied with,

14. REGULATORY INFORMATION

According to EC Directive 67/548, as amended, the product is labelled as follows:

Non flammable

Rea - Strongly supports combustion

S9 - Keep cylinder in a well ventilated place

S17A - Keep cylinder away from combustible material, use no oil or grease

15. OTHER INFORMATION

The information given here is based on the present state of knowledge and describes the product under the aspects of safety. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing specific properties.

Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

O₂/9908