



Atlantic Shellfish Ltd.

The Thatched Cottage, Penberth, St. Buryan, Penzance, Cornwall TR19 6HJ.

Tel: +44 1736 810659

e-mail: david@oysters.co.uk

Ms. Ann Marie Donlon,
Inspector,
Office of Climate, Licensing and Resource Use,
Environmental Protection Agency,
Regional Inspectorate,
Inniscarra,
Co. Cork,
Ireland.

5th November 2009

Dear Ms Donlon,

19 NOV 2009

Midleton WWTP Waste Water Discharge Dicence Application D0056-01

Further to my letter of 26th October, I hoped it might be helpful to you to have better copies of the material I referred to than the rather poor scanned copies, which you have kindly put up on the web, and I will chance our postal strike and enclose them now.

Should you have any queries, please contact me by e-mail, but could you please note that it would be best for me to receive anything by post to this address in the UK as I am more often here than in Cork.

With best wishes.

Yours sincerely,

D.Ll.Hugh-Jones

Copy For Mr Hugh-Jones 26/07/04.



Mr John Gorman Senior EPO SEPA Newton Stewart Office Penkiln Bridge Court Minnigaff Newton Stewart DG8 6AA

Our ref: 92/03/02

24th June 2004

Dear Mr Gorman,

Proposed new Strangaer wastewater treatment works affecting Loch Ryan The Food Safety (Fishery Products and Live Shelfish) (Hygiene) Regulations 1998

I write in relation to the above proposal about which you have sought our comments. The Food Standards Agency Scotland is the Central Competent Authority under Directive 91/492 and The Food Safety (Fishery Products and Tive Shellfish) (Hygiene) Regulations 1998. The Agency is responsible under these Regulations for classifying shellfish harvesting production areas according to the degree of e.coli found within the shellfish flesh.

The area of Loch Ryan is a classified shellfish harvesting area for Native Oysters and has been a classified area for many years.

FSAS cannot speculate as to the impact this waste water treatment works may have on the area. However, filter feeding bivalve molluscan shellfish can accumulate human pathogenic micro organisms and may present a risk to health when consumed raw or fightly cooked. Such pathogens may be naturally occurring marine micro organisms or microbiological contaminants introduced via sources of pollution. It is also known from research in this area that the standard commercial depuration cycle which is applied to shellfish reduces bacterial load very effectively but demonstrates poor removal of viruses. It is also most likely that the shellfish harvested from the classified area i.e Oysters will be consumed raw of lightly cooked.

My opinion therefore is that any additional risk generated by this treatment works be quantified and ideally eliminated. Any managed risk level must be determined to be entirely effective at all times. This could be important to protect the public health interest and the current status of Loch Ryan which is currently classified as an 'A' January to April and a 'B' May to December

Tel: 01224 285114 Fax: 01224 285110 Email: lorna.murray@foodstandards.gsi.gov.uk

Our Website address is: www.food.gov.uk

I enclose a history of e.coli results from the Loch Ryan area for your interest and would be happy to provide you with any other information which may assist you in dealing with this application.

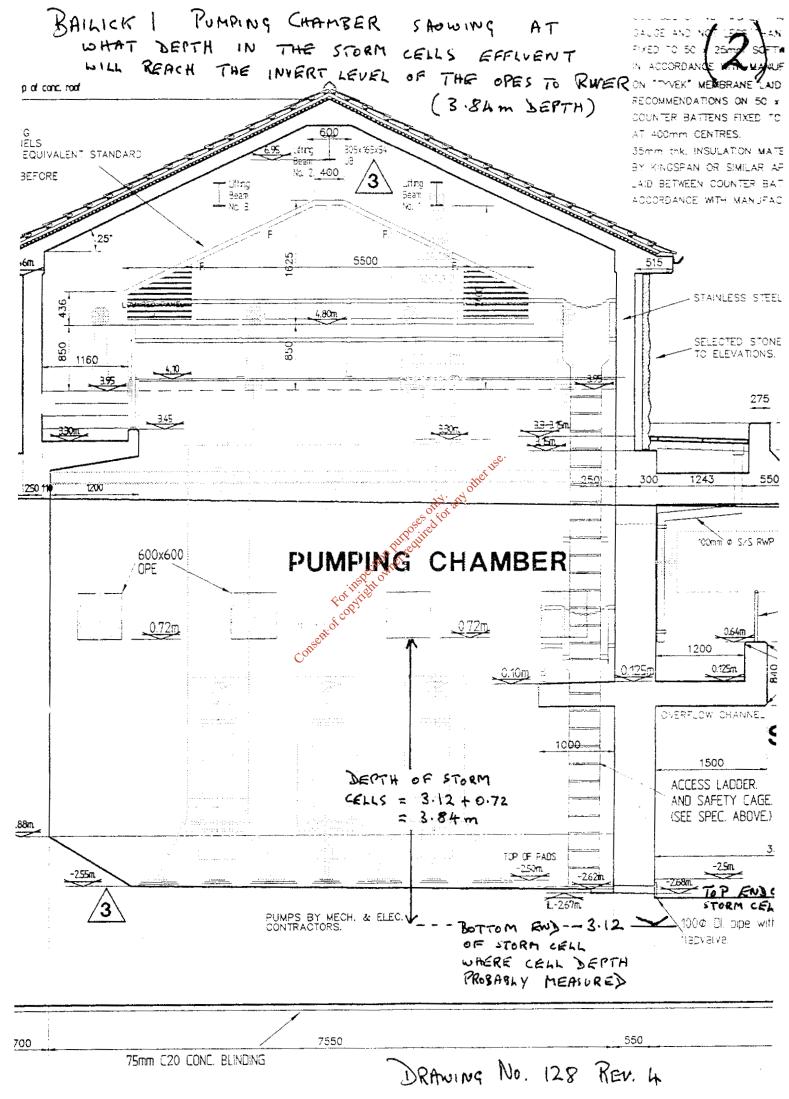
Yours sincerely

Lorna Murray

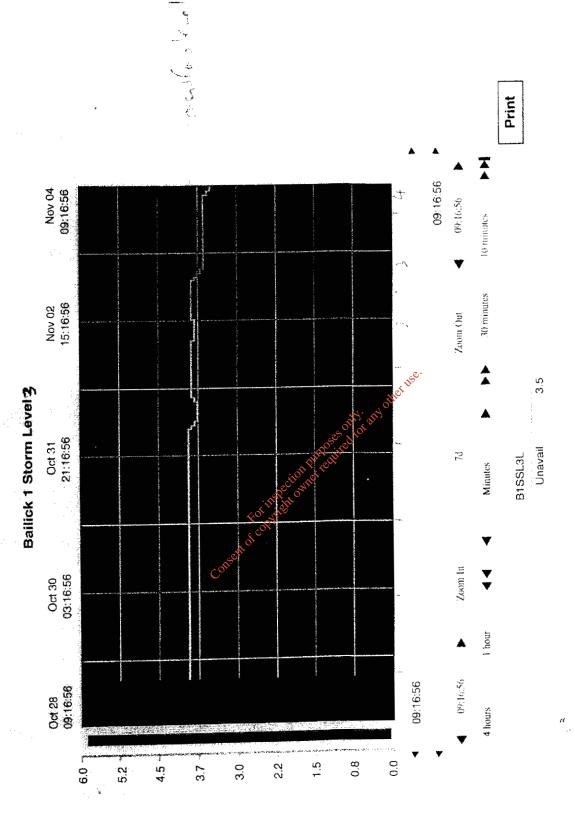
Senior Executive Officer

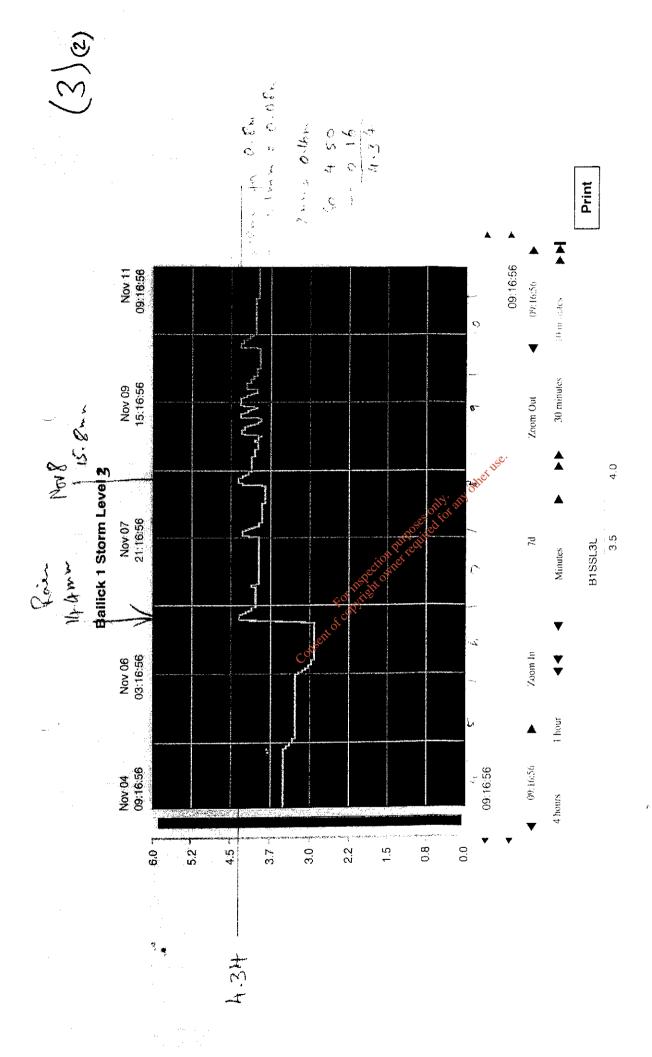
Food Law Enforcement Branch

Consent of copyright owner required for any other use.

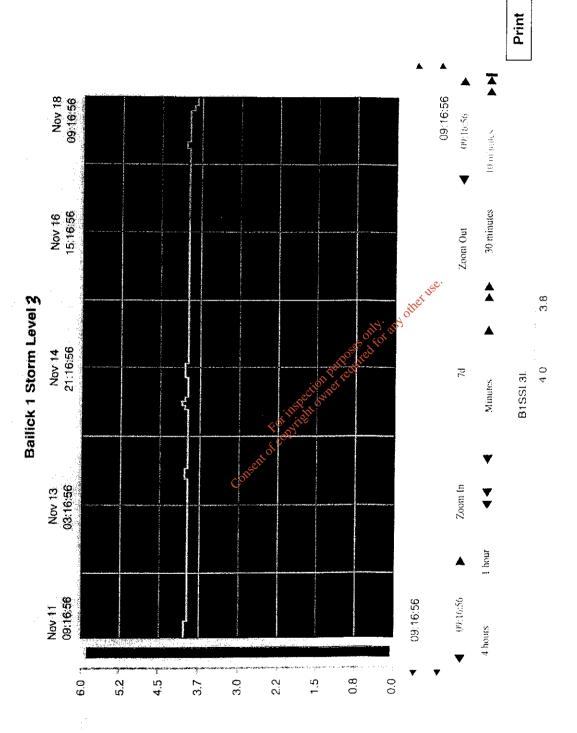


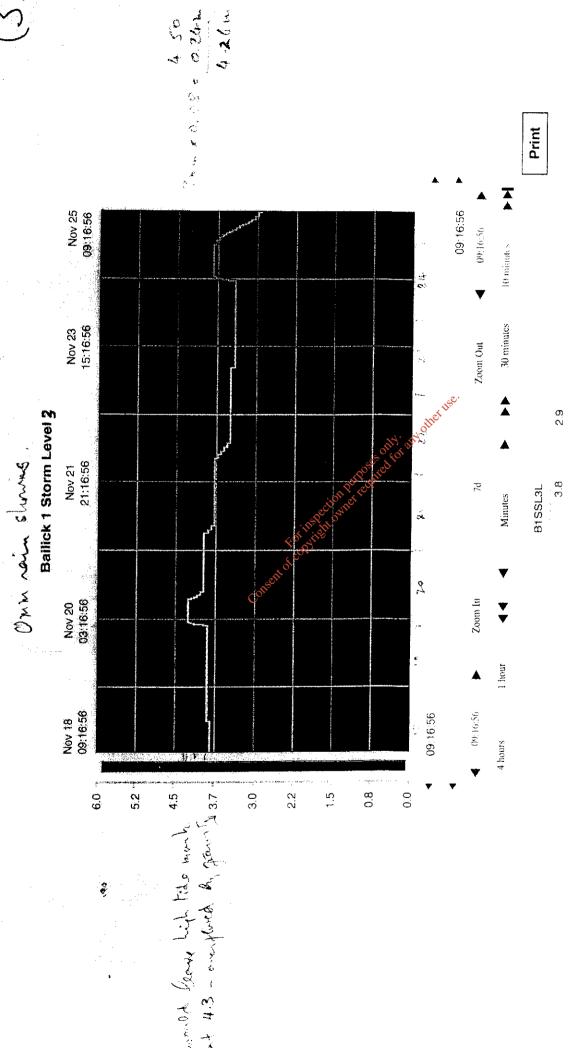








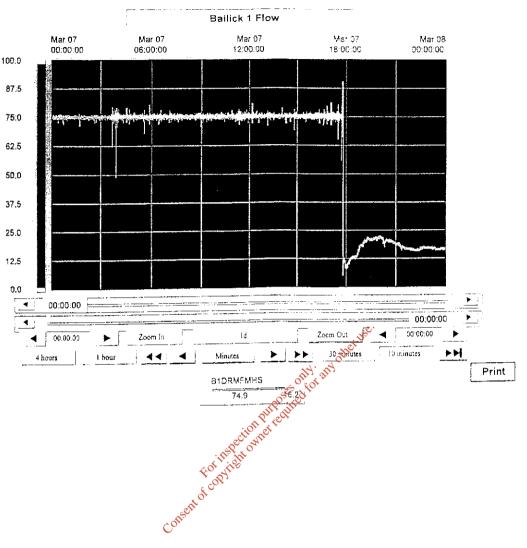






Storn overforms pumped to river

Investigation re March 21/8th B.1 purp stoppa que 2009 (1/7/09 84.1)

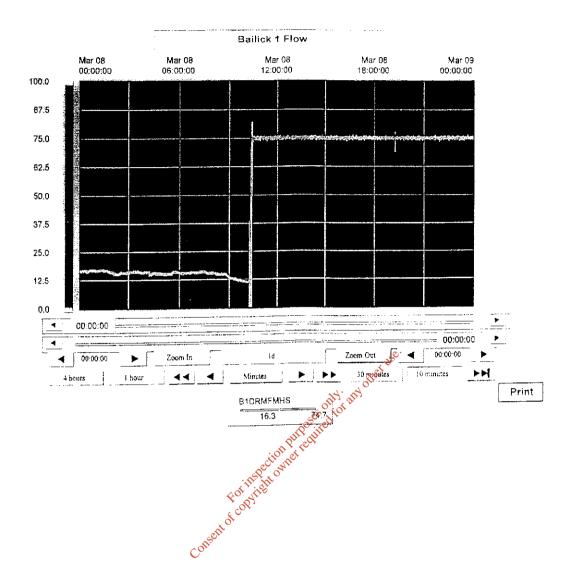


The hours with very reduced for from 758/s to 168/s = drop of 59 e/s $\frac{59 \times 3660}{1040}$ m³/h = 212 m³/h

for 16 hours = 16 × 212 = 3,400 m³

Storm overflews recorded on 8th/9th were 1,148 +356 m³
= 1,504 m³

Therefore arount overflowing by gainty = 3400-1504 = 1896 m3



(This is the third, find, cell) - ino 24hi = 104 mm 7.5mm = 0.8m :. lmm = 0.23 hos 00:00:00 : | mm = 0-107m 6.0 granty? Her work 3.7

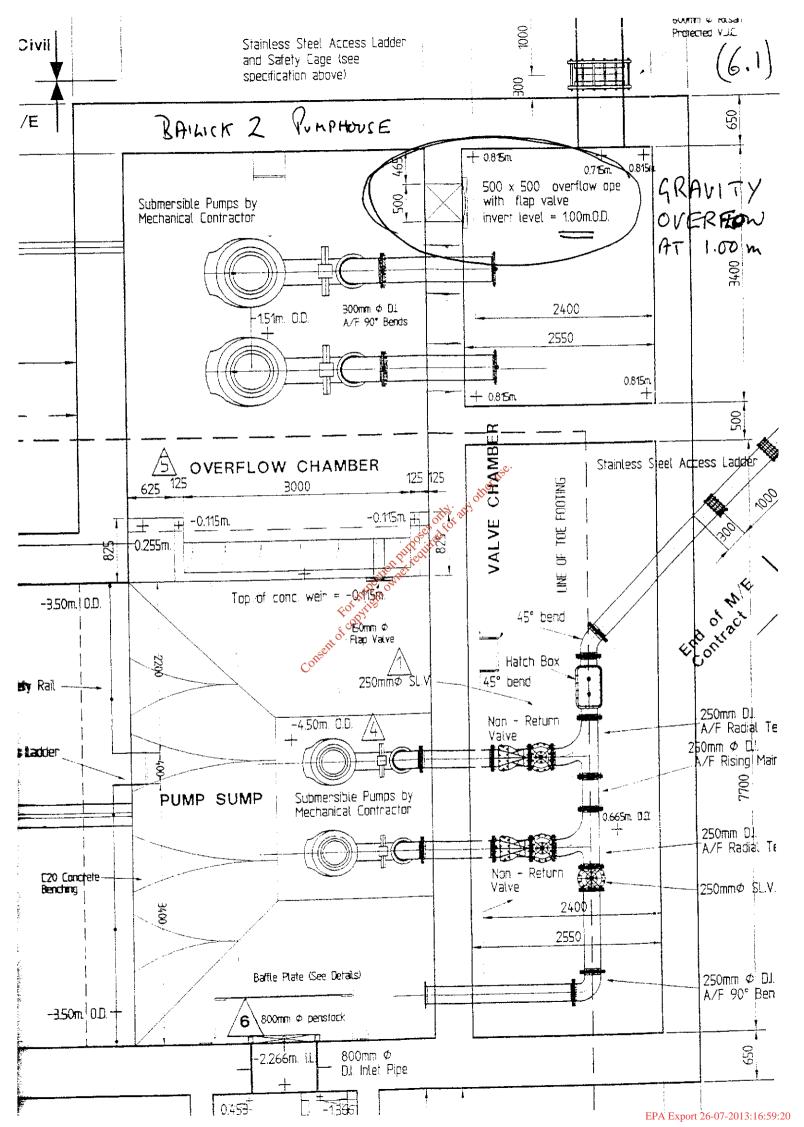
Highert depth 3.7m + (5.5mm x 0.107) = 4.21 m for 4.6 hs Height alone ope invert = 4.29 - 3.84 = 0.45 (1.46+) From Tide flex graphs, flow = 79 m3/hr

3.7 + (4.5 mm x 0.107) = 4.18 m for 2.8 hrs Mextr depth Height above ope invert = 4.18-3.84 = 0.34 (1H) From Tide fler gaph, flow = 43 m3/hr.

Granty overflow at 4.29mdepth

Difference with colculation from storm overflows of top in flow = 40 m³,

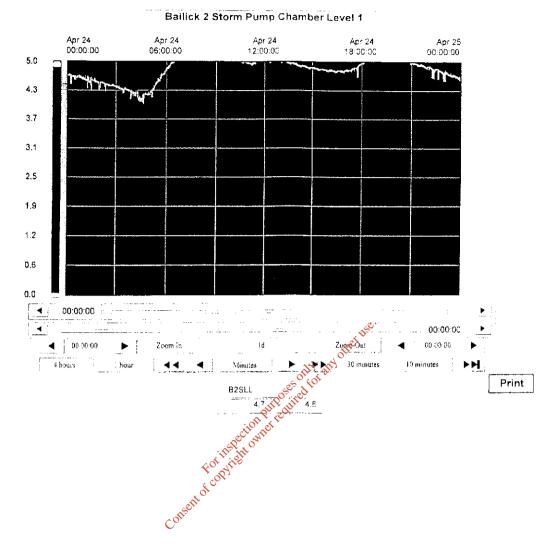
EPA Export 26-07-2013:16:59:20



43 m³ overflows recorded by the storm pumps

(7)





Comhairle Contae Chorcai Cork County Council

County Hall. Cork, Ireland. Tel: (021) 4276891 • Fax: (021) 4276321 Web: www.corkcoco.ie Halla an Chontae. Corcaigh, Éire. Fón: (021) 42"6891 • Faics: (021) 4276321

Suromh Gréasáin: www.corkcoco.ie



Mr. David Hugh-Jones, Atlantic Shellfish Ltd... Rossmore. Carrigtwohill, Co. Cork.

10th March 2008

Our Ref:

08/0017/FOI

Your Ref:

Midleton Sewerage Scheme

Dear Mr. Hugh Jones,

I refer to the request that you made under the proceeding and the Freedom of Information Act 1997 and the Freedom of Information (Amendment) Act 2003 for access to records held by Cork County Council.

I made a final decision on your request on 10th March 2008. I am the person handling your request; should you have any queries regarding this FOI request, please put them in writing to me. I will seek to answer any questions you may have.

In response to your request. I have decided to grant those items for which I have records. There are other items for which no records exist or for which records cannot be released. This letter details a breakdown of my decision and contains the following:-

- A schedule of all of the records covered by your request;
- Concerning records to which access is granted, a statement of the arrangements for this access, its form and the fee required to be paid;
- Concerning records to which access is denied, the giving of the relevant findings, particulars and reasons for these decisions; and
- A statement of how you can appeal this decision should you wish to do so.

Combairle Compact (1) 017(3) Tel: (021) 4276891 • Fax: (021) 4276321 Cork Campon Con

County Hall. Cork, Ireland. Web: www.corkcoco.ie Halla an Chontae, Corcaigh, Éire. Fon: (021) 4276891 • Faics: (021) 4276321 Suiomh Gréasáin: www.corkcoco.ie



Schedule of records

The schedule is attached at the end of this letter. It describes each document, and indicates whether the document is released in full ('R') or not released (NR) etc.

2. Arrangements for access/fee to be paid/form of access

You have sought access to the records by means of photocopies, and I have found that this is an appropriate form of access in this case.

The records described as 'R' (released in full) are available for you to review subject to the following condition:

that you pay a fee in the amount of \$5000 which amount is calculated on this basis – 0.04c for each page of photocopying £10.16 per CD. You have submitted a blank cheque to cover this fee. This amount will be entered on the cheque and the money will be lodged?

Should you not agree that the above fee is appropriate, you may make an appeal on this point as noted below under heading 4. A copy of section 47 of the FOI Act is enclosed for your reference. This is the section of the Act, which details its fee requirements.

Findings, particulars and reasons for decisions to deny access 3.

Item 10 - As already stated in the reply to your last FOI request, the agreement for running Midleton WWTP forms part of the East Cork Operate Contract. You have inspected these documents twice now and requested information subsequent to this which was released to you.

Waste Water Discharge Licence Application

Item 11 - The statement regarding loss of nitrates and phosphorous from farm land has been taken from the EPA's report on water Quality in Ireland 2001-2003. However the reference in the report is more general than specific to the Owenacurra Estuary and the section in the application will be revised to reflect this.

