



Submission

Submitter:	Ms Michaela Kirrane
Submission Title:	Letter by post
Submission Reference No.:	S005470
Submission Received:	17 April 2019

Application

Applicant:	Mr. Paddy Kelly
Reg. No.:	P1089-01

See below for Submission details.

Attachments are displayed on the following page(s).

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Environmental Licensing Programme,
Office of Environmental Sustainability,
Environmental Protection Agency,
Headquarters,
PO Box 3000,
Johnstown Castle Estate,
Co. Wexford.



Our Ref: MK/MB

15th April, 2019

Re: IE Licence Application – Paddy Kelly,
Location of Facility: Aughrim Beg, Culloville, Castleblayney, Co. Monaghan
Reg. No.: P1089-01

Dear Sir/Madam,

We refer to the above mentioned IE application for a poultry rearing facility at Aughrim Beg, Culloville, Castleblayney, Co. Monaghan.

Inland Fisheries Ireland (IFI) is a Statutory Body established on the 1st July 2010. Under section 7(1) of the Inland Fisheries Act 2010 (No. 10 of 2010) *the principal function of IFI is the protection, management and conservation of the inland fisheries resource.*

IFI has no objection to the application, from a fisheries perspective, provided that:

- The number of poultry housed shall not exceed that in the application.
- All effluent, soiled water and solid wastes shall be stored on site in adequately sized and sited watertight structures.
- All effluent to be disposed of by land spreading shall be carried out in accordance with the E.U. (Good Agricultural Practice for the Protection of Waters) Regulations 2014.

The EPA's Pollution Impact Potential Maps should be referred to in relation to landspreading locations for this facility. These maps indicate the risk of phosphorus entering surface waters from land. In high-moderate risk areas phosphate is more likely to flow overland to surface waters than being retained in the soil and subsoil. Therefore, it is vital that any land spreading carried out is strictly controlled and ideally should be carried out in low risk areas in order to protect surface waters.

- Only clean, uncontaminated storm water shall be discharged to a soak-away system or to surface water. We would recommend that monitoring of the surface water outfalls is carried out regularly; this should include physio-chemical monitoring and daily visual inspections.

The facility is located in the River Fane catchment. The current Ecological status of the waterbody at this location, Fane_040, is Good.

It is important to ensure that there is no deterioration of the existing conditions, in accordance with Article 5 of the EC Environmental Objectives (Surface Waters) Regulations 2009 (S.I. 272 of 2009) which includes the following provision:

A public authority shall not, in performance of its functions, undertake those functions in a manner that knowingly causes or allows deterioration in the chemical or ecological status of a body of surface water.



Iascach Intíre Éireann
Inland Fisheries Ireland

This river is important from a fisheries perspective as it contains valuable fisheries habitat and supports populations of salmon, trout, eels and lamprey, among other species. (Note: Atlantic salmon and lamprey are listed as Annex II Species under the European Habitats Directive). Therefore, it is important to ensure the proposed development does not have a negative impact on the aquatic habitat.

Please notify us of your full decision in due course.

Yours faithfully,

Michaela Kirrane

Michaela Kirrane
Senior Fisheries Environmental Officer, IFI Dublin

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